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THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

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Part I.—Notifications by Government.

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MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1.—Programme of His Excellency the Governor's visit to Mettur Dam and Vellore—9th to 12th January 1930.

Month and date	Day of week.	Place.	Arrival or departure.	Time. A.M.	Time. P.M.	Remarks.
1930, Jan. 9	Thursday ..	Madras (Central) ..	Departure ..	..	3-35	By the Blue Mountain Express. Departure private.
		Salem	Arrival ..	4-10	..	Arrival private.
		Do.	Departure ..	4-15	..	By passenger train. Departure private.
" 10	Friday ..	Mettur Dam ..	Arrival ..	7-2	..	Arrival private.
		Do ..	Departure ..	..	8-15	By passenger train. Departure private.
		Salem	Arrival ..	..	9-55	Arrival private.
		Do	Departure ..	..	10-45	By Blue Mountain Express. Departure private.
" 11	Saturday ..	Katpadi	Arrival ..	2-47	..	Arrival private. Motor to Vellore in the morning and return in the morning at about 7 a.m.
" 12	Sunday ..	Do.	Departure ..	8-57	..	By Blue Mountain Express. Departure private
		Madras (Central) ..	Arrival ..	7-10	..	Arrival private

All letters and telegrams intended for His Excellency and party should be addressed "Madras Governor's Camp, India" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency will consist of—

I. Green, Esq., I.C.S., Private Secretary.
Captain L. Bootle-Wilbraham, M.C., Military Secretary.

L. BOOTLE-WILBRAHAM, Captain,
Military Secretary.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, MADRAS,
16th December 1929.

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT
(General).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, November 5, 1929
[*G.O. No.* 1147, *Public (General)*].

No. 35.—Under the explanation to section 25 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (Act XXVI of 1881), the Governor in Council hereby declares that, in addition to the public holidays expressly defined as such in the said explanation, viz., Sundays, New Year's Day (Wednesday, 1st January), Christmas Day (Thursday, 25th December) and Good Friday (Friday, 18th April), the following days shall be holidays in the year 1930 :—

Saturday, the 11th January ..	Vaikunta Ekadasi.
Monday, the 13th January ..	Bhogi Pandigai.
Tuesday, the 14th January ..	Pongal.
Wednesday, the 26th February ..	Maha Sivaratri.
Monday, the 3rd March ..	Ramzan.
Monday, the 31st March ..	Telugu *New* Year's Day.
Saturday, the 19th April ..	Easter.
Monday, the 21st April ..	
Saturday, the 10th May ..	Bak-rid.
June*	King-Emperor's Birthday.
Friday, the 8th August ..	Maulad Nabi.
Saturday, the 9th August ..	Avani Avittam.
Monday, the 18th August ..	Sri Jayanti.
Wednesday, the 27th August ..	Vinayaka Chaturthi.
Monday, the 22nd September ..	Mahalaya Amavasai.
Wednesday, the 1st October ..	Ayudha Puja.
Tuesday, the 21st October ..	Deparali.
Friday, the 25th December ..	Christmas.
Saturday, the 27th December ..	
Tuesday, the 30th December ..	
Wednesday, the 31st December ..	

NOTE.—(1) No days are notified as holidays for the following as they fall on Sundays :—

Tamil New Year's Day ..	13th April.
Moharram (last day) ..	9th June.

(2) The name 'Bara Wafat' has been changed into 'Maulad Nabi'.

2. The Governor in Council further notifies that on the following days, which are not declared to be public holidays under statutory provision, all public offices in the Presidency town and in the mufassal will be closed with the exception of (1) the Customs Office, (2) the Reserve Treasury and Paper Currency Office, and (3) the General Stamp Office (which will be open from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.) :—

Penultimate Saturday in each month.
Thursday, the 17th April .. Easter.
Tuesday, the 22nd April .. Easter.
Saturday, the 24th May .. Empire Day.
Wednesday, the 24th December, Monday, the 29th December .. Christmas.

3. In the case of mufassal civil courts, Thursday, the 17th April, Monday the 21st April and Tuesday the 22nd April will be working days with reference to G.O. No. 1472, Law (General), dated the 2nd May 1924.

4. In addition to the holidays notified above, the following sectional holidays will be granted to the communities noted against them :—

General to all Christians—
Wednesday, the 5th March .. Ash Wednesday.
Thursday, the 29th May .. Ascension Day.

Roman Catholics employed in mufassal civil courts—
Thursday, the 17th April .. Maundy Thursday.

Roman Catholics—
Friday, the 15th August .. Assumption Day.

Hindus (Vaishnavites)—
Monday, the 7th April .. Sri Rama Navami.

Muhammadans—
Tuesday, the 4th March .. Ramzan.
Thursday, the 16th January, Shaba-Barat.
Thursday, the 5th June .. Moharram.
Friday, the 6th June .. Moharram.
Saturday, the 7th June .. Moharram.
Friday, the 5th September .. Gyarwen-Shareef (12th day of Rabe us-Sani).

NOTE.—If any of the Muhammadan sectional holidays notified above does not fall on the day notified, the Muhammadan servants of Government may be granted a sectional holiday in lieu of a holiday on the day notified.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929
[*G.O. No.* 1333, *Public (General)*].

No. 1.—The following notification of the Government of Burma is republished :—

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

Rangoon, the 27th November 1929.

No. 179.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of the booklet in Tamil, entitled "The Light of Freedom—I—Rana Prataba Sinhao, the Champion of Freedom", written and published by M. K. Narayana Swamy Dhinakaran at the Dhinakara Printing Office, No. 242, 36th Street, Rangoon, on the ground that it contains seditious matter, the publication of which is punishable under section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as tending to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

No. 2.—The following notification of the Government of Bengal is republished :—

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

The 7th December 1929.

No. 14451-P.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), as amended by the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922 (Act XIV of 1922), and Act XXXVI of 1928, the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies, wherever found, of the book in Bengali entitled "Fanair Ashirbad", written and published by Pulakesh Chandra De

* The day will be notified in due course.

Sarkar (the author of "Biplob Pathe Bharat") and printed at the Mahamaya Press, No. 193, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta, on the ground that the said book contains passages which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt and excite or attempt to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India, the publication of which is punishable under section 124-A, Indian Penal Code.

Fort St. George, December 28, 1929
[*G.O. Ms. No.* 1348, *Public* (*General*)].

No. 3.—The following notification of the Government of Bengal is republished :—

The 14*th December* 1929.

No. 14601 P.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to His Majesty, all copies, wherever found, of the pamphlet in Bengali entitled "Bangalaya Aryin Amanya" written by Satisadhan Guyan of Patihal, Howrah, and obtainable from Khudiram Saha of Patihal, Howrah, on the ground that the said pamphlet contains words which bring or attempt to bring into hatred or contempt and excite or attempt to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India and promote or attempt to promote feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes of His Majesty's subjects, the publication of which is punishable under sections 124-A and 153-A of the Indian Penal Code.

Fort St. George, December 30, 1929
[*G.O. Ms. No.* 1347, *Public* (*General*)].

No. 4.—The following notification of the Government of Bengal is republished —

The 14*th December* 1929.

No. 14749 P.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor in Council hereby declares to be forfeited to his Majesty, all copies, wherever found, of the leaflet in Bengali commencing with the words "Priya, Brigade Samipe" and ending with the words "Sabadhan Howun," on the ground that the said leaflet contains words which promote or attempt to promote feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes of His Majesty's subjects, the publication of which is punishable under section 153-A of the Indian Penal Code.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

No. 5.—The following notifications of the Government of Bombay are republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL.

Bombay Castle, 29*th November* 1929.

No. 2482-Poll.—Whereas the Marathi publication entitled "Rangila Rasul" by Anbat Balwant Kolhatkar, printed by R.R Babhale at the Bombay Vaibhav Press, Girgaon, Bombay, and published by Vishvanath Narayan Dandekar, 100-A, Girgaon Road, Bombay, contains, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, matter, the publication of which is punishable under section 295-A, Indian Penal Code

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare forfeited to His Majesty all copies of the said publication wherever found.

Bombay Castle, 3rd December 1929.

No. 2511-Poll.—Whereas the Gujarati publication entitled "'Hindu' Namnun Satyapan Yane Satyasatyam Pankaha" [i.e., "True Derivation of the word 'Hindu' or the test of (what is) right and (what is) wrong"] printed and published by Suleman Ibrahim Chhaphkanawala at the Ahmedabad Fine Art Printing Press, opposite Juma Masjid, Ahmedabad, contains, in the opinion of the Governor in Council, matter, the publication of which is punishable under section 295-A, Indian Penal Code.

Now, therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 95-A, Criminal Procedure Code, 1898 (V of 1898), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare to be forfeited to His Majesty all copies of the publication wherever found.

Fort St. George, December 30, 1929.

No. 6.—The following notification of the Government of the Punjab is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lahore, the 19*th November* 1929.

No. 10389-S.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922, Act XXXVI of 1920, and Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1927, the Governor in Council is pleased hereby to declare to be forfeited to His Majesty every copy, wherever found, of the *Gurmukhi Edition of the Kirti Magazine* of Amritsar for October 1929, edited, printed and published by S. Bachittar Singh at the Ouhar Press, Old Telegraph Office, Amritsar, and all other documents containing copies, reprints, or translations of, or extracts from, the said magazine on the ground that it contains matter the publication of which is punishable under section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as it tends to promote hatred and disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.

Fort St. George, December 30, 1929
[*G.O. Ms. No.* 1346, *Public* (*General*)].

No. 7.—The following notification of the Government of the Punjab is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

GENERAL.

The 19*th November* 1929.

No. 10105-S B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 99-A of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the Press Law Repeal and Amendment Act, 1922, Act XXXVI of 1922 and the Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1927, the Governor in Council is pleased hereby to declare to be forfeited to His Majesty every copy, wherever found, of a leaflet in English entitled *Manifesto of the Nanjatan Bharat Sabha, Punjab, regarding Viceroy's Announcement and Leaders' Statement*, printed in red at the Virjanand Press, Lahore, and published by *H. Raj Sharma*, Propaganda Secretary, *Nanjatan Bharat Sabha*, Punjab, and all other documents containing copies, reprints, or translations of, or extracts from, the said leaflet on the ground that it contains matter, the publication of which is punishable under section 124-A of the Indian Penal Code, as it tends to promote hatred and disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.

Fort St George, January 7, 1930.

No. 8.—The following rules framed under section 20 of the Press and Registration of Books Act,

1867, as amended, are republished for general information:—

RULES.

1. One copy or, if requisition be made, a further copy or copies not exceeding two, of every book printed or lithographed within the Presidency of Fort St. George shall, as required in section 9 of the Act, be delivered to the Registrar of Books at his office, Madras.

2. At the same time the printer or lithographer shall furnish the Registrar with a memorandum duly dated and signed by himself and countersigned by the publisher and containing the following particulars —

(1) The title of the book and the contents of the title page.
(2) The language in which the book is written.
(3) The name of—
(a) the author,
(b) the translator, and
(c) the editor of the book or any part thereof.
(4) The subject of the book.
(5) (a) The place of printing, and
(b) the place of publication.
(6) (a) The name or firm of the printer, and
(b) the name or firm of the publisher.
(7) The date of delivery from the press and of the publication.
(8) The number of sheets, leaves or pages.
(9) The size.
(10) The number of the edition.
(11) The number of copies of which the edition consists.
(12) Whether the book is printed or lithographed.
(13) The price at which the book is sold to the public.
(14) The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright or of any portion thereof.

3. The receipt referred to in section 10 of the Act shall be in the following form :—

"I, *A.B.*, Registrar of Books, Madras, do hereby acknowledge to have received from *C.D.*, printer (or lithographer, as the case may be), a copy of with a memorandum of the particulars specified in paragraph 2 of the rules published under notification dated "

4. The Registrar of Books shall deposit all books received under section 9 (a) of the Act in a separate library which shall be constituted a reference library.

5. Every keeper of a printing press shall, within ten days after the first day of January, the first day of April, the first day of July and the first day of October of each year, forward to the District Magistrate, or if the press is situate within the limits of the town of Madras to the Chief Presidency Magistrate, a return in the appended form of all books printed at his press in the quarter preceding the said dates, or if no books have been printed at his press, a statement to that effect—

Quarterly return of books and pamphlets issued from the Press.

Full title of book (contents of title page)	Printer and place of publication.	Date of delivery from the press and of the publication

6 The catalogues of books printed within the Presidency of Fort St. George and referred to in section 18 of the Act shall be kept by the Registrar of Books.

7. The Registrar of Books shall forward to the Chief Secretary to Government, Public Department, through the Director of Public Instruction, at the end of each quarter, an extract from the catalogue of the books registered during the quarter. Similar extracts shall be forwarded quarterly to each District Magistrate and the Chief Presidency Magistrate for the books printed within their jurisdictions.

8. Nothing in the foregoing rules shall apply to—

(1) an edition of a book in which no additions or alterations, either in the letterpress, or in the maps, prints or other engravings, belonging to the edition last preceding, have been made, provided that a copy of the first or later edition of the book was delivered;

(2) any newspaper published in conformity with section 5 of the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867.

9. For the purpose of section 5 (2) of the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, no person should be recognized as an agent of a printer or a publisher unless he holds a duly executed power-of-attorney authorising him to appear before a competent magistrate and to make and to subscribe the requisite declaration on behalf of such printer or publisher.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Police.)

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 1.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib K. Brahmayya Pantulu Garu, leave on average pay without medical certificate for four months from 17th February 1929 and leave on half average pay in continuation up to 16th December 1929 (inclusive).

ACQUISITION OF LAND.

Fort St. George, December 23, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sinking a well for providing a vegetable garden and for extending the compound of the police buildings, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Deputy Tahsildar, Koraput, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Deputy Tahsildar, Koraput, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Vizagapatam district, Koraput taluk,
Lakshmipur village

	Approximate extent.
	Acres.
Zamindari dry, Maharaja of Jeypore, owner. Linga Samantha of Lakshmipur, occupier, bounded on the north by dry land of Jogabandu Bariki; east by Police Sub-Inspector's quarters and compound; south by public lane leading to the Sub-Inspector's quarters behind the constables' line; west by dry land of Sadanani Bissoy and dry land of Ringa Penja	0·50

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Political.)

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, December 16, 1929.

No. 1.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

New Delhi, the 11*th December* 1929.

No. 729-G.—With reference to Notification No. 138-G., dated the 21st March 1929, Mr. E. P. Warmington, Honorary Consul for Sweden at Madras, resumed charge of his office on the 19th November 1929.

New Delhi, the 12*th December* 1929.

No. 740-G.—With reference to Notification No. 140 G., dated the 21st March 1929, Mr. W. M. Browning, Honorary Consul for Denmark at Madras, resumed charge of his office on the 3rd December 1929.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Special.)

NOTIFICATION.

FORT ST. GEORGE, JANUARY 3, 1930.

No. 1.—Whereas the Hon'ble Sir Norman Edward Marjoribanks, Knight Commander of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, Companion of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, has on the forenoon of the 3rd January 1930 vacated the office of a Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Madras, and whereas His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to appoint Mr. Archibald Young Gipps Campbell, Companion of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Companion of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire, Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, to be a Member of the said Council in the room and place of the said Sir Norman Edward Marjoribanks, it is hereby notified that the Hon'ble Mr. Archibald Young Gipps Campbell has on the forenoon of this day taken upon himself the execution of his office.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council takes this opportunity to place on record his high appreciation of the services rendered to the State by the Hon'ble Sir Norman Marjoribanks during the past thirty-six years in the course of which he has filled with marked efficiency and conspicuous success many high and responsible offices, and in particular that of Governor of the Presidency for a period of four and a half months. His political acumen and wide administrative experience have always been ungrudgingly placed at the public service and the Governor in Council regrets that he will no longer be able to command the advice of so resourceful and distinguished a colleague.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

APPOINTMENT.

No. 2.—In pursuance of the provisions of section 48 of the Government of India Act, I, GEORGE FREDERICK STANLEY, hereby appoint the Hon'ble Sir Mahomed Usman, Knight, being a Member of my Executive Council, to be the Vice-President thereof.

GEORGE STANLEY,
Governor of Madras.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 3.—*With effect from the 3rd January 1930 consequent on the appointment of Mr. A. Y. G. Campbell, C.S.I., C.I.E., C.B.E., V.D., I.C.S., as Member of the Executive Council of the Governor of Madras.*

(1) Mr. H. G. Stokes, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., First Member of the Board of Revenue, *to be* Chief Secretary to Government.

(2) Mr. A. R. L. Tottenham, C.I.E., I.C.S., Second Member of the Board of Revenue (seconded), *to be* First Member of the Board of Revenue.

(3) Mr. H. A. B. Vernon, C.I.E., I.C.S., Third Member of the Board of Revenue and provisionally permanent Second Member of the Board of Revenue, *to be* Second Member of the Board of Revenue

As the services of Mr. Tottenham have been placed at the disposal of the Government of India for a period of over three years, his lien on the post of First Member of the Board of Revenue is suspended under Fundamental Rule 13, and Mr. H. A. B. Vernon, C.I.E., I.C.S., is appointed to be provisionally permanent First Member of the Board of Revenue.

(4) Mr. C. W. E. Cotton, C.I.E., I.C.S., provisionally permanent Third Member of the Board of Revenue, *to be* Third Member of the Board of Revenue and provisionally permanent Second Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. H. A. B. Vernon.

(5) Mr. C. B. Cotterell, C.I.E., I.C.S., to be provisionally permanent Third Member of the Board of Revenue, *vice* Mr. C. W. E. Cotton.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 4.—Mr. S. Ranganathan, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to Government, Local Self Government Department, leave on average pay for eight months from the 3rd December 1929, under Fundamental Rule 81.

[This cancels Public (Special) Department Notification No. 114, dated 9th December 1929, published at page 2268 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th December 1929.]

Fort St. George, December 27, 1929.

No. 5.—Under the High Court Judges (India) Rules, 1922, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice M Venkatasubba Rao, leave on full allowances for one month from the 4th January 1930.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

No. 6.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules, Mr J. W Pritchard, I.C.S, an extension of leave not due on half average pay for two days with effect from the 24th November 1929.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, December 26, 1929.

No. 7.—Mr. A. D. Crombie, I.C.S., Acting Temporary Deputy Secretary to Government, Law and Education Department, to act as Deputy Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, from the 21st December 1929, *vice* Mr. S. Ranganathan, I.C.S., granted leave.

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

No. 8.—Under clause (1) of section 4 of the Madras Services Commission Act, 1929 (Act XI of 1929), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments :—

Sir Norman Edward Marjoribanks, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., to be Chairman of the Madras Services Commission and Khan Bahadur Muhammad Fazl-ullah Sahib Bahadur, C.I.E., and Mr. Mathadoss Ratnasami, Bar.-at-Law, to be members of the Commission.

APPOINTMENTS AND POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, December 21, 1929.

No. 9.—Mir Amir-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, on return from leave, to act temporarily as District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur.

No. 10.—M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, Acting District and Sessions Judge, Anantapur, on relief, to act temporarily as District and Sessions Judge, East Godavari.

[This cancels Public (Special) Department notifications Nos. 113 and 113, dated 9th December 1929, published on page 2268 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 17th December 1929.]

POSTING.

Fort St. George, December 27, 1929.

No. 11.—The following posting of an officer appointed to the Indian Civil Service and assigned to the Madras Presidency is notified :—

Mr. T. Viraraghavan to be Assistant Collector and Magistrate in the East Godavari district.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

No. 12.—The following notification of the Government of India is republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL.

New Delhi, the 13th November 1929.

No. F.-6/29.—The following amendments to the High Court Judges (India) Rules, 1922, are published for general information. They were made by the Secretary of State in Council on the 9th October 1929 in exercise of the powers conferred on him by section 108 (1) of the Government of India Act and have effect from the 1st April 1924 :—

For Rules 41 and 42, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

41. (1) A Member of the Indian Civil Service appointed to be a Judge on or before the 1st April 1924, shall be entitled to the benefits of Rule 12 of the Superior Civil Services Rules.

(2) A Member of the Indian Civil Service appointed to be a Judge after the 1st April 1924, shall be entitled to the benefits of Rule 12 of the Superior Civil Services Rules to the extent of the balances standing to his credit in his passage account and in the passage accounts of his wife and children at the date of his appointment as Judge.

42. A Judge who is not a member of the Indian Civil Service, but whose domicile at the date of his appointment was elsewhere than in Asia shall be entitled to the benefits of Rule 13 of the Superior Civil Services Rules to the same extent and under the same conditions as if on the date of his appointment as Judge he had been appointed to one of the posts specified in Appendix A to Schedule IV to the Superior Civil Services Rules :

Provided that such a Judge shall not be entitled to the concession admissible under Regulation 7 of that schedule; and further that if he has received an allowance under Rule 34, he shall not be entitled to a passage for himself or for his wife until the completion of five years, or to a second passage until the completion of ten years' total service as a Judge of a High Court.

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930
[G.O. No. 7, Public (Special).]

No. 13.—The following draft rules which the Governor in Council proposes to make under clause (2) of section 21 of the Madras Services Commission Act, 1929 (Madras Act XI of 1929), are published for general information :—

DRAFT RULES.

1. Every question at a meeting of the Commission shall be determined by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting on the question, and in case of an equal division of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

2. If the Chairman is unable to be present at a meeting of the Commission, he shall appoint one of the members to act for him, and the member so appointed shall have all the powers of the Chairman at that meeting :

Provided that, unless the Chairman otherwise directs, no action shall be taken upon any decision arrived at in a meeting at which he was not present, until he has been informed of such decision; and, upon being so informed, he may direct that any such decision shall be reconsidered at a meeting at which he is present.

3. The quorum for a meeting of the Commission shall be two, but the Chairman may adjourn any business at a meeting if he is of opinion that it cannot conveniently be transacted owing to the non-attendance of any member.

4. All decisions of the Commission shall be recorded by the Secretary or such other officer as may be appointed by the Chairman for that purpose in accordance with the directions of the Commission, and it shall be open to any member who dissents from a decision to record his dissent and, if he thinks fit, his reasons for dissenting.

5. Whenever under these rules the Commission is required to give advice, or to submit proposals to, or to be consulted by, any authority, the decision of the Commission shall be communicated in a letter signed by the Secretary, and, in a case where the decision is not unanimous, neither the fact of, nor the ground for, dissent shall be communicated unless the Chairman so directs.

6. The Commission may refer any matter to an individual member or to a committee, consisting of members and such other persons, if any, as the Commission may appoint, for consideration and report to the Commission.

7. The Chairman, or, in his absence, a member designated by him in this behalf, may deal with any urgent matter appearing to him to require immediate action. Such action shall, if taken by the Chairman, be reported to the Commission at its next meeting, and, if taken by another member, be reported to the Chairman and by him to the Commission at its next meeting.

8. In matters for which no provision is made by these rules, the Commission may regulate its proceedings in such manner as it thinks fit.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

(Services.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929
(*G.O. Ms No.* 1318, *Public*).

No. 1.—At the end of the first sentence of article 3 of the articles prescribing the educational qualifications for admission to the Public Service, published as notification No. 202, Public, dated 10th May 1929, on pages 915-924 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 21st May 1929, as subsequently amended, the words 'or such other tests as may be declared by the Staff Selection Board to be equivalent thereto' shall be inserted.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 2.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

New Delhi, the 11*th December* 1929.

No. F.-21-2/29.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 96-B (2) of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this 25th day of September 1929, hereby makes the following amendment in the Superior Civil Services Rules, namely :—

(1) In Schedule V to the said Rules, in the section relating to Miscellaneous Posts (Central) after the entry relating to the First Assistant Commissioner, Port Blair, the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"Superintendent, Watch and Ward, East Indian Railway (when held by an officer declared pensionable)."

No. F.-22-30/29.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96-B of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this 5th day of November 1929, hereby makes the following amendment in the Superior Civil Services Rules, namely :—

In Table A of Schedule VIII to the said Rules, in the section relating to the Government of India, in the entry relating to the Deputy Commissioner, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, for the words and figures "Subject to a maximum in respect of basic pay and special pay of Rs. 1,950" in the last column, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"With effect from 1st April 1923, subject to a maximum in respect of basic pay and special pay of Rs. 1,950."

The 12th December 1929.

No. F.-36-5/29.—The following resolution by the Secretary of State for India in Council is published for general information :—

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 96 C of the Government of India Act, the Secretary of State, with the concurrence of the majority of votes at a meeting of the Council of India held this 30th day of October 1929, hereby makes the following amendment in the Public Service Commission (Functions) Rules, namely :—

In Part A of Schedule II to the said Rules the entry "17 Medical Research Department (including I.M.S. Officers)" shall be omitted, and the entries numbered 18 and 19 shall be re-numbered 17 and 18 respectively.

C. W. E. COTTON,
Acting Chief Secretary.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 1.—The following notifications of the Government of India are republished :—

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE.

CUSTOMS.

New Delhi, the 14*th December* 1929.

No. 53.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Land Customs Act, 1924 (XIX of 1924), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following amendment shall be made in its notification No. 5951, dated the 13th December 1924, namely :—

In column 3 of the schedule to the said notification, *for* the routes specified against items Nos. 8 to 10, *substitute* the following, respectively :—

Routes.

The road passing by Thukaumbakkam Land Customs Station north to south from Pondicherry to Cuddalore via Villianur and Thirappanambakkam.

The road passing by Kandappachavadi Land Customs Station east to west from Pondicherry to Pappanpattu.

The road passing by Nallathur Land Customs Station east to west from Pondicherry to Mandagapet.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENTS.

New Delhi, the 14th December 1929.

No. 116.—Mr. E. E Greene, III Grade Appraiser, Madras Custom House, has been appointed as Head Appraiser in the Custom House, with effect from the 4th November 1929, *vice* Mr. C. G. Taylor, promoted to the Imperial Customs Service.

No. 116.—Mr. G T. Auston, Chief Inspector, Preventive Service, Madras Custom House, is placed on deputation for training in the Army in India Reserve of Officers for a period of 10 days, with effect from the 15th January 1930 or date of relief.

Mr. A. W. Kennedy, an Inspector in the Preventive Service, Madras Custom House, is appointed to act as Chief Inspector, *vice* Mr. Auston.

C. E JONES,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

No. 2.—Monthly Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Provincial Government of Madras for Indian transactions up to and including the month of November 1929, and English transactions up to and including the month of October 1929.

RECEIPTS.	Progressive total. India to end of November 1929.	England to end of October 1929.	Total.	Budget Estimate 1929-1930.
	Rs.	£.	Rs.	Rs.
II.—Taxes on Income	— 2,539	..	— 2,539	7,27,000
V.—Land Revenue	1,44,18,697	183	1,44,21,867	7,88,62,000
VI.—Excise	2,73,47,229	..	2,73,47,229	4,83,79,700
VII.—Stamps	1,07,21,667	..	1,07,21,667	2,51,33,000
VIII.—Forest	30,40,831	873	35,40,404	58,91,810
IX.—Registration	25,47,890	..	25,47,890	38,74,000
XIII.—Irrigation, Navigation, Embankment and Drainage Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept	— 26,06,624	..	— 25,06,224	— 44,15,000
XIV.—Irrigation, Navigation, Embankment and Drainage Works for which no Capital Accounts are kept	1,09,077	..	1,09,677	2,18,300
XVI.—Interest	18,00,084	..	18,00,084	33,22,800
XVII.—Administration of Justice	11,00,626	..	11,00,626	18,26,000
XVIII.—Jails and Convict Settlements	4,02,152	..	4,02,152	11,38,740
XIX.—Police	5,38,503	2,054	5,40,332	11,49,000
XX.—Ports and Pilotage	1,092	..	1,092	..
XXI.—Education	4,88,469	..	4,88,649	7,42,400
XXII.—Medical	5,00,469	4,340	5,04,338	7,90,240
XXIII.—Public Health	83,013	..	83,013	1,69,800
XXIV.—Agriculture	2,30,769	..	2,30,769	3,33,400
XXV.—Industries	5,07,638	..	5,07,638	7,46,200
XXVI.—Miscellaneous Departments	2,50,738	..	2,50,738	3,86,240
XXX.—Civil Works	6,83,536	..	6,83,536	10,84,000
XXXIII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation	3,58,092	1,293	3,59,387	4,41,000
XXXIV.—Stationery and Printing	1,45,596	107	1,45,703	2,90,200
XXXV.—Miscellaneous	4,06,926	..	4,06,926	9,77,800
XXXIX-A.—Miscellaneous Adjustments between the Central and Provincial Governments	..	..	..	..
XL.—Extraordinary Receipts	..	..	..	..
Total, Revenue ..	7,82,38,102	8,897	7,87,46,999	17,56,35,000
Famine Insurance Fund	2,551	..	2,551	2,69,300
Suspense Account	50,40,816	..	50,40,816	77,35,000
Appropriation for reduction or avoidance of debt	23,86,436	..	23,86,436	39,50,000
Depreciation Funds	— 4,799	..	— 4,799	1,71,000
Loans and Advances by Provincial Government	29,34,870	..	29,34,870	27,95,800
Advances from Provincial Loans Fund—Government of India ..	72,00,000	..	72,00,000	98,00,000
Total, Receipts ..	9,57,78,784	8,897	9,57,88,681	20,11,16,300
Add—Opening balance ..	* 6,32,24,154		* 6,32,24,154	4,44,33,200
Total ..	15,90,14,938		15,90,14,938	24,55,49,500

* Provisional balance.

DISBURSEMENTS

	Rs.	£.	Rs.	Rs.
4. Land Revenue	18,83,991	21,493	18,85,484	30,64,000
6. Excise	29,19,580	42,341	30,01,927	46,02,000
7. Stamps	4,85,421	..	4,85,421	7,25,800
8 Forest	25,00,335	1,12,240	26,13,073	44,67,900
8a Forest Capital Outlay charged to Revenue	..	..	..	4,25,800
9. Registration	18,46,328	..	18,46,328	29,12,200
14. Interest on Works for which Capital Accounts are kept ..	..	..	..	..
15. Other Revenue Expenditure financed from Ordinary Revenues.	26,12,761	2,413	26,16,174	35,27,600
15 (1). Other Revenue Expenditure financed from Famine Insurance Grants	..	..	..	..
18 Construction of Irrigation, Navigation, etc., Works	..	..	..	..
19. Interest on Ordinary Debt	6,27,464	..	6,27,464	14,17,600
20 Interest on other obligations	..	..	..	61,52,000
22 Reduction or Avoidance of Debt	..	..	..	7,500
22 General Administration	22,88,435	..	22,88,435	38,50,800
24. Administration of Justice	1,48,40,078	4,11,316	1,52,51,394	2,53,84,900
25. Jails and Convict Settlements	60,15,812	1,53,813	64,73,625	99,01,700
26 Police	18,78,981	36,803	20,04,108	30,92,200
	8,25,85,451	2,26,950	1,28,12,421	2,01,03,100

DISBURSEMENTS—*cont.*	Progressive total. India to end of November 1929.	England to end of October 1929.	Total.	Budget Estimate 1929–1930.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
37. Ports and Pilotage	18,027	..	18,027	21,500
40. Scientific Departments	2,07,080	9,267	2,16,327	4,34,300
41. Education	1,15,59,226	1,37,531	1,16,97,109	2,09,38,400
42. Medical	61,71,253	2,40,647	64,11,798	96,20,100
43. Public Health	21,55,464	58,140	22,13,314	47,61,600
44. Agriculture	23,36,531	47,730	23,83,464	43,81,200
45. Industries	11,04,203	75,610	11,79,814	22,51,100
47. Miscellaneous Departments	14,72,181	15,093	14,90,224	28,59,500
48. Civil Works	1,04,80,728	1,82,427	1,06,63,155	2,40,28,000
48. Famine Relief and Insurance	29	..	29	3,00,000
49. Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	34,24,441	7,81,390	42,05,831	83,05,833
49a. Commuted value of pensions financed from ordinary revenues	..	..	..	2,32,666
50 Stationery and Printing	14,14,712	2,92,654	17,07,366	22,65,000
57. Miscellaneous	3,27,328	53	3,27,382	1,30,400
58a. Miscellaneous Adjustments between the Central and Provincial Governments	..	..	..	..
63. Extraordinary Charges	..	..	..	..
Total, Expenditure charged to Revenue ..	9,09,68,905	22,32,540	9,32,01,395	17,71,17,500
52a. Capital Outlay on Forests	1,84,753	..	1,84,753	15,000
56 Construction of Irrigation, etc., Works (not charged to Revenue)	51,12,850	2,51,123	53,63,973	1,32,69,130
56a. Capital Outlay on Industrial Development	1,21,033	..	1,21,033	2,03,300
56b. Capital Outlay on Hydro-Electric Schemes	2,82,630	89,360	3,71,990	7,46,400
60. Civil Works (not charged to Revenue)	37,708	..	37,708	76,900
60A. Other Provincial Works (not charged to Revenue)	..	..	..	..
60a. Payments of commuted value of Pensions	7,81,192	..	7,81,192	— 1,39,100
Depreciation Funds	..	..	..	71,600
Famine Insurance Fund	..	..	..	..
Suspense Account	15,70,802	..	15,70,802	77,35,000
Loans and Advances by Provincial Government	43,05,249	..	43,05,249	57,08,530
Advances from Provincial Loans Fund	1,35,75,671	..	1,35,75,671	2,61,61,000
Total, Disbursements ..	10,01,75,493	21,52,910	13,23,28,413	23,55,89,500
Add—Closing balance ..			* 2,66,14,392	2,75,72,655
Total ..			15,90,14,805	26,66,45,155

* Includes Rs. 1,75,00,000 being the amounts placed in deposit with the Central Government, viz.—(1) Rs. 1,25,00,000 from 30th March 1929 to 28th February 1930, (2) Rs. 50,00,000 from 1st June 1929 to 31st May 1930.

H. A. WATSON,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION.

The following letter from the Accountant-General, Madras, to all Treasury Officers and the Secretary and Treasurer, Imperial Bank of India, Madras, dated Fort St. George, the 21st December 1929, No. T.M 3-14/28-29-922, is published :—

[Use of books of Income-tax refund vouchers.]

I have the honour to state that the Income tax Officer, V Circle, Madras, has intimated to this office in his letter No. 370/29-30, dated 10th December 1929, that the next refund order book that will be brought into use in his circle is No. 1427 containing vouchers 1 to 50.

2. The Sub-Treasury Officers in your district and the Agents of the branches of the Imperial Bank of India may kindly be notified accordingly.

T. BHARATALWAR,
Assistant Accounts Officer.

(Ecclesiastical.)

POSTINGS.

Fort St. George, December 24, 1929.

No. 1.—The Reverend George Albert Wilson, M A., to be Chaplain of Coimbatore.

Fort St. George, January 2, 1930.

No 2.—The Reverend Francis Faulkner Ball, on return from leave, to be Second Chaplain of St, Mark's Church, Bangalore.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, December 24, 1929.

No. 3.—Mr. Ewan Moore Gawne, I.C.S., to be a Lay Trustee of St. Mary's Church, Calicut, *vice* Mr. C. G. Herbert, I.C.S., resigned.

Fort St George, January 2, 1930

No. 4.—Mr. Elmie Vincent to be a Lay Trustee of St. Francis' Church, Cochin, *vice* Mr. Alfred Meadows, who has left the station.

MARRIAGE LICENCE.

Fort St. George, December 24, 1929.

No. 5.—Under section 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872, the Government sanction the issue of a license to the undermentioned gentleman to grant certificates of marriage between Indian Christians in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, within the territories under the administration of the Government of Madras :—

The Reverend Samuel M. Ehaktal of the Telugu Church Council, residing at Vizagapatam in the taluk of Vizagapatam in the district of Vizagapatam.

H. A. WATSON,
Secretary to Government.

LAW DEPARTMENT
(General).

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 21, 1929.

No. 1.—M.R.Ry. M. Balasubrahmanya Mudaliyar Avargal, Acting Superintendent, District Jail, Berhampur, an extension of leave on average pay for one month.

APPOINTMENT AND POSTING.

Fort St. George, January 4, 1930.

No. 2.—M.R.Ry. C. R. Krishna Rao Garu, District Munsif, to act as Subordinate Judge and posted to the Sub-Court, Bellary, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. Narasinga Rao Avargal, granted leave.

WITHDRAWAL OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 3.—Under the provisions of section 41 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Governor in Council withdraws the powers of a Special Magistrate for the area comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the place specified against his name conferred on the undermentioned gentleman :—

M. K. Abdul Azeez Sahib Bahadur, son of Kadir Mohideen Sahib of Melrisharam (who has resigned his appointment)—Arcot in the district of North Arcot.

INVESTITURE OF POWERS.

Fort St. George, January 6, 1930.

No. 4.—Under section 562 (1-A) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the Government hereby empower the undermentioned second-class Magistrates in the district of Anantapur to pass orders as to first offenders :—

M.R.Ry. P. K. Ramaswami Ayyar.
" M. Suryaprakasa Rao.

No. 5.—Under section 562 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by Acts XVIII and XXXVII of 1923, the Government hereby empower the undermentioned second-class Magistrates in the district of Anantapur to pass orders as to first offenders :—

M.R.Ry. S. Srinivasachari.
" S. Muthuswami Ayyar.
" A. Rajagopala Chetti.
" A. Narayanayya.
" T. V. Srinivasa Ayyar.

No. 6.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned Deputy Collectors and First-class Magistrates in the districts specified against their names are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. Rajam Chettiyar Avargal.
M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur V. N. Viswanatha Rao Avargal. } Tanjore.

M.R.Ry. T. Vinayaka Mudaliyar Avargal—Trichinopoly.

No. 7.—Under section 357 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the undermentioned Sessions Judges in the districts specified against their names are authorized to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in the English language :—

Mir Amir-ud-din Sahib Bahadur—Anantapur.
M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. V. Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal—East Godavari.

No. 8.—Under section 164 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act XVIII of 1923, M.R.Ry. T. V. Srinivasa Ayyar, second-class Magistrate in the district of Anantapur, is empowered to record any statement or confession made to him in the course of an investigation under Chapter XIV of the said Code or at any time afterwards before the commencement of the enquiry or trial.

No. 9.—Under sections 164 and 167 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as amended by the Criminal Procedure Code Amendment Act XVIII of 1923, M.R.Ry. A. Rajagopala Chetti, second-class Magistrate in the district of Anantapur, is empowered to record any statement or confession made to him in the course of an investigation under Chapter XIV of the said Code or at any time afterwards before the commencement of the enquiry or trial and to authorize the detention of accused persons in the custody of the police.

No. 10.—Under section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, Mr. T. Viraraghavan, I.C.S., Assistant Collector in the district of East Godavari, is appointed to be a Magistrate of the third class, and under section 37 he is invested with all the powers specified in the fourth schedule as powers which the Government may confer on a Magistrate of that class.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 11.—The Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the undermentioned gentlemen to be Special Magistrates for the areas comprised within the jurisdiction of the Bench of Magistrates at the places specified against their names with the powers and subject to the terms and conditions specified in Notification No. 737, Home (Judicial), dated the 13th August 1915, published at pages 1040 and 1041 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 20th idem as amended by subsequent notifications :—

Sowcar Muhammad Usman Sahib Bahadur, son of Sowcar Ismail Sahib Bahadur—Arcot in the district of North Arcot.

Fort St. George, January 4, 1930.

M.R.Ry. Tandarayan Narayanaswami Pillai Avargal
M.R.Ry. Kainkariyam Vedanta Ramanuja Acharyar Singara Acharyar Avargal. } Cuddalore in the district of South Arcot.

M.R.Ry. Periyan Chetti Tyaga Chetti Adimula Chetti Muthukumaraswami Chettiyar Avargal—Porto Nova in the district of South Arcot.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 12.—Under section 57 (1) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, 1920 (V of 1920), the Local Government are pleased to appoint M.R.Ry. Thiruppanangada Sivakkolunda Mudaliyar Avargal to be Official Receiver within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the District Court, Chingleput, for two years from the 4th January 1930.

Fort St. George, December 21, 1929

[*G.O. Ms. No.* 4994, *Law* (*General*)].

No. 13.—The following draft of certain amendments which the Governor in Council proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914) to the rules prescribing the conditions subject to which and the fees on payment of which motor vehicles may be let or plied for hire on Government roads in the Malabar district, published in Law (General) Department's Notification No. 628, dated 8th August 1928 at pages 1230–1231 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th August 1928, is hereby published for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 25th February 1930, and that any suggestion or objections which may be received from any person with respect to the said draft before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Governor in Council.

DRAFT AMENDMENTS.

I

For the preamble to the said rules the following preamble shall be substituted, namely :—

"In exercise of the powers conferred by section 11 of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 (VIII of 1914), the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules prescribing the conditions subject to which and the fees on payment of which motor vehicles may be let or plied for hire

(*a*) on Government roads in the Malabar district, which are not within the jurisdiction of any local board constituted under the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, or of a municipality constituted under the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, and

(*b*) partly on such Government roads and partly on local board or municipal roads or on both."

II

For rule 1 of the said rules, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"1. (*a*) No motor vehicle shall be let or plied for hire on Government roads in the Malabar district which are outside the jurisdiction of a local board constituted under the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, or of a municipality constituted under the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, except on a licence obtained from the Executive Engineer concerned.

(*b*) No motor bus or taxi shall be let or plied for hire partly on Government roads and partly on local board or municipal roads or on both in the Malabar district except on a licence obtained from the President, District Board.

(*c*) No motor lorry or trailer shall be let or plied for hire partly on Government roads and partly on local board or municipal roads or on both in the Malabar district except on a licence obtained from the Executive Engineer concerned."

III

For the second sentence of sub-rule (*b*) of rule 2 of the said rules, the following sentences shall be substituted, namely :—

"Licences granted in respect of the motor vehicles referred to in sub-rules (*a*) and (*c*) of rule 1 shall be in Form A and licences granted in respect of the motor vehicles referred to in sub-rule (*b*) of the said rule shall be in Form B, appended to these rules. Such licences shall terminate either on 30th September or on 31st March following the date of issue."

IV

For rule 10 of the said rules the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"10. The licence may at any time be suspended or revoked by the Executive Engineer or the President, District Board, as the case may be, if any of the restrictions, limitations or conditions in these rules are evaded or infringed by the licensee or if the licensee has obtained the licence by misrepresentation or fraud. An appeal against any order suspending or revoking a licence passed by the Executive Engineer or the President, District Board, shall lie to the Superintending Engineer, concerned or the district board as the case may be. When any licence has been cancelled or suspended, the holder thereof shall forthwith return it to the authority who issued it."

V

For rule 11 of the said rules the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"11. The motor vehicles referred to in sub-rules (*a*) and (*c*) of rule 1 shall be open to inspection by the Executive Engineer or Assistant Engineer or by any officer of the Public Works Department above the rank of an overseer or by an overseer of the same department specially authorized in this behalf by the Executive Engineer and the motor vehicles referred to in sub-rule (*b*) of rule 1 shall be open to inspection by the President or Vice-President of the District Board or by any officer of the Local Fund Engineering department."

VI

For rule 12 of the said rules the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"12. If any substantial damage has been caused to a bridge of culvert or any other property appertaining to roads by the running of the vehicle except the ordinary wear and tear, the loss shall, upon demand, be made good by the licensee, to the Public Works Department or the district board or the municipality as the case may be. If the licensee fails to make good such loss the authority granting the licence may suspend it until the amount demanded is paid."

VII

For rule 13 of the said rules the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"13. The weight of the motor vehicle for which a licence is issued under these rules shall not exceed 3½ tons when fully loaded."

VIII

In rule 15 of the said rules, after the words 'Executive Engineer' the words 'or the President, District Board, as the case may be' shall be inserted.

IX

For rule 17 of the said rules, the following rules shall be substituted :—

"17-A The licence fee shall be levied at the following rates in the case of motor vehicles plying for hire solely on Government roads.

Class of vehicle.	Rate of licence fee.
1. Motor vehicles other than lorries—	
(*a*) If fitted with pneumatic tyres on all the wheels.	Rs. 15 per seat per half-year or Rs. 25 per seat per year.
(*b*) If not so fitted.	Rs. 22-8-0 per seat per half-year or Rs. 37-8-0 per seat per year.
2. (i) Motor lorries or trailers weighing 1½ tons or less—	
(*a*) If fitted with pneumatic tyres.	Rs. 100 per half-year or Rs. 175 per year.

(5) If not so fitted. Rs. 150 per half-year or Rs. 262-8-0 per year.

(31) Motor lorries or trailers weighing 3½ tons or less and more than 1½ tons—

(a) If fitted with pneumatic tyres. Rs. 200 per half-year or Rs. 350 per year.

(b) If not so fitted. Rs. 300 per half-year or Rs. 525 per year.

The payment of the licence fee in respect of a motor vehicle or trailer shall not exempt such motor vehicle or trailer from payment of tolls and ferries.

Explanation.—A portion of a year less than six months shall be treated as a half-year and a portion of a year exceeding six months shall be treated as one year for the purpose of this rule.

"17-B. The licence fee shall be levied at the following rates in the case of motor vehicles plying for hire partly on Government and partly on local board or municipal roads or on both.

Class of vehicle.	Rate of licence fee.
Motor buses and taxis.	Six pies per mile on the distance likely to be traversed by the vehicle during the period of the licence.
Lorries or trailers ..	The rates specified in rule 17-A.

The payment of the licence fee in respect of a motor vehicle or trailer shall not exempt such motor vehicle or trailer from payment of tolls and ferries."

Explanation.—A portion of a year less than six months shall be treated as a half-year and a portion of a year exceeding six months shall be treated as one year for the purpose of this rule.

X

For the appendix to the said rules the following appendix shall be substituted, namely.—

APPENDIX.

FORM A.

LICENCE FOR MOTOR VEHICLES LET OR PLYING FOR HIRE.

Licence No. of 193 .

Licence fee paid Rs. .

I, Executive Engineer, ... division, hereby license along the ..... road the letting or plying for hire of the motor vehicle described below belonging to ..... residing at ..... whose head office is at ..... for the period specified hereunder, subject to the rules printed overleaf, and also subject to the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914, and the permit granted by District Magistrate under rule 30 of the Madras Motor Vehicles Rules.

Name of maker and date of manufacture	Type of motor vehicle.	Type of body for the vehicle.	Seating capacity.	Carrying capacity.	Horse power.	Number of cylinders.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

Description of the motor vehicle.										
Number stamped on the		Weight of the vehicle unladen.	In the case of motor vehicles exceeding two tons in weight when unladen state.		Number and date of registration certificate.	Period for which registration has been made.	Number and date of the permit of the District Magistrate	Period for which the permit has been granted.	Period of the licence granted.
Engine.	Chassis.		Axle weight of each axle.	Diameter of each wheel					
(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)

The weight of the vehicle when fully loaded shall not exceed.....

The above vehicle is driven or conducted by .....

Executive Engineer.

Office of the Executive Engineer,
dated 19 .

Date of renewal	Period for which renewed.		Amount of fee paid.	Signature of the authority renewing the licence.
	From	To		
			Rs. A. P.	

APPENDIX B.

The President of the District Board of..... hereby permits on the routes and under the conditions specified in the schedule sub-joined the letting or plying for hire of the motor vehicle described above, belonging to..... resident at..... whose head office is at..... subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The license shall be in force from ..... to .....

(2) The weight of the vehicle when fully loaded shall not exceed ..... tons.

(3) The fares that may be levied from passengers travelling by motor vehicles plying for hire shall not exceed the following rates.

First class .....
Second class .....

(4) Each passenger shall be allowed to take with him free of charge the weight of luggage specified below,

(5) The rates that may be levied for goods other than luggage carried by motor vehicles plying for hire shall not exceed Re. 0-0-6 for every maund of 25 lb. per mile.

SCHEDULE.

The routes along which the vehicle is permitted to ply, the number of journeys it will make per diem,

the number of miles per diem it would cover, together with the rate per diem and total assessment for the period of licence, should be entered here

District Board Office,

Dated.....

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 14.—The following resolutions of the Government of India are republished :—

HOME DEPARTMENT.

POLITICAL.

Delhi, the 13th December 1924.

No. 2831–2864.—In supersession of the orders contained in the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2831–2842, dated the 5th December 1922, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following instructions with regard to certificates of identity.

2 Every native of India who contemplates proceeding out of India to foreign countries is strongly urged, before leaving, to furnish himself with an authoritative certificate of identity, in the form appended to this Resolution, signed by the head of the district (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) in the case of residents of British India, and by the Political Officer in that of residents of Native States. In the case of a student the certificate should be signed by the head of his last school or college and countersigned by the District Officer (in a Presidency Town and in the town of Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer as the case may be.

Appeals for assistance by destitute Indians who desire repatriation and by students who owing to embarrassed circumstances are unable to complete their course of education cannot be dealt with satisfactorily unless the parties are in a position to produce evidence of identity. The possession of a certificate of identity will be especially useful to young men of good family, as it may enable the Secretary of State to obtain for them social and other attentions.

Those who are desirous, however, of travelling in countries where a passport will be necessary are advised to furnish themselves with such a document also before leaving India, in lieu of, or in addition to, a certificate of identity. It should be remembered that no person is entitled to a passport, as of right, on the ground that he is a British subject and the production before authorities outside India of a certificate of identity, unless supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, is not sufficient to ensure that a passport will be granted.

Form of Certificate of Identity.

1. Name of applicant_____

2. Father's name and caste_____

3. Residence_____

4. Age of applicant_____

5. Nationality of applicant *_____

6. Social or pecuniary status of father (or guardian)_____

7. Date or probable departure of applicant from India_____

8. Object of applicant's visit to England (Europe).

Signature of District Officer (in a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police or Political Officer, or head of school or college.†)

*Dated*_____

* I.e., whether a British subject by birth or by naturalization (or a subject of a Native State).

† Countersignature of the District or Political Officer should be obtained on certificates signed by heads of schools or colleges.

NOTE.—Holders of certificates of identity intending to apply subsequently in England or elsewhere for a passport to visit a foreign country are warned that no person is entitled to a passport as of right on the sole ground that he is a British subject. The production of a certificate of identity, therefore, will not ordinarily be sufficient to secure the grant of a passport, unless it is supplemented by documentary evidence of respectability, endorsed by a Local Government or other authority competent to issue passports in India, certifying that the holder is a fit and proper person to receive a passport.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

EMIGRATION

Simla, the 3rd September 1924.

No. 2759–6774–24.—The following procedure has been arranged by the Government of India in discussion with the Government of the Union of South Africa to facilitate the admission into the Union of the wives and minor children of Indians resident in that country.

2. The husband or father resident in South Africa who desires to obtain a certificate of relationship from a magistrate in India to facilitate the admission into the Union of South Africa of his wife or children under the age of sixteen years will, in the first instance, make application in the prescribed form to the immigration authorities in South Africa or to the magistrate of the district in South Africa in which he is residing and on obtaining from the proper officer in South Africa a certificate in respect of his application will transmit the same to his wife or child, as the case may be, for production with his application for a certificate of relationship before the principal local magistrate in India, viz., the Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency town, the Political Officer in a Native State, or the District Magistrate elsewhere.

3. The principal local magistrate in India, on receipt of such application and on production before him of the certificate issued in South Africa, will institute an enquiry either personally or through an officer not below the rank of a Deputy Tahsildar, a Sub-Deputy Collector or a Mamlatdar according to the province concerned, and if the senior magistrate is satisfied as to the alleged relationship, he will grant a certificate of relationship in the attached form in favour of the person (or persons) referred to in the application, who will present it to the Immigration Officer at the port of entry in support of his or their claim to admission into the Union.

Form of Certificate.

A

I do hereby certify that as the result of an enquiry made by me personally this ——— day of ——— 19——, I am satisfied that ——— daughter of ——— of village ——— Police Station ——— District ——— is the duly married wife of ——— son of ——— of village ——— Police Station ——— District ——— at present residing at ———

Descriptive particulars.

Name ———

Caste ———

Religion ———

Date, as nearly as can be ascertained, of marriage ———

Place of marriage ———

Her thumb impressions have been taken in my presence.

Right thumb.

Left thumb.

Signature of Magistrate.

Dated the ——— 19

Seal of the Magistrate.

Countersigned.

Place ———

District Magistrate.

(Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency Town or Political Officer in a Native State.)

Dated the ——— 19

Seal of the District Magistrate

Name of District ———

B

I do hereby certify that as the result of an enquiry made by me personally this ——— day of ——— 19——, I am satisfied that ——— is the son (daughter) of ——— of village ——— Police Station ——— District ——— at present residing at ——— and that I am satisfied that $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ ——— years of age.

Descriptive particulars.

Name ———

Caste ———

Religion ———

Age ———

His (her) thumb impressions have been taken in my presence.

Right thumb.

Left thumb.

Signature of Magistrate.

Dated the ——— 19

Seal of the Magistrate.

Countersigned.

Place ———

District Magistrate.

(Chief Presidency Magistrate in a Presidency Town or Political Officer in a Native State.)

Dated the ——— 19

Seal of the District Magistrate.

Name of District ———

Simla, the 2nd August 1916.

No. 6487.—The following letter received from the Government of the East Africa Protectorate is published for general information :—

THE SECRETARIAT, NAIROBI,
EAST AFRICA PROTECTORATE,
June 27, 1916.

Sir,

I have the honour to inform you that the Government of the British East Africa Protectorate has recently had under consideration the desirability of enforcing more strictly the provisions of the Immigration Restriction Ordinance, 1906, and the Immigration Restriction Amendment Ordinance, 1910, copies of which are enclosed herewith.

2. Section 11 of the original enactment provided that any person appearing to be a prohibited immigrant under section 5 (a) * might be permitted to enter the Protectorate on payment of a deposit according to nationality. † In the course of time this restriction was shown to be acting as a deterrent in the case of persons who might well be admitted to the country, and the amending Ordinance was promulgated whereby the Immigration Officer was empowered to accept security in lieu of the deposit.

3. In the great majority of cases no arrangements for this security are made prior to embarkation and in consequence such persons have hitherto been allowed to land in order that they may be given the opportunity of finding a surety. This concession has led to abuse and is in itself objectionable inasmuch as the deposit prescribed by section 11 of the Ordinance of 1906 is payable before landing and if this section is read together with section 3 (1) of the amending Ordinance of 1910, it is clear that the demand for security must also be complied with before landing.

4. The Government has therefore decided that all immigrants should either make the necessary deposit, or provide the security required, before leaving the ship on arrival in port. The strict enforcement of this regulation will take effect as from the 1st of September 1916 and I have the honour to request that steps may be taken to make this procedure known in those districts from which immigrants to British East Africa usually arrive. Persons who cannot deposit the necessary sum or have failed to find the requisite security will after that date be sent back to India, and the Government of this Protectorate will not hold itself responsible for any expenditure thus incurred.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

C. C. BOWRING,
Chief Secretary to Government.

Local Governments and Administrations are requested to make the information contained in the letter as widely known as possible, particularly in places from which emigration to British East Africa is believed to be most common. Intending emigrants should also be warned of the risks they run in proceeding to the Protectorate if they are unable, before landing, to deposit the sum of Rs. 50, or to comply with the demand for the requisite security in lieu of the deposit.

* The section prohibits the immigration of any person without visible means of support or any person who is likely to become a pauper or a public charge.

† The deposit required from a native of India is Rs. 50.

(Registration.)

ERRATUM.

Fort St. George, December 16, 1929.

In Notification No 87, Law (General), dated 25th November 1929, published on page 2208 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 3rd December 1929, *delete* the words "and Acting Registrar of Assurances, Guntur", occurring in lines 2 and 3.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 27, 1929.

No. 1.—M.R.Ry Rao Sahib C. Rajam Chettiyar Avargal, Deputy Collector, leave on average pay without medical certificate from 11th November 1929 to 20th December 1929. He is permitted to affix to his leave the holidays commencing from 21st December 1929 subject to the conditions in the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 83.

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

No. 2.—In modification of paragraph 2 of G.O. R No. 959, dated 27th November 1929, M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib C. P. Karunakara Menon Avargal, Assistant Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, leave on average pay without medical certificate for the period 21st December 1929 to 2nd January 1930 inclusive.

EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 3.—Syed Abdul Qadir Sahib Bahadur, Deputy Collector, an extension of leave on average pay without medical certificate for nine days in continuation of the leave granted in G.O. R. No. 943, dated 21st November 1929. He is permitted to affix to his leave the holidays commencing from 21st December 1929, subject to the conditions in the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 83.

POSTINGS.

No. 4.—The following postings of Excise officers are ordered :—

Mr. A. H. Harper, Assistant Commissioner of Excise, on return from leave, to the Kistna division.

M.R.Ry. P. K. Ramunni Menon Avargal, Officiating Assistant Commissioner of Excise, Kistna division, to be Assistant Secretary to the Commissioner of Excise.

Captain A. E. Mardiet, Assistant Commissioner of Excise, on return from leave, to the Bellary division in relief of Mr. A. A. Connor.

ERRATUM.

Fort St. George, December 24, 1929.

In the schedule to Government Notification No. 117, dated 20th March 1924, published on pages 372–377 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st April 1924, as subsequently amended *for* the existing heading "6. Rajahmundry circle", *read* "6. Cocanada circle".

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

No. 5.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*b*) (*a*) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Governor in Council hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the land specified below required for sinking a well for depressed classes in Nagarajakuppam village, Puttur division, Chittoor district—

Zamin, dry, paimash Nos. 47 and 51 part.

No. 6.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*b*) (ii) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923 the Governor in Council hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the land specified below required for sinking a well for the Adi-Andhras of Kapadi Malavada in Kalahasti village, Kalahasti division, Chittoor district :—

Zamin, village site, paimash No. 65 part.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929
(G. O. Ms. No 2644, *Revenue).*

No. 7.—In the schedule defining local area of Excise circles appended to Government Notification No. 117, dated 20th March 1924, published on pages 372-377 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 1st April 1924, as subsequently amended *add* the following as 5-a under "Waltair division":—

"5 (a) Jeypore circle.—The Narayanapatnam Agency of the Parvatipur taluk and the Rayaghada taluk (excluding the Kalyansinghapuram Tana) and the taluks of Nowrangpur, Jeypore, Kerapat and Pottangi of the Vizagapatam Agency."

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

No. 8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 (*b*) (ii) of the Madras Survey and Boundaries Act VIII of 1923, the Governor in Council hereby directs the survey under the provisions of the said Act of the lands specified below to be given on ryotwari tenure in Kavidar village attached to the Ghandarvakottai Zamindari, Pattukkottai taluk, Tanjore district—

The house and the land measuring 44 cents lying in the eastern portion of paimash No. 826.

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of quarters for the excise preventive staff at Borigumma, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Tahsildar, Jeypore, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (*a*) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Tahsildar, Jeypore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Vizagapatam district, Jeypore taluk,
Borigumma village.

	Approximate extent.
	acs.
(Waste.)	
Zamindari, dry, waste No , survey or paimash No belonging to Maharaja of Jeypore, bounded on the north and east by waste land ; south by Borigumma-Kotpad road ; west by waste land	1·20

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for construction of buildings for the excise preventive staff, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Tahsildar, Parvatipur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (*a*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Tahsildar, Parvatipur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Vizagapatam district, Parvatipur taluk,
Narayanapatnam village.

	Approximate extent.
	acs.
(Dry arable.)	
Zamindari, poramboke, dry, owner Maharaja of Jeypore, occupier Gonda Raghunadha Naika of Kalipeta bounded on the north by Local Fund Road, east by Jeypore Maharaja's fruit garden ; south by poramboke dry lands of Jami Lokanadham and Kottakota China Satyanarayana ; west by school building	1·76

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of quarters for the excise preventive staff at Kotpad, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and, the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Tahsildar, Jeypore, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (*a*) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Tahsildar, Jeypore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Vizagapatam district, Jeypore taluk,
Kotpad village.

	Approximate extent.
	acs.
(Waste.)	
Zamindari, dry, waste, belonging to Maharaja of Jeypore, bounded on the north and east by waste land ; south by waste land (beyond this there is the Borigumma-Kotpad road), west by waste land	1·40

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of quarters for the excise preventive staff at Omerkote, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Deputy Tahsildar, Nowrangapur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (*a*) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Deputy Tahsildar, Nowrangapur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Visagapatam district, Nowrangapur taluk, Omerkote village.

	Approximate extent. acs
(Dry.)	
Zamindari, dry, assessed, Maharajah of Jeypore, (owner), Somanatha Kallar (occupier), bounded on the north by rest-house; east by dry land of Somanatha Kallar; south by footpath to Gudda; west by S.C.P. road	1 43

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands mentioned below and measuring 0·64 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Dhone-Kurnool Railway extension; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kurnool, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Kurnool, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kurnool district, Kurnool taluk, Etiavala Tandrapad village.

	ACRS.
Enfranchised personal, Inam, S. No. 31-A & 1-A, belonging to Jangam Pedda Nagamma and Jangam Viryya, bounded on the north by No. 35 B-2, east by No. 31-A & 1-E, south by No. 182-E & 2-A, west by No. 180	0·20
Enfranchised personal Inam, S. No. 182 E & 2-A, belonging to Jangam Pedda Nagamma and Jangam Viryya, bounded on the north by No. 31 A & 1 A, east by No. 182-E & 2-C; south by No 181; west by Nos 182-E, 1 and 180 ..	0·44
Total ..	0·64

H. R. PATE,
Secretary to Government.

DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

LEAVE.

Fort St George, December 20, 1929.

No. 1.—M.R.Ry. J. Sadasiva Ayyar Avargal, District Forest Officer, Anantapur, leave on average pay for four months from the date of relief.

S. V. RAMAMURTI,
Secretary to Government.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St George, December 24, 1929.

No. 2.—M.R Ry. M Sundaranathan Avargal, Senior Lecturer, Madras Veterinary College, to act as Professor of Medicine, Madras Veterinary College, *vice* M.R.Ry. M. R. V. Ponkhar Avargal, granted leave

Fort St. George, January 4, 1930.

No. 3.—M.R.Ry. K. L. Ramakrishna Rao Garu, an upper subordinate in the Cotton section, to act as Superintendent, Cotton Breeding Station, Coimbatore, *vice* Mr. Chockalingam Pillai granted leave.

M. C. B. KOMAN,
Under Secretary to Government

NOTIFICATIONS

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 4.—The services of pensioned and discharged sepoys of the Native Army required for employment in civil capacities may be obtained on application to the—

(i) Recruiting Staff Officers at the following stations:—

Peshawar (Samana c/o Kohat, from 15th April to 15th October) for Pathans. Jhelum for Punjabi Muhammadans. Jullundur for Sikhs. Jullundur (Dheramsala, from 15th April to 15th October) for Dogras. Agra for Rajputana and Central India Hindus and Muhammadans. Delhi for Jats and Hindustani Muhammadans. Lucknow for Hindustani Hindus. Poona for Mahrattas and Dekhani Muhammadans.

(ii) Pension Paymaster, Madras, for Madrasis.

All applications from employers should include the particulars shown below, and should be addressed to the officers referred to at the places abovementioned:—

(1) Name of person or firm offering employment.

(2) Nature of, and place at which, employment is offered.

(3) Proposed pay and period for which employment is offered.

(4) Whether railway fare to place of employment will be paid or not.

(5) Whether return railway fare will be paid in case of pensioner being discharged for no fault of his own, or after a definite period of service

(6) Class of men required, e.g., Sikh, Pathan, Dogra, etc.

Fort St George, December 31, 1929
(*G.O. Ms. No.* 2287, *Development*).

No. 5.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE RAO BAHADUR K. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S ANSTEAD MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order and direct that the securities and money now in the hands of the Accountant-General and the three medals now in the hands of the Director of Agriculture, Madras, and described in the schedule hereto shall, as from the date of publication of this notification, vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors (subject to the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder) upon trust for the purpose and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the said Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkataramma Ayyar's Anstead Medal Endowment Fund.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

	Rs.
(1) 3½ per cent Government securities for .. .. Cash Rs. nil.	500
Total ..	500

(2) Three gold medals.

No. 6.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF RAO BAHADUR K. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S ANSTEAD MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act of 1890, has settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the securities and money vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 5 and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 15th day of January 1930.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

1. The Director of Agriculture and the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, for the time being and M.R.By. Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkatarama Ayyar Avargal, Negapatam, the donor, during his lifetime and after his death, a representative to be nominated by the Government of Madras from among his sons or the members of his family shall be the administrators of the Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkatarama Ayyar's Anstead Medal Endowment Fund and the securities and money which are now vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 5.

2 The interest accruing from the endowments shall be paid half-yearly to the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, who shall invest the same in Postal Savings Bank account. Such interest shall be accumulated in the Savings Bank for a period of four years. Out of the amount so accumulated together with the interest thereon that is paid by the Post Office the cost of manufacturing four medals to be awarded in that particular year and the three successive years shall be defrayed by the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore. The medal shall be awarded to the best student in class II in plot cultivation(wet, dry and garden) provided he passes in part I of the B.Sc. (Agricultural Degree) at the first appearance.

3. The amount of the endowment may be reinvested from time to time in Government securities.

4 All interest on the said endowment that may not be utilized or required shall be accumulated and such accumulation shall from time to time be invested in Government securities and be added to the corpus of the fund.

No 7.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE RAO BAHADUR K. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S GOSCHEN MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order and direct that the securities and money now in the hands of the Accountant-General and the medals now in the hands of the Director of Agriculture, Madras, and described in the schedule hereto shall, as from the date of publication of this notification, vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his successors (subject to the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder) upon trust for the purpose and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 5 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the said Rao Bahadur K. S Venkatarama Ayyar's Goschen Medal Endowment Fund.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

	Rs.
(1) 3½ per cent Government securities for .. .. Cash Rs. nil.	500
Total ..	500
(2) Three gold medals.	

No. 8.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF RAO BAHADUR K. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S GOSCHEN MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act of 1890, has settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the securities and money vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 7 and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 15th day of January 1930.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

1. The Director of Agriculture and the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, for the time being and M.R.By. Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkatarama Ayyar Avargal, Negapatam, the donor, during his lifetime and after his death, a representative to be nominated by the Government of Madras from among his sons or the members of his family shall be the Administrators of the Rao Bahadur K. S Venkatarama Ayyar's Goschen Medal Endowment Fund and the securities and money which are now vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 7.

2 The interest accruing from the endowments shall be paid half-yearly to the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, who shall invest the same in Postal Savings Bank account. Such interest shall be accumulated in the Savings Bank for a period of four years. Out of the amount so accumulated together with the interest thereon that is paid by the Post Office the cost of manufacturing four medals to be awarded in that particular year and the three successive years shall be defrayed by the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore. The medal shall be awarded to the student who obtains the highest number of marks in Agricultural Zoology of Part I of the B.Sc. (Agricultural Degree) examination in Agriculture, provided he passes in Part I at the first appearance.

3. The amount of the endowment may be reinvested from time to time in Government securities.

4. All interest on the said endowment that may not be utilized or required shall be accumulated and such accumulation shall from time to time be invested in Government securities and be added to the corpus of the fund.

No. 9.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF THE RAO BAHADUR K. S VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 4 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, doth hereby order and direct that the securities and money now in the hands of the Accountant-General and the three medals now in the hands of the Director of Agriculture, Madras, and described in the schedule hereto shall, as from the date of publication of this notification, vest in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments for the territories subject to the Government of Madras and be held by him and his

successors (subject to the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, and to any rules which may from time to time be framed thereunder) upon the trusts for the purposes and subject to the conditions set forth in a scheme under section 6 of the said Charitable Endowments Act, 1890, for the administration of the said Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkataramа Ayyar's Medal Endowment Fund,

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

	Rs.
(1) 3½ per cent Government securities for .. .. Cash Rs. nil.	500
Total ..	500

(2) Three gold medals.

No. 10.—IN THE MATTER OF THE CHARITABLE ENDOWMENTS ACT, 1890, AND IN THE MATTER OF RAO BAHADUR K. S VENKATARAMA AYYAR'S MEDAL ENDOWMENT FUND.

It is hereby notified that the Government of Madras, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act of 1890, has settled the scheme set forth in the schedule hereto for the administration of the securities (and money) vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 9 and that such scheme shall come into operation on the 15th day of January 1930.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO.

1. The Director of Agriculture and the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, for the time being and M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkataramа Ayyar Avargal, Negapatam, the donor, during his lifetime and after his death, a representative to be nominated by the Government of Madras from among his sons or the members of his family shall be the administrators of the Rao Bahadur K. S. Venkataramа Ayyar's Medal Endowment Fund and the securities and money which are now vested in the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments by Notification No. 9.

2. The interest accruing from the endowments shall be paid half-yearly to the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore, who shall invest the same in Postal Savings Bank account. Such interest shall be accumulated in the Savings Bank for a period of four years. Out of the amount so accumulated together with the interest thereon that is paid by the Post Office the cost of manufacturing four medals to be awarded in that particular year and the three successive years shall be defrayed by the Principal, Agricultural College, Coimbatore. The medal shall be awarded to the best student in the First year class in the B.Sc. (Agricultural) course.

3. The amount of the endowment may be reinvested from time to time in Government securities.

4. All interest on the said endowment that may not be utilized or required shall be accumulated and such accumulation shall from time to time be invested in Government securities and be added to the corpus of the fund.

S. V. RAMAMURTI,
Secretary to Government.

PUBLIC WORKS AND LABOUR DEPARTMENT.

ERRATA.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929

In the erratum published in page 2179, Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 26th November 1929, in respect of the lands proposed for acquisition in 65, Molaiyur village, Mayavaram taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'Ryotwari, dry, No. 143 part . . . 30 cents' *read* 'Ryotwari, dry, No 143 part . . . 38 cents'

For 'S. No. 14 part, one of the names of owners 50. A. Gurusami Ayyar enjoyer N. Ramachandra Ayyar, N. Kandasami Pathan and Kandappa Padayachi' *read* 'S. No 140 part, 50. A. Gurusami Pathan enjoyer N Ramachandra Ayyar, V. Kandasami Pathan and Kandappa Padayachi'.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, in respect of lands required for the provision of school-site to the Adi-Dravidas of No. 75, Vilangudi village attached to Tanjore taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 802 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 30th April 1929—

For 'bounded on the east by No. 336-6 part, west by No. 336' *read* 'bounded on the east by No. 350, west by No 338-6 part'.

Fort St. George, December 26, 1929.

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, in respect of the lands required for the canal system, Cauvery-Mettur project in Inam Pallikondan village, Pattukkottai taluk, Tanjore district, published at page 764 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, Part I, dated 23rd April 1929—

Page 764, column 2, item 10, *for* 'Manayakkollai, dry, 0-60 acre,' *read* 'Manjakollai, dry, 0-60 acre.'

In the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act in respect of acquisition of lands for the extension of the Vayyam dam in Kanhi-nanokku desam of Ponnani taluk published at page 780 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 23rd April 1929—

Against S. No. 93-2 part—

For 'Pattadar Theyyachan Valappil Avuthalkutty and Aithrou Kutty' *read* 'Pattadars Theyyachan Valappil Abdulla Kutty and Aithrou Kutty'.

For 'Occupier Theyyachan Valappil Aithrou Kutty' *read* 'Theyyachan Valappil Abdulla Kutty'.

For 'extent 12 cents' *read* 'extent 15 cents'.

For 'east by S. No. 92-3 and 92-3 part' *read* 'east by S. No. 93-3'.

Against S. No. 93-1 B—

For 'east by S. No. 93-1 A and 94-13' *read* 'east by S. No 94-13 and 93-1 A'.

Against S. No. 93-3—

For 'Pattadar Theyyachan Valappil Avuthala Kutty' *read* 'Pattadar Theyyachan Valappil Abdulla Kutty'

For 'occupier Theyyachan Valappil Aithrou Kutty' *read* 'Theyyachan Valappil Abdulla Kutty'.

Against S. No. 93-3 part—

For 'north by S. No. 93-7 part and 93-3' *read* 'north by S No 93-3'.

For 'west by S. No. 93-7 part' *read* 'west by S. Nos 81-7 part and 93-3 part'.

Against S. No. 93-1 part—

For 'east by S. Nos. 93-3 and 94-1 part' *read* 'east by S Nos 94 13 and 94-13'.

For 'extent 23 cents' *read* 'extent 17 cents'.

Against S. No. 94-8 part—

For 'west by S. No. 94-13 part' *read* 'west by S Nos. 94-11 part and 94-13'.

Against S. No. 94-11 part—

For 'Ommuvu Ummu' *read* 'Ummachumma'.

For 'east by S Nos 94-10 part and 94-11 part' *read* 'east by S No 94-8 part and 94-10 part'.

For 'south by S. No. 93-11 part' *read* 'south by S Nos. 94-11 part and 93-2'.

For 'extent 13 cents' *read* 'extent 20 cents'.

Against S. No 94-12—

For 'west by S No. 94-13 part' *read* 'west by S. No 94-13'.

Against S. No. 94-13 part—

For 'extent 36 cents' *read* 'extent 46 cents'.

Against S. No. 94-18—

For 'east by S. No. 94-8 part' *read* 'east by S. Nos. 94-8 part and 101'.

Against S. No. 94-20—

For 'extent 6 cents' *read* 'extent 11 cents'.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 18, 1929
(G.O No 3666 W.).

No. 1.—With a view to afford facilities for testing electrical apparatus to licensees under the Indian Electricity Act and consumers, the Government are pleased to direct that testing may be undertaken at their electrical laboratory at Chepauk, Madras, subject to the conditions set forth in Annexure I to these proceedings.

With reference to rule 5 (2) of the Indian Electricity Rules, 1922, the Government also direct that, in supersession of the orders in G.O. No. 732 W., dated 25th June 1924, and in G.O. No. 1028 W., dated 28th March 1928, fees as laid down in Annexure II to these proceedings be levied for testing and inspection and for the services of their electrical officers under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, as amended by the Indian Electricity (Amendment) Act, 1922.

ANNEXURE I.

[Conditions under which testing of apparatus will be undertaken at the Government Electrical Laboratory at Chepauk, Madras.]

1. Apparatus will be received at the laboratory between the hours of 11 a.m. and 4 p.m. on all working days, and must be delivered at and removed from the laboratory free of cost to Government.

2. Apparatus must, in every cases, be accompanied by an application in the form printed as Annexure III, copies of which can be had free of cost from the Electrical Inspector to Government, Chepauk, Madras.

3. All apparatus sent for testing should be provided with suitable terminals or leads so that they can be readily connected to the testing circuit without soldering. They should also bear their manufacturers' name and number for identification purposes.

4. Fees in accordance with the scale laid down in Annexure II should be paid in advance at any Government treasury and the treasury receipt attached to the application.

5. Every reasonable care will be taken for the safety of the apparatus while in the laboratory, but neither the Electrical Inspector nor the Government will be responsible for any damage or loss sustained in consequence of the time that may elapse before the apparatus is removed from the laboratory.

ANNEXURE II.

(i) Scale of fees for testing in the Government Electrical Laboratory at Chepauk, Madras, and reporting on the accuracy of instruments and meters:—

	Rs.
(a) Ammeter up to 170 amps. ..	5
Do. up to 1,200 amps. ..	7
(b) Voltmeter up to 650 volts ..	5
(c) Wattmeter up to 85 amps. ..	8
up to 500 amps A.C. and 1,200 amps D.C.	12
(d) Energy meter—	
(1) D.C. or A.C. single phase with or without shunt coil—	
up to 170 amps. ..	10
up to 500 amps. A.C. and 1,200 amps. D.C.	15
(2) A.C. two phase or three phase two element—	
up to 85 amps. ..	15
up to 500 amps. ..	20
(3) A.C. three phase three element—	
up to 85 amps. ..	25
up to 500 amps. ..	35
(e) Power factor meter—	
up to 85 amps. ..	8
up to 500 amps. ..	15
(f) Frequency meter	8
(g) Megger or insulation tester or ohmmeter up to 1 megohm with its own generator ..	5
(h) Resistances—	
For a resistance between 30 ohms and 1/500 ohm to an accuracy of 0·1 per cent ..	5
For a resistance of standard form to highest accuracy obtainable at one temperature	13
(j) Sub-standard—	
For an instrument intended to be used as a sub-standard and submitted for special examination and testing ..	100
If intended to be kept under observation for a period longer than one month for each additional month or part of a month	50

Note.—(a) Combination and polyphase indicating meters will be charged an extra 25 per cent for each additional scale, range or element.

(b) For testing and submitting a calibration curve, the appropriate fee plus 6 rupees will be charged.

(c) If the instruments or meters of the same capacity, design and make are sent in batches of five to nine and ten or more at a time and can be tested simultaneously, the fees will be reduced to 80 per cent and 60 per cent, respectively.

(d) If an instrument or meter is required to be adjusted by means provided within the instrument during test or calibration, an extra fee of Rs. 5 for each D.C. or single phase meter and Rs. 15 for each polyphase meter will be charged.

(e) For instruments or meters requiring pressures between 501 volts and 6,500 volts, an extra charge of 25 per cent will be made

(f) Fees for tests not specified herein may be ascertained from the Electrical Inspector to Government.

(ii) *Disputed meters.*—Where an Electrical Inspector is called in to settle any dispute arising under section 21 or section 28 or schedule clause VI of the Act and the instrument or meter is tested in the laboratory the appropriate fee will be charged; if tested on consumer's premises the fee shall be increased by Rs. 10.

Note.—On receipt of an application in connection with a dispute between a consumer and a licensee as to the correctness of any meter, the Electrical Inspector will arrange with the consumer and the licensee for an officer in attendance at the premises of the consumer; the officer will take charge of the meter which is not to be disconnected from the circuit except in his presence and then only by the licensee.

(iii) Disputes under the Indian Electricity Act and Rules:—

(a) Where the Act and rules refer disputes for settlement to an Electrical Inspector and the work done by him is not laboratory work covered by the preceding paragraph a minimum fee of Rs. 15 will be charged and where the time occupied runs to a whole day a rate of Rs. 64 per diem.

(b) For testing any installation for insulation resistance to earth from the main terminals where the time occupied is less than two hours, Rs. 10.

For every hour or part of an hour after the first two hours, Rs. 3.

(c) Where a record of pressure is taken on a consumer's premises a fee of Rs. 25 for the first 24 hours and a further fee of Rs. 5 for every subsequent 24 hours during which the consumer desires the record to be taken.

ANNEXURE III.

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Electrical Laboratory, Chepauk, Madras.

To

The Electrical Inspector to Government,
Madras.

Sir,

I/We request that the test hereon detailed may be carried out subject to the conditions set forth in Government of Madras Public Works and Labour Department Notification No 1, dated the 7th January 1930.

DESCRIPTION OF TEST REQUIRED.

Signature of applicant.

Address.....

Date.....

Note.—Apparatus will not be received at the laboratory which is not plainly marked with the name of the manufacturer and an identification number and which is not accompanied by a receipt for the requisite fees paid at a Government treasury.

Accepted, and entered in Registry Book, page

Amount of fee, ...

Dated.....

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

No. 2.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of lands in Varahur village, Chidambaram taluk, South Arcot district notified at page 1125 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 4th June 1929, so far as it relates to R.S No 19-5 part

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 3.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of the lands noted below and included in the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, published at pages 1239 to 1241 of Part I of *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th July 1925, as required for the Cauvery Mettur Project Headworks :—

Salem district, Mettur taluk (old Omalur taluk), Cholappadi village.

	Extent now withdrawn.		Extent already notified.
	acs.		acs.
S. No. 10 ..	0·75	out of	0·75
S. No. 11 ..	0·14	,,	0·14
S. No. 128 ..	0·35	,,	0·35
S. No. 139 ..	0·35	,,	0·65
S. No. 141 ..	0·12	,,	0·32
S. No. 145 ..	0·02	,,	0·77
S. No. 159 ..	1·13	,,	8·93
S. Nos. 182 and 190-1 ..	0·15	,,	0·50
S. No. 469 ..	2·38	,,	2·38
S. No. 540-1 B ..	0·09	,,	0·09
S. No. 567-2 ..	2·25	,,	2·25

No. 4.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of the following lands in Sembalh village, Mettur taluk, Salem district (old Bhavani taluk, Coimbatore district), included in the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act published at pages 1449 to 1451 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 11th August 1925, as being required for the Cauvery Mettur Project :—

	Extent.
	acs.
S F. No. 412	0·15
S F. No. 576	0·25

No. 5.—Under section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby withdraws from the acquisition of the lands noted below and included in the notification under section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, published at pages 1435 to 1491 of Part I of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 11th August 1925, as required for the Cauvery-Mettur Project Headworks :—

Salem district, Mettur taluk (old Dharmapuri taluk), Nagamarai village.

Survey number.	Extent withdrawn.		
	acs.		acs.
709	0·05	out of	6·19
718	0·35	,,	3·29
723	0·16	,,	0·58

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

Fort St. George, December 13, 1929.

Under section 4 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·03 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a well-site for Kallars ; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Tanjore taluk,
No. 175 Panchanadhikottai village

	ACRE.
Government, nattam, R S No 34 B-1 E, belonging to Kaliyaperumal Kadavar and V Mariappa Kalingarayar, bounded on the north by No 31 A, east, south and west by No. 34 B-1 A	0·03

Fort St. George, December 14, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1·62 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the drainage of Sengalipuram lands; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Negapatam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. Under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act the Governor in Council further directs that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Negapatam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Nannilam taluk,
No. 119. Dipangudi village.

		Acs
Inam, dry, No. 1-2, belonging to T.D. No. 1061 Sri Thiagarajaswami (Abisha kattalai), bounded on the north and east by R.S. No. 1-1; south by R.S. Nos. 2-1 and 2-2; west by R.S. No. 1-1 ..		0·65
Government, dry, No. 31-2, belonging to Sri Deepayagaswami, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 31-1; east by R.S. No. 31-3; south and west by R.S. No. 31-1		0 05
Government, dry, No. 31-3, belonging to Jagathala Vathiyar, Surikadi Vathiyar, Sri Dipanayagaswami, S. Samiat Thanapathy Vathiyar, Jagathala Vathiyar and Vaithanatha Ayyar, bounded on the north, east and south by R.S. No. 31-1; west by R.S. No. 31-2		0 02
	Total ..	0·72

No. 102 Sengalipuram village

Eyntatu, wet, No. 280-4 B, belonging to minor Mahalingam, guardian Kamalathammal, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 280-5, east by R.S. No. 281; south by R.S. No. 280-7, west by R.S. No. 280-4 A		0·02
Eyntatu, wet, No. 284-2 B, belonging to S. N. Thangaraja Ayyar, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 283-5 A, east by R.S. No. 281 and Perumpanniyar; south by R.S. No. 284-4; west by R.S. No. 284-3 A		0·03
Eyntatu, wet, No. 287-1 B, belonging to minor Narayanaswami, guardian Subramanian, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 286-4; east by Perumpanniyar; south by R.S. No. 287-1 A		0 05
Government, wet, No. 287-1 B, belonging to S. Thiruvaya Ayyar, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 287-1 E; east by Perumpanniyar; south by R.S. No. 287-4 B, west by R.S. No. 287-3 A ..		0 05
Government, wet, No. 287-4 B belonging to minor Narayanaswami, guardian Subramania Ayyar, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 287-1 E; east by Perumpanniyar, south by R.S. No. 287-6; west by R.S. No. 287-4 A		0·05
Government, wet, No. 305-1 B, belonging to Ramalathammal bounded on the north by R.S. No. 282-5; east by Perumpanniyar village, south by R.S. No. 305-3 B, west by R.S. No. 305-1 A ..		0·11
Government, wet, No. 305-2 B, belonging to S. R. Venkataramayer, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 305-1 E; east by Perumpanniyar village; south by R.S. No. 308-3; west by R.S. No. 305-2 A		0·14
Government, wet, No. 307-1 B, belonging to Swaminatha Ayyar, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 308-3, east by Perumpanniyar village, south by R.S. No. 307-2 B; west by R.S. No. 307-1 A ..		0 10
Government, wet, No. 307-2 E, belonging to G. Sundaram Ayyar, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 307-1 E, east by Perumpanniyar village; south by village No. 104 Kamili; west by R.S. No. 307-2 A		0·10
	Total ..	0·60
	Grand total ..	1·62

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of Adi-Andhra quarters, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Anantapur, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (a) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Anantapur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Anantapur district, Gooty taluk,
Guntakal village.

	Approximate extent.
	Acs.
Village service Inam, dry, S. No. 237 A-1 part, belonging to Nagi Reddi alias Adivikamakshamma, bounded on the north by S. No. 237 A-1 part; east by S. No. 237 A-2; south by S. No. 237 A-1 part; west by S. No. 238	1 92

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System, Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (a) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Inam Ottangadu village.

	Approximate extent.
	Acs.
P. No. 271, Kuppulu Kuhan dry	0·45
P. No. 271 Do.	0·40
P. No. 272, Kathirava dry	0 65
Total ..	1·50

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for improvement to the Ayyavayyanar, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayaveram, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 5 (a) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mayaveram, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Mayaveram taluk,
No. 20. Kidarankondan village.

	Acres.
Government, dry, No. 45-2 part, belonging to 24 S. Subbakrishna Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 45-1, east by No. 45-3 part; south by No. 45-2 part; west by No. 45-1	0 01
Government, dry, No. 54-4 part, belonging to 476. A. Nalam Ayyar, A. Sundarappier, A. Radhakrishna Ayyar, A. Subrahmanya Ayyar and A. Venkataraman Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 54-4 part; east by No. 40; south by No. 54-8 part; west by Nos. 40 and 54-8 part.. ..	0·03
Total ..	0·04

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands mentioned below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Cauvery-Mettur Project Headworks, and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Mecheri at Bhavani, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Mecheri at Bhavani, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Mettur taluk,
Jarmankuruchi village.

		Acs.
	(Agraharam lands.)	
Inam, dry, temporary sub-division No. 13-1,	inamdars K. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Paraganam, Ananthakrishna Ayyangar, Venkatramanachariyar, Ramaswami Ayyangar, sons of Ranganchar, K. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Kavuttaram, K. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Coimbatore, C. M. Gopalakrishna Ayyangar, minor Venkatachari, guardian mother Srirangammal, C. M. Nallakalu Rao, G. L. Srinivasa Rao, C. L. Narayana Rao, C. L. Narasinga Rao, minor G. L. Kumbha Rao, guardian brother G. L. Filparam Rao, Thangathai Ammal, widow of Vyasa Rao C. S. C. N. Srinivasa Rao, C. N. Raja Rao C. P. Varadarajachar, C. P. Ramachandrachar and C. P. Vyasarayachar, tenants Pallai Kavandan and Kalleppan, sons of Mayyanna Kavandan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli, east by S. No. 14-1, south by S. No. 13-2; west by S. No. 11-1	4·37
Inam, dry, T.S. 13-2	inamdars same as for S. No. 13-1, tenants Mutta Kavandan and Sellapadiyachi, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-1, east by S. No. 14-1; south by S. No. 13-3 & 7; west by S. No. 11-2	1·27
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-3,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Poovan, Raman, Muttu and Thandivan, sons of Raman, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-2; east by S. No. 13-7; south by S. No. 13-4, west by S. No. 12-1	1·50
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-4,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinna Kavandan and Sella Padiyachi, sons of Para Padiyachi, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-3; east and south by S. No. 13-7; west by S. No. 12-3	0·54
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-5,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Amaul Kavandan, son of Muthu Kavandan and Muthu Kavandan, son of Nadarajyan, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-7; east by S. No. 14-2; south by S. No. 15; west by S. No. 14-3 & 4	1·18
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 14-1,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Vaguran alias Aryan, Thandavar, son of Madhan, Thandavan, son of Raman, and Ittuan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli, east by S. No. 13-3; south by S. No. 14-2; west by S. No. 13-1 & 2	2·80
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 14-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinna Kavandan and Sella Padiyachi, sons of Para Padiyachi, bounded on the north by S. No. 14-1, east by S. Nos. 13-3 and 13-2, south by S. No. 15; west by S. No. 13-4 ..	7·60
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 14-4,	inamdars same as S. No. 14-1, tenants Parangi Kavandan son of Sidda Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 20; east by S. No. 23-4, south by S. Nos. 23-4 and 14-2; west by S. Nos. 13-2 & 13-2	2·05
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Vellayyan, Vellayyan alias Naduvalavan, Kunjappan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, Vellayyan, Parangi Kavandan, sons of Kolandai Kavandan, Chinnu Kavandan, Sella Padiyachi, sons of Para Padiyachi, bounded on the north by S. Nos. 14-1 & 2 and 13-1; east by S. No. 13-4; south by S. No. 15; west by S. Nos. 14-2 and 13-3	1·00
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-1,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Parangi kavandan, son of Sidda Kavandan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli, east by S. No. 20; south by S. Nos. 20, 13-2 & 3; west by S. No. 13-3	1·01
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 14-3,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants no tenants, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-1; east by S. No. 20, south by S. No. 13-2; west by S. No. 13-3	1·25

		Acs.
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13-3	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Thotti Venkatachalam and Perumal, sons of Raman, bounded on the north by S. No. 13-1, east by S. No. 13-7; south by S. No. 13-4, west by S. No. 14-3	3·45
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 13,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants minor Vathi Kavandan, son of Muthu Kavandan, guardian mother Chinnammal, Muthu, Palani, Kolandai, minor Muthu Padayachi, sons of Pattapachi guardian Chinnan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli; east by S. No. 23-3, south by S. Nos. 23-1, 2 & 4 and 13-1, west by S. No. 13-2 & 1	1·15
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-3,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinnappan, son of Mottayya Padayachi, bounded on the north by S. No. 21-1 A; east by S. No. 21-1 B; south by S. No. 22-3; west by S. No. 20	2·69
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 23-1,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants same as S. No. 21-2, bounded on the north by S. No. 20, east by S. No. 22-2 south by S. No. 23-3, west by S. Nos. 22-4 and 20 ..	0·43
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 22-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants minor Vathi Kavandan, son of Muthu Kavandan, guardian mother Chinnammal, bounded on the north by S. No. 21-2; east by S. No. 24-1; south by S. No. 22-3; west by S. No. 22-4	1·20
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 22-3,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenant Pem Padayachi, son of Chinna Gavandan alias Pallikondalan, bounded on the north by S. No. 22-2 & 1; east by S. Nos. 23-1 and 24-1, south and west by S. No. 22-4	2·24
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 23-4,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Vilayyan, Velayyan alias Naduvalavan, Kunjappan, son of Chinna Kavandan, Velayyan, Parangi Kavandan, sons of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. Nos. 20 and 13-1 & 3, east by S. Nos 23-1 and 24-1, south by S. No 13; west by S. Nos 13-1 and 13-2 ..	4·95
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 24-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Muttu Kavandan, son of Nadarajyan, Anagnadu Kavandan, son of Vathi Kavandan and Managyyan alias Muttu Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 24-3, east by S. No. 25-1 & 2 A; south by S. No. 13; west by S. No. 23-1.	2·69
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 24-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Ariya Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, Samyaya Perumalu, Aryan, minors Madhu and Sevi by guardian mother Kalandiammal, bounded on the north by S. No. 24-2 & 3, east by S. No. 25-3; south by S. No. 23-1 and 23-2; west by S. No. 24-1	2·97
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 24-1,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Nagappan, Vayapuri Sangadan, sons of Perumappan, bounded on the north by S. No. 24-3, east by S. Nos. 26-3 and 27, south by S. No. 23-2 A; west by S. No. 23-2	1·60
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 25-1 A,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1 no tenants, bounded on the north by S. No. 25-1; east by S. No. 27; south by S. Nos. 24-2 B & 13; west by S. Nos. 25-3 and 13 ..	1·67
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 24-2,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1 tenants Kolandiammal alias Ammichi, Chinna Kavandar, son of Kolandai, Chinnappan and Vellayyan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 27-1; east by S. Nos. 27-2 and 28-2, south by S. Nos. 24-3 and 24-2, west by S. Nos. 25-1 and 24-1 B	2·03
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 26-3,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, no tenants, bounded on the north by S. No. 27-2; east by S. Nos. 25-1 and 25-2 south by S. Nos. 27 and 24-2; west by S. Nos. 26-1, 24-2 and 26-2	5·43
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 25-3	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants minor Vathi Kavandan son of Muthu Kavandan, guardian Chinnammal, bounded on the north by S. No. 26-2 B, east and south by S. No. 25-3 A, west by S. No. 25-1 B	1·60
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 26-2 E,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinnayyan, son of Chinnaperumal, bounded on the north by S. No. 26-2 A; east by S. No 27; south and west by S. No. 26-3 A ..	0·09
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 26-4,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1 tenants Manna Kavandan, son of Chenaya Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 26-3 B; east by S. Nos 26-3 and 24-1, south by Manjarahalli, west by S. No 13	0·75
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 26-5,	inamdars same as S. No. 13-1 tenants Nagappan, Vayapuri and Sangadan, sons of Perianappan, bounded on the north by S. No. 26-3 B; east by S. No 27; south by S. No. 24-1; west by S. No. 26-4	0·55

		Acs.
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 29-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Sellapadayachi, bounded on the north by S. No. 30-2, east by S. No. 29-3, south by S. No. 29-2; west by Manjarahalli		3·14
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 29-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants same as for S. No. 29-3, bounded on the north by S. No. 29-1, east by S. No. 29-3, south by Cholapadi; west by Manjarahalli ..		2·35
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 30-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Kilakkilla Muthu Kavandan, son of Marimuthu Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 31-3; east by S. No. 6; south by S. No. 30-2; west by S. No. 29-3		6·24
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 30-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Unjanavan alias Nalla Kavandan, son of Kittia Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 30-1; east by S. No. 6 and Cholapadi; south and west by Cholapadi		6·25
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 31-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Munyan, Semyan, son of Perumal Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 31-1, east by S. No. 6; south by S. No. 30-2; west by S. No. 29-3		4·13
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 34-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Perumal Kavandan, son of Vathi Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 35-1 & 2; east by S. No. 62; south by S. No. 34-2; west by S. No. 27		6·69
Inam dry, T.S. No. 34-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Karuppa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, Kelandan Kavandan and Ammanai Kavandan, sons of Pada Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 34-1; east by S. No. 62; south by S. No. 33; west by S. No. 27 ..		5·54
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 35-1 inamdars name as S. No. 13-1 tenants Anya Kavandan, son of Seri Kavandan, Semayan, Perumal, Aviyan, minors Muthu and Seri, guardian mother Kolandammal, bounded on the north by S. No. 35-2; east by S. No. 36; south by S. Nos. 35-3 and 34-1, west by S. Nos. 28-3 and 37-3		6·36
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 35-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Mawian, son of Semayan bounded on the north by S. No. 35-1; east and south by S. No. 34-1; west by S. No. 34-3		2·63
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 35-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1 tenants Chinna Kavandan, son of Kolandai Kavandan Chinnappan and Vellayyan, sons of Chinna Kavandan bounded on the north by S. Nos. 29-1 & 2, east by S. No. 36, south by S. No. 34-2, west by S. No. 37-3		2·28
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 36-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Semayan, Perumal, Aviyan, minors Muthu and Seri, guardian mother Kolandiammal, Perumal Kavandan, son of Anya Kavandan and Muthu Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 36-1; east by S. No. 38; south by S. No. 36-1; west by S. No. 37-3		2·21
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 37-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Thotta Venkatachalam and Perumalu, sons of Ramaa bounded on the north by S. No. 38-1; east by S. No. 37-2, south by S. Nos. 37-3 and 38-2, west by S. Nos. 21-1 B and 21-1 A.		2·28
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 37-2 A, Inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Pudayachi, Sella Pudayachi, Kalandai Pudayachi, sons of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by S. No. 37-3, west by S. No. 37-1		2·79
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 37-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinna Kavandan, son of Kolandai Kavandan, Chinnappan and Vellayyan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. Nos. 38-4, east by S. Nos. 38-1, 38-1 & 2 and 35-1; south by S. No. 35-3 & 3, west by S. Nos. 38-1, 37-2 A and 34-2		7·52
Inam dry, T.S. No. 38-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinna Kavandan and Sella Pudayachi, sons of Pera Pudayachi, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli east by S. Nos. 38-2 & 3 and 37-3; south by S. No. 37-1, 21-1 A and 37-2 A, west by Manjarahalli		2·72
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 38-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Narappa, son of Kutta Kavandan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli; east by S. No. 38-3 & 4, south and west by S. No. 38-1 ..		0·18
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 38-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Semayan, son of Anai Kavandan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli, east by S. No. 40-2; south by S. No. 38-4; west by S. No. 38-2		1·37
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 38-4, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Seva Kavandan, son of Poosah, bounded on the north by S. No. 38-3; east by S. No. 40-2 and 39-1; south by S. No. 37-3; west by S. No. 38-1 & 2		2·09

		Acs.
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 39-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Nanappan Pasan, Kalappan Pasari, sons of Kandan Pasari, Managers for the Committee of Kara Bhadrakalamman temple, house building of Kara Bhadrakalamman temple, house of Ramaswami, son of Seeranayar, Vaayayan, son of Perumappan, Singia, Koumaryi, wife of Gnanapathi, Muthu, Chinnammal, wife of Muthu, Sellapadayachi, son of Kolandai Kavandan, Kolandai Kavandan, son of Kolandai Kavandan, Padayanai son of Kolandai Kavandan, Muthi, wife of Mottayyan, Nagappa Muppan, son of Paria Muppan, Muthu vetha Mangayyan, son of Vathi Kavandan, Kanappayan, son of Chinna Kavandan, Santhakaran alias Vellayyan, son of Chinna Kavandan Perungu, bounded on the north by S. No. 40-2; east by S. No. 39-2; south by S. No. 38-1; west by S. Nos. 38-4 and 37-3		6·42
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 39-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Perupadayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan alias Pallikodathan, bounded on the north by No. 38-1; east by No. 6; south by No. 38-1; west by No. 39-1		2·23
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 40-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Annammal, wife of Nadavalavan alias Perupadayachi, bounded on the north by No. 41-3; east by No. 39-1 & 2; south by No. 10-2; west by S. No. 40-2 and Manjarahalli		3·37
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 41-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Marappan and Meenakshi, bounded on the north by S. No. 42-2; east by S. No. 41-2, south by S. No. 41-3; west by Manjarahalli ..		2·02
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 41-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Semayan and Rama Kavandan, sons of Anna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 42-2, east by S. No. 58-2; south by S. No. 41-3, west by S. No. 41-1		3·19
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 41-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Chinnappan Vellayan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 41-1 & 2; east by S. No. 58-1 & 2, south by S. No. 40-1; west by Manjarahalli		4·88
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 42-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinnappa Kavandan, minor Perumalu, guardian Animuthi Ammal, Perumal and Oppula Kavandan, sons of Ramanamma Kavandan, Dasa Kavandan, son of Perumal Kavandan, and Rama Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. Nos. 44-2 and 42-2, east by S. No. 56-3, south by S. No. 42-2; west by Manjarahalli and S. No. 44-1		5·16
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 42-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinnappan and Murappan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, and Kollapalli, son of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 43-1; east by S. No. 56-2; south by S. No. 41-1 & 3; west by Manjarahalli		5·30
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 43-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Dasa Kavandan, son of Perumal Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 44-2; east by S. No. 43-1, south by S. No. 41-1; west by S. No. 41-1		0·96
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 43-2, inamdars names as S. No. 13-1, tenants Kanyandai, Sithalinga Kavandan, Vedivel Kavandan, Kalandivel Kavandan, Subramanyan, Dasan, Perumalu, Ramaa and Perumalu, bounded on the north by S. No. 44-2; east by S. No. 53; south by S. No. 42-1; west by S. Nos. 44-2 and 43-1		10·45
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 44-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Kanyandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 44-2, east by S. Nos. 44-2 and 12-1; south by Manjarahalli; west by S. No. 45-2		8·34
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 46-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Lakshman, MINOR Kanaka Pudayachi guardian mother Semmayi, Kuttiyappan Muthu, and minor Veerappan, guardian mother Valli Ammal bounded on the north by S. Nos. 61-1 & 2 and 67-3, east by S. No. 62, south by S. No. 16-2; west by S. No. 67-4		5·08
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 46-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Nattra Kavandan, Murappan and Chinnappan, sons of Chidambaram, bounded on the north by S. No. 46-1, east by S. No. 62, south by S. Nos. 43-2 & 1, west by S. Nos. 45-1 and 47-4 ..		8·18
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 50-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chitrambala Kavandan and Appali Kavandan, sons of Anaiyappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by Manjarahalli; east by S. No. 50-2, south by S. No. 19-1; west by Manjarahalli.		0·08
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 50-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant minor Veerappa Kavandan, guardian mother Pulamu-mmal, bounded on the north and east by Manjarahalli; south by S. Nos. 51-2, 49-1 and 43-1; west by S. No. 50-2		1·97

	Acs.
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 61-1, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenant Ayyanna, bounded on the north and east by S No. 51-2, south by S No. 46-1; west by S. No. 47-6	3·06
Inam, dry, T.S No 61-2, inamdars, name as S No. 13-1, tenant Perumal Kavandan, son of Ayyanna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 60-3 and 5 Munjamballi; east by S. No. 62 and Marimanballi; south by S Nos. 56-1 and 61-1; west by S Nos. 61-1 and 61-2 & 3	14·43
Inam, dry, T S. No. 64-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Ranganayaki Kavandan and Inna Kavandan, sons of Muthu Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by Manjarahalli; south by S. No. 64-2 & 3; west by S. No 62	5·05
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 64-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Ramaswami and Chinnappan, sons of Kulhasan alias Vellaya Kavandan, Dasan, son of Perumal Kavandan, Manjayan alias Perumalu, minor Gopalan guardian mother Chinnakkal, sons of Ramaswami Kavandan, Dasan, son of Iruman, Danna, son of Ramatandi, Chamakulandai, son of Muthayya Kavandan, and Chinna Kavandan, son of Iruman, bounded on the north by S. No. 64-1; east by S. No 64-3; south by S. No. 65-1, 2 & 3; west by S. Nos. 62 and 63	6 87
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 64-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Palani Kavandan, son of Nagamalai Kavandan, Maran, son of Kumarai, and Veerapuri Kavandan son of Veerapuri Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No 64-1 and Manjarahalli; east by S. No 64-4; south by S. No. 65-3 & 4; west by S. No. 64-2	5 66
Inam, dry, T S. No. 65-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chittappan and Chamakolandai, sons of Muthya Kavandan, Seemyan, Periannan and Raman, sons of Iruman, Nagavan alias Perumalu, minor Gopalan guardian Chinnakkal, sons of Ramaswami Kavandan, Dasan, son of Seeni, and Chinnappan and Ramaswami, sons of Vellayya Kavandar alias Periannan, bounded on the north by S. No. 64-2, east by S. No 64-2; south by S No. 67-1; west by S No. 6-2	2·02
Inam, dry, T.S. No 65-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Chinnappan and Marappan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, Kuttapattan alias Kulla Kavandan, son of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 64-2; east by S. No. 65-3; south by S. No. 67-1, west by S. No. 64-1 ..	3·72
Inam, dry, T.S. No 65-3 inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenants Ramaswami, Perumalu and Krishnan, sons of Iruman, Seeniyan and Dasan, sons of Ramaswami, and Ramaswami, son of Rajana Dasan, bounded on the north by S. No 64-2 & 3, east by S. No. 65-4; south by S No 67-1, west by S. No. 65-2	4·10
Inam, dry, T S No 65-4, inamdars name as S No 13-1, tenants Marappan, son of Kulla Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No. 65-4; east by S. No. 67, south by S. No. 67-2; west by S. No. 65-4	3 30
Inam, dry, T S. No. 67-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Periyadayachi son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. Nos. 65-3 and 67 1, east by S. No. 67; south and west by S. No. 67-3	2·22
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 67-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Kavandappan, son of Chinna Kavandan, and Kavandachi, wife Kolandai Ammal, wife of Kuthiran, bounded on the north by S. No. 67-1 & 2; east by S. No. 67, south by S. No. 67-4; west by S. No 67-1	3·03
Inam, dry, T S. No. 67-4, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Perumalu and Meyya Kavandan, sons of Ami Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No. 67-3; east by S No 67; south by S No 68-1, west by S. No 66-2	6·26
Inam, dry, T.S No. 68-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Perumalu Danan son of Appayan alias Perumal, bounded on the north by S. No. 67-4, east by S. No. 67; south by S. No. 69-2; west by S. No. 66	2·75
Inam, dry, T.S No 69-2, inamdars name as S. No 13-1, tenant Sengan alias Perappa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 68-1; east by S No. 67, south by S. No. 69-3; west by S No 68	2·54
Inam, dry, T.S. No 69-3, inamdars name as S. No. 14-1, tenant Perumalu, son of Kothara Arimuthu, bounded on the north by S. No. 69-2; east by S. No. 67; south by S. No. 69, west by S No 68	3·41

	Acs.
Inam, dry, T S No. 69, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenant Alias Kavandan, son of Seri Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 68-3; east by S No. 68; south by S. No 61 1; west by S. No 68	7 27
Inam, dry, T S. No 61-1, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenants Sella Padayachi, son of Kandan, Sella Padayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan, minors Chinna Kavandan, Sella Padayachi and Chinnayyan, guardian mother Chinnanalli Ammal, sons of Marappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 60; east by S. No. 66; south by S. No. 61-2; west by S. No 64	13 61
Inam, dry, T S No 61-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Perumalu, Meyya Kavandan, sons of Ariya Kavandan, Seeniyan, son of Anna Kavandan, Anna Kavandan alias Meyya Kavandan and Suri sons of Andi Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No 61-1, east by S. No. 66, south by S. No 63, west by S. No. 63	4 86
Inam, dry, T S. No 62, inamdars name as S. No 13-1, tenants Sella Padayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan, Sella Padayachi, son of Kandan, minors Chinna Kavandan, Sella Padayachi, Chinnayan, guardian mother Chinnavalli Ammal, bounded on the north by S No 61-2, east by S No 65; south by S. Nos. 66 and 61; west by S. Nos 62 and 64	5·65
Inam, dry, T S No 62-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Muttayan, son of Pompya Kavandan and Pumppa Kavandan, son of Marappan, bounded on the north by S No. 70-2; east by S No 72-8, south by S. No. 64, west by S No. 64-1 ..	3·19
Inam, dry, T S No 70-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Marimuthu Kavandan, son of Palani Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 70-1; east by S. No. 72-7, south by S. Nos. 64-1 and 69-2, west by S. No. 64-6	2·06
Inam, dry, T S No 71-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Kolandai Kavandan, son of Karukara Kavandan bounded on the north by Siddihalli; east by S. No. 72-1, south by S. No. 71-2; west by Manjarahalli	0·98
Inam, dry, T S No. 71-2, Inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Muriswithu, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No. 71-1; east by S. No. 72-2; south by S. No. 71-3; west by Manjarahalli	2·37
Inam, dry, T S No. 71-3, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Karuppa Kavandan and Chinnappan, sons of Karukara Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No 71-2; east by S. No. 72-3 & 4; south by S. No. 71-4; west by Manjarahalli	1 13
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 71-4, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Appaji and Chinnambalam, sons of Annayappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 71-3, east by S. No. 72-4; south by S. No. 70-1; west by Manjarahalli	0 66
Inam, dry, T S. No 74, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1 tenants Karuppa Kavandan and Pemri, sons of Karukara Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No 69-2, east by S No. 73-1, south by S No 76-1, west by S. No 68	0·99
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 76-2, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenant Nagappa Chetti, son of Jodi Chetti, Manager for the maintenance of the Marimuman temple, bounded on the north by S Nos. 68 and 76-1, east by S. No. 76-3; south by S. No. 76-3, west by S Nos 63 and 76-1	3 39
Inam, dry, T S No. 76-3, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenants Muniam and Seri, sons of Munthi Andi alias Annayappa bounded on the north by S. No 76-2; east by S. No 76-2; south by S. No. 77-1 & 2, west by S No. 76-2	4 16
Inam, dry, T S. No 76-1 inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenant Meyya Kavandan, son of Chinnapparaya Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 68; east by S Nos 75-2 & 3 and 76-3, south by S. No. 77-5, west by S. No. 67	3·58
Inam, dry, T S. No. 77-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Muthu, son of Seithala Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 76-3, east by S. Nos. 77-2; south by S. No. 71-3; west by S. No. 76-2	3 06
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 77-3, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenants Jayabalan, Krilla Kavandan, Sellappan, tenants of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the pan sons of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the east by S. Nos. 77-1, & 2 and 78-1 & 2; east by south by S. Nos. 77-1, & 2 and 78-1 & 2; east by south by S. Nos 78-2 and 79; south by S. No. 80, west by S. Nos 78-2 and 79; south by S. No. 80, west by S No. 67	11 91
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 79, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Gurunathan, son of Karukara Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 76-4, east dan, bounded on the north by S. No. 76-4, east dan, bounded on the north by S. No. 83; west by S. by Saddrahalli; south by S Nos. 82, 81 and 77-3	5·71

	ACS.
Inam, dry, T S. No 30, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Kolandai, Ammaval, sons of Pudu Kavandan alias Chinna Kavandan and Karappa Kavandan, sons of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No 77-3, east by S No 79; south by S No 81; west by S. Nos. 66 and 67 ..	0 41
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 81, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Pallu Padayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan Pallu Padayachi, son of Kandan, and Mottayyan, son of Mara Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No 80; east by S. No. 79, south by S. Nos 82-1 and 83; west by S No 66 ..	13·02
Inam, dry, T S No. 82-1, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenant Muthuvenum alias Mara Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No 81; east by S No 83; south by S. No. 82-2; west by S No. 66	0·39
Inam, dry, T S No. 82-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Perungi Kavandan and Vellayyan, sons of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No. 82-1; east by S No 83, south by S. No. 84-1, west by S. No. 66	0·18
Inam, dry, T.S No. 84-1, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Marimuthu, son of Chinna Kavandan, and Murappan, son of Kutti Kavandan, bounded on the north by S No 82-2; east by S. No 83, south by S. Nos 84-2 and 84-4; west by S. No 66.	0 26
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 84-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Valayathan, Mara Kavandan, Judi, minor Palani, guardian mother Chinnammal, minors Vaiyapuri, Palani and Kandan, guardian mother Thandayi Ammal, bounded on the north by S. No. 84-1; east by S No 83; south by S. Nos. 85-1 and 87 1, west by S. No. 84-4 ..	0·42
Inam, dry, T S No 84-4, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Marimuthu, son of Kutti alias Chinna Kavandan, Murappan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by S. No 84-1 & 2; east by S. No. 87-1 & 2; south by S. No. 85-2; west by S. No 66	0·27
Inam, dry, T S No 85-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenant Paramain, son of Kothara Arimuthu, bounded on the north by No. 85-1; east by No. 87-2, south by No. 85-3, west by No. 66 ..	1·01
Inam, dry, T S. No 85-3, inamdars name as S No. 13-1, tenants same as S. No 85-2, bounded on the north by No 85-2; east by No. 87-2; south by No. 86; west by No. 66	3·06
Inam, dry, T S. No 87-2, inamdars name as S. No. 13-1, tenants Muyya Kavandan alias Arai Kavandan and Sevi, sons of Arai Kavandan, Chinnammal, wife of Arai Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 87-1, east by No 88, south by Nos. 85 and 89, west by No. 85-1, 2 & 3 ..	10·06
Total ..	434 18

Salem district, Mettur taluk, Jarimankuricht village

(Battavarthi inam lands, Jarimankuricht.)

	ACS.
Inam, dry, T S. No 16, inamdars R. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Pennagaram, Ananthakrishna Ayyangar, Venkatarangachariyar, Rangaswami Ayyangar, son of Mangachar, R. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Kaveripuram, R. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Coimbatore, C M Gopalakrishna Ayyangar, minor Venkatachari guardian mother Srirangammal, C M Mahalakshmi, C N. Varadachariar, C. P. Ramachandrachar, C P Vyasarayachar, C L. Srinivasa Rao, C. L Narayana Rao, C L Narasinga Rao, minor C. L. Krishna Rao, guardian brother C. L. Srinivasa Rao, Chengalpat Ammal, widow of C. N Vyasa Rao, C. N Srinivasa Rao and C. N. Raja Rao, tenants Muthu Kavandan, son of Subbian alias Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by Nos. 16 and 17; east by Manjarthitu and Chalapadi; south and west by No. 5 Chalapadi	51·12
Inam, dry, T S No. 17, inamdars name as in T.S. No 16, tenants Rangappa Muppan, Vaiyapuri Muppan, Sangoda Muppan, sons of Perua Muppan, bounded on the north by No 18; east by Manjarathitu, south and west by No. 16 ..	11·07
Inam, dry, T.S. No 31-1, inamdars name as in T S. No 16, tenants Chinnambiku alias Ariya Kavandan, son of Arai Kavandan, Chinniyan, Perumal, Ariyan, minors Madan and Sevi, guardian mother Kolandai Ammal bounded on the north by No. 32-2 B, east by No. 64; south by No. 31-3, west by No. 29-3	3·36
Inam, dry, T S No 32-1, inamdars name as in T.S No 16 C N, brothers Rao, C. N Raja Rao and Thangathai Ammal, widow of C N Vyasa Rao, bounded on the north by No. 33, east by No. 64; south by No. 32-2 A, west by No 29-3 ..	5 14
Inam, dry, T S. No 32-2 A, inamdars name as in T S No. 16, C P. Varadarajachar and Vyasarayachar, sons of Ramachar, bounded on the north by No. 32-1, east by No. 64, south by No. 32-2 B; west by No 29-3	1·16
Inam, dry, T S No 32-2 B, inamdars name as in T S Nos. 16 and No. 32-2 A, bounded on the north by No 32-2 A; east by No. 64; south by No 31-1, west by No. 29-3	3 61
Inam, dry, T.S. No 34, inamdars name as in T S No. 16, tenants Kolandai Kavandan, Ammal Kavandan, sons of Pudu Kavandan, Karappa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 34 2, east by No. 64; south by No 32-1; west by Nos. 27 and 29-3	7·88
Inam, dry, T S No 71-1, inamdars name as in T.S. No 16, tenants Kavandachi alias Kolandai Ammal, wife of Kuttikara Kavandan, bounded on the north by No 71-4; east by No. 72-1 & 3; south by No. 70-2, west by No. 61-4	6·31
Total ..	92 87

(Agrahara Mankurichi Village site S. No. 68. Houses.)

House No 1, belonging to Kutti Kavandan, son of Muthu alias Kaliappan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 2, belonging to Pottanavan alias Kavandan, son of Thopia Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No 4, south by vacant site and No. 3; west by vacant site	0 01
House No. 3, belonging to Kuthayammal, wife of Parimura Muppan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No. 2, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No 4, belonging to Minakshi Ammal, wife of Karappa Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 5, belonging to Kavandachi alias Kolandai Ammal, wife of Kuttikaran, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
House No 6, belonging to Kavandachi alias Kolandai Ammal, wife of Kuttikaran, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by Nos. 33 and 34; south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 7, belonging to Ayyanaru, son of Germathan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site, south by No 8, west by vacant site	0 01
House No. 8, belonging to Chinnayan, son of Chinnaperumal, bounded on the north by No 7; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 9 ..	0·01
House No. 9, belonging to Chinna alias Muyya Kavandan, son of Chinna Paraman, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 8; south by vacant site, west by No. 10	0·01
House No 10, belonging to Manian, son of Chinnaperumal, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No 8; south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
House No 11, belonging to Manian, son of Chinnaperumal, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 12, belonging to Perumalu, son of Arumuthu, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No 17; south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No 13, belonging to Ariya Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, Nalli Ammal, wife of Vellayan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by Nos. 14 and 16; south and west by vacant site ..	0 01
House No 14, belonging to Pallipattian alias Perappa Kavandan, son of Chinnappan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site, south by No. 15; west by No. 13	0 01
House No. 15, belonging to Gunavayi, wife of Manikannal, bounded on the north by No 14; east by vacant site; south by No. 16; west by No. 13 and vacant site	0·01
House No. 16, belonging to Sevi, son of Aruppan, bounded on the north by No. 15; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 17	0·01
House No. 17, belonging to Manian alias Muthiappan, son of Aruppan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 16, south and west by vacant site and No. 12	0 01
House No. 18, belonging to Muyya Kavandan, son of Ariya Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 12; east, south and west by vacant site	0·01

	Ac.
House No. 13, belonging to Perivu, son of Kuliyapan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 20, belonging to Marimuttu temple manager for ten days being Gounduki alias Kalandaiammal, wife of Kuttikaran Gounder, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0 27
House No. 21, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Muthiheruvan alias Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the south by No. 24; east by No. 25, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 22, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Muthiheruvan alias Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 23; east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 23, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Muthiheruvan alias Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 42; south by vacant site, west by No. 25 ..	0·01
House No. 24, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Muthiheruvan alias Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 21; west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 25, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Muthiheruvan alias Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 23, south by No 22; west by No. 21	0·01
House No. 26, belonging to Ariya Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 27; east by No 24, south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
House No. 27, belonging to Ariya Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No. 29; east by vacant site, south by No 26, west by vacant site	0 01
House No. 28, belonging to Cheeraiyan, son of Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 51, south by vacant site; west by No. 29	0·01
House No. 29, belonging to Cheeraiyan, son of Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by vacant site and Nr. 27, west by vacant site and No. 30..	0·03
House No. 30, belonging to Cheeraiyan, son of Chinnaperumal, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by vacant site and No. 29; south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 31, belonging to Kuppan, son of Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No 32; south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
House No. 32, belonging to Marimuthu Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site, west by No. 31 ..	0·01
House No. 33, belonging to Marimuthu Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 47; south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No. 34	0 01
House No. 34, belonging to Gounduki alias Kalandaiammal, wife of Kuttikaran, bounded on the north by No 35; east by No. 33, south by vacant site; west by No. 36	0 01
House No. 35, belonging to Gounduki alias Kalandaiammal, wife of Kuttikaran, bounded on the north by No. 36; east by vacant site; south by No. 34, west by No 36	0·01
House No. 36, belonging to Gounduni alias Kalandaiammal, wife of Kuttikaran, bounded on the north by vacant site and No. 39, east by Nos. 34 and 33, south by vacant site, west by vacant site and No 6	0·04
House No. 37, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Kulla Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by vacant site and No. 44; south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No. 38 ..	0 01
House No 38, belonging to Motayan, son of Perappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by vacant site and No 37, south by No. 39; west by No. 39	0·01
House No. 39, belonging to Chinnappan, son of Nirappan, bounded on the north by No. 40; east by No. 38, south by No 36; west by No. 6 ..	0·01
House No. 40, belonging to Chinnappan, son of Narappan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No 39; west by vacant site,	0·01
House No. 41, belonging to Perappa Kavandan, son of Marappan, bounded on the north by No 43; east by No 42; south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
House No 42, belonging to Motayan, son of Perappa Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site; west by No. 41	0·01
House No 43, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Perappa Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site, south by No. 46, west by vacant site	0·01

	Ac.
House No. 44, belonging to Gounduppan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 45; west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 45, belonging to Gounduppan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 44, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No 46, belonging to Marimuthu Kavandan, son of Kaliapatian alias Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 47, belonging to Maikunthu Kavandan, son of Kaliapatian alias Chinna kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site, west by vacant site and No 33	0·01
House No. 48 belonging to Anai Kavandan, son of Anai Kavandan alias Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 49; south by vacant site and No. 50; west by vacant site	0·02
House No. 49, belonging to Chinnammal, wife of Anai Kavandan alias Muyya Kavandan and Sevi, son of Anai Kavandan alias Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site, west by No. 48	0·01
House No. 50, belonging to Chinnayan, son of Anai Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No 48; east by vacant site, south by No. 54; west by vacant site and No. 118	0·01
House No. 51, belonging to Anai Kavandan, son of Anai Kavandan alias Muyya Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 118, east by No. 54; south by vacant site, west by No 28	0 01
House No 52, belonging to Munian, son of Cheerayan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No 53, south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No 28	0 01
House No 53, belonging to Sevi Kavandan, son of Arimuthu, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site, west by vacant site and No 52 ..	0·01
House No 54, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 55, east by vacant site and No. 55; south by vacant site, west by No. 51	0·01
House No 55, belonging to Murappa Kavandan, son of Sevi Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 56; south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No 54	0·01
House No. 56, belonging to Muyya Kavandan, son of Anai Kavandan, bounded on the south by vacant site; east by No. 57, south by vacant site and No. 57, west by No. 49	0 01
House No. 57, belonging to Perumal Kavandan, son of Ariya Kavandan bounded on the north by Nos. 58 and 61; east by No. 56; south and west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 58 belonging to Muyya Kavandan, son of Perappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 59, east by No 61; south by vacant site, west by No 57	0·01
House No. 59, belonging to Chettiappan, Kulla Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 60; east by vacant site and No. 60, south by No 58; west by No. 60	0·01
House No. 60, belonging to Sangan alias Puthpha Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site, south by No. 62, west by No 59	0·01
House No 61, belonging to Gurunathan, son of Kunakra Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 63; east by No 62; south by vacant site, west by No. 58	0·01
House No. 62, belonging to Thayammal, wife of Kulla Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No 117; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 61	0·01
House No 63, belonging to Kulandai Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan alias Pudu Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No 61	0·01
House No 64, belonging to Kulandai Kavandan son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 65; south by vacant site, west by No. 63	0·01
House No. 65, belonging to Krishna Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No 64 and vacant site, south by No. 59, west by vacant site	0 01
House No. 66, belonging to Sangan alias Perappa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No 67; east by vacant site and No. 74, south and west by vacant site	0·01

House No. 67, belonging to Sengan alias Perappa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 71; east by No. 74; south by vacant site and No. 66, west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 68, belonging to Kali Kavandan, son of Kali Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 71, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 69, belonging to Kali Kavandan, son of Kali Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 70, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 70, belonging to Kali Kavandan, son of Kali Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 69 .. .. 0·01

House No. 71, belonging to Kali Kavandan, son of Kali Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 67; west by vacant site and No. 68 .. .. 0·01

House No. 72, belonging to Mottayyan alias Valliyyan, son of Murappan, bounded on the north by No. 70; east by vacant site and No. 73, south by vacant site and No. 74, west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 73, belonging to Mottayyan alias Valliyyan, son of Murappan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site, west by vacant site and No. 72 .. .. 0·01

House No. 74, belonging to Karuppa Kavandan, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 72; east and south by vacant site, west by Nos. 66 and 67 .. .. 0·01

House No. 75, belonging to Muruntha Kavandan, son of Palani Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 64; east by vacant site; south by No. 77, west by No. 77 .. .. 0·01

House No. 76, belonging to Muruntha Kavandan, son of Palani Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 70, east and south by vacant site; west by No. 77 .. .. 0·01

House No. 77, belonging to Palani Kavandar, son of Nagamuthi Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by Nos. 72 and 76; south by vacant site; west by Nos. 70 and vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 78, belonging to Kolandai Kavandan, son of Palana Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 79; east, south and west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 79, belonging to Kolandai Kavandan, son of Palana Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 80, east by No. 77, south by No. 78, west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 80, belonging to Chinnammal, wife of Andi, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 79; west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 81, belonging to Arumugammal, wife of Komara Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 82, belonging to Mara Kavandan, son of Komara Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 83; west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 83, belonging to Mara Kavandan, son of Komara Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No. 82, east by vacant site, south by No. 84; west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 84, belonging to Mara Kavandan, son of Komara Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 83, east by vacant site, south by No. 75, west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 85, belonging to Muruntha Kavandan, son of Palana Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 86, belonging to Para Padayachi alias Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 96 and vacant site; south and west by vacant site .. .. .. 0·03

House No. 87, belonging to Karuppa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 88, south by No. 85; west by vacant site .. .. .. 0·02

House No. 88, belonging to Kolandai Kavandan, alias Pathu Kavandan, alias Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 87; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 117 .. .. 0·01

House No. 89, belonging to Karuppa Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north, east and south by vacant site; west by No. 87 .. 0·01

House No 90, belonging to Pasari alias Nantharian, son of Muthu Kavandan, bounded on the south east, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 91, belonging to Solla Padayachi, son of Kandasami Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 93; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 92 .. .. 0·01

House No. 92, belonging to Solla Padyachi, son of Kandasami Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 93; east by No. 91, south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 93, belonging to Chinnavellammal, wife of Muruppa Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by No. 94 and 95; south by Nos. 891 and 92; west by vacant site .. .. 0·02

House No. 94, belonging to Para Padayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 95, east by No. 109 and vacant site; south by vacant site, west by No. 93 .. .. .. 0·01

House No. 95, belonging to Para Padayachi, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No. 109, east by vacant site; south by No. 94; west by No. 93 and vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 96, belonging to Karuppa Kavandan, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 97, south by vacant site and No. 86 .. .. 0·01

House No. 97, belonging to Vellayyan, son of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site, east by vacant site and No. 101, south by vacant site and No. 102, west by vacant site and No. 96 .. .. 0·01

House No. 98, belonging to Parasi, son of Kolandai, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 99; south and west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No. 99, belonging to Vellayyan, son of Kolandai Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 100, south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No. 98 .. .. 0·01

House No. 100, belonging to Valliyya Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site, south by No. 101; west by No. 98 and vacant site .. .. .. 0·01

House No. 101, belonging to Valliyya Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 100; east by No. 105; south by Nos. 102, 103 and vacant site; west by No. 97 .. 0·01

House No. 102, belonging to Valliyya Kavandan son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 101, east by No. 103 and vacant site, south by No. 98 and vacant site, west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House, No. 103, belonging to Valliyya Kavandan, son of Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 101, east and south by vacant site, west by No. 102 .. .. 0·01

House No. 104, belonging to Muthu, son of Sambalai Kavandan, bounded on the south east by vacant site; south by No. 105, west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 105, belonging to Muthu, son of Sambalai Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 104; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 101 .. .. 0·04

House No. 106, Perumalu Kavandan, son of Vathi Kavandan, bounded on the north and east by vacant site; south by No. 107; west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No 107, belonging to Perumalu Kavandan son of Vathi Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 106; east and south by vacant site; west by No. 108 .. .. 0·03

House No. 108, belonging to Perumal Kavandan, son of Vathi Kavandan, bounded on the south by vacant site; east by No. 107; south by vacant site; west by No 109 .. .. .. 0·01

House No. 109, belonging to Sellapadayachi, son of Pollikandathan alias Chinna Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No 108, south by No. 112; west by Nos. 94 and 95 .. 0·01

House No. 110, belonging to Perumu, wife of Kalappan, bounded on the north by No 109; east and south by vacant site, west by No 111 .. 0·01

House No 111, belonging to Perumu, wife of Kalappan bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 110; south and west by vacant site .. .. 0·01

House No. 112, belonging to Arumugathan, son of Vathi Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site .. .. .. 0·05

House No. 113, belonging to Chinnappan, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north, east, south and west by vacant site .. .. .. 0·02

House No. 114, belonging to Karuppa Kavandan, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site and No 113; east by vacant site; south by No. 116; west by vacant site .. 0·01

House No 115, belonging to Perasi Kavandan, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by vacant site and No. 116; south and west by vacant site .. .. .. 0·03

House No 116, belonging to Kolandai, son of Karakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 114; east and south by vacant site; west by vacant site and No. 115 .. .. 0·01

	ACS.
House No. 117, belonging to Annasami, son of Puthu Kavandan alias China Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 88; south by No. 92; west by vacant site	0·01
House No. 118 belonging to Ami Kavandan, son of Ami Kavandan alias Muyya Kavandan bounded on the north by vacant site, east by vacant site and No. 89, south by No. 91, west by vacant site	0·01
Vacant site, belonging to Sellapadayachi, son of Kupakara Kavandan, bounded on the north by vacant site; east by No. 93; south by vacant site, west by No. 72	0·01
Vacant site, belonging to Chinnavelliammal, wife of Marappa Kavandan, bounded on the north by No. 86, east, south and west by vacant site ..	0·01
Vacant site, belonging to Perumal, wife of Kaliappan, bounded on the north by Nos. 107 and 108, east by T.S. No. 71 and House No. 113, south by vacant site; west by Nos. 109 and 110 and vacant site	0·05
(Jurisdictional lands.)	
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 27, inamdars Venkatesa Ayyangar of Perungarnai, Ananthakrishna Ayyangar, Venkataranganharias, Ramasami Ayyangar, sons of Kanguchen K. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Kavveypakam, K. Venkatesa Ayyangar of Colachatara, C. M. Gopalakrishnayyangar, minor Venkatachari guardian mother Srirangammal, C. M. Mahalakshmi, C. N. Srinivasarao, C. N. Rajarao, Thatigabai Ammal, widow of C. N. Vyasarao, C. L. Sundrama Rao, C. L. Narayana Rao, C. L. Narasinga Rao, minor C. L. Krishna Rao, guardian, C. L. Srinivasa Rao, C. P. Varadarajachar, C. P. Ranganadhachar and C. P. Vyasarayachar sons of Parthasarathi, bounded on the north by No. 28-3; east by Nos. 31-1 and 33, south by No. 229-3, west by No. 24-2 A, 3 B, 3 A, 3 B & 5	1·15
Inam, wet, T.S. No. 18-3 B, inamdars same as for T.S. No. 27, bounded on the north by No. 28-3 A, east by No. 27; south by No. 33-4 & 5; west by No. 15	2·17
Inam, wet, No. 33-3, inamdars same as T.S. No. 27, bounded on the north by No. 27; east by Nos. 32-3, 2 A & 2 B, 31-1 & 2, 30-1 & 2 and 33, south by Chelapadi, west by No. 29-1 & 2	0·69
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 40-2, inamdars same as T.S. No. 27, bounded on the north by No. 40-1, east by No. 58-1, south by No. 43-1; west by No. 38-3 & 4	0·48
Inam, dry T.S. No. 70-3, inamdars same as T.S. No. 27, bounded on the north by No. 70-1; east by No. 77-1, south by No. 77-2, west by No. 70-1.	0·48
Inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-1 A, inamdars same as T.S. No. 27, owners of houses Thotti Venkatachalam son of Ekoan, Thandavan son of Raman, Perumal son of Kaman Chinna son of Iruman, Kaman Pusari son of Padiran, Pusvan and Maran sons of Kaman, Palani son of Palani and Pusama wife of Perumalu, bounded on the north by No. 20-1, east by Nos. 37-1 and 22-1 B, south by No. 21-3, west by Manjamkadi	1·74
Total ..	3·73

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 3·73 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Kallanodai branch No. 16 channel of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 8 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. II, Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Zamin Madukkur village.

	ACS.
Thottkali punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No. 40-3 A, Sri Varadarajaswami Devasthanam, trustee Sri Dorswami Ammani, trustee zamindar, Madukkur, bounded on the north by No. 39-1 east by No. 40-2, south by No. 40-3 B, west by zamin dry	1·05
Thottkali punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 40-3 B, bounded on the north by No. 40-3 A, east by No. 40-2, south by No. 41-2, west by zamin dry	0·24
Thottkali punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 41-1, Sri Varadarajaswami same as T.S. No. 40-3 B, bounded on the north by No. 40-3 B, east by zamin dry; south by No. 41-2, west by zamin dry	0·18
Thottkali punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 41-2, Sri Varadarajaswami same as T.S. No. 40-3 B, bounded on the north by No. 41-1; east by zamin dry; south by No. 42-1; west by zamin dry	0·44
Thottkali punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 42-1, Sri Varadarajaswami same as T.S. No. 40-3 B, bounded on the north by No. 42-2; east by No. 42-3, south by No. 43-2; west by zamin dry	0·62
Dhanushali manjya punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 42-4, Sri Varadarajaswami Devasthanam, trustee zamindar, Madukkur, bounded on the north by No. 42-2, east by No. 42-3 and zamin dry; south by No. 42-5, west by zamin dry	0·28
Dhanushali manjya punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 42-5, Sri Varadarajaswami Devasthanam, trustee zamindar, Madukkur, Sadhasivi Sivanam V. Ramachandran Chettiyar, bounded on the north by No. 42-4; east by zamin dry, south by No. 42-6, west by zamin dry	0·16
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 42-7, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Ayya Nayi Ammal alias Ana Ammal, disputant M. Arumugam Sholagar, bounded on the north by zamin dry and No. 43-1, east by zamin dry; south by No. 43-3; west by No. 43-1	0·13
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 43-1, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Muthan Nayi Ammal, S. Saiyid Fathima Ammal, S. Saiyid Ouni Ammal, minor S. Sita Ammal by guardian and mother S. Meethan Nayi Ammal, muniagagar N. Kanakaswami Thevar, bounded on the north by No. 43-3; east by zamin dry and No. 43-5 A & 5 B; south by No. 43-6 A, west by zamin dry	0·16
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 43-6 A, Sri Varadarajaswami N. Kadir Sahiba Rowthar, bounded on the north and east by zamin dry; south by No. 43-5 B; west by No. 43-4	0·01
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 43-6 B, Sri Varadarajaswami K. Uthumana Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 43-6 A, east by zamin dry, south by No. 43-6 A, west by No. 43-4	0·02
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 43-6 B, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 43-6 A, east by zamin dry, south by No. 44-1; west by zamin dry	0·06
Manai punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 44-1, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 43-6 B; east by zamin dry, south by No. 44-2; west by zamin dry	0·35
Sempurnam punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 44-3, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Mohammad Ibrahim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 44-2; east by No. 44-4; south by No. 44-5; west by zamin dry ..	0·07
Sempurnam punjai zamin, dry, T.S. No. 44-4, Sri Varadarajaswami K. Ameer Miah-ud-din Rawthar, bounded on the south by No. 44-2, east by zamin dry, south by No. 44-3; west by No. 44-3 ..	0·09
Sempurnam punjai, zamin dry, T.S. No. 44-5, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Mohammad Dawood Rawthar, otherwise S. Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 44-3 & 4, east by zamin dry, south by No. 45-1; west by zamin dry	0·09
Sempurnam punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 45-1, Sri Varadarajaswami S. Mohammad Dawood Rawthar, otherwise S. Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 44-5, east by zamin dry, south by No. 45-2, west by zamin dry	0·12
Sempurnam punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 45-2 Sri Varadarajaswami S. Mohammad Dawood Rawthar, otherwise S. Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 45-1, east by zamin dry, south by No. 45-3; west by zamin dry	0·18
Sempurnam punjai, zamin, dry, T.S. No. 45-3, belonging to A. Mohammad Yusf Rawthar bounded on the north by No. 45-2; east by zamin dry, south by No. 45-4; west by zamin dry ..	0·12
Sempurnam punjai zamin dry, T.S. No. 45-4, belonging to N. Yusf Rawthar and S. Sinkamma Abdul Kasim Rawthar, bounded on the north by No. 45-3; east by zamin dry, south by No. 45-1, west by zamin dry	0·18

	Acs.
Sungal punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No. 53-2, belonging to S Syed Abdulla Moulana and ryoti certificate holder Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north by No 56-1 and nanja dry, east by No. 47-1 and nanja dry, south and west by nanja dry	0·51
Angarai punjai, nanja, dry, T.S No 47-2, belonging to Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north and east by nanja dry; south by nanja dry and No 47-3, west by nanja dry and No 47-1	0·51
Saruttu Subbarayapunjai nanja, dry, T.S. No 61-1, belonging to S Syed Mahamathi Dhool Moolana bounded on the north by No 47-3, east by nanja dry; south by No 47-5; west by nanja dry	0·52
Thoppu punjai nanja, dry, T.S No. 47-5, belonging to S Osman Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 47-1, east by nanja dry; south by No. 58-1; west by nanja, dry	0·13
Thoppu punjai, nanja dry, T.S. No 58-1, belonging to N. Osman K vattal, bounded on the north by No. 47-5; east by nanja dry; south by No. 58-2; west by ranjai dry	0 09
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry, T.S No 58-2, belonging to S Mohammad Abdul's Rawuttar and sale certificate holder Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north by No. 58-1; east by nanja dry, south by No. 58-3, west by nanja dry	0·20
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry T S No 58-3, belonging to A Abdul Kahuma Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No 58-2, east by nanja dry; south by No 58-4, west by ranja dry	0 18
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry, T.S No. 58-4, belonging to S Ambalagaran Ambalavanan and M Chinnappa Asahibigalu, marigayan M nseth Abdul-ul din Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 58-3, east by nanja dry; south by No. 58-5 & 6; west by nanja dry	0·18
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry, T S No 58-5, belonging to A Abdul Rahuman Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 58-4, east by No. 58-6, south and west by nanja dry	0·01
Narali punjai, nanja, dry, T S No. 58-6, belonging to S Ramaswami Ambalagaran, marigayan M. Vava nina Muhammad Vava Rawuttar bounded on the north by No. 58-4, east by nanja dry, south by No. 59-1, west by No 58 6 and nanja dry ..	0·18
Narali punjai, nanja, dry, T S. No 59 1, belonging to S. Ramaswami Ambalagaran, marigayan M Vava nina M Muhmad Vava Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No 58-6, east by nanja dry; south by No 58-2 & 3, west by nanja dry ..	0·10
Ottayan punjai, nanja, dry, T S No. 59-2, belonging to P. Muhammad Abdulla Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 59-1; east by No. 61-3; south and west by nanja dry	0·05
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No 59-4, belonging to P Shahul-din Abdul Qadir Rawuttar, marigayan V. Perumayyan Chettiyar and M rhmh Mohi-ud-din Rawuttar, bounded on the north by nanja dry, east by No 59-6, south by nanja dry, west by No. 58-3	0 16
Thoppu punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No 59-5, belonging to Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north by No. 61-5 and nanja dry; east by No. 59-1 and nanja dry; south and west by nanja dry	0·28
Pattavan punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No. 59-1, belonging to Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north by nanja, dry, east by nanja, dry and No. 59-2, south by nanja dry; west by nanja dry and No 59-6	0 12
Thachan punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No 60-2, Iravanandar Zamindar of Madukkur, hudikani chairmant, N Muhammad Ismail Rawuttar, bounded on the north by nanja dry, east by No 61-1, south by nanat dry, west by nanja dry and No. 59-1	0·11
Thachan punjai, nanja, dry, T S No. 61-1, Iravanandar Zamindar of Madukkur, hudikani chairmant, N Muhammad Ismail Rawuttar, bounded on the north by nanja dry, east by No. 61-2; south by nanja dry, west by No. 60-2 ..	0·05
Valiya punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No. 61-2, belonging to V Mahmad Ismail Rawuttar, bounded on the north and east by nanja dry; south by nanja dry and No. 61-1; west by nanja dry and No. 61-1	0 13

	Acs.
Valiya punjai, nanja, dry, T.S No 61-3, Iravanandar Zamindar, Madukkur, hudikani chairmant V Muhammad Ismail Rawuttar, bounded on the north and east by nanja dry; south by No. 61-4 & 5; west by nanja dry	0·26
Thachan punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No 61-4, belonging to K Ibrahim Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 61-3, east by No 61-5, south and west by nanja dry	0·02
Thachan punjai, nanja dry, T.S. No 61-5, belonging to K Ibrahim Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 61-3 and nanja dry, east by nanja dry and No. 61-6 A; south by Kulam dry; west by No. 61-4 and nanja dry	0 22
Thachan punjai, nanja, dry, T.S No 61-6, belonging to A Kadir Bava Rawuttar, bounded on the north by nanja dry, east by No 61-3; south by nanja dry, west by nanja dry and No. 61-6.	0 05
Thachan punjai, nanja, dry, T.S. No 62-1, belonging to A. Kadir Bava Rawuttar, bounded on the north by nanja dry, east by No. 62 2; south by nanja dry, west by No 61-6	0 27
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T S. No 62-1, belonging to T Manicka Pandaram, bounded on the north by nanja wet, east by No 62-2; south by nanja wet and No 63 1; west by No 62-1	0 17
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T.S. No 62-2, belonging to A Amirtha Pandaram Anubogu athidar N. Sinnagani Rawuttar, bounded on the north and east by nanja wet; south by No. 63-2; west by No. 63-2	0·01
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai nanja, manavari, wet, T S. No. 62-1, belonging to T Manicka Pandaram, bounded on the north by No 62-1, east by No. 63-2, south by No. 63-3 & 4; west by No. 62-2	0·02
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T S. No 62-2, belonging to A. Amirtha Pandaram Anubogu athidar N Sinnagani Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No 62-2, east by nanja wet, south by No. 63-4; west by No. 63-1	0 01
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T.S. No 63-3, belonging to S Chinnaiah Pandaram, bounded on the north by No 63-1; east by No. 63-4; south and west by nanja wet ..	0·04
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T.S No 63 4, belonging to S Perumaswami Pandaram, bounded on the north by No 63-1 & 2 and nanja wet, east by No 63-5 and nanja wet; south by nanja wet and No 63-4, west by No. 63-3 and nanja wet	0·28
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 63 5, belonging to P Manicka Pandaram, bounded on the north and east by nanja wet; south by No 63-7 & 8, west by No 63-6 ..	0 04
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T.S. No 63-6, belonging to S Perumaswami Pandaram, bounded on the north by No 63-4; east by No 63-7; south and west by nanja wet ..	0·01
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari wet, T S No. 63-7, belonging to P. Manicka Pandaram, bounded on the north by No 63-5; east by No. 63-8; south by nanja wet, west by nanja wet and No. 63-6	0 06
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T S No. 63-8, belonging to S. Perumaswami Pandaram, bounded on the north by No. 63-3 and nanja wet; east by No 63-9 and nanja wet, south by No. 63-10 and nanja wet; west by No. 63-7 and nanja wet	0·10
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T S No 63-9 belonging to S. Chinnaiah Pandaram, bounded on the north and east by nanja wet; south by No. 63-10, west by No. 63-8 ..	0 06
Erukkudi sri sdavai nanjai, nanja, manavari, wet, T S. No. 63-10, belonging to T Manicka Pandaram, bounded on the south by No 63-8 & 9, east by Vikramma village; south and west by nanja wet	1·13
Total ..	8 63

NOTE.—Melvaramdar for all the above fields except T.S. Nos. 59-2 & 3, 61-1 & 2, 62-1, 4 & 5, 60-2 and 61-4 & 5—M.R.Sy K. Rajakkuttan alias Servay Vijaya Raghunatha Baleji Kanagambai Gopalar Avargal, Zamindar of Madukkur.

Melvaramdar for T.S. Nos. 59-2 A & B, 61-1 & 2 and 62-1 & 4—Sri Draupadi Amman, trustee, Zamindar of Madukkur.

Melvaramdam othidar—S. U. Udayappa Chettiyar.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands specified below and measuring 5·34 acres, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Kallanodai Branch Channel No. 16 of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No II, Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said lands. A plan of the lands is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No II, Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Inam Vikramam village.

	Acs.
Samasthan punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No 20, kudivaramdar T. Sivasikha Pandaram, melvaramdars shareholders of 17½ pangus, bounded on the north by inam, dry, east by inam, dry, and No. 21-4; south by inam, dry; west by Madukkur	0 53
Somaram Kan punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-1, kudivaramdar T. Sivasikha Pandaram, melvaramdars shareholders of 17½ pangus, bounded on the north by S No 20 and inam, dry; east by inam, dry and No. 21-4; south by No. 21-3; west by inam, dry	0·03
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-2, kudivaramdar S. Chinna Pandithan, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No. 21-1 and inam, dry; east by No. 21-4 and inam, dry, south by No. 21-3, west by No. 21-1	0·01
Pallavayal nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S No. 21-3, melvaramdar A Kadir Ebra Rawuttar, bounded on the north by No. 21-1 & 2; east by No 21-4; south by No 21-4 and inam, dry, west by inam, wet	0 07
Palli punjai, inam dry, T.S No. 21-4, kudivaramdar S Chinna Pandaram, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 21 2 and inam, dry; east by inam, dry, south by No. 21-5; west by No 21-3 and inam, dry	0 18
Pallavayal nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S. No. 21 h, kudivamdar S Chinna Pandaram, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 21-4; east by inam, wet; south by No 21-5 & 7, west by inam, wet	0·22
Karuvayal nanjai inam, manavari, wet, T S No 21-6, iruvaramdam Ramaswami alias K Kumarayya Pandaram and K Vijayadha Pandaram, mortgagee K. Srinivasa Velan, bounded on the north by No 21 h; east and south by No 21-7; west by inam, wet	0·01
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-7, kudivaramdar R Duraiswami Ambalagaran, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by inam, dry and No. 21-6; east by inam, dry; south by No. 21 8 A; west by No. 21-5 & h	0·03
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 21-8 A, kudivaramdar R. Veeran Ambalagaran, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 21-7; east by inam, dry; south by No. 21-8 B; west by inam, dry	0.09
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T.S No. 21-8 B, kudivaramdar M Kalandayan Ambalagaran, mortgagee R Muruguyya Velalar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 21 8 A; east by inam, dry, and No. 21-9, south by No 22-1; west by inam dry	0 04
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T S. No 21-9, kudivaramdar K. Duraiswami Ambalagaran, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No. 21-8 B and inam, dry, east by inam, dry, south by No. 22-2, west by No. 21-8 B	0 01
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 22-1, kudivaramdar M Kalandayan Ambalagaran, mortgagee R Muruguyya Velalar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 22-3 B; east and south by No. 22-2; west by inam, dry	0·01
Palli punjai, inam, dry, T S No. 22-2, kudivaramdar R Duraiswami Ambalagaran, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar) bounded on the north by No. 21-9; east by inam, dry; south by No. 21-8; west by No. 22-1 and inam, dry	0 06

	Acs.
Nagal punjai inam, dry, T.S No. 22-3, kudivaramdar A Kalandaya Konar, melvaramdars A Kadir Ebra Rawuttar and Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 22-2, east by inam, dry, south by No. 22-6, west by inam, dry	0·17
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 22-4, kudivaramdar A. Kalandaya Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 22-3, east by inam, wet; south by No. 22-5, west by inam wet	0·13
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 22-5, kudivaramdar K Pakkiri Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No. 22-4 and inam, wet, east by inam, wet, south by No. 22-6 & 7; west by No 22-6 and inam, wet	0·19
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet T.S. No 22-6, kudivaramdar S Karuppa Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar) bounded on the north and east by No. 22-5, south by No 22-7, west by inam, wet	0 12
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S No 22-7, kudivaramdar N Veerawami Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north and east by inam, wet; south by No 22-8; west by No. 22-6	0 01
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S. No 22-8, kudivaramdar S Karuppa Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No. 22-6; east by No. 22-8; south by No 22-9 & 3, west by inam, wet	0·03
Karuppa Konan, nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 22-9, kudivaramdar minor P. Muruguyya Konar by guardian P. Seerangi, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 22-1, east and south by No 22-3; west by inam, wet	0·01
Karuppa Konan nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 23-3, kudivaramdar K. Veerawami Konar, melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar) bounded on the north by No. 22-7, east by inam wet, south by No. 23-1; west by No. 23-1 & 2 and inam, wet	0·17
Paraiyan kattai nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S No 23-4, kudivaramdars V. Murimuthu Ambalagaran and V. Chinnaswami Ambalagaran, mortgagee K Ramaswami Velalar, melvaramdar S. Venkatarama Ayyar and V. Murimuthu, bounded on the north by No. 23-3; east by inam, wet and No 23-5; south by No. 23-6; west by inam wet	0 16
Paraiyan kattai nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T.S. No. 23-5, kudivaramdar V. Murimuthu Ambalagaran and V Chinnaswami Ambalagaran, mortgagee K Ramaswami Velalar, melvaramdar S Venkatarama Ayyar and V. Murimuthu, bounded on the north by No 23-4, east and south by No 23-6; west by inam, wet	0·02
Paraiyan kattil nanjai, inam, manavari wet, T.S. no. 23-6, kudivaramdar A Ramaswami Ambalagaran, mortgagee K Ramaswami Velalar, melvaramdar G Nageswara Ayyar, bounded on the north by inam, wet, east by inam, wet and No. 23-5; south by No 23-7 & 8 and inam, wet, west by No 23-4 & 5	0·20
Pallavayal nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S. No. 23-7, kudivaramdar V. Arumugha Konar, melvaramdars shareholders of 17½ pangus, bounded on the north by No. 23-6, east by No 23-8; south and west by inam wet	0 01
Pallavayal nanjai, inam, manavari, wet, T S. No. 23-8, kudivaramdar K. Perumbirudi Konar, melvaramdars shareholders of 17½ pangus, bounded on the north by No 23-6; east by No 23-9; south by inam, wet; west by inam, wet and No. 23-7	0·05
Vaikandi punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 23-9, iruvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north and west by inam, dry, south by No. 24-1, west by No. 23-6 & 8 and inam, dry	0·13
Vaikandi punjai, inam, dry, T.S No. 24-1, iruvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar) bounded on the north by No 23-9, east by inam, dry, south by No. 24-2, west by No inam, dry	0 14
Aladi punjai, inam, dry, T S No 24-2, kudivaramdar V. Arumachala Ambalagaran melvaramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar) and K. Thirumalai Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 24-1, east by inam, dry, south by No. 24-3, west by inam, dry	0·14

	Acs.
Aladi pinjai, inam, dry, T.S No 24-3, kaliveramdar M. Veeran Ambalagaran, K Veeran Ambalagaran and S. Samiah Ambalagaran, melvaramgaran and S. Samiah Ambalagaran and G. Ramasami M. Thambuppa Naicker and G. Ramasami Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No ... Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No 24-2, east by inam, dry; south by No. 24-1; west by inam, dry	0·12
Aladiyanpai inam, dry T.S No 24-4, kaliveramdars S. Kuppuswami Ambalagaran and S. Murugiah S. Kuppuswami Ambalagaran and S. Murugiah Ambalagaran, anubogha n'kidar D. Amirtham, Ambalagaran, anubogha n'kidar D. Amirtham, bounded on the north by No 24-3; east by inam, dry, south by No. 24-2, west by No 24-5 and inam, dry	0·19
Aladi punjai, inam, dry, T S No 24-5, kaliveramdar V. Veeran Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by inam dry; east by No 24-4, south by No 24-1, west by inam, dry	0·11
Aladi punjai, inam, dry, T S No 24-1, kaliveramdar V. Veeran Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 24-5; east by No 24-2, south by No. 24-2, west by inam, dry	0·12
Aladi punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 25-2, kaliveramdars S. Kuppuswami Ambalagaran and S. Murugiah S. Kuppuswami Ambalagaran and S. Murugiah Ambalagaran, anubogha n'kidar, D. Amirtham, bounded on the north by No. 24-4; east by inam, dry; south by No. 25-3; west by No. 25-1 ..	0·03
Kuppai punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No 25-3, kaliveramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 25-1 & 2; east by No 25-4; south and west by inam, dry ..	0·23
Pirayadi kollai, inam, dry, T S No. 25-4, kaliveramdar S. Ameer Mahideen Ravuttar, bounded on the north and east by inam, dry, south by No. 25-3, west by No. 25-3 and inam, dry	0·23
Pirayadi kollai, inam, dry, T.S. No. 25-5, kaliveramdar Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar), bounded on the north by No 25-4; east by inam, dry, south by No 25-6, west by inam, dry ..	0·28
Pirayadi kollai, inam, dry, T S. No 25-6, kaliveramdar A. Kadir Bava Ravuttar, bounded on the north by No. 25-5; east by inam, dry, south by No 25-1, west by inam, dry	0·15
Pirayadi kollai, inam, dry, T S No. 26-1, kaliveramdar A. Kadir Bava Ravuttar, bounded on the north by No 25-6; east by inam, dry; south by No 25-2, west by inam, dry	0·19
Kathachi punjai, inam, dry, T S. No 25-3, kaliveramdar Sri Muthu Vijaya gar, trustee Zamindar of Madukkur, bounded on the north by No. 25-2; east by inam, dry; south by No 24-4; west by inam, dry	0·63
Nagai punjai, inam, dry, T.S. No 25-4, kaliveramdar K. Thirumalai Ayyangar, bounded on the north by No. 24-3, east, south and west by inam, dry	0·08
Total ..	3·31

NOTE.—Kinsmen of the above holders of 27½ punjai :—

V. S. Venkatarama Ayyar,	M. Thambiyappa Ravuttar.
K. Ramaswami Ayyangar	E. Kannuswami Velan
G. Krishna Ayyangar.	A Maratha Velan.
M. Pethayappa Tevan.	A Lakshmana Velan.
A. Vaithilinga Velan.	A. Kanagaswami Velan
S. Kuppuswami Ayyangar,	T. Vaitha Velan.
A Seshachala Ayyar	M. Pakkiri Velan.
K. Gopala Ayyangar.	Minor Nateesa by guardian Athai.
K Thiruvengadathayyangar	R Lakshmana Velakkr.
G Srinivasa Ayyangar,	M. Chinnappa Velan.
G Venkatarama Ayyangar,	A Ranga Velan.
S V. Maratha Velan	T Kanna Velan.
K. Adaikala Velan.	R Maruga Velan
G. Nageswara Ayyar.	R Kannuswami Velan.
A Pethappa Kanna	K. Duraiswami Velan.
Ammalai Velan of V Thangadi	Ayyalu alias Kannuswami Velan
K. Thirumalai Ayyangar	A. Veerappa Velan.
S Seshalai Ayyangar.	Thanga Ammal
K Sheha Ayya.	Minor Adaikkalam by guardian Kathayee, G Muthuswami Velan minor Vaithilingam by guardian Loganthal
V. Malayappa Ayyar.	
K. Fakkir Pathan alias Veera Pathan.	Zamindar of Madukkur (Ramalinga Gopalar)
T. A. Kadir Bava Ravuttar.	
S. Venkatarama Ayyangar	
S Rangaswami Velan	
P Ameer Mahideen Ravuttar.	

Name of the Zamindar of Madukkur.—M R By. K. Rajakantha pha Sayvay Vijaya Raghunatha Bhoji Kanagasabai Gopalar Avergal.

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the canal system, Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Special Deputy Collector No. 1, Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector No 1, Pattukkottai, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Irom Kuruvayal Idaiyanvayal village.

	Approximate extent.
	Acs.
Otlan dry, manai dry, puliyadi dry, manjarai dry, aval dry and pallikkollai dry	3·75

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing burial-ground for Adi-Andhras, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Guntur, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (c) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Guntur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Guntur district, Tenali taluk,
Burrupalem village.

	Approximate extent.
	Acre.
Seri, dry, S No. 118/1, belonging to Pakkanati Venkatasubbayya, bounded on the north by S. No. 118; east and south by S. No 119/2, west by S. No 139	0·20

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·01 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for pathway to the burial-ground of the Adi-Dravidas; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Trichinopoly, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Trichinopoly, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Perambalur taluk,
Arakkur village.

	Acre.
Government, dry, R S. No 146-2] E, belonging to Perumal Kavundan, bounded on the north and east by No. 146-2] A; south by No. 146, west by No. 146-12	0·01

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·39 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of house-sites for Adi-Dravidas; and, under sections 5 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, North Arcot, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, North Arcot, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

North Arcot district, Wallajah taluk,
No. 34. Kodakkal village,

	Acres.
Government dry, No. 178-11 A, owner and enjoyer Mahanthi Subba Nayaka bounded on the north by No 177; east by No 178-12; south by No 178-11 B; west by No. 178-7	0·14
Government dry, No. 178-12, registered holder and enjoyer Mahanthi Subba Nayaka, bounded on the north by No 177; east by No 182; south by No. 178-9, west by No. 178-11 A & 11-B	0 25

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands mentioned below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the canal system, Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement, in writing, of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Inam Sendrakottai village.

Pallikurechi Channel.

	Approximate extent. Acs.
Vadivasalkal ai dry	0·09
Arukanthandi dry	0·03
Do	0·06
Paramberi dry	0·11
Pathiyan dry	0·09
Do.	0·16
Do.	0·20
Do	0·02
Do.	0 58
Karadikallai dry	0·42
Pathiyan dry	0·11
Do wet	0 15
Do ,, ...	0·16
Total ..	1 36

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands mentioned below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the canal system of the Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorises the Special Deputy Collector, Mannargudi No. II at Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the said Special Deputy Collector to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5 A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement, in writing, of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
No. 34. Nambirayal village.

(For the construction of a supervisor's quarters.)

	Approximate extent. Acs.
Government, dry, S. No. 201-7	0·33
Do. S. No. 201-8	0 36

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal system, Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Inam Kulamikkottai attached to
Viriyankottai village, Sethubava chatram channel.

	Approximate extent. Acs.
Parangi dry ..	0 18
Do. ..	0 93
Do. ..	1 16
Do. ..	0 78
Do. ..	0 78
Do. ..	0 08
Do ..	0·56
Do. ..	1·06
Varikal, dry ..	0 39
Varikal, wet ..	0·05
Do. ..	0·13
Pathukulathavali, wet (waste) ..	1·19
Pathukulam, pasamboke	2 20
Pathukulathavali, dry (waste) ..	0·30
Nalelippalam, dry ..	0·45
Do. ..	0 33
Kamukkallu, dry ..	0 64
Do ..	0 30
Kasankattu, wet ..	0·05
Kasankattu, dry ..	0·18
Do. ..	0·16
Do ..	0 08
Do. ..	0·75
Do ..	0 13
Do. ..	0 08
Do. ..	0 20
Athiyadi dry ..	0 65
Kasankattai, dry ..	0 25
Do. ..	0·12
Kalkai, dry ..	1 66
Pattavan kovil ..	0 04
Athiyadi dry ..	0·02
Kalvai, dry ..	0·03
Do. ..	0 22
Do. ..	0 06
Pattavan kovil ..	0 06
Elavalli, dry ..	0·36
Do. ..	0·72
Puriyakollai, dry ..	0·06
Do. ..	0·08
Do. ..	0 16
Do ..	0 50
Do ..	0·04
Do. ..	0 24
Do. ..	0·20
Do. ..	0 20
Do. ..	0 08
Do ..	0·20
Do ..	0 60
Do ..	0 30
Manai, dry ..	0·02
Do. ..	0 20
Do. ..	0 16
Do. ..	0 78
Do. ..	0 20
Do ..	0 60
Do ..	0·16
Vanniyadi manavari, wet	0 15
Do ..	0 64
Do. ..	0·20
Sebathidal, wet (manavari) ..	0 60
Do ..	0·22
Pikandalchai ..	0 15
Manai, dry ..	0 05
Mankollaithal, wet ..	0 08
Do ..	0·10
Do. ..	0·40
Mankollaichai, dry ..	0·16
Kallakkattan, dry ..	0 10
Mankollai, dry ..	0·20
Karukkavalli, dry ..	0 70
Manakkam, dry ..	0·73
Thenai, dry ..	0 05
Total ..	23 69

Whereas it appears to Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal system, Cauvery-Mettur Project, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act. All persons interested in the lands are required to lodge before the abovementioned officer, within thirty days after the issue of this notification, a statement in writing of their objections, if any, to the proposed acquisition.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk,
Inam Panaikuttikkadu village attached to
Madappalikkadu vattam,
Sethubava Chetram Chavadi.

		Approximate extent. acs.
Maylladimettu, wet (waste) ..	..	0 07
Do.	..	0 18
Do	..	0 10
Pattukkottu, wet (waste) ..	..	0 50
Do	..	0 41
Kanakkirumettu, wet ..	..	0 30
Do	..	0 40
Navalodai, wet	..	0 30
Chanmel ..	..	0 10
Sukanchal, wet	..	0 20
Do.	..	0 15
Do.	..	0 48
Do.	..	0 48
Do	..	0 60
Do	..	0 66
Kamaraselvi, wet ..		0 40
Do.	..	0 45
Do.	..	0 07
Do.	..	0 18
Do.	..	0 18
Do.	..	0 28
Do.	..	0 34
Do.	..	0 08
Kumaravelvi, wet ..		0 07
Do.	..	0 05
Do.	..	0 30
Parachari, dry	..	0 05
Kumaravelvi, wet	..	0 50
Do.	..	0 28
Parachari, dry	..	0 19
Do.	..	0 20
Do	..	0 40
Do	..	0 05
Do.	..	0 18
Do.	..	0 60
Do.	..	0 03
Do.	..	0 03
Do	..	0 70
Kattudayan, dry	..	0 20
Do.	..	0 05
Sevel, dry	..	0 05
Do.	..	0 20
Do.	..	0 10
Do.	..	0 45
Do.	..	0 02
Do.	..	0 20
Kalsevel, dry	..	0 08
Sevel, dry	..	0 70
Do	..	0 08
Total	..	13 05

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing house-sites for Arundhatiyas, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, West Godavari, Ellore, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, West Godavari, Ellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Kovvur taluk,
Vadalakunta village,

	Approximate extent. acres.
Enfranchised personal inam, dry, T.D. No. 1242, R.S. No. 10 part, belonging to Duggirala Narasayya, bounded on the north by R.S. No. 40 part, east by R.S. No. 41, south by R.S. Nos. 42 and 43, west by R.S. No. 40 part	1·00

Whereas it appears to the Government that the lands specified below are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Mangepalli channel modification, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Sub-Collector, Rajahmundry, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the Sub-Collector, Rajahmundry, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

East Godavari district, Razole taluk,
Pedapatnam village

	Approximate extent. acs.
Inam, kapat wet lands, No. 170-2 part, belonging to Ahmad Ali, bounded on the north and east by No. 171-1; south by No. 170-2 part; west by No. 62 of Nagaram	0·01
Inam, kapat wet lands, No. 171-1 part, belonging to Yanamalkili Rag and Kommala Venkataratnam, bounded on the north by No. 171-1 part, east by No. 171-2, south by No. 171-1 part, west by No. 170-2	0·03
Inam, kapat wet lands, No. 171-2 part, belonging to Kommala Ramayya Nayudu, bounded on the north by No. 171-2 part; east by No. 172-1; south by No. 171-2 part, west by No. 171-1	0·02
Total ..	0·06

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing burial-ground for Adi-Andhras, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, Guntur, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, Guntur, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Guntur district, Bapatla taluk,
Pallapadu village.

	Approximate extent. acres.
Seri, dry, S. No. 188-3 (portion), belonging to Parubur Seetaikka, bounded on the north and east by S. No. 189-3, south by Vellur village; west by S. No. 190	0·15

Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the provision of a pathway from the burial-ground to the tank for Adi-Dravidas, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923; and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the District Labour Officer, South Arcot, Cuddalore, and his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act, the Governor in Council appoints the District Labour Officer, South Arcot, Cuddalore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

South Arcot district, Villupuram taluk, Panankuppam village.

	Approximate extent.
	ACRE.
Ryotwari, dry, R S. No. 151 part, owner Narasimalu Chetti, mortgagee Govindaraya Kavundan, bounded on the north by R S. No. 142; east by R S. No. 151 part, south by R S. No. 150; west by R S. No. 148	0·05

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·67 of an acre and 1 taxed coconut tree, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the canal system of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Mannargudi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Mannargudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, No. 6. Kannandangudi Kilmyur village.

	ACRE.
Kannandangudi Kilmiyur No 2 channel	
Government, wet, No. 184-1 B, belonging to Sri. V. Narayana Vandayan, bounded on the north by Nos. 185-16 B and 181-1 A, east by No. 184-2 B, south by No. 184-4 C-1 C & 4 A, west by Nos. 182-1 A and 185-34 B	0·21
Government, wet, No. 184-3 B, pattadar No. 108. M. Kuppammal Kandupillai, sthidar Ramammal Kalingarayan, bounded on the north by No 184-2 B, 3 B & 6 A, east by No. 184-6 A, 3 B-2 & 4 A-2; south by No. 185-7 B & 5 C; west by No. 184-4 C	0 29
Government, wet, No. 184-6 B-2, pattadar Pachiri Tendaman, sthidar Swarnam, bounded on the north by No. 184 B A-1 & B C-1, east by No 184-3 B-1, south by No 184-10 B-1, 9 B & 7 B; west by No. 184-5 B & 7 B	0·17
Cart-track, poramboke No. 102-2, belonging to Taluk Annal, guardian to minor Rangan, bounded on the north by No. 41-15 E; east by No 102-2; south by No 40-1 B-11 west by No. 102-1	1 taxed coconut tree.
Total	0·67 and 1 taxed coconut tree.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 78 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for provision of house-sites to Adi-Dravidas; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Mannargudi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Mannargudi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Papanasam taluk, No. 81, Maruvathur village.

	CENTS.
Ryotwari, wet, R S No. 356-1 B, owner No. 41. Tiruvalur Ganapoojai Arupathumoovar Mutt, trustees R. M. A. R. A. R. S. M. Arunachalam Chettiyar, R. M. M. S. T. Varavan Chettiyar, A. R. A. R. S. M. Arunachalam Chettiyar and M. A. R. Ramanathan Chettiyar, bounded on the north by No. 360; east by No. 356-1 A; south by No. 356-6 & 3 A, west by No. 356-1 A ..	30
Ryotwari, R S. No. 356-1 C, owner No. 41. Tiruvalur Ganapoojai Arupathumoovar Mutt, trustees R. M. A. R. A. R. M Arunachalam Chettiyar, R. M. M. S T Varavan Chettiyar, A. R. A. R. S. M Arunachalam Chettiyar and M. A. R. Ramanathan Chettiyar, bounded on the north by No. 356-2 C & 6; east by No 356-1 A; south by No. 356-1 A & 3, west by No. 356-1 A	28
Nattam, jari, R S. No. 356-3, owner No. 41. Tiruvalur Ganapoojai Arupathumoovar Mutt, trustees R. M. A. R. A. R. S. M. Arunachalam Chettiyar, R. M. M. S T Varavan Chettiyar, A. R. A. R. S. M. Arunachalam Chettiyar and M. A. R. Ramanathan Chettiyar, occupants Automanilla, Pichaimuthu, Muniswami, Yegappan, S. Sevathayan, Michael, N. Sooriamuthu and M. Savithayan, bounded on the north by No. 356-1 B, east by No. 356-1 A, south by No. 356-1 C; west by No 356-3	13
Ryotwari, dry, R S No 356-1, owner No. 41. Tiruvalur Ganapoojai Arupathumoovar Mutt, trustees R M. A. R. A. R. S. M Arunachalam Chettiyar, R M M S. T. Varavan Chettiyar, A. R. A. R. S. M. Arunachalam Chettiyar and M. A. R Ramanathan Chettiyar, occupants Arulnanadam, Nayagam, Gnanaprakasam and Y. Sooriamuthu, bounded on the north by No. 356-1 B; east by No. 356-2; south by No. 356-1 C; west by No. 356-1 A.	9
Total ..	74

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 26 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Alvvalam No 4 Channel of the canal system of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Mannargudi No. II, at Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Mannargudi No. II, at Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Alvvalam (Padirankottai Zamin) village.

	CENTS.
Temporary subdivision No. 7-1, Pallaiti Punjai, Monakkal, Kodikaradatu Palani Velan and Muri Velan, bounded on the north by T S. No 8-6, east by T S. No. 7-2; south by T S No. 7-3, west by RAMIN	9
Dry, T S No. 7-3, Pethan Pali Punjai, No 24-2 & 4, Sadivarandum Swami Velan, Mannappa Velan, Pathu Velan, Sattvana Velan, Udayar Velan and Adhappa Velan, bounded on the north by T S. No 7-1 A 2; east by ramin; south by T S, No. 7-5; west by ramin	17
Total ..	26

NOTE.—The subdivision is sorted by Dr T. P. Chairman of Pattukkottai.

Trustees—K. A. R M Arunachala Chettiyar, K. M. O Chockappa Chettiyar, Ramaswami Chettiyar and Lakshmana Chettiyar.

Claimant—M. Govindaraswami Pillai.

Fort St. George, December 26, 1929.

Under section 6, Act I of 1894, His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land mentioned below and measuring 1 cent, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for Alvvalam No. 4 Channel of the canal system of the Cauvery-Mettur Project; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector, Mannargudi No. II, at Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Mannargudi No. II, at Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, No 30. Nadevikkottai village.

	CENT.
Temporary subdivision No. 142-6 A, poramboke, belonging to Panchayat, Taluk Board, Pattukkottai, bounded on the north by No. 142-3 B, east by No. 142-6 B, south and west by No. 142-6 B ..	1

Fort St. George, December 18, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·04 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the well of the Chennimalai Sub Registrar's Office; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Erode, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Erode, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Coimbatore district, Erode taluk, Attavanai Pidariyur village.

	ACRE
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 228 A-2, belonging to Palani Kavandan and Parasathi Ammal, bounded on the north and east by No. 228 A-1; south by No 228 B; west by No. 228 A-1	0·04

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 1·75 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for extension of house-sites of Adi-Andhras of Garuvu Malapalli, hamlet of Parrashivara, and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Kistna, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Kistna, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Kistna district, Divi taluk, Parrashivara village

	ACS.
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 83-10 B & C, belonging to Kalla Mosa, bounded on the north by No. 83-10 A; east by No 83-11 B & C, south by No. 83-14 & 13 A; west by No 87	0·10
Ryotwari, dry, S No 83-11 B & C, belonging to Kasani Nyanayya, bounded on the north by No. 83-11 A; east by No 83-12 B & C; south by No. 83-13 A; west by No. 83-10 B & C ..	0 07
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 83-12 B & C, belonging to Chairagadda Sulaman and Chairagadda Abraham, bounded on the north by No 83-12 A., east by No. 84; south by No. 83-13 A. B & C; west by No 83-11 B & C	0 07
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 83-13 B & C, belonging to Chairagadda Ismamul, Daniel and Nathanul brag minor brother and guardian Daniel, bounded on the north by No 83-12 C; east by No 84; south by No. 83-14 C & B; west by No. 83-13 A.	0·13
Ryotwari, dry, S No 83-14 A to F, belonging to Bhogadi Kotamma, bounded on the north by No. 83-13 & 13 A, B & C, east by No. 84; south by No. 86; west by No. 87	0·85
Ryotwari, dry, S. No. 83-14, belonging to Chairagadda Sulaman and Chairagadda Abraham, bounded on the north by No 83-14 C, east by No 83-13 A; south by Nos. 83-14 and 87, west by No 87	0 10
Ryotwari, dry, S No. 87-10 A to D, belonging to Talagadadivi Ramachandra Rao and Talagadadivi Venkatasubba Rao, bounded on the north by No. 87-1, & 15; east by No. 83, south by No. 86; west by Nos. 87-10, 12, 13 and 91	0·43
Total ..	1·70

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·03 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for house sites to Adi-Dravidas; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Cuddalore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Cuddalore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

South Arcot district, Chidambaram taluk, Varahur village.

	ACRE
Ryotwari, wet, R.S. No. 19-1, belonging to C. Sroppa Padayachi, C. Thangavelu Padayachi and M. Velayudh Nakkhar, bounded on the north by Nos 20 and 21; east by Nos 19-3 & & 5; south by No. 19-2; west by Nos 21 and 24	0·54
Ryotwari wet, R.S. No 19-2, belonging to T. A. Kanakasabai Padayachi, bounded on the north by No. 19-1; east by No. 19-5; south by Nos. 26 and 29, west by No. 24	0 29
Total ..	0·83

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the lands specified below and measuring 6·06 acres, be the same a little more or less, are needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Canal System, Cauvery-Mettur Project; and, under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector No. I, Pattukkottai, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Pattukkottai taluk, Punavasal village.

	ACS.
Pudukottai Boundary No. 4, channel.	
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 17-1, kudikkanidar .. Yagappadayan, bounded on the north and east by No. 16-4; south by No. 17-2; west by zamin lands ..	200 sq. links.
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, S. No and subdivision No. 17-2, kudikkanidar .. .. Arukandu Udayan, bounded on the north by Nos. 17-1 and 16-5; east by zamin lands; south by No. 17-3; west by zamin lands and No. 17-6	0 07 and 800 sq. links.
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, S. No. and subdivision No 17-3, kudikkanidar .. Sevvantha Udayan, bounded on the north by No 17-2; east by zamin lands, south by No. 17-4; west by No 17-5	0·08 and 800 sq links.
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, S. No and subdivision No. 17-5, kudikkanidar .. Arogia Udayan, bounded on the north by No 17-2; east and south by zamin lands; west by No. 17-6	700 sq. links.
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 17-6, kudikkanidar .. Seevantha Udayan, bounded on the north by zamin lands, east by Nos 17-2, 3 & 4 and zamin lands, south by No. 17-6 & 8, west by zamin lands	0 24
Zamindari, mundupah, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 17-6, kudikkanidar .. .. Maikal Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 17-6; east by No. 17-6; south by No. 17 7; west by zamin lands ..	0·12 and 280 sq. links.
Zamindari, thanaiyadi, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 17-7, kudikkanidar .. Arogia Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 17-5; east by No. 17-6; south by No. 13-7 & 9; west by zamin lands	720 sq. links.
Zamindari, mundiyadi and thanaiyadi, dry, S No. and subdivision No 17-8 kudikkanidar .. Kathu Thevan, bounded on the north by No. 17-5; east by zamin lands; south by No. 12-9, west by No. 17-6 & 7	0 13
Zamindari, palanivettikadu, dry, and koll, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 13-1, kudikkanidar .. .. Arogia Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 13-7, east by zamin lands south by No. 13-3; west by zamin lands	0·22

	acs.
Zamindari, palamvettikadu, dry, S. No. and sub-division No. 20-3, hudikkandar s. Arogia Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 19-1; east by zamin lands; south by No. 19-3; west by zamin lands	0-21
Zamindari, palamvettikadu, dry, S. No. and sub-division No 18-3, hudikkandar s. Sami Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 18-2; east by zamin lands, south by No. 18-4; west by zamin lands	0-15
Zamindari, palamivettikadu, dry, S. No. and sub-division No 18-4, hudikkandar s. Yagappa Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 18-3, east by zamin lands, south by Nos. 18-5 and 17-1, west by zamin lands	0-09 and 440 sq. links.
Zamindari, palamivettikadu, dry, S. No. and sub-division No. 18-5 hudikkandar s. e Arumandu Udayar, bounded on the north by No 18-4, east by zamin lands, south by No 17-2, west by No 18-4	660 sq. links
Zamindari, maniyaram, dry, S No and subdivision No 19-1, hudikkandar s. Ramaswami Malavarayan, mortgagee Thangammal Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 20-7; east by zamin lands, south by No. 19-2, west by zamin lands	0-19
Zamindari, maniyaram, dry, S. No, and subdivision No 19-2, hudikkandar minor Vira Kone with Palayi, as guardian, bounded on the north by No 19-1; east by zamin lands, south by No 19-3 & 4, west by zamin lands	0 17
Zamindari, kali, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 19-3, hudikkandar s. Perumal Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 19-3; east by No. 19-4, south by No. 19-5; west by zamin lands ..	0-04
Zamindari, kali, dry, S No and subdivision No. 19-4, hudikkandars Ratna Vadivel, Vijaya Arunachala and Venangamudi Pandarattar, bounded on the north by No. 19-3 east and south by zamin lands, west by No. 19-3 & 5 ..	0 03
Zamindari, kali, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 19-5, hudikkandar s. Roman Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No 19-3; east by No. 19-4 and zamin lands; south by No. 19-6, west by zamin lands	0 12
Zamindari, kali, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 19-6, hudikkandar s. Perumal Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 19-5; east by zamin lands, south by No 19-7, west by zamin lands ..	0 12
Zamindari, palamvettikadu and kali dry, S No. and subdivision No. 19-7, hudikkandar s. e Asogiya Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 19 6; east by zamin lands; south by No. 18-1; west by zamin lands	0-12
Zamindari, tope dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 20-1, hudikkandar minor Sellappan with g. Vellimmal Sahi as guardian, bounded on the north by No. 21 7 and zamin lands, east by No. 21-7, south by No. 20-2; west by zamin lands ..	0 02
Zamindari, vettikkattu, dry, S. No. and subdivision No 20-2, hudikkandar Gr. Ponnan Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 20-1; east by zamin lands and No 21-8; south by zamin lands, west by No. 20-3 & 4	0-07
Zamindari, vettikkattu, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 20-3, hudikkandars m. Katha Tevan, bounded on the north by zamin lands, east by No 20-2; south by No. 20-4, west by zamin lands ..	0 01
Zamindari, vettikkattu, dry, S. No and subdivision No. 20-4, hudikkandar Gr. Ramu Udayan, bounded on the north by zamin lands and No 20-3; east by zamin lands and No. 21-2; south by zamin lands and No. 20-6; west by zamin lands and No. 20-5	0-19
Zamindari, vettikkattu, dry, S No and subdivision No 20-5, hudikkandars m. Ramaswami Malavarayan, mortgagee Thangammal Ayyar, bounded on the north by No 20-4; east and south by zamin lands; west by No 20-6	0-05
Zamindari, maniyaram, dry, S No and subdivision No. 20-7, hudikkandars s. Ramaswami Malavarayan, mortgagee Thangammal Ayyar, bounded on the north by No. 20-6, east by zamin lands, south by No. 19-1; west by zamin lands ..	0 17
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S. No, and subdivision No. 21-1, hudikkandars Ramachandra Malavarayar and Venangamudi Pandarattar, otherwise Chinappa Udayan, bounded on the north by No 21-2 east by No. 22-3; south by No. 22-2; west by No 21-8	0 02

	acs.
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 21-1, hudikkandar s. Ayyavu Udayan, bounded on the north by No 21-1; east by No. 21-8; south by zamin lands, west by No 21-3 ..	0-08
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 21-3, hudikkandars Ramachandra Malavarayar Venangamudi Pandarattar, otherwise s. Katha Tevan, bounded on the north by zamin lands; east by No 21-4 & 2; south by No. 21-4 and zamin lands; west by zamin lands	0 22
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 21-4 hudikkandar s. Rengappa Udayan, bounded on the north by No 21-3 and zamin lands, east and south by zamin lands, west by No. 21-5	0-09
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 21-5, hudikkandars s. Ayyavu, otherwise s. Katha Tevan, bounded on the north by zamin lands, east by No. 21-4, south by zamin lands, west by No. 21-6	0-08
Zamindari, tope, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 21-6 hudikkandar Gr. Ponnan Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by zamin lands, east by No 21-8; south by zamin lands; west by No. 21-7	0 15
Zamindari, tope, dry, S. No. and subdivision No 21-7, hudikkandar minor Sellappan with g. Vellu Ammal Sahi as guardian bounded on the north by zamin lands; east by No. 21-8, south by zamin lands and No. 21-1, west by Nos 20-1 and 21-6	0 22 and 500 sq. links,
Zamindari, vettikkattu, dry, S No. and subdivision No. 21 8 hudikkandar Gr Ponnan Ambalagaran, bounded on the north and east by No. 21-7, south by zamin lands, west by No 20-2	500 sq. links.
Zamindari thothavadi and poriyamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No 22-1, hudikkandars Ramachandra Malavarayar Venangamudi Pandarattar, bounded on the north by No. 21-1; east by zamin lands, south by No. 22-2, west by zamin lands	0-38
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S No and subdivision No 22-2, hudikkandars Ramachandra Malavarayar Venangamudi Pandarattar, otherwise Chinappa Udayan, bounded on the north by No 22-1; east by zamin lands, south by Nos. 22-3 and 21-1; west by zamin lands	0-31
Zamindari, thothavadi, dry, S. No and subdivision No. 22-3, hudikkandars s. Ayyavu Udayan, bounded on the north by No 22-2; east by zamin lands, south and west by No 21-3	0 02
Zamindari palamani, dry, S. No and subdivision No. 23-1, hudikkandar Nanni Pathi, bounded on the north and east by No. 24-7, south by No. 23-6; west by zamin lands	400 sq. links
Zamindari, palamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-2, hudikkandar Nanni Velan, mortgagee K. O Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No 24-8; east by zamin lands, south by No. 23-3; west by No. 23-4	120 sq. links,
Zamindari, palamani, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-3, hudikkandars Nanni Vellayan, mortgagee K. O Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 23-2, east and south by No zamin lands; west by No. 23-4	20 sq. links
Zamindari, palamanai, dry, S. No and subdivision No 23-4 hudikkandar Nanni Palan, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 23-1, east by No. 23-2 & 3 and zamin lands, south by No 23-5, west by No 23-6 and zamin lands	0-06 and 320 sq. links
Zamindari, palamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-5, hudikkandar Nanni Velan, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti bounded on the north by No 23-4; east and south by zamin lands; west by No. 23-6	160 sq. links.
Zamindari palamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No 23-6, hudikkandars Sivabhiyathammal, bounded on the north by zamin lands, east by No. 23 4 & 5 and zamin lands; south by No. 23-8, west by No 23-7 and zamin lands ..	0-13
Zamindari, palamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-7, hudikkandar Avudai, mortgagee K. O Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by zamin lands; east by No 23-6, south by No. 23-8 & 9; west by zamin lands	0 08

Zamindari, ashtiyadi, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-8, kudikkanidar of Rama Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 23-6 & 7; east by ammu lands, south by No. 23-8 and ammu lands, west by No. 23-9	acs. 0·05
Zamindari, polumanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-9, kudikkanidar C. Ayyavu Udayan, bounded on the north by No. 23-7 & 8; east by ammu lands and No. 23-8, south by No. 23-10; west by ammu lands	0·13
Zamindari, thottavadi and punamanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 23-10, kudikkanidar Ramachandra Malevanaya Vanangamudi Pandaratter, bounded on the north by No. 23-9, east by ammu lands, south by No. 23-1; west by ammu lands	0·06
Zamindari, arukam, dry, vandam, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-1, kudikkanidar Mara Athal, bounded on the north by No. 23-3, east and south by No. 24-2; west by ammu lands	450 sq. links.
Zamindari, arukam, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-2, kudikkanidar S. Nadi Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 24-1, east by ammu lands, south by No. 24-4, west by ammu lands and No. 24-3	2·18 and 150 sq. links.
Zamindari, palmanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-3, kudikkanidar Nanni Velan, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by ammu lands; east by No. 24-2 & 4, south by No. 24-5; west by ammu lands	150 sq. links.
Zamindari, arukam, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-4, kudikkanidar G. Perunga Ambalagaran, bounded on the north by No. 24-2, east and south by ammu lands; west by No. 24-3 & 5 ..	0·05
Zamindari, palmanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-5, kudikkanidar Nanni Velan, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 24-3; east by No. 24-4 and ammu lands; south by No. 24-6; west by ammu lands ..	0·09 and 110 sq. links.
Zamindari, palmanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-6, kudikkanidar Nanni Kathan, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 24-5; east by ammu lands; south by No. 24-9; west by ammu lands and No. 24-7 ..	0·09
Zamindari, palmanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-7, kudikkanidar Nanni Pathi, bounded on the north by ammu lands; east by No. 24-6 & 8; south by No. 23-1; west by ammu lands ..	0·05
Zamindari, palmanai, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 24-8, kudikkanidar Seeni Veiar, mortgagee K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 24-6, east by ammu lands; south by No. 23-2 west by No. 24-7	0·01
Zamindari, ashtiyadi, wet, S. No. and subdivision No. 25-1, inamdar Sri Mummar temple, Pattukottai, trustees Rama Rao and Ranga Rao, bounded on the north and east by ammu lands; south by No. 26-2; west by ammu lands ..	1·05
Zamindari, arukam, white, S. No. and subdivision No. 25-2, inamdar Sri Hanuman temple, Pattukottai, trustees Rama Rao and Ranga Rao, bounded on the north and east by No. 26-1; south by No. 25-3; west by ammu lands	0·05
Zamindari, arukam, dry, vandam, dry, S. No. and subdivision No. 25-3, kudikkanidar Mara Athal, bounded on the north by No. 25-2; east by ammu lands; south by No. 24-1, west by ammu lands ..	0·11
Total ..	4 09

Malevanidars for all the plots except Nos. 25-1 and 26-2—(1) Adaikkammal Achi, (2) Lakshmi Achi, (3) Ponnayyappan Chetti and (4) minor Selliyyan with g. Valliammai Achi as guardian.

Malvaram ryotdar—K. O. Kumaraswami Chetti.

Fort St. George, December 19, 1929.

Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Governor in Council hereby declares that the land specified below and measuring 0·02 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for well-site for the Ada-Dravidas; and under sections 3 and 7 of the same Act, the District Labour Officer, Tanjore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the District Labour Officer, Tanjore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Negapatam taluk
No. 68, Vadavur village.

	acres.
Wet, S.S. No. 226-13 B, belonging to 48 Mappilaiamai Muthiyar, bounded on the north by No. 226-10 & 13 A; east by No. 226-13 A, south by No. 227; west by No. 226-10	0·02

Fort St. George, January 8, 1930.

Whereas it appears to Government that the land mentioned below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Cauvery-Mettur Reservoir Project Headworks, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of sections 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, as amended by Act XXXVIII of 1923 and the Governor in Council hereby authorizes the Special Deputy Collector, Mushert at Bhavani, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act. Under section 3 (d) of the same Act the Governor in Council appoints the Special Deputy Collector, Mushert at Bhavani, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Salem district, Mettur taluk,
Nagamarai village.

	Approximate extent. acres.
Temple poramboke, S. No. 126 owners Gnanpathi, Kolandai and Pattar, sons of Sellamuthu Pusari as pusaries of the temples	0·04

A. G. LEACH,
Secretary to Government.

PAPERS PLACED AT THE DISPOSAL OF THE PRESS

BETWEEN 24TH DECEMBER 1929 AND 7TH JANUARY 1930.

ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Dharapuram Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6348, L. & M., 28th November 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Cuddalore Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6398, L. & M., 27th November 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Bezwada Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6479, L. & M., 2nd December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Kothamput Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6514, L. & M., 4th December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Udumalpet Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6544, L. & M., 7th December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Gudiyattam Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G.O. No. 6560, L. & M., 9th December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Gudiyattam Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6561, L. & M., 9th December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Bimpal Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O No. 6478, L. & M., 2nd December 1929. [1 s.]
ADMINISTRATION REPORT, 1928-29—Peddapuram Municipal Council—Reviewed.
G O. No. 4934, L. & M., 4th November 1929. [1 s.]
PRISONS—Ongole District Committee appointed in G O. No. 1244 I, dated 7th June 1927—Report—Ordered.
G O No. 3438 I., 25th November 1929. [2 s.]
LIBRARY—Government Public—Loan of books—Rules—Approved.
G.O. No. 2186, Education, 22nd October 1929. [1 s.]

[N.B.—*Copies of any of the foregoing papers can be obtained on payment of the price noted in brackets against each on application to the Superintendent, Government Branch Press, Mount Road, Madras.*]

A. Y. G. CAMPBELL,
Chief Secretary.

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Part I-A.—Local Self-Government.

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LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 1.—Lieut.-Col. D. G Rae, I.M.S., leave on average pay for fifteen days from the 3rd January 1930 with permission to prefix the holidays from the 21st December 1929 to the 2nd January 1930 to his leave subject to the conditions laid down in the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 68 and to the officer's eligibility for the leave being certified to by the Accountant-General, Madras.

No. 2.—Mr. J. B. Chenoy, L.D.S., R.C.S. (Eng.), leave on average pay for seven days from the 3rd January 1930 with permission to prefix the holidays from the 21st December 1929 to 2nd January 1930 to his leave subject to the conditions laid down in the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 68 and to the officer's eligibility for the leave being certified to by the Accountant-General

No. 3.—M.R.Ry. C. Nageswara Rao Pantulu Garu, late Municipal Health Officer, Masulipatam, leave on average pay for the period from the 19th September 1929 to 13th November 1929.

K. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

No. 4.—M.R.Ry. U. Sanjiva Rao Avargal, District Board Engineer, Malabar, leave on average pay from the 3rd to 18th January 1930, both days inclusive. He is permitted to prefix to his leave Sunday the 22nd December 1929 and the ensuing Christmas and New Year holidays and to affix Sunday the 19th January 1930 subject to the conditions laid down in Fundamental Rule 68 and the subsidiary rules thereunder.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 5.—M.R.Ry. T. V. Suryanarayana Pantulu Garu, Local Fund Assistant Engineer, West Godavari, to act as District Board Engineer, West Godavari, during the absence of M.R.Ry. B. Sundara Rao Pantulu Garu on leave.

No. 6.—M.R.Ry. B. Narasimha Shenoy Avargal, Local Fund Assistant Engineer, Salem district, will be considered to have acted as District Board Engineer, Salem, from 30th October 1929 to 27th November 1929 both days inclusive.

No. 7.—M.R.Ry. K. Narayana Ayyar Avargal, Superintendent, Local Self-Government Department, is appointed to the post of temporary Assistant Secretary to Government, Local Self-Government Department, created in G.O. No. 1780, Public, dated 9th December 1929, from the 16th December 1929 (afternoon) to 20th December 1929 (afternoon).

No. 8.—The Government are pleased to appoint Honorary Medical Officers to Government Medical Institutions in the mufussal as shown below:—

M.R.Ry. S. Sankaranarayana Avargal, M.B.B.S., to be Honorary Assistant Physician, Government Headquarters Hospital, Cuddalore.

M.R.Ry. A. Gopalan Avargal, L.M.S., to be Honorary Assistant Surgeon, Out-patient Department, Government Headquarters Hospital, Ellore.

M.R.Ry. V. D. Nageswara Rao Avargal, B.A., L.M.S., to be Honorary Assistant Surgeon, Ophthalmic Department, Government Headquarters Hospital, Masulipatam.

M.R.Ry. M. Seshachalu Avargal, L.M.S., to be Honorary Assistant Surgeon, Government Headquarters Hospital, Masulipatam.

M.R.Ry. A. Narayana Menon Avargal, M.B.B.S., to be Honorary Venereologist, Government Headquarters Hospital, Madura.

No. 9.—The Government are pleased to appoint Dr. S. R. Bhat, M.B.B.S. (Bom.), L.D. RC. (Cal.), as an Honorary Dental Surgeon to the Government Tuberculosis Hospital, Madras.

No 10.—Under section 9 (4) (a) of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, Government appoint the following persons to be members of the district boards noted against their names :—

Srimati Badi Venkata Subbamma Garu—Nellore District Board.

Mr Joseph William Pritchard, I.C.S.—Nilgiris District Board.

M.R Ry. A. Ramalingam Avargal—North Arcot District Board.

No 11.—Under sections 7 (3) and 11 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, Government appoint Mrs. Grace Ananda Rao, to be a councillor of the Nellore Municipal Council.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

No 12.—M.R Ry. A. Anantanarayana Ayyar Avargal, B.A., M.B.B.S., to act as Assistant Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Madras, with effect from the date of taking charge.

No. 13.—M.R.Ry. T. V. Mathew Avargal, B.A., M.B.B.S., to act as Senior Demonstrator in Anatomy, Medical College, Madras, with effect from the date of taking charge, *vice* M R.Ry. A. Anantanarayana Ayyar Avargal, B.A., M.B.B.S.

No 14.—M R.Ry P. A. Ramanathan Avargal, L.M.S., to act as District Medical Officer and Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Nellore, in addition to his duties, *from* the 3rd to the 18th January 1930, *vice* M R.Ry B. Iswaraya Avargal, M.B.C.M., granted leave.

No 15.—M.R Ry. C. S. Ganapathi Ayyar Avargal, L.M.S., to act as District Medical Officer and Superintendent, Government Headquarters Hospital, Trichinopoly, in addition to his duties from the 3rd to the 10th January 1930 (both days inclusive) *vice* Major N. M. Mehta, I.M.S., on leave.

K. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

No. 16.—Under section 22 of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926 (Act II of 1927), the Local Government appoint M R.Ry. Arur Laxminarayana Rao Avargal, B.A., B.L., Advocate, Udipi, to be a member of the South Kanara District Temple Committee up to and inclusive of the 18th March 1930.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No 17.—As prescribed by the rules relating to the election of members of district boards by taluk boards, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the district boards noted against their names by the taluk boards specified :—

M R.Ry. Patibandla Seetharamayya Choudary Garu, Guntur M.R Ry. Karumanchi Venkatakrishnayya Choudary Garu, Krishnayapalem, Mangalagiri (P O). M.R.Ry Modukuru Rajayya Choudary Garu, Mutlur. M.R.Ry. Kosuru Kotayya Garu, Mangalagiri.	Guntur District Board by the Guntur Taluk Board.

M.R Ry Lakki Reddy Lakshmi Reddy Garu—Cuddapah District Board by the Jammalamadugu Taluk Board.

GHULAM HUSAIN,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

No. 18.—In modification of Notification No; 2118, published on page 835 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th December 1929, the following revised lists of plague-infected areas are published :—

A.—In the Madras Presidency.

Taluk or Town.

The Nilgiris—Ootacamund.

Salem—Taluk—Hosur.

Madura { Taluks—Periyakulam and Uttamapalaiyam. Town—Periyakulam.

Bellary { Taluks—Harpanahalli, Kudligi and Hadagalli. Town—Hospet.

Malabar { Taluk—Wynad. Town—Calicut.

B.—Outside the Madras Presidency.

[Infected localities—Districts and States, and Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants.]

I. MYSORE STATE.

Districts—Hassan, Mysore, Kolar, Tumkur, Bangalore, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldrug.

Town—Bangalore and Mysore.

II. BOMBAY.

Districts—Belgaum, Dharwar, Nasik, Satara, Bijapur, Poona, Kanara, Kolhapur and Southern Maratta Country States, Sholapur, Thana, Satara Agency, West Khandesh and Ratnagiri.

Towns—Hubli, Poona and Vengurla.

III. BURMA.

Districts—Meiktila, Thayawady, Mandin, Prome, Southern Shan States, Myingyan and Lower Chindwin.

Towns—Rangoon and Mandalay.

IV. CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Districts—Betul, Chindwara, Mandla, Nagpur, Saugor, Hoshangabad and Jubbulpore.

Towns—Betul Bazaar, Hoshangabad, Chindwara and Jubbulpore.

V. HYDERABAD STATE.

Districts—Raichur, Usmanabad, Nander, Parbhani, Hyderabad, Aurangabad and Adilabad.

Towns—Hyderabad city and suburbs.

VI. BIHAR AND ORISSA.

Districts—Muzaffarpur, Monghyr and Saran.

VII. UNITED PROVINCES.

Districts—Fyzabad, Ghazipur, Ghorakpur, Bijnor, Basti, Budaun, Azamgarh, Bareilly, Kheri and Lucknow.

Town—Bareilly.

VIII. CENTRAL INDIA AGENCY.

Bhopal State.

IX. COORG.

X. THE PUNJAB.

District—Gurdaspur.

Fort St. George, December 16, 1929
(*G.O. Ms. No.* 3031, *P.H.*)

No. 19.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Madras Nurses and Midwives Act, 1926 (Madras Act III of 1926), the Governor in Council is hereby pleased to nominate Mr. Herbert McDonall Small, M.A., M.L.C., to be a member of the Madras Nurses and Midwives Council, *vice* Mr. Vere Mockett, M.B.E., M.A., Barrister-at-Law, resigned.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929
(*G.O. No.* 3727, *L. & M.*).

No. 20.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 233 read with rule 4 of Schedule V of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), and in addition to the powers delegated in Notifications—

(1) No. 804 published on page 502 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 13th November 1923,
(2) No. 1579 published on page 877 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 23rd October 1928, and
(3) No. 1114 published on page 419 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette* dated 16th July 1929,

the Governor acting with Ministers is hereby pleased to delegate to the Presidents of District Boards the power, under sub-rule (2) of rule 4 of Schedule V of the aforesaid Act, to sanction contributions from the funds of taluk boards within their respective districts to the local branches of the Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society, Madras.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 21.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (*b*) of section 74 and clause (*a*) of sub-section (2) of section 303 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, the Governor acting with Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Notification No. 423, dated the 4th April 1925, published at page 162 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 21st April 1925:—

AMENDMENT.

In the entry in column (2) of item 1 of the table subjoined to the said rule, the figures and words "(1) A completed Secondary School-Leaving Certificate, the holder of which is declared to be eligible for the University course or the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University or a corresponding examination of any other University; and (2)" shall be omitted.

No. 22.—In exercise of the powers conferred on him by clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) of section 71 and clause (*a*), sub-section (2) of section 193 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, the Governor acting with Ministers is pleased to make the following amendment to the Notification No. 221, dated the 1st March 1924, published at pages 92-93 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 11th March 1924:—

AMENDMENT.

In column (2) of item (1) of the table subjoined to the said rule, entry (1) consisting of the figure and words "(1) A completed Secondary School-Leaving Certificate or the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University or a corresponding examination of any other University" and the figure "(2)" in entry (2) shall be omitted.

HILTON BROWN,
Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, December 17, 1929
(*G.O. Ms. No.* 3047, *P.H.*).

No. 23.—The Government sanction a further extension of time up to 1st June 1930 for the preparation, perusing and submission by the Berwada Municipal Council of the five Town-planning schemes called for in G.O. No. 1232, P.H., dated 24th June 1927.

K. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, November 1, 1929
(*G.O. No.* 2655, *P.H.*).

No. 24.—In pursuance of the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 14 of the Madras Town-Planning Act, 1920, the Local Government are hereby pleased to notify that under sub-section (3) of the said section they have sanctioned the 'Dadagapatti Town Extension Scheme', Salem. The scheme will be open to the inspection of the public during office hours at the municipal office, for a period of six months from 1st December 1929.

S. RANGANATHAN,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 7, 1930.

No. 25.—Under sub-section (1) of section 46 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of 120 sq. ft. in T.S. No. 1329 part specified in Notification No. 1084 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 9th July 1929, as required for Sanitary Lane No. 55 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 102, Valayapet village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district.

No. 26.—Under sub-section (1) of section 46 of Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of the lands noted below specified in Notification No. 992 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 25th June 1929, as required for Sanitary Lane No. 3 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality, in No. 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district:—

					Sq. ft.
T.S. No. 31 part	..	..	..	..	345
T.S. No. 33 part	..	..	..	..	405

No. 27.—Under section 46 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of the following lands specified in Notification No. 1952 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th November 1929, as required for the widening of the Kherai Keri Road:—

South Kanara district, Coondapoor taluk,
Coondapoor amsha village.

					Acre.
Garden.	S. No. 89-1 B	..	..	..	0·04
Do.	S. No. 89-4 B	..	..	..	0·01
Do.	S. No. 89-5 B	..	..	..	0·01
Do.	S. No. 89-6 B	..	..	..	0·01

No. 28.—Under sub-section 1 of section 48 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923, the Government hereby withdraw from the acquisition of 415 and 508 square feet in T.S. No. 2447 of Ward II specified in Notification No. 1251 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 6th August 1929, as required for Sanitary Lane No. 65 of Ward II, Kumbakonam Municipality, in 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district.

ERRATA.

In Notification No. 1167 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 23rd July 1929, in respect of the lands to be acquired for Sanitary Lane No. 48 of Ward I of Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

	sq. ft.
For—	
'T.S. No. 1189 part	833
'T.S. No. 1189-2, bounded on the east by T.S. No. 1116; south by T.S. No. 1188	10
'T.S. No. 1189-1 part	310
'T.S. No. 1190 part, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1197; south by T.S. No. 1189-1; west by T.S. No. 1191	730
'T.S. No. 1196 part, bounded on the west by T.S. No. 1201	18
'T.S. No. 1200 part, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1199	72'
Read—	
'T.S. No. 1189 part	736
'T.S. No. 1189-2 part, bounded on the east and south by T.S. No. 1189-2 part	13
'T.S. No. 1189-1 part	414
'T.S. No. 1191 part, bounded on the north by T.S. Nos. 1197, 1200, 1194 and 1195; south by T.S. Nos. 1189-1 and 1191, west by T.S Nos. 1194 and 1189-1	264
'T.S. No. 1191 part, bounded on the west by T.S. No. 1189-1	21
'T.S. No. 1200 part, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1200	87'

In Notification No. 56 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 8th January 1929, regarding the acquisition of lands for widening the road from Budalur to Tanjore in the Tanjore district—

No. 67, Chitrakudi village, Tanjore taluk.

Against S. Nos. 393-1 part and 393-1, *for* all the items relating to 5 cents and 6 cents', *read* 'Wet (double crop), S No. 393-1 part belonging to S. Kathayyan Sundai, bounded on the north by S No. 314-1, east by No. 393-1 part; south by No. 393-3 part; west by No. 391 H—11 cents'.

Against S No. 393-3, *for* 'S. No. 393-3, belonging to ninon Govindaswami, guardian Angamma and others', *read* 'S. No. 393-3 part, belonging to ninon Govindaswami, guardian Ayyamma1, Vela Sundai, M. Ramaswami Sundai and M. Dandayudapani Sundai'.

Against S. No. 315-1, *for* 'S. No. 315-1, belonging to Raja Muhammad and others', *read* 'S. No. 315-1 part, belonging to Raja Muhammad, Muhideen Bivi, Mastan Bivi and Ujeer Bivi'.

Against S No. 345-2, *for* 'S. No. 345-2, belonging to S. Sarangan and others', *read* 'S. No. 345-2 part, belonging to S, Sarangan, S. Muthuvaran and S. Angappan'.

In Notification No. 1036 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 2nd July 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 45 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district, against T.S. No. 1257—

For 'Meenakshisundaram Ammal, *wife of* Sabapathi Chettiyar—2,310 square feet', *read* 'Sivakamasundaram Pandaraswamidhi—2,688 square feet'.

In Notification No. 1435 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 3rd September 1929, in respect of the lands to be acquired for Sanitary Lane No. 37 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality, in No. 96 Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'Nattam, private, T.S. No. 1259 part—720 square feet', *read* 'Nattam, private, T.S. No. 1219 part—720 square feet'.

In Notification No 1251 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 6th August 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 65 in Ward II of the Kumbakonam Municipality—

For 'T.S. No. 2460 part, extent 985 sq. ft.', *read* 'T.S. No. 2460 part, extent 258 sq. ft.'.

For 'T.S. No. 2469 part, extent 117 sq. ft.', *read* 'T.S. No. 2469 part, extent 132 sq. ft.'.

For 'T.S. No. 2630 parts, belonging to Rajammal alias Parvada Vardhani, extent 96 sq. ft., 96 sq. ft. and 126 sq. ft.', *read* 'T.S No. 2630-3, belonging to Subrahmanya Ayyar, extent 276 sq. ft.'.

In Notification No. 1756 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 22nd October 1929, regarding the acquisition of land for the extension of village-site at Chintalagudem in the West Godavari district the following alterations should be made :—

For 'Rao Bahadur Pyda Venkata Chinapati Garu', *read* 'Rao Bahadur Pydah Venkata Chinapatigaru'.

For 'Pyda Inuganti Ramakrishnayya Garu', *read* 'Pydah Rama Krishnayya Garu'.

For 'Pyda Inuganti Sri Ramakrishnayya Garu', *read* 'Pydah Sri Rama Krishnayya Garu'.

In Notification No. 1938 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th September 1929, relating to the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 2 of Ward IV in the Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T.S. No. 47 part, belonging to Ramanujachari and Ramamurthachari, mortgagee the Mutual Benefit Fund, Kumbakonam', *read* 'T.S No. 47 part, belonging to Ramamurthachari'.

For 'T.S. No. 53 part, belonging to Manager Arumugaswami Mutt, Pamputhikoil', *read* 'T.S. No. 53 part, belonging to Arumugaswami Mutt, Pamputhikoil, manager Chillambaranatha'.

For 'T.S. No. 54-1 part & 2 part, belonging to Natesa Gurukkal', *read* 'T.S No. 54-1 part & 2 part, belonging to Sri Kasivisvanathaswami Koil, trustee and archakar Natesa Gurukkal'.

In Notification No. 1795 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 29th October 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands for opening a road to connect the new causeway with Andichetty Street, Salem, Salem taluk, Salem district :—

Delete 'Wet, T.S. No. 3223 A-2 belonging to T. Sankaran Chetty, Bhagya Chetty, S. Thiagamma Chettiyar and S. Tirumegadam Chettiyar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 3223 A-1; east by T.S No. 3223 B, south by T.S. No. 3224-1 & 2; west by T.S. No. 3225-2'—4,644 sq. ft.'

In the names of owners of T.S. No. 1848-2 *for* 'Sarangan', *read* 'Sirangan'.

In the names of the owners of T.S No. 1809-1 *for* 'Revenue District Account, Salem', *read* 'Ramaier, District Court, Salem'.

In Notification No. 1851 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 5th November 1929, regarding acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane Nos. 43 and 44 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district, against T.S. No. 1308 part—

For '2,600 sq. ft.', *read* '600 sq. ft.'

In Notification No. 400 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 12th March 1923, regarding the acquisition of lands for the formation of a road from Depur-Somasila—

Delete subdivision numbers or letters of the following survey numbers proposed to be acquired and *substitute* the word 'part'—

Ananthasagaram village.

818, 816, 817, 813, 416, 421, 422, 425, 442, 450, 454-2, 455, 460, 462, 463-1, 128-2, 127, 1028, 630-2, 629-6, 629-3, 629-2, 629-1, 634-7, 634-6, 634-5, 634-4, 634-3, 634-2, 634-1, 635-6, 636-6, 635-7, 636-6, 635-4 and 660

2. *Delete* subdivision numbers or letters wherever they appear under boundaries against the above survey numbers and *substitute* the word (part).

3. *Substitute* the following for those survey numbers already notified in the boundaries:—

Survey number	Boundary.	For	Read
127	East and south.	127-3 part	127 part.
127	West	102 and 127-1.	102 and 127 part.
629-1	South	630	630-2 part.
462	West	462-2; 463-1.	462 part; 463-1 part.
634-7	East	629	629-1 part.
634-5	West	634-6	634-3 part.
634-3	North	634-3 A	634-2 part.
634-2	East	634	634-1 part.
635-3	East	635-9	635-9
636-5	North	635-5 A	635-5 part.
660	East	633	633 part.

Padamatikambhampeud village.

4-1-3	South	4-1-3	4-1-3 part.
5-1	West	5-2	5-2 part.
6-3	East	6-1	6-1 part.
21-1	North	47-1 and 22	47-1 and 22 parts
21-1	West	26	20 part.
23-3	South	27	22 part.
18-1	North	47-1	47-1 part.
19-1	East	20	20 part.
19-1	West	19-4	19-4 part.
19-4	East	19-1	19-1 part.
19-4	West	19-6 and 47-1.	19-6 and 47-1 parts.
13-5	North	47-1	47-1 part.
19-6	East	19-4	19-6 part.
49-1-1	North	47-1	47-1 part.
49-1-1	South	49-1-2	49-1-2 part.
49-1-1	West	47-1	47-1 part.
49-1-2	North	69-1-1	49-1-1 part.
49-2-1	North	49-2-2	49-2-2 part.
54-1	East	54-3	54-3 part.
54-3	South	54-3	54-2 part.
54-1	West	61	61 part.
54-2	North	54-1	54-1 part.
54-2	East	54-3	54-3 part.
54-2	West	61	61 part.
54-3	East	54-4	54-4 part.
54-3	West	54-1-2	54-1 & 2 parts.
61	North	61	61 part.
62-1	East	61	61 part.
62-1	South	65	64 part.
62-1	West	62-2	62-2 part.
62-2	East	62-1	62-1 part.
62-2	South	64	64 part.
77-1	East	64 and 65	64 and 65 parts.
77-1	West	77-2	77-2 part.
77-1	East	77-1	77-1 part.
77-2	West	77-3	77-3 part
77-2	East	77-3	77-2 part.
10	East	68-2	68-1 part.
10	West	71 and 72	71 and 72 parts.
72	East	70	70 part,
72	South	73	71 part
166	West	165	165 part.
166	North	165	165 part.
166	East	158	166 part

IInd List.

4-1-1	North	4-1-1 part	4-1-3 part.
4-1-1	West	29	23-3 part.
6-1	North	4-1	4-1-3 part.
5-1	East	4-1	5-2-3 part.

Survey number	Boundary.	For	Read
6-3	North	4-1	4-1-3 part.
6-3	South	6	6-1 part.
6-3	West	4-1	4-1-3 part.
6-1	North	6	6-3 part.
6-1	West	4-1	4-1-3 part.
23 3	East	4-1	4-1-3 part.
23-3	West	23-4	23 part.
19-4	North	41-1	47 1 part.
49-1-1	North	49-1	49-1-1 part.
49-1-1	East	1a	19 6 part.
49-1-1	West	49-2	49-2-1 part.
49-2-2	North	49-2-1 A	49-2-1 part.
49-2-2	South	52	52-1 part.
52-2	North	49-2	49-2 1 part.
53-1	South	54	54-3 & 4 parts.
54-3	North	53 part	54-1 part.
54-4	North	53	53-1 part.
61	North	54	54-1 part.
61	East	54	54 7 part.
61	West	62	62-1 part and 61 part.
49-1-2	West	49-2	49-2-2 part.
64	North	62 and 64 part.	62-2, 62-1 and 56 parts.
64	West	77 and 64 parts.	77-1 and 64 parts.
77-2	South	74	74-2 part,
77-3	South	74	74-2 part.
77-3	West	74	74-2 part.
166	East	*Delete* 166.	

Ananthasagaram village.

4. In portion to be acquired *for* S. No. 633-5 B, *read* 635-5 part.

5. In the names of pattadars and enjoyers, the following corrections are made:—

Survey number.	Name of pattadar and enjoyer as already published.	Name of pattadar and enjoyer as corrected.
817	(P) Chalu China Penchala	Chalu China Penchala
816	(P & E) Katra Venkatayya.	Katha Venkatayya.
813	(Do) Zenku Narsu	Chalu Narsu.
422	(P) Penki Gnanderama.	Penki Gnanderama.
	(P) Kodumalla Pulamma.	Kodumalla Pulamma.
425	(P & E) Maramreddi Penchala,	Maramreddi Penchala,
	(Do.) Ennatagata Chintareddi.	Chintagunta Gnanareddi.
	(Do.) Kondla Venkata Subbaraya.	Kondur Venkata Subbaraya.
460	(P & E) Thanda Subbayyadu,	Thandayi Subbayyadu,
	(E) Challabandla Venkata Subbayya.	Challagandla Venkata Subbayya.
462	(P & E) Ejkanda Somayya,	Inukonda Somayya.
	(Do.) Nagula Venkata Subbaiahmayya	Nagulakunta Subbaiahmayya.
	(Do.) Muramsetti And Narsayya	Muramsetti Narsayya.
463-1	(P & E) Mukida Somayya,	Inukonda Somayya,
	(Do.) Nagula Venkata Subbaramayya.	Nagulakunta Subbaramayya,
425	(E) Ongole Mari Reddi Subbayya.	Ongole Mahidara Sahib.
	Delete Dungireddi Venkata Subbayya.	
463-1	(P & E) Samsetti Rajayya.	Somisetti Rangayya.
128-2	(Do.) Kalluri Nagireddi.	Kakan Nagireddi.
	(Do.) Rapur Subbayya	Rapur Pallayya.
	(Do.) Rapur Nagayya and Chennayya	Rapur Nagayya alias Channayya.
127	(P) Manchuria Lakshamamma.	Amanchanla Lakshamamma.
	(P) Suriyalli Subbarayudu	Sarrepalli Subbarayudu.
	(E) Syed Madayi Sahib	Syed Meidar Sahib.
	(E) Papireddi and Kandareddi.	Kapireddi Kandareddi.
629-3	(P) Pandiayya	Pandamuga.
	(P) Kanisetti Venkata Rayudu.	Kanisetti Venkatasarara.
	(P) Kuchetti Narsamma.	Kanisetti Narsamma.
	(P) Gidda Narsayya	Giddara Rayyya.
629-1	(P) Papa Chanchaiya	Papua Chenchaiya.
634-7	(P) And Chalu Nagayya.	Chalu Rayyya
634-6	(P & E) Butti Kandareddi.	Butti Kondareddi,
	(P) Penda	Penda
	Delete enjoyers Butti Kondareddi and Upireddi Gurrayya.	

Survey numbers.	Names of pattadar and anyavar as already published.	Names of pattadar and anyavar as corrected.
634-5 ..	(P) Rupireddi Kondareddi.	Rupireddi Kondareddi.
635-5 ..	(P) Nallamreddi Pollareddi.	Nallamreddi Pollareddi.
635-4 ..	(P & E) Papireddi Kondayya.	Rupireddi Kondayya.
	(P) Paparedd Kondayya..	Rupireddi Kondayya.
	(E) Papireddi Ramireddi.	Rupireddi Ramireddi and Kondareddi.
	Do. Kondareddi.	
	Delete anyavar Rupireddi Kandayya.	
640 ..	(P & E) Son of Pitchayya.	Son of Pouchaiyya.
	(P) Sedda Papireddi ..	Sedda Rupireddi
	(E) Siddamma Chenchanna	Siddamma Chenchaiyan
410 ..	(P & E) Thandiya Subbarayudu.	Thandiya Subbarayudu.
454 ..	Do	Do
455 ..	(P & E) Madiya Subbarayudu and Madiya China Raghavulu.	Thandaya Subbarayudu and China Raghavulu.
460 ..	(P & E) Manda Subbarayudu.	Thandaya Subbarayudu.
	(E) Manti Subbayya ..	Rimta Subbayya.
	(E) Venkata Narasayya ..	Vahata Narasayya.
	Padamatikambhampaud village	
6-1 ..	(P & E) Pathipati Venganna.	Pathapati Venganna.
23-3 .	(P & E) Devireddi and Venkireddi	Devireddi Venkireddi.
	(P) Devireddi and Pakka Reddi.	Devireddi Pakkireddi.
	(P & E) Punamreddi and Chengareddi	Punamreddi Chenna reddi
	(P) Yedaiah Venkireddi..	Yedaiah Venkireddi.
18-1 ..	(P & E) Uramadi Narasayya.	Uramadi Narasayya.
49-1-1 ..	(P & E) Amara Venkata Subbayya.	Amara Venkatanabhayya.
49-1 ..	(P & E) Cherukuri Pundiah	Cherukuri Pundiah.
54-2 ..	(P & E) Unakuloti Venkata subbayya	Kakuloti Venkatasubbayya
54-3 ..	(E) Peyyala Kanigadu	Peyyala Kanigadu.
61 ..	(E) Paramreddi Nallagadu	Paramreddi Mallagadu
61 ..	(P & E) Sivaparaja ..	Sivaparaja
	Add Kambhampati Aswathamma under pattadars.	
62-2 ..	(P & E) Kanagi ..	Kanaiki.
64 ..	(P) Velumbari Venkata Subbayya.	Velumbari Venkatasubbayya.
	(E) Pathandla , Ramanadham	Pakkandla Gurumadham
	(E) Tammalapudi Narasayya	Kambhampati Narasayya
77-1 ..	(P) Gopireddi Pitchamma	Gopireddi Pitchamma
	(P & E) Mannava Somayya.	Mannem Somayya.
77-2 ..	(P & E) Uramadi Narasayya	Uramadi Narayya
77-3 ..	(P & E) *Add* Nagulakunta Chinnayya	
	(P) *Add* Yeddala Venkamireddi.	

6. *Padamatikambhampaud*.—In the extent to be taken up for S. No. 23-3—

For '1·22 cents', *read* '0·2 cents'.

In S. No. 635-7 of Ananthasagaram village, eastern boundary—

For '736-5', *read* '635-5 part'.

In Notification No. 1335 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 22 southern half of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality, in No. 96. Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district, against T.S. No. 654 part:—

For "Samiandiran", *read* "Sami Ayya Nattar".

In Notification No. 1326 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 24th September 1929, regarding the acquisition of lands for sanitary lane No 12 of Ward IV, Kumbakonam Municipality, in No. 96. Patnam village of the Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T S. No. 316 part, eastern boundary T.S. No. 312', *read* 'T.S. No. 316 part, western boundary T.S. No. 313'.

In Notification No. 1348 of Part I A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1929, relating to the acquisition of land in No. 96. Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, required for sanitary lane No. 13-A of Ward II—

For 'T S. No. 827 2, Kalyanaraman Sarma, son of Jayarama Ayyar', *read* 'Kamakamal alias Annapurni Ammal, wife of Kalyanaraman Sarma'.

In Notification No. 1084 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 9th July 1929, relating to the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 65 of Ward III of the Kumbakonam Municipality in No. 103. Valaiyapet village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T S. No. 1497 part, inam, Muhalingam Pillai, 2,135 square feet', *read* 'T S No. 1497 part, Devasthanam chattram, thatched, wet, T.D No. 2085, Rayanimbalparam nhattram, trustee Muhalingam Pillai, 1,675 square feet'.

For 'T S No 1503 part, Perumal Nadar', *read* 'T S No. 1503 part, Sellappa Nadar'.

For 'T S No 1503 part, Ratna Vaidyar', *read* 'T.S. No. 1503 part, Ratna Vaidyar, mortgagee V Kunjammal'.

For 'T S No. 1530 part, 810 square feet', *read* 'T.S. No. 1530 part, 895 square feet'.

For 'T S No. 1633 part, 136 square feet', *read* 'T S No. 1633 part, 187 square feet'.

For 'T S No 1634 part, 226 square feet', *read* 'T.S. No. 1634 part, 343 square feet'.

In Notification No 1327 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1929, in respect of the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 22 (southern half) of Kumbakonam Municipality in No 96 Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T S No. 639 part, Natesa Padayachi, square feet 393', *read* 'Natesa Padayachi and Vadamalai Padayachi, square feet 114'.

For 'T S No 643 part, Natesa Padayachi, square feet 396', *read* 'Natesa Padayachi and Vadamalai Padayachi, square feet 147'.

For 'T S No 650 part, Natesa Padayachi, square feet 41', *read* 'Natesa Padayachi and Vadamalai Padayachi, square feet 42'.

For 'T.S No. 693, Natesa Padayachi', *read* 'Natesa Padayachi and Vadamalai Padayachi'.

For 'T S. No. 648 B-1 part, Sri Kasi Viswanathaswami trustee Sambantha Mudaliyar, square feet 348', *read* 'T.D. No 382, Sri Kasi Viswanathaswami Sayarakshai Kattalai hereditary trustee V. Sambantha Mudaliyar, trustees E. Kandasami Muppanar and P. T. V. Vellayan Chettiyar, square feet 615'.

For 'T.S No 615 B-1 part, Sri Kasi Viswanathaswami, trustee Sambantha Mudaliyar, square feet 348', *read* 'T.D. No 382, Sri Kasi Viswanathaswami Sayarakshai Kattalai hereditary trustee V. Swaminatha Mudaliyar, trustees E. Kandasami Muppanar and P. T. V. Vellayan Chettiyar, square feet 378'.

In Notification No. 727 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th May 1929, relating to the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 28 of Ward II of Kumbakonam Municipality in 96. Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T S No 622 part, Venkatesa Ayyar, Mutt Street, mortgagee Picha Ayyar, since, Sri Sankaracharya Mutt, Kumbakonam, Mahalinga Sastri, clerk, Postal Audit Office, Madras, occupier P P A R Setharama Chettiyar, Pudukottai, Ramnad district, square feet 1,560', *read* 'T S No. 622 part, V. Raghunatha Padayachi, lessee Venkatachalam Chettiyar, mortgagees Picha Ayyar and Mahalinga Sastrigal, occupier P. P. A. R Setharama Chettiyar, square feet 1,636'.

For 'T.S No 631 part, Venkatesa Ayyar Mutt Street, mortgagee Mahalinga Sastrigal, clerk, Postal Audit Office, Madras', *read* 'T.S No 631 part, V Raghunatha Padayachi, lessee Venkatachalam Chettiyar, mortgagees Picha Ayyar and Mahalinga Sastrigal, occupier P. A. A. R Setharama Chettiyar'.

For 'T.S No 645 part, T D. No 380, manager of Sri Adi Kumbeswaraswami Abishekakattlai, anyavar Raghunatha Padayachi, square feet 306', *read* 'T S No. 645 part, T.D. No. 380, Sri Adi Kumbeswaraswami Abishekakattlai, managing trustee M. K. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, anyavars Raghunatha Padayachi, Sami Nattar, Arulrathnavel, Sami Padayachi, Narayanaswami Padayachi and Soundarraja mudali, square feet 289',

For 'T.S. No. 634 part, T.D. 800, manager of Sri Adhi Kumbeswaraswami Abishekakattlai, square feet 60 extra land', *read* 'T.S. No. 554 part T.D. No. 340, Adi Kumbeswaraswami Abishekakattlai, managing trustee M. K. Vaidyanatha Ayyar, sujatai Dorasamai Padiyachi, mortgagee the Mutual Benefit Fund, Kumbakonam, square feet 24'.

In Notification No. 1030 of Part I-A of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 2nd July 1929, regarding the acquisition of lands for Sanitary Lane No. 12 of Ward III, Kumbakonam Municipality, in 96, Patnam village, Kumbakonam taluk, Tanjore district—

For 'T.S. No. 285 part, 7845 sq. ft.', *read* 'T.S. No. 285 part, 720 sq. ft.'

For 'T.S. No. 286 part, extent 742 sq. ft.', *read* 'T.S. No. 286 part, extent 765 sq. ft.'

ACQUISITION OF LANDS.

No. 29.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Corporation of Madras for a housing scheme, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Collector of Madras, his staff and workmen to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 (*c*) of the same Act the Government appoint the Collector of Madras to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Madras district, Madras taluk, Vepery village.

	Approximate extent, cw. qrs.
(Waste)	
Dry, R.S. No. 1736-3 part, belonging to A. Kanakaraya Mudaliyar, Venkatachala Mudaliyar and Selam Mudaliyar, bounded on the south by R.S. Nos. 1737 and 1736-2 part, east by R.S. No. 1736-3 part; south by R.S. No. 1738, west by R.S. No. 1736-2 part	1 11

No. 30.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 705 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening the Pillayarkoil street, Shevapet; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Salem taluk, Periya Eri village.

	sq. ft.
Wet, T.S. No. 1176-2, belonging to Viswanatha Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S. Nos. 1173 and 17 of division No. 6; east by division No. 6, south by T.S. No. 1217 A; west by T.S. No. 1174-1	370
Dry, T.S. No. 1d B 1, belonging to Vyapuri Chetti, Kallaswami Chetti, Chokkalinga Chetti and Doraiswami Chetti, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 1d A; east and south by T.S. No. 1d B-2; west by T.S. No. 17	335
Total ..	705

NOTE.—G. F. F. Foulkes, Esq., Zamindar of Salem—Melvaramdar

No. 31.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 852 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for opening a scavenging lane behind Achi Rukmaneem Chetti street; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Salem, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Salem district, Salem taluk, Salem village.

	sq. ft.
Dry, T.S. No. 388-2, belonging to Arumuga Asari, Periyannasi Asari, Sattakonaya Asari, Vadivel Asari and K. N. Narasimmier (mortgagee), bounded on the north by T.S. No. 402-2; east by T.S. Nos. 400 and 378-3; south by T.S. No. 396; west by T.S. No. 394-1	213
Poramboke, T.S. No. 402-2, belonging to Rajalayya, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 103-2 & 1, east by T.S. Nos. 404, 401 and 400; south by T.S. No. 388-2 & 1; west by T.S. No. 402-1	202
Poramboke, T.S. No. 403-2, belonging to Syed Habib Sahib, Syed Mastafa Sahib, Syed Razan Sahib and Syed Sulaiman Sahib, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 410-2, east by T.S. Nos. 405, 403 and 406; south by T.S. No. 403-2; west by T.S. No. 403-1	319
Dry, T.S. No. 407-1, belonging to Sathanna, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 402-1; east by T.S. No. 407-2, south by T.S. Nos. 406 and 403-2, west by T.S. No. 410-2	7½
Dry, T.S. No. 409-1, belonging to Kuppuswami Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 408; east by T.S. No. 409-2; south by T.S. No. 407-1; west by T.S. No. 410-2	30
Dry, T.S. No. 410-2, belonging to Muthumutha Asari, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 388, east by T.S. Nos. 409-2 and 407-1; south by T.S. No. 403-2; west by T.S. No. 410-1	127½
Total ..	852

NOTE.—G.F.F. Foulkes, Esq., Zamindar of Salem—Melvaramdar

No. 32.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary lane No. 43 of Ward II of Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoints the Special Deputy Collector for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, No. 96, Patnam village.

	Approximate extent.
	sq. ft.
Nattam, private, T.S. No. 866 *outre*, belonging to Paruppur Deummuthu Nadar Estate, Receivers Messrs. Fraser & Ross, Madras, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 864, east by T.S. No. 870; south by T.S. Nos. 866, 870 to 875; west by T.S. No. 875	4,518

No. 33.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 0·43 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for a pathway to the quarry in Dharmapuram village (shrotriyam), and, under sections 3 and 7, the Revenue Divisional Officer, Jammalamadugu, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the

Revenue Divisional Officer, Jammalamadugu, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Cuddapah district, Jammalamadugu taluk, Goriganur village.

	ACRE.
Unenfranchised barber service, inam, dry, S. No. 466-1, belonging to Pedda Timmaigadu, bounded on the north by No. 418, east by No 466-2; south by No. 458, west by No. 468	0·45

No. 34.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for providing house-sites for the villagers of Manor, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and, under section 3, appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Ellore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

West Godavari district, Ellore taluk, Kalakurru village.

	Approximate extent. ACR.
Government, wet, S. No. 2, belonging to Kanchana Nagabhushanam at Penangi, bounded on the north by S. No. 1, east by S. No 7, south by S. No. 3; west by S. Nos. 187, 185 and 186 of Manor ..	8·25

No. 35.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 0·07 of an acre, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for an approach road to the girder bridge across the Pashayar and, under sections 3 and 7 the Sub-Collector, Sermadevi, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. In view of the urgency of the case the Government further direct under sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Act that the possession of the said land may be taken on the expiry of fifteen days from the date of the publication of the notice mentioned in section 9 (1) of the Act. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Sermadevi, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tinnevelly district, Nanguneri taluk, Vadamalaisamudram village,

	ACRE.
Ryotwari, dry, No. 12-2, belonging to Kuttuvangalam Ulaganadarayar Chattiar, bounded on the north by No 12-1, east by No 1; south by No. 11; west by No. 13-1 B	0·17

No. 36.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act, the Government hereby declare that the land specified below and measuring 186 square feet, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for sanitary lane No 40-A of ward III, Kumbakonam municipality; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Special Deputy Collector, Kumbakonam, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, No. 86, Putnam village.

	SQ. FT.
Nattam, private, T.S. No 1152-1, belonging to Arunachala Nadar, bounded on the north by T.S. Nos. 1151-2 and 1151-2, east by T.S. No. 1152-1, south by T.S No. 1152-2; west by T.S No. 1152-2	76
Nattam, private, T.S No. 1150-1, belonging to Vaithammal Ammi, Pettai Eda street, bounded on the north by T.S. Nos 1149 and 1151-2; east by T.S. No. 1152-1; south by T.S No. 1150-2, west by T.S. No. 1148	110
Total ..	186

No. 37.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 1·54 acres, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the construction of office building for the Taluk Board, Karur; and, under sections 3 and 7, the Sub Collector, Karur, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Sub-Collector, Karur, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

Trichinopoly district, Karur taluk, Lakshmanarayanasamudram village.

	ACR.
Wet, T.S No 281 B, belonging to V. Muthuvenkatrama Ayyar, V. Sundaram Ayyar and V. Hariharn Ayyar, sons of Vaitheswara Ayyar leasee E. Arumugam Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S Nos. 281 A and 280-B, east by T.S No 283, south by T.S No 284; west by T.S. Nos. 280-A & 280-B and S.F. No 610	0·40
Wet, T.S. No 283, belonging to V. Muthuvenkatrama Ayyar, V. Sundaram Ayyar and V. Hariharn Ayyar, sons of Vaitheswara Ayyar, leasee E. Arumugam Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S No. 282, east by T.S. No. 286, south by T.S. No. 281 of Inam Karur; west by T.S. No. 284	0·13
Wet, T.S. No 284, belonging to V. Muthuvenkatrama Ayyar, V. Sundaram Ayyar and V. Hariharn Ayyar, sons of Vaitheswara Ayyar, leasee E. Arumugam Pillai, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 281-B, east by T.S Nos 283 and 281 of Inam Karur; south by T.S. No. 285; west by S.F. No. 610	1·01
Total ..	1·54

No. 38.—Under section 6 of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the Government hereby declare that the land mentioned below and measuring 2 cents, be the same a little more or less, is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for widening the Mangalore-Gurpur road at Gurpur; and, under sections 3 and 7 the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mangalore, is appointed to perform the functions of a Collector under the Act and directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land. A plan of the land is kept in the office of the Revenue Divisional Officer, Mangalore, and may be inspected at any time during office hours.

South Kanara district, Mangalore taluk, Mular village.

	CENTS.
Garden, S. No 25 B-6 A, belonging to Nonitas Francis Lobo, Gregory Peter Lobo, Rayamond Sebastian Lobo and Pascal Constantine Lobo, (minors), Rahasias Krishna Patrao Devanam Kantiki (Valuwargdars), Veerappa, Adultedar for minor Channa Basappa Sanyan (person interested), bounded on the north by S. Nos. 143 and 26 B-8 B; east by S. No. 25 B-8 B, south by S. No. 25 B-7; west by S. No. 142	2

No. 39.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for the Sanitary Lane No. 38 of Ward II of Kumbakonam Municipality, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Amendment Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Special Deputy Collector for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Special Deputy Collector for Land Acquisition, Kumbakonam, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Tanjore district, Kumbakonam taluk, No. 26, Patnam village.

	Rs. as
Nattam, private T.S No 2004 part, belonging to Nal Durnaswami Mudaliyar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 2005, east by T.S. No. 2004 part; south by T.S. No. 443 part; west by T.S. No. 2004	420
Nattam, private T.S No. 503 part, belonging to Nal Ramaswami Mudaliyar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 2004 part; east by T.S. No. 443 part; south by T.S No. 2002 part; west by T.S. Nos. 503 part and 2003	1,600
Government, dry, T.S No. 2002 part, belonging to Ponnuswami Mudaliyar, P. Thambuswami Mudaliyar, P. Annaswami Mudaliyar and Dhanam Ponan Mani, minors by guardian Ponnuswami Mudaliyar, bounded on the north by T.S. No. 503 part, east, south and west by T.S. No. 2002 part	1,010
Total .	3,030

No. 40.—Whereas it appears to the Government that the land specified below is needed for a public purpose, to wit, for village site extension, notice to that effect is hereby given to all whom it may concern in accordance with the provisions of section 4 (1) of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, as amended by the Land Acquisition Act XXXVIII of 1923. The Government hereby authorize the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, and his subordinates to exercise the powers conferred by section 4 (2) of the Act and under section 3 appoint the Revenue Divisional Officer, Coimbatore, to perform the functions of a Collector under section 5-A of the Act.

Coimbatore district, Avanasi taluk, Annur village.

	Approximate extent.
	acs.
Government, dry, S. No. 342-1, owner Palaniappa Mudali, mortgagee Ramaswami Chetti, bounded on the north by No. 340-1 & 2, east by No. 344-2; south by No. 341, west by No. 342-2 B ..	3·00
Government, dry, S. No. 342-2 B, owner same as for S. No. 342-1, bounded on the north by No. 343-1; east by No. 342-1; south by No. 241; west by No. 342-2 A	1·97
Government, dry, S. No 343-1, owners Kandaswami Asari and Singaram alias Chola Ayyar, mortgagee Palaniappa Mudali, bounded on the north by No. 322-1 A; east by No 343-2, south by No 342-1, 2-E & 2-A; west by No. 322-1 A	9·69
Total ..	8·66

GHULAM HUSAIN,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS BY THE REGISTRAR-GENERAL OF PANCHAYATS.

With the approval of the Local Government the Registrar General of Panchayats hereby appoints the undermentioned gentlemen to be honorary organizers of panchayats in the areas noted against their names for a period of two years from the date given below:—

(From 17th December 1929.)

M.R.Ry. Rev Garamanikam Avargal, Superintendent, Wesleyan Mission, Perambalur—Perambalur taluk, Trichinopoly district.

M.R.Ry. Ramaswami Thevar Avargal, President, Village Panchayat, Vadapatti—Sattur taluk, Ramnad district.

M.R.Ry. M. S. Karuppiah Nadar Avargal, Land-lord and President, 67th Ward Co-operative Society, Sivakasi—Sattur taluk, Ramnad district.

With the approval of the Local Government the Registrar-General of Panchayats hereby cancels the appointment of the undermentioned gentleman as an honorary organizer of panchayats in the Perambalur taluk of the Trichinopoly district:—

M.R.Ry. S. Gopala Ayyar Avargal, Retired Sub-Magistrate, Perambalur.

T. G RUTHERFORD,
Registrar General of Panchayats.

Fort St. George, 17th December 1929.

NOTIFICATIONS BY COLLECTOR AND LOCAL AUTHORITY.

In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) to section 60 of the Madras Local Boards Act (Madras Act XIV of 1920) and the powers delegated by the notification appended to G.O. No. 1279, L. & M., dated 15th March 1929, the Collector of Coimbatore hereby cancels with effect from the date of this notification, the notification issued with G.O. No. 4730, L. & M., dated 10th November 1928, so far as it relates to the eight roads mentioned below:—

(1) Forming road from Vadasithur on Kusathkadavu-Kattampatti road to Chettipalayam via Mailampatti, Karasheri, Thegani and Orattukuppai villages.

(2) Forming road from Palangarai to Nambiyur, via Thekkampalayam, Malayapalayam, Kappipalayam and Kidarai villages.

(3) Forming road from Malanur to Kavilpalayam Railway Station via Kondakaundanpalayampudur, Avalappampatti and Kanakampalayam villages in Pollachi taluk.

(4) Forming road from mile 9/1 of Udumalpet-Pollachi road to Negamam via Malayandipatnam, Silakampatti Pusaripatti, etc., villages.

(5) Forming road from Kuddadam sub-toll-gate on Palladam Dharapuram road to Avanashipalayam-Palladam road via Kokkampalayam, Ramakavundanpudur, Thottipalayam and Velayuthampalayam villages.

(6) Improving the cart road in Sivanmalai village.

(7) Improving the kutcri from Thippampatti Railway Station to Selliappampalayam.

(8) Forming road from Sulur to old Palghat road via Appanayakanpatti.

The above roads will revest in the District Board, Coimbatore, with effect from the date of publication of the notification in the *Coimbatore District Gazette*, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 3 (iii) of G.O. No. 1491, Revenue, dated 26th July 1929.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
17th December 1929.

In exercise of the powers delegated to Collectors in G.O. No. 1279, L. & M., dated 15th March 1929, the Collector of Coimbatore is hereby pleased under sub-section (3) of section 60 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, to cancel the notification issued with G.O. No. 4790, L. & M., dated 10th November 1926, so far as it relates to the fifteen roads mentioned below :—

(1) Road from Nasinur to Thingalore, via Malapalayalam, Pethampalayam and Nallampatti.
(2) Road from Sengalipalayam to Elamathur.
(3) Road from Ponmudi to Seenapuram.
(4) Road from Unjalur to Sivagiri via Kollenkail.
(5) Road from Sivagiri to Nathakadaiyur via Malapalayam and Kuttapalayam (in Dharapuram taluk).
(6) Road from Kunnathur to Pallagoundanpalayam.
(7) Road from Pasur Railway station to Palanigoundanpalayam.
(8) Road from Vijiamangalam railway station to Rangathakoil.
(9) Road from Kolanalli railway station to Erode-Muthur road via Palamangalam and Kegam.
(10) Road from Ellapalayam to Erode-Satyamangalam road.
(11) Road from Chittode to Perode.
(12) Road from Vijiamangalam Railway station to Uthukuli-Chennimalai road.
(13) Road from Chavadipalayam to Modakurichi.
(14) Road from Erode-Vellore road to Erode-Perundurai road via Kasipalayam.
(15) Road from Kanagapuram to Lakkapuram ferry via Modavandi-Satyamangalam.

The above roads will re-vest in the Taluk Board, Erode, with effect from the date of publication of the notification in the *Coimbatore District Gazette*, subject to the conditions specified in paragraph 3 (iii) of G.O. No. 1491, Revenue, dated 26th July 1929.

E. F. THOMAS,
Collector.

Coimbatore Collector's Office,
18th December 1929.

Under section 28 (1) of the Madras Hindu Religious Endowments Act, 1926, and under rule III (1) of the rules for the election of presidents and vice presidents of temple committees, M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur P. S. Rajappa Ayargal has been declared to have been duly elected as President of the Tanjore Circle Temple Committee at the meeting of the Committee held on 18th December 1929.

T. C. GURUSWAMI AYYAR,
Presiding Member, Tanjore Circle Temple Committee

Tanjore, 20th December 1929.

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Part I-B.—Educational.

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Supplement.

Government Technical Examinations, December 1929—Candidates passed.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

LEAVE.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 1.—Mr. R. G. Grieve, Officiating Director of Public Instruction, leave on average pay out of India for seven months and twenty-four days from or after the 26th January 1930.

(This cancels Notification No. 393, dated 21st November 1929, published on page 825 of Part I-B of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 26th November 1929)

A. D. CROMBIE,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 3, 1930.

No. 2.—Mr. H. O. Kershaw, Inspector of European Schools, Madras, leave on average pay for eight months and on half average pay for one year and eight months in continuation thereof from or after 15th February 1930.

A. F. W. DIXON,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

APPOINTMENTS.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 3.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, the Government are pleased to appoint the undermentioned persons to be members of the District Educational Councils noted against their names:—

Mrs. F. E. Tremenhere—Tinnevelly.
Mrs. J. S. Justin—South Arcot.

B 1

NOTIFICATIONS.

Fort St. George, December 20, 1929.

No. 4.—Under section 5 of the Madras Elementary Education Act, 1920, the undermentioned person has been elected to be a member of the District Educational Council noted against his name by the electorate specified therein.—

M. R. Ry. S. Muthuswami Mudaliyar Avargal—Madura (by the Taluk Board, Palni).

A. D. CROMBIE,
Deputy Secretary to Government.

Fort St. George, January 1, 1930.

No. 5.—Authors, publishers and others who may desire to present works to the British Museum are informed that the Registrar of Books, Madras, will arrange to forward presentation copies to the Trustees of the British Museum. Cases or parcels of books intended for despatch should be addressed to the Trustees of the British Museum, care of the Registrar of Books, Madras, accompanied by a letter stating the contents and requesting the Registrar to forward the cases or parcels.

J. VENKATANARAYANA,
Secretary to Government.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE.

Mr. E. J. Jacques, officiating District Educational Officer, West Godavari, is granted leave on average pay for ten days in continuation of the Christmas holidays.

POSTINGS.

Janab Muhammad Abdul Ali Sahib Bahadur, officiating Headmaster, Government Secondary and Training School, Dindigal, to the Madras Educational Service (Junior scale), to officiate as Headmaster, Government Secondary and Training School, Guntur, in the Madras Educational Service (Junior scale). To hand over charge in the Senior Assistant on or before 26th December 1929.

M.R.Ry. T. Hanumantha Rao Pantula Garu, officiating Headmaster, Government Secondary and Training School, Guntur, in the Madras Educational Service (Junior scale), to officiate as Headmaster, Model School, Government Training College, Rajahmundry, in the Madras Educational Service (Junior scale). To hand over charge on or before 3rd January 1930 and to join the new post on 6th January 1930.

R. G. GRIEVE,
Officiating Director of Public Instruction.

Madras, 30th December 1929.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ELECTION OF TWENTY MEMBERS TO THE SENATE BY THE ACADEMIC COUNCIL FROM AMONG ITS OWN BODY, UNDER SECTION 14 (a), CLASS III (2) OF THE MADRAS UNIVERSITY ACT (VII OF 1923), AS AMENDED BY THE AMENDMENT ACT (XII OF 1929).

Under rule 3 of the schedule to the Madras University Amendment Act and under Law 2 of Chapter VI of the Laws of the University, it is hereby notified, by direction of the Vice-Chancellor, that an election by the Academic Council will be held for the purpose of electing twenty members to the Senate from among its own body, of whom not less than ten shall be teachers of the affiliated colleges.

The programme for the election is as follows:—

Notification calling for nomination—Tuesday, the 7th January 1930.

Last day for receipt of nominations—Friday, the 17th January 1930.

Despatch of voting papers if necessary (i.e., if the nominations exceed the number of vacancies)—Monday, the 20th January 1930.

Last day for receipt of voting papers (Election day)—Thursday, the 6th February 1930.

Scrutiny and counting of votes—Friday, the 7th February 1930.

Nomination papers should reach the Registrar, University of Madras, not later than 4 p.m. on Friday, the 17th January 1930.

Each elector (member of the Academic Council) shall be at liberty to nominate a qualified person to fill each of the above twenty seats. Every nomination shall be made by an elector in writing, and shall be seconded in writing by another elector. Every such nomination shall be accompanied by the consent in writing of the nominee agreeing to serve on the Senate, if elected. (There is no prescribed form of nomination for this purpose).

Not less than ten members to be elected shall be Teachers from the affiliated colleges of the University.

Senate House, Madras,
7th January 1930.

CONSTITUTION OF UNIVERSITY AUTHORITIES.

Academic Council.

It is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Academic Council by the constituencies undermentioned, under section 23 (a), Class II (1), (3) and (4) of the Madras University Act of 1923 as amended by Act XII of 1929:—

(1) By the Principals of affiliated second-grade colleges—Section 23 (a), Class II (1) of the Act.

1. M.R.Ry. G. K. Chettur Avargal, M.A.
2. M.R.Ry. T. M. Kola Nedungadi Avargal, M.A., L.T.
3. M.R.Ry. A. V. Krishnakrishna Menon Avargal, M.A., B.L., L.T.
4. M.R.Ry. N. Tyagaraja Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.
5. G. H. Marsden, Esq., M.A.
6. The Rev. H. P. Young, M.A., B.LITT.

(2) By the teachers of the Honours Colleges and the Madras Medical College—Section 23 (a), Class II (2) of the Act.

LOYOLA COLLEGE, MADRAS.

7. The Rev. L. Vion, S.J., LIC-ES-SC. (Paris).
8. M.R.Ry. N. Sunderam Ayyar Avargal, M.A.
9. M.R.Ry. T. S. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, M.A.

MADRAS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

10. The Rev. Gordon Matthews, M.A., B.LITT.
11. M.R.Ry. C. Lakshminarayana Avargal, M.A.
12. M.R.Ry. S. Subbarama Ayyar Avargal, M.A., BA.W.

PACHAIYAPPA'S COLLEGE, MADRAS.

13. M.R.Ry. T. R. Seeha Ayyangar Avargal, M.A.
14. M.R.Ry. V. Thiruvenkataswami Avargal, M.A.
15. M.R.Ry. E. S. Anantanarayana Ayyar Avargal, M.A.

PRESIDENCY COLLEGE, MADRAS.

16. Mahamahopodhyaya S. Kuppuswami Sastri Avargal, M.A.
17. M.R.Ry. L. Narayana Menon Avargal, M.A., B.LITT.
18. M.R.Ry. V. Rangachariya Avargal, M.A., L.T.

NIZAM COLLEGE, HYDERABAD.

19. M.R.Ry. B. Venkataramu Sonnyajulu Garu.
20. Mr. Aga Mahammad Hussain, M.A.
21. M.R.Ry. R. Krishnamurti Avargal, M.A.

BISHOP HEBER COLLEGE, TRICHINOPOLY.

22. M.R.Ry. S. Samuel Avargal, M.A., L.T.
23. M.R.Ry. V. Swaminatha Ayyar Avargal, M.A., M.SC.
24. M.R.Ry. A. D. Anantanarayana Ayyar Avargal, M.A.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, TRICHINOPOLY.

25. The Rev. P. Carty, S.J., M.SC., M.D.
26. M.R.Ry. P. E. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, M.A.
27. M.R.Ry. M. S. Sundaram Avargal, M.A.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE OF ARTS, TRIVANDRUM.

28. M.R.Ry. A. Gopala Menon Avargal, M.A., B.COM.
29. M.R.Ry. S. Sivarama Pillai Avargal, M.A.
30. M.R.Ry. N. Nilakanta Pillai Avargal, M.A.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE OF SCIENCE, TRIVANDRUM

31. M.R.Ry. K. R. Krishna Ayyar Avargal, M.A.
32. M.R.Ry. K. S. Padmanabha Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T., B.SC.
33. M.R.Ry. G. Gopalakrishna Ayyar Avargal, M.A.

MEDICAL COLLEGE, MADRAS.

34. Lieut.-Col. E. W. C. Bradfield, C.I.E., D.S.O., M.C., I.M.S.
35. M.R.Ry. Rao Bahadur A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliyar Avargal, B.A., M.D.
36. M.R.Ry T. Bhaskara Menon Avargal, M.D., M.R.C.S.

(3) By the Teachers of the first-grade and Professional Colleges other than the Honours Colleges and the Madras Medical College—Section 23 (3)—Class II (4) of the Act.

GOVERNMENT MUHAMMADAN COLLEGE, MADRAS.

37. Afzal-ul-ulama Muhammad Abdul Haq Sahib Bahadur, M.A.
38. Moulvi Muhammad Sahib Bahadur, M.A., LL.B.

QUEEN MARY'S COLLEGE, MADRAS.

39. Miss Teresa Joseph, M.A., B.SC.
40. M.R.Ry. K. C. Viraraghava Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.

WOMEN'S CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, MADRAS.

41. Miss Edith M. Coen, M.A.
42. Miss S. Sesuvirayan, M.A.

UNION CHRISTIAN COLLEGE, ALWAYE.

43. M.R.Ry. C. P. Matthew Avargal, M.A.
44. M.R.Ry. T. S. Venkataraman Avargal, M.A.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, BANGALORE.

45. E. A. Smith, Esq., B.A., L.T.
46. M.R.Ry. S. R. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.

ST. BERCHMAN'S COLLEGE, CHENGANACHERRY.

47. The Rev. Abraham Vadakel, B.A. PH.D., D.D.
48. M.R.Ry. K. Sankara Pillai Avargal, B.A.

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE, ERNAKULAM.

49. M.R.Ry. G. E. Narayana Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.
50. M.R.Ry. K. Narayana Menon Avargal, B.A.

ST. TERESA'S COLLEGE, ERNAKULAM.

51. Sister Antoinette (C. Soter), M.A., L.T.
52. Miss R. Xavier, M.A.

GOVERNMENT COLLEGE, KUMBAKONAM.

53. M.R.Ry. P. A. Narayana Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.
54. M.R.Ry. P. R. Krishnaswami Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., L.T.

AMERICAN COLLEGE, MADURA.

55. M.R.Ry. N. Ramaswami Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T.
56. M.R.Ry. A. Ranjitam Avargal, M.A., L.T.

MADURA COLLEGE, MADURA.

57. M.R.Ry. S. Narayana Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T.
58. M.R.Ry. N. Swaminatha Ayyar Avargal, M.A.

ST AGNES' COLLEGE, MANGALORE.

59. Sister Mary Agnes, A.C., B.A.
60. Sister M. Theodosia, A.C., B.A.

ST. ALOYSIUS' COLLEGE, MANGALORE.

61. The Rev. D. Ferroli, S.J., D.SC., D.D.
62. M.R.Ry. C. J. Varkey Avargal, M.A.

FINDLAY COLLEGE, MANNARGUDI.

63. The Rev. N. G. Pondayya, B.A., L.T.
64. The Rev. H. E. Monkton, B.A.

ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE, PALAMCOTTAH

65. The Rev. S. Modiappar, S.J., M.A.
66. M.R.Ry. P. L. Stephen Avargal, M.A.

GOVERNMENT VICTORIA COLLEGE, PALGHAT.

67. M.R.Ry. P. Varghis Alexander Avargal, M.A., L.T.
68. M.R.Ry. R. Tirumurti Rao Avargal, B.A., L.T.

HINDU COLLEGE, TINNEVELLY.

69. M.R.Ry. T. V. Nilakantan Pillai Avargal, B.A., B.L.
70. M.R.Ry. Alexander S. Gnanamuttu Avargal, M.A.

NATIONAL COLLEGE, TRICHINOPOLY.

71. M.R.Ry. A. Kama Ayyar Avargal, M.A.
72. M.R.Ry. S. Totadri Avargal, M.A.

ST. THOMAS' COLLEGE, TRICHUR.

73. M.R.Ry. Joseph Pettah Avargal, M.A.
74. M.R.Ry. R. Narayanaswami Avargal, B.A. (Hons.).

MAHARAJA'S COLLEGE FOR WOMEN, TRIVANDRUM.

75. M.R.Ry. R. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, M.A., PH.D.
76. Miss Eunice Gomes, M.A.

LAW COLLEGE, MADRAS.

77. M.R.Ry S. Govindarajulu Garu, B.A., B.L., LL.B., Bar.-at-Law.
78. M.R.Ry V. M. Ramaswami Mudaliyar Avargal, M.A., B.L.

LAW COLLEGE, TRIVANDRUM.

79. M.R.Ry. M. K. Govinda Pillai Avargal, B.A., B.L.
80. M.R.Ry. P. P. John Avargal, B.A., B.L.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING, GUINDY.

81. P. A. Midha, Esq., M.SC., M.I.STRUC.E.
82. M.R.Ry. K. B. Krisana Rau Avargal, B.A., B.E.

LADY WILLINGDON TRAINING COLLEGE, MADRAS.

83. Miss L. Phillips, M.A., L.T.
84. Sister R. S. Subbalakshmi Ammal, B.A., L.T.

ST. CHRISTOPHER'S TRAINING COLLEGE, MADRAS.

85. Miss V. K. Black, B.SC.
86. Miss C. Espe, M.A., L.T.

TEACHERS' COLLEGE, SAIDAPET.

87. M.R.Ry. P. K. Anantarayana Ayyar Avargal, M.A., L.T.
88. M.R.Ry. T. V. Appasundara Mudaliyar Avargal, M.A., L.T., B.ED.

TRAINING COLLEGE, TRIVANDRUM.

89. M.R.Ry. N. Kuppuswami Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., L.T.
90. M.R.Ry. P. G. Sadasivam Avargal, M.A., L.T.

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, COIMBATORE.

91. M.R.Ry. T. V. Rajagopalachari Avargal, DIP. AG.
92. M.R.Ry. T. V. Ramakrishna Ayyar Avargal, B.A., PH.D., F.Z.S.

(4) By the Headmasters of High Schools.

93. Rev. J. M. Arulnather S.J., Headmaster, St. Joseph's College School, Trichinopoly.
94. M.R.Ry. P. A. Subrahmanya Ayyar Avargal, B.A., L.T., Headmaster, Hindu High School, Triplicane, Madras.
95. M.R.Ry. S. K. Duvvugamoor Avargal, B.A., L.T., Headmaster, Bishop Heber College School, Trichinopoly.

Senate House, Madras,
3rd January 1930.

CONSTITUTION OF UNIVERSITY AUTHORITIES.

Senate.

Under Law 6 of Chapter VI of the Laws of the University, it is hereby notified that the following persons have been elected members of the Senate by the members of the municipalities in the district mentioned against each :—

(1) M.R.Ry. James Theogaraja Pillai Avargal, B.A., B.L., Municipal Councillor, Tinnevelly—Tinnevelly.

(2) M.R.Ry. R. P. Nathaniel Avargal, Municipal Councillor, Vellore—North Arcot.

The above members will hold office till the 31st March 1930.

(By order)

W. McLEAN,
Registrar.

Senate House, Madras,
6th January 1930.

ANDHRA UNIVERSITY.

NOTIFICATION (E-32).

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES APPEARING FOR THE EXAMINATIONS TO BE HELD IN 1930.

Candidates for University Examinations are required to observe the following instructions very carefully :—

1. Silence should be maintained in the examination room.

2. Candidates should take their places in the examination hall at least five minutes before the time fixed for distributing the papers. Candidates presenting themselves more than half an hour after the appointed time will not be admitted to the examination hall. Candidates who are undoubtedly suffering from infectious diseases of any kind will not be admitted.

Candidates should bring with them to the examination hall each day of the examination their hall tickets for inspection by the Chief Superintendent.

3. Candidates are prohibited from writing upon their hall tickets or question papers. Candidates are also prohibited from writing their names on any part of their answer books, but their register numbers should be written very distinctly on the outer cover of each answer book. Failure to write their register numbers may involve the rejection of answer papers.

4. Candidates are not allowed to exceed the time assigned to a paper.

5. No candidate will be allowed to leave the examination room till the expiry of at least half an hour after a question paper has been given out, and no candidate who leaves the room during the period allotted for a paper will be allowed to return within that period.

6. *Candidates are forbidden to ask questions of any kind during the examination. They are further forbidden to communicate with the examiners; should they do so their answers will not be valued and their conduct will be reported to the Syndicate for disciplinary action.*

7. Candidates are not allowed the use of books of any kind (except as provided in rule 8). They are also prohibited from introducing into the examination room any book or portion of a book, slate, blotting pad, card board, manuscript, or paper of any description and from making use of any of these whether introduced into the room by themselves or by any one else, from communicating with or copying from each other, and from communicating with any person outside the examination room. Any candidate detected in the violation of these rules, will be summarily sent out of the room forthwith, and his conduct will be reported to the Registrar. Each candidate stands the risk of having all his answer papers for the examination for which he has appeared, rejected by the Syndicate and of being debarred from sitting for the University examinations for such period as the Syndicate may decide. The use of stencils at University examinations is not permitted except to students answering papers in Mathematics. The use of mathematical instruments whilst answering papers in Mathematics and in the Physical Sciences will be allowed. Such instruments will not be supplied by the University.

8. Clarke's Mathematical and Physical Tables will be supplied to candidates in Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry and Geography of the Intermediate and Branches I and II of the B.A. Degree examinations.

9. Candidates for the B.A. Degree Examination should, if required, submit their laboratory note-books to the Examiners concerned on the first day of the practical examination in Physics and Chemistry under group (ii-A) and Physics under group (ii-B). Candidates under group (ii-B) must submit their laboratory note-books in Chemistry to the examiners at the Practical examination. Each of the candidates taking Botany as the main subject under group (iii) must submit at the Practical examination his laboratory note-book and a collection of the named plants collected and preserved by himself. The candidates should get back the laboratory note-books at the close of the examination. This instruction applies only to candidates appearing from Colleges.

10. Candidates are required to provide themselves with their own pens. Candidates may bring into the examination hall their own ink bottles. They must, however, use only black ink while answering their question papers.

11. Particular attention is requested to the instructions, regarding rough working and loose sheets of paper printed on the answer books. All rough working must be shown on the left hand page of the answer books themselves. No separate books for rough working will be supplied to candidates. Paper must not be detached from the answer books of candidates. If the ordinary answer books are found insufficient, additional books will be allowed and these should be securely fastened to the answer books.

12. When candidates have finished writing their answers, and wish to give up their answer books, or at the end of the period prescribed for each particular part of the examination, each should stand up in his place and remain standing until one of the superintendents has come up to him and has received his answer book from him.

13. Candidates sitting for the examinations at the different centres should apply to the Chief Superintendent of the respective centre for their hall tickets.

14. *No College student will be allowed to select a centre for his examination other than that in which the College he studies, is situated, except for satisfactory reasons and on the recommendation of the Principal of his College.*

15. *Candidates appearing at centres where they are not known must be prepared to satisfy the Chief Superintendents of such centres as to their identity.*

TIME-TABLES.

MATRICULATION EXAMINATION, MARCH 1930.

Days and hours 1930	Subjects.
Monday, 24th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	English—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	English—Second paper.
Tuesday, 25th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Arithmetic and Algebra.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Geometry.
Wednesday 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Second Language.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	History.
Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Elementary Science.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Geography.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE, MARCH-APRIL 1930.

(New Regulations.)

PART I—ENGLISH.

Days and hours. 1930.	Subjects.
Monday, 24th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Poetry
2 p.m. to 6 p.m. ..	Prose.
Tuesday, 25th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Composition.

PART II.—A SECOND LANGUAGE.

Wednesday, 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Prescribed text-books and applied grammar.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Translation for classical languages or Composition and Translation for modern languages.

PART III—OPTIONAL GROUPS.

Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Mathematics—First paper. History—First paper Indian History—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Mathematics—Second paper History—Second paper. Indian History—Second paper.
Friday, 28th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Physics—First paper. Ancient History I—History of Greece. Commercial Geography—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Physics—Second paper Ancient History II—History of Rome Commercial Geography—Second paper.
Saturday, 29th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Chemistry—First paper. Modern History—First paper. Accountancy—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Chemistry—Second paper Modern History—Second paper. Accountancy—Second paper.
Tuesday, 1st April—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Zoology—First paper. Logic—First paper. Botany—First paper Agriculture—Written.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Zoology—Second paper. Logic—Second paper. Geology—Second paper.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Agriculture—Practical
Wednesday, 2nd April—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Text-books, etc., for classical languages (advanced). Modern languages (advanced)—First paper. Modern languages (third language)—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Translation for classical languages (advanced). Modern languages (advanced)—Second paper Modern languages (third language)—Second paper.

INTERMEDIATE EXAMINATION IN ARTS AND SCIENCE, MARCH-APRIL 1930.

(Old Regulations.)

PART I-A—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Monday, 24th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Poetry.
2 p.m. to 6 p.m. ..	Prose
Tuesday, 25th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Subjects for Composition.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Composition.

PART I-B—COMPOSITION IN A MODERN INDIAN LANGUAGE OR TRANSLATION FROM A CLASSICAL OR FOREIGN LANGUAGE.

Wednesday, 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Composition or Translation.

PART II—OPTIONAL GROUPS.

Group (i).

Days and hours. 1930.	Subjects.
Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Mathematics—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Mathematics—Second paper.
Friday, 28th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Physics—First paper
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Physics—Second paper
Saturday, 29th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Chemistry—First paper
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Chemistry—Second paper.

Group (ii).

Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Natural Science—Botany.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Natural Science—Zoology.
Friday, 28th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Physics—First paper
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Physics—Second paper
Saturday, 29th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Chemistry—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Chemistry—Second paper

Group (iii).

Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Indian History—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Indian History—Second paper.
Friday, 28th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Ancient History I—History of Greece.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Ancient History II—History of Rome.
Saturday, 29th March—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Modern History—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Modern History—Second paper
Tuesday, 1st April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Logic—First paper
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Logic—Second paper.
Wednesday, 2nd April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Classical Language—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Classical Language—Second paper.
Thursday, 3rd April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Classical or other Language—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Classical or other Language—Second paper.

B.A. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 1930

PART I—ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE.

Monday, 7th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Composition.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Nineteenth Century Prose.
Tuesday, 8th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Shakespeare.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m. ..	Seventeenth and eighteenth Century Prose
Wednesday, 9th April—	
10 a.m. to 12-30 p.m. ..	Modern Poetry.

PART II—OPTIONAL GROUPS.

(i) *Mathematics.*

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Algebra and Trigonometry
2 p.m. to 5 p.m. ..	Astronomy.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Pure and Analytical Geometry,
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Dynamics.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Calculus.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Hydrostatics and properties of matter.

*(ii-A) Physical Science.

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Mathematics or Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Heat and Sound.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Dynamics.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m. ..	Light and Electricity
2 p.m. to 4 p.m. ..	Hydrostatics and Properties of Matter.

* The dates of Practical Examinations will be published later.

* (ii-b) *Physical Science.*

Days and hours, 1939.	Subjects.
Monday, 14th April—	
10a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. General Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Physics.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Inorganic Chemistry.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Chemistry of Carbon Compounds.

* (iii) *Natural Science.*

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Main Subject (Written) I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Main Subject (Written) II.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Subsidiary Subject (Written) I.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Subsidiary Subject (Written) II.

(iv) *Psychology, Ethics and Logic or a Language.*

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Logic and Theory of Knowledge or a Language.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Special subject.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Psychology I.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Psychology II.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Ethics I.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Ethics II.

(v) *History and Economics (History Main).*

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Political Science.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Indian History—Special Period.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Constitutional History of India —British Period.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Outlines of European History.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Economics—General.

(vi) *History and Economics (Economics Main).*

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Modern History.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Sociology.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Economics Special—Banking and Currency.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Economics Special—Rural Economics.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 2 p.m.	.. Economics—General.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Economics Special—Public Finance.

(vii) *Languages including English.*

(1) Sanskrit and Early Indian History.

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Books of Early Period.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Books of the Later Period I.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Books of the Later Period II.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Grammar.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Sanskrit Literature.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Early Indian History.

(4) Telugu and Related Subject or Sanskrit.

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Set Books and History of Literature I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Set Books and History of Literature II.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Language and Grammar.
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Comparative Grammar—Dravidian.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Composition.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Related subject or Sanskrit.

* The dates of Practical Examinations will be published later.

(5) English.

Days and hours. 1939	Subjects
Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Drama.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Poetry
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prose.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. History of English Literature and Analysis of Literary forms.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of English language and either (a) Primer of Anglo-Saxon or (b) Set Book from Chaucer
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. General Essay.

B.Ed. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL 1939.

Monday, 14th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Theory and Practice of Education, A.S.C. I
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Theory and Practice of Education, A.S.C. II.
Tuesday, 15th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Theory and Practice of Education, D (1) III
2 p.m. to 4 p.m.	.. Theory and Practice of Education, D (2) IV.
Wednesday, 16th April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. English (Special).

ORIENTAL TITLES EXAMINATIONS, MARCH-APRIL 1939.

VIDYA PRAVEENA.

(*Vedanta-Advaita, Nyaya, Vyakarana and Sahitya*).

Preliminary.

Monday, 24th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed General I, Text-books.
Tuesday, 25th March—	
10 a.m. to 2 p.m.	.. Prescribed General II, Text-books.
Wednesday, 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special I.†
Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special II.

(*Vedanta-Advaita, Nyaya, Vyakarana and Sahitya*).

Final.

Friday, 28th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Sanskrit Language and Literature.
Saturday, 29th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special I.
Tuesday, 1st April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special II.

(*Vedanta-Advaita only*).

Wednesday, 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special III.

(*Nyaya, Vyakarana and Sahitya*).

Wednesday, 2nd April—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books, Special III.

UBHAYABHASHA PRAVEENA.

For Parts A and C see Regulations 7, Chapter XXXVI.

Preliminary.

Monday, 24th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Vernacular Text-books.
Tuesday, 25th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Vernacular Text-books and Composition.
Wednesday, 26th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Sanskrit Text-books I.
Thursday, 27th March—	
10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Sanskrit Text-books II.

† This paper for Vedanta-Advaita Preliminary examination is common with the paper on Prescribed Text-books, Special III of Vedanta-Advaita Final examination. The candidates for the Final examination should take the paper along with the Preliminary examination.

Final.

Days and hours. 1930.	Subjects.
Friday, 28th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Sanskrit Language and Literature.
Saturday, 29th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Sanskrit Text-books.
Tuesday, 1st April— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Vernacular Text-books I
Wednesday, 2nd April— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Vernacular Text-books II.

For Part B in Regulation 7 of Chapter XXXVI.

Entrance Test.

Wednesday, 26th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. * Prescribed Sanskrit Text-books and Applied Grammar.
Wednesday, 2nd April— 10 a.m. to 12 30 p.m.	.. † Main Language—First paper.
2 p.m. to 4-30 p.m.	† Main Language—Second paper.

Preliminary.

Monday, 24th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books I
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	Prescribed Text-books II
Tuesday, 25th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Composition.
Wednesday, 26th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Sanskrit Text-books and Translation.

Final.

Friday, 28th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Prescribed Text-books I.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Do. II.
Saturday, 29th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Language and Literature,
Tuesday, 1st April— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Sanskrit Text-books.

MUNSHI-I-KAMIL.

Preliminary.

Monday, 24th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Persian Text-books.
2 p.m. to 6 p.m.	.. Urdu Text-books.
Tuesday, 25th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Translation from Persian into Urdu.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Translation from Urdu into Persian,
Wednesday, 26th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Composition in Persian.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Arabic Text-books.

Final.

Friday, 28th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Persian Text-books
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Urdu Text-books.
Saturday, 29th March— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Translation from Persian into Urdu.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Translation from Urdu into Persian.
Tuesday, 1st April— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. History of Persian Language and Literature.
2 p.m. to 5 p.m.	.. Arabic Text-books.
Wednesday, 2nd April— 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.	.. Composition in Persian

(By order)

O. D. S. CHETTI,
Registrar.

University Office, Pezwada,
12th December 1929.

* Common with the First Paper in Sanskrit under Part II of the Intermediate Examination (new Regulations)

† Common with the First and Second Papers of the selected language taken as an advanced course under Part III of the Intermediate Examination (new Regulations).

B-3

EXAMINATIONS—JANUARY 1930.

TIME-TABLE RELATING TO THE VERNACULAR EXAMINATIONS AT LOCAL CENTRES IN JANUARY 1930.

CHATRAPUR CENTRE.

To be conducted by the Collector of Ganjam.

Written test.

Hours. 1930	Subjects.
23rd January— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Translation into Vernacular—Health Officers and Health Inspectors test. Translation into Vernacular—Deputy Collector's test.

Oral test.

23rd January— At 12 noon ..	.. Health Officers and Health Inspectors test (Telugu and Oriya).
At 2 p.m. ..	.. Deputy Collector's test (Telugu and Oriya).

COCANADA CENTRE.

To be conducted by the Collector of East Godavari.

Written test.

23rd January— 10 a.m. to 13 noon	.. Translation into Vernacular—Health Officers and Health Inspector's test. Translation into Vernacular—Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test. Translation into Vernacular—Deputy Collector's test

Oral test.

23rd January— At 12 noon ..	.. Third-class test for Jail Officers (Telugu).
At 2 p.m. ..	.. Health Officers and Health Inspector's test (Tamil and Telugu).
At 3 p.m. ..	.. Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test (Telugu).
24th January— At 11 a.m. ..	.. Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test (Tamil). Deputy Collector's test (Telugu and Hindustani).
At 2 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary	Deputy Collector's test (Tamil).

BELLARY CENTRE.

To be conducted by the Collector of Bellary.

Written test.

23rd January— 10 a.m. to 12 noon	.. Translation into Vernacular—Health Officers and Health Inspector's test Translation into Vernacular—Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test. Translation into Vernacular—Deputy Collector's test.

Oral test.

23rd January— At 12 noon ..	.. Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test (Tamil and Kanarese).
23rd January— At 2 p.m. ..	.. Health Officers and Health Inspector's test (Tamil and Telugu).
At 2 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary.	Deputy Collector's test (Tamil, Kanarese and Hindustani).

COIMBATORE CENTRE.

To be conducted by the Collector of Coimbatore.

Written test.

Hours. 1930.	Subjects.
22nd January— 10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Translation into Vernacular—Health Officers and Health Inspector's test. Translation into Vernacular—Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test. Translation into Vernacular—Deputy Collector's test.

Oral test.

22nd January— At 12 noon	Health Officers and Health Inspector's test (Tamil and Telugu).
At 2 p.m.	Health Officers and Health Inspector's test (Malayalam).
At 2 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary.	Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test (Tamil, Telugu, Kanarese and Malayalam).
24th January— At 12 a.m.	Deputy Collector's test (Tamil and Telugu).

MADURA CENTRE.

To be conducted by the Collector of Ramnad.

Written test.

22nd January— 10 a.m. to 12 noon ..	Translation into vernacular—Health Officers and Health Inspector's test. Translation into Vernacular—Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test. Translation into Vernacular—Deputy Collector's test

Oral test.

23rd January— At 12 noon	Health Officers and Health Inspector's test (Telugu and Malayalam)
At 2 p.m. .. .	Third-class test for Jail Officers (Hindustani).
At 2 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary	Sub-Judges and District Munsif's test (Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam and Hindustani).
24th January— At 11 a.m.	Deputy Collector's test (Telugu).
At 2 p.m. and at 11 a.m. on the following day, if necessary.	Deputy Collector's test (Tamil and Kanarese).

N.B.—Candidates who find themselves unable to be present for the examination are requested to give ten days' notice of their intention to the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Chepauk, Madras.

(By order)

A. E. RAMSBOTHAM,
Secretary.

Office of the Board of Examiners, Madras,
14th December 1929.

EXAMINATION IN GENERAL SICK NURSING—DECEMBER 1929.

The following candidates have been declared by the Examination Board to have passed the examinations held in General Sick Nursing in December 1929:—

I. FINAL PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION.

1. E. Meyers ..	Government General Hospital, Madras.	
2. E. H. Kishander ..		Do.
3. J. Kearns ..		Do.
4. S. G. C. Fernandes.		Do.
5. I. C. Woolger ..		Do.
6. M. Agnes Rani ..		Do.
7. M. Irene ..		Do.
8. E. M. Scott ..		Do.
9. E. Alexandra Tobin		Do.
10. E. M. D'Rozs ..		Do.
11. A. M. Adie ..		Do.
12. G. C. Wyatt ..		Do.
13. L. Miriadas ..		Do.
14. Santham Peewen ..		Do.
15. Marianma Varghese		Do.
16. K. Phillips ..	Government Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.	
17. L. L. Jacobs ..		Do.
18. V. Seetalakshmi ..	Government Headquarters Hospital, Vizagapatam.	
19. L. Rodrigues ..	Government Headquarters Hospital, Mangalore	
20. D. Elamma ..	Government Headquarters Hospital, Guntur	
21. M. Sparks ..	Government Headquarters Hospital, Tanjore.	
22. H. Fernandes ..	Government Royapuram Hospital, Madras	
23. Sister Claudia ..		Do.
24. Sister Genevieve ..		Do.

II FINAL QUALIFYING EXAMINATION.

1. M. M. Fernandes ..	Government General Hospital, Madras.	
2. O. G. Rodrigues .		Do.
3. M. C. Gomes ..		Do.
4. M. Godfrey ..		Do.
5. E. N. Lyndale ..		Do.
6. S. Henry ..		Do.
7. L. Muller ..		Do.
8. R. M. Lloyd ..		Do.
9. C. Lippert ..		Do.
10. P. M. Smith ..		Do.
11. D. A. Mocking ..		Do.
12. T. J. Hart ..		Do.
13. T. E. Karthayini Ammal ..		Do.
14. E. Frank ..	Government Victoria Caste and Gosha Hospital, Madras.	
15. R. Samuel ..		Do.
16. T. M. LeFabour ..		Do.
17. G. A. Nugget ..	Government Headquarters Hospital, Vizagapatam	
18. E. O'Connor ..	Government Royapuram Hospital, Madras.	
19. H. M. Stocking ..		Do.
20. C. E. Alcoja ..		Do.
21. Olive Brown ..		Do.

C. A. P. HINGSTON, Lt.-Col., I.M.S.,
Chairman, Examination Board.

Madras, 19th December 1929.

GOVERNMENT DIPLOMA IN ACCOUNTANCY, BOMBAY.

The examination for the above Diploma will be held at (1) the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Hornby Road, Bombay; (2) the Government Institute of Commerce, Law College Buildings, Madras; (3) the Government Commercial Institute, 11, Hastings Street, Calcutta; (4) the Muir Central College, Allahabad; (5) the N. J. High School, Karachi; and (6) the Government High School, Rangoon, from 2-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. (standard time) from Monday the 24th March to Saturday the 29th March 1930 both days inclusive. At the Calcutta centre the examination will be held from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. (standard time) instead of from 2-30 to 5-30 p.m. At the Rangoon centre the standard time of Burma will be observed.

2. Applications for admission to the examination must be forwarded, on the prescribed printed form, (copies of the same can be obtained from the undersigned) to the Secretary to the Accountancy Diploma Board, so as to reach his office in the Sydenham College Building, Hornby Road, Bombay, on or before the 31st January 1930 with a fee of Rs. 50 (fifty) per candidate. *Fees should be sent by money order or cheques or drafts payable in Bombay only. Fees accepted will on no account be refunded or reserved for a subsequent examination.*

3. Applications will be accepted from—

(a) Qualified students of (1) the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay; (2) the Bathbor's Accountancy Training Institute, Bombay; (3) the Davar's College of Commerce, Bombay; (4) the Government Institute of Commerce, Madras; (5) the Government Commercial Institute, Calcutta; (6) the Coronation Commercial College, Karachi; (7) the Punjab Commercial Institute,

Delhi; (8) the Government of Burma Accountancy Institute, Rangoon; and (9) the Joseph's College, Rangoon.

(2) Graduates of the Statutory Universities of India or of the United Kingdom; and

(c) Holders of auditor's certificates granted by a Local Government under the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

4. Candidates are required to be in the examination hall by 2-15 p.m. (standard time) every day and will not be allowed to leave the same on any account till 5 p.m. (standard time). At the Calcutta centre the candidates will be required to be in the examination hall by 2-45 p.m. (standard time) every day and will not be allowed to leave the same on any account till 5-30 p.m. (standard time).

5. Candidates are required to bring with them pencils and pens; they will not be allowed to bring any paper or blotting paper with them.

6. Candidates must not write their names on the answer books supplied to them. Every candidate must write on his answer book the register number allotted to him by the undersigned.

7. The register number allotted to each candidate will be communicated in the first week of March 1930 direct to him at the postal address of the candidate as given in his application form; this will be the only information supplied about his register number.

8. The examination will be conducted in the following order from 2-30 p.m. to 5-30 p.m. (standard time) at all the centres except at Calcutta, where the time will be from 3 p.m. to 6 p.m. (standard time) :—

Days.	Subjects.	Paper.
Monday, the 24th March	Accountancy and Auditing.	Paper No. I—General Accounts.
Tuesday, the 25th March	Do.	Paper No. II—Special Accounts
Wednesday, the 26th March.	Do.	Paper No. III—Auditing.
Thursday, the 27th March	Mercantile Law.	Paper No. I—Law of Contracts and Arbitration.
Friday, the 28th March	Do.	Paper No. II—Company and Insurance Law.
Saturday, the 29th March.	Do.	Paper No. III—Negotiable Instruments, Bills of Lading and Insurance.

M. L. TANNAN,
Secretary, Accountancy Diploma Board.
Bombay, 21st December 1929.

MADRAS UNIVERSITY STUDENTS INFORMATION BUREAU.

President: The Vice-Chancellor of the University of Madras (ex officio)
Vice-President: The Director of Public Instruction (ex officio)
Secretary: Mr. S. J. Theodore, Professor of Mental and Moral Science, Madras Christian College.

The main functions of the Bureau are—

(1) To furnish information and advice to Indians who contemplate going to England.

(2) To circulate in India to colleges and other institutions the educational, financial and social information, collected by the Bureau in London.

(3) To communicate with the Central Bureau on behalf of students before they start, or on behalf of their parents when they are in England.

Students of the Madras Presidency and of Native States whose colleges are affiliated to the Madras University, who contemplate going to England, and the relatives and friends of those who are going or are already gone, are invited to correspond with Mr. S. J. Theodore, Secretary to the Madras Bureau, Madras Christian College, Madras, from whom all necessary information can be obtained.

Letters from Madras students to the Educational Adviser in London or to other Educational authorities in Great Britain are forwarded to the Madras Secretary for disposal and much delay will therefore be saved by *direct* correspondence with the latter.

There is a library attached to the Secretary's office, Madras Christian College, consisting of the prospectuses, syllabuses and calendars of the various educational institutions and universities in Great Britain and students and other enquirers will be allowed the use of the library on all week days except Saturdays and holidays between 12 noon and 5 p.m.

S. J. THEODORE,
Secretary.

UNCLAIMED SERVICE ROLL.

The service roll of Shaik Khasim, ex-peon of the Junior Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kadiri Range, is lying unclaimed in this office for the last nine months. The owner may claim it from the undersigned within one month from the date of this notification after which it will be destroyed.

D. NARASIMHA SASTRI,
Deputy Inspector of Schools, Kadiri Range.
Kadiri, 31st December 1929.

EUROPEAN SCHOOLS TEACHERS' CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1929.

PHYSICAL TRAINING.

The following candidates have passed the above examination :—

	Name of candidate.	School
	First Class.	
	Ford, Elsa Devan ..	Church Park Training School for Women, Petamajet, Madras.
	Claudius, Gwendoline Mary ..	Do.
	Clair, Doris Irene ..	Do.
	D'Cotyes, Sophia Josephine ..	Do.
	Thompson, Clare Ethel Alberta ..	Do.
	Bamford, Iris Claire ..	Do.
	Second Class.	
	Brown, Elsa Florence ..	Do.
	Dewitt, Hazel Ida ..	Do.
	Burke, Dorothy Amelia ..	Do.
	Third Class.	
10.	Skaggs, Dorothy Jane ..	Do.
11.	Hussey, Alleen Winifred ..	Do.

H. O. KEERSHAW,
Inspector of European Schools.
Madras, 18th December 1929.

EX-STUDENTS OF THE GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL, ANANTAPUR.

The following ex-students of the Government Training School, Anantapur, did not complete three years' service to fulfil the terms of their bond and their whereabouts are not known.

Managers, presidents of the taluk and district boards, chairmen of municipal councils and heads of institutions, Deputy Inspectors of schools and Sub-Assistant Inspectresses of Girls' schools and other officers under whom the undermentioned ex-students may be employed are requested kindly to intimate their addresses to the Headmaster, Government Training School, Anantapur, so as to enable him to take steps to see that the conditions of the bonds executed by them while under training are duly fulfilled.

History number, name and year of training.

LOWER GRADE.

268. U. Venguamma, 1921—1923.
330. S. Mahammad Hussain, 1923—1925.
416. M. J. Williams, 1922—1924.
429. Gunda Reayya, 1923—1925.
429. Kudura Cyprian Venkataswami, 1924—1926.
378. Penukonda Reayya, 1918—1921.
13-A. Penukonda Lingayya (a runaway while he was under training), July 1921—December 1921.

HIGHER GRADE.

366. Gudnal Sanjivappa, 1924—1926.

H. SUBBA RAO,
Headmaster.
Government Training School, Anantapur,
16th December 1929.

EX-STUDENTS OF GOVERNMENT TRAINING SCHOOL FOR WOMEN, TELLICHERRY.

The whereabouts of V Nagammal, an ex student of the Government Training School for Women, Tellicherry, trained in the years 1925-26 are not known. The Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Fifth Circle, will be very grateful if information regarding Nagammal's whereabouts is given by inspecting officers or heads of schools.

Calicut, 17th December 1929.

The whereabouts of Cecelia Kallat, ex student of the Government Training School for Women, Tellicherry, trained in 1923—1925 for the higher elementary grade are not known. Deputy Inspectors of Schools, Sub-Assistant Inspectresses of Schools, Presidents of Taluk Boards, Chairmen of Municipal Councils and Managers of schools owned by Missions and other agencies are requested to be good enough to inform the Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Fifth Circle, Calicut, if the ex-student is employed in any of the schools under their control.

G. SANKUNNI,
Acting Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Fifth Circle
Calicut, 20th December 1929.

GOVERNMENT EXAMINATIONS.

GOVERNMENT TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS, December 1929.

SCHEME OF THE ORAL AND PRACTICAL EXAMINATIONS IN TYPEWRITING (HIGHER GRADE).

It is hereby notified that the following arrangements have been made for the conduct of the Oral and Practical Examinations in Typewriting. Only those candidates who are declared in the Supplement to the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 7th January 1930 to have satisfied the Examiners in the Written Test will be admitted to the Oral and Practical Examinations.

[NOTE.—Candidates will, if necessary, be examined in *batches*, but at least every *four* candidates should bring with them, when they attend the Oral and Practical Examinations, the particular kind of machine they used while answering the Written Test.]

Days with dates.	Hours of commencement of examination	Number of candidates to be examined.	Place of examination—Name of building, etc.
(1) FOR CHINGLEPUT AND MADRAS CANDIDATES AT MADRAS.			
1930 Friday, 24th January	11 a.m. ..	423	Pudupet Convent School of Commerce, Marshall's Road, Egmore, Madras
(2) FOR BERHAMPUR AND VIZAGAPATAM CANDIDATES AT VIZAGAPATAM.			
Saturday, 25th January	7 a.m. ..	7	Government School of Commerce, Vizagapatam.
(3) FOR COCANADA AND RAJAHMUNDRY CANDIDATES AT RAJAHMUNDRY.			
Friday, 24th January	6-30 a.m. ..	6	Government Training School, Rajahmundry.
(4) FOR MASULIPATAM AND BEZWADA CANDIDATES AT BEZWADA.			
Thursday, 23rd January	7 a.m. ..	7	Municipal High School, Bezwada.
(5) FOR CUDDALORE, KUMBAKONAM, TRICHINOPOLY AND TANJORE CANDIDATES AT TANJORE			
Friday, 24th January	7-15 a.m. ..	5	Government Training School, Tanjore
(6) FOR DINDIGUL, SIVAGANGAI AND MADURA CANDIDATES AT MADURA.			
Saturday, 25th January	7-30 a.m. ..	9	Madura College, Madura
(7) FOR ALLEPEY AND TRIVANDRUM CANDIDATES AT TRIVANDRUM.			
Monday, 27th January	11 a.m. ..	3	School of Arts, Trivandrum.
(8) FOR CHITTOOR, BANGALORE AND VELLORE CANDIDATES AT VELLORE.			
Thursday, 23rd January	6-30 a.m. ..	6	Government Muhammadan Secondary School, Vellore.
(9) FOR COIMBATORE CANDIDATES AT COIMBATORE.			
Friday, 24th January	6-30 a.m. ..	2	Government College, Coimbatore.
(10) FOR ERNAKULAM, MANGALORE AND CALICUT CANDIDATES AT CALICUT.			
Saturday, 25th January	9 a.m. ..	3	Government School of Commerce, Calicut

(By order.)

Office of the Commissioner for Govt. Examinations,
Madras, 4th January 1930.

R. KRISHNA RAO BHONSLE,
Secretary.

VACANCIES.

APPLICATIONS are invited from trained candidates of Secondary, Elementary Higher or Elementary Lower grades for teachers' posts in Elementary Schools of this taluq.

2 Details as regards the date of birth, nationality and caste and previous service, if any, should be stated in the applications.

U SATYANARAYANA,
Deputy Inspector of Schools, Ramachandrapur Range.
Ramachendrapur, 20th December 1929.

APPLICATIONS are invited from trained secondary grade women teachers below 35 years of age for the secondary grade teacher's post in the Government Training School for Mistresses, Conjeeveram, on Rs. 45—3—90.

The following particulars should be furnished :—

(1) Name, (2) date of birth, (3) native place and district, (4) vernacular, (5) highest general educational test passed, (6) professional qualifications, and (7) service as a teacher, if any.

The applications should reach this office not later than 25th January 1930.

M. E. PRAGER,
Acting Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Fourth Circle,
Madras, 20th December 1929.

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APPOINTMENTS, LEAVE, ETC.

Judicial.

No. 95. *Transfers and postings.*—The following transfers and postings of District Munsifs have been ordered by the High Court:—

(1) M.R.Ry. Talaicheri Sankunni Avargal, on return from leave, is posted to the Court of the District Munsif of Ramnad in relief of Mr. S. Varadaraja Ayyangar reverted.

Note.—This cancels his posting to Cannanore ordered in item II of the High Court Notification No. 93, dated the 17th December 1929.

(2) M.R.Ry. Srinivasa Ramaswami Ayyangar Avargal, from Madura taluk to Dindigul. To join on the 3rd January 1930.

Note.—This cancels his transfer to Ramnad ordered in item IX (5) of the High Court Notification No. 93, dated the 17th December 1929.

(3) M.R.Ry. Pottekat Kashyapil Ramunni Menon Avargal, from Dindigul to Cannanore, in relief of Mr. N. Govindan reverted. To join on the 3rd January 1930.

Note.—The acting District Munsifs who have been ordered to revert will hand over charge to their head clerks on the dates on which their courts close for the Christmas holidays.

High Court, Madras,
20th December 1929.

No. 96. *Leave.*—M.R.Ry. Yellapudi Sriramulu Pantulu Garu, District Munsif, Ravulu, is granted leave on average pay without medical certificate for five days from the 16th December 1929 to the 20th December 1929, both days inclusive.

He is also permitted to prefix Sunday the 15th December 1929 and affix the penultimate Saturday and Sunday on 21st December 1929 and 22nd December 1929 and the Christmas and New Year holidays, to his leave subject to the conditions laid down in subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 68.

High Court, Madras,
22nd December 1929.

No. 97. *Extension of leave.*—M.R.Ry. Ramaswami Lakshminarasimha Ayyar Avargal, District Munsif, Gudivada (Kistna), is granted an extension of leave on half average pay for two months from the 9th December 1929.

High Court, Madras,
21st December 1929.

No. 98. *Appointment and posting.*—The following appointment and posting of a District Munsif has been ordered by the High Court:—

M.R.Ry. Srinivasachariar Varadaraja Ayyangar Avargal, M.A., M.L., First-grade Pleader, West Tanjore, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to the Court of the District Munsif of

Bhimavaram, *vice* M.R.Ry. A. M. R. David Avargal, granted leave or until further orders. To join on 3rd January 1930

High Court, Madras,
20th December 1929.

No. 99. Appointments.—In continuation of the High Court Notification R. Ds No. 22/27, dated the 11th January 1927, published at page 47 of Part II of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated the 18th January 1927, it is hereby notified that, under the provisions of section 123 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, the Hon'ble the Chief Justice has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

President.

(1) The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wallace

Members.

(2) The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Madhavan Nair
(3) The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Jackson
(4) Khan Sahib Muhammad Ibrahim Sahib Bahadur, Chief Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madras
(5) Mr. Vere Mockett, Bar.-at-Law
(6) M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur T. R. Ramachandra Ayyar Avargal, Advocate
(7) Mr. Arthur Thomas, Government Solicitor

to be members of the Rule Committee for three years from the 1st January 1930 and Dr. S. Swaminathan, Bar.-at-Law, to be Secretary of the said Committee for the same period.

High Court, Madras,
22nd December 1929.

No. 2. Leave.—M.R.Ry. Thanumalia Pillai Gnanthoyyugam Pillai Avargal, District Munsif, Tuticorin, is granted leave on average pay for ten days from the 4th December 1929 and on half average pay for twenty-one days from the 14th December 1929.

G. S. WHITE,
Acting Registrar.

High Court, Madras,
3rd January 1930

No. 98. Cancellation of transfer.—The transfers of Syed Imamuddin Sahib Bahadur, Acting District Munsif, from Udumalpet to Tiruturaipundi, and of M.R.Ry. V. S. Shanmugam Pillai Avargal, District Munsif, from Tiruturaipundi to Udumalpet, ordered in item X of High Court's Notification R.O.C. No. 5337-B2-29, dated 17th December 1929, are hereby cancelled.

No. 100. Appointment and posting.—M.R.Ry. Kalpathi Rama Ayyar Panchapagesa Ayyar Avargal, M.A., B.L., Advocate, Madura, is appointed to act as District Munsif and is posted to the Court of the District Munsif, Udumalpet, as the Additional District Munsif, *vice* M.R.Ry. N. S. Narayana Rao on leave or until further orders. To join on 3rd January 1930.

R. SATYAMURTI AYYAR,
Acting First Assistant Registrar, Original Side.

High Court, Madras,
30th December 1929.

SALT.

Extension of leave.—Under rule 81 of the Fundamental Rules M.R.Ry. T. Rajagopala Ayyangar Avargal, Inspector, is granted an extension of leave on half average pay for three months from 10th January 1930.

W. G. BALDREY,
Secretary to the Collector of Salt Revenue.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

BOARD OF REVENUE.

Leave.—Under subsidiary rule 2 under Fundamental Rule 66 and Fundamental Rule 87 (b) (ii), M.R.Ry. D. Bhavanarayana Rao Pantulu Garu, Special Assistant Settlement Officer, No. I Party, is granted leave on average pay for thirteen days with effect from 9th December 1929, and permitted to affix Sunday the 22nd instant and the Christmas and New Year holidays to the leave

Appointment.—M.R.Ry. T. S. Kuppuswami Ayyar Avargal, Senior Superintendent, Board of Revenue, Land Revenue and Settlement, is appointed to act as First Assistant, with effect from 3rd January 1930, in relief of M.R.Ry. P. Ratna Mudaliyar Avargal, granted leave preparatory to retirement.

K. RAMAN NAYAR,
Assistant Secretary.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 20th December 1929.

AGRICULTURE.

Leave.—Mr. T. V. Ramakrishna Ayyar, Lecturer in Entomology, Agricultural College, is granted leave on average pay for three days from 21st November 1929.

G. R. HILSON,
Officiating Director of Agriculture.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

FOREST.

Leave.—Mr. B. Jankiram Singh, Deputy Conservator of Forests, is granted leave on average pay for seven days from 19th October 1929

Madras, 19th December 1929.

Leave.—Mr. M. C. Chandy, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Tiruppattur, is granted leave on average pay for eight days from 3rd January 1930 and is permitted to prefix to the leave the Christmas and New Year holidays and to affix the holidays from the 11th to 14th January 1930, subject to the conditions laid down in the subsidiary rules under Fundamental Rule 88.

R. D. RICHMOND,
Chief Conservator of Forests.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Re-posting.—M.R.Ry. Kilapaudal Raju Ayyar Krishnaswami Ayyar Avargal, A.M.I.E. (Ind.), Assistant Engineer, posted to this Circle in Chief Engineer's Memorandum No. 5901 E/29-3, dated 19th December 1929, is re-posted to the charge of the Sidhout subdivision, Sidhout, of the Tank Restoration Scheme division, Chittoor.

C. PEDDIE,
Superintending Engineer, Madras Circle.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

Transfer.—M.R.Ry. Gopalaswami Ayyar Viswanatha Ayyar Avargal, Officiating Assistant Engineer, on relief, from the Tanjore Circle to the School of Engineering, Vizagapatam, as Instructor. His transfer to the Waltair Circle and also that of M.R.Ry. Peddada Googa Raju Pantulu Garu, Officiating Assistant Engineer, from the Waltair Circle to the School of Engineering, Vizagapatam, previously ordered, are hereby cancelled.

R. F. STONEY,
Chief Engineer, P.W.D. (General, Buildings and Roads).

Madras, 21st December 1929

Transfer—M.R.Ry. Krishnaswami Ayyangar Boogunatha Ayyangar Avargal, B.A., Officiating Assistant Engineer, Ellore subdivision, Godavari Western Division, is, on relief by M.R.Ry. C. R. Narayanaswami Ayyar Avargal, transferred to the Godavari Headworks Division, for charge of the Vanista subdivision in relief of M.R.Ry. C. Balakrishna Mannadiyar who will revert to a section charge.

R. NARASIMHA AYYANGAR,
Superintending Engineer, Dechanakottai Circle.

Dowlaishweram, 25th December 1929.

MEDICAL.

Postings—Mr. F. M. Graham, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), I.M.D., Second-class Military Assistant Surgeon, Lecturer in Operative Surgery, Rayapuram Medical School, Madras, on relief, is posted to Government Hospital, Kudukanal (Madura district), *vice* Captain J. H. Shilton, I.M.D.

M.R.Ry. E. Ashyatha Menon Avargal, L.M.S. (Mad.), P.M.O. (E.), on return from leave, is posted as Lecturer in Operative Surgery, Rayapuram Medical School, Madras, *vice* Mr. F. M. Graham, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), I.M.D.

Madras, 26th December 1929.

Leave.—M.R.Ry. K. S. Sanjivi Avargal, M.B.B.S., Civil Assistant Surgeon, Assistant to Professor of Medicine, Medical College, Madras, leave on average pay without medical certificate for fourteen days from 7th December 1929 under Fundamental Rule 109 (a) with permission to affix gazetted and Christmas holidays from 21st December 1929.

Extension of leave.—M.R.Ry. K. V. Krishnan Avargal, M.B.B.S., M.R.C.P. (E.), Civil Assistant Surgeon, King Institute, Guindy, extension of extraordinary leave for two days, 14th and 15th July 1929, in continuation of the leave already sanctioned.

(By order)

P. K. WARRIER,
Acting Personal Assistant to the Surgeon-General.

Madras, 21st December 1929.

GENERAL NOTIFICATIONS.

IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

SECRETARIAT BUILDINGS, 5, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

Open on { Week-days and Saturdays, from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sundays and holidays, from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

The Imperial Library is also a Lending Library. It is free to all except children. There is no subscription to pay.

K. M. ASADULLAH,
Officiating Librarian.

CONNEMARA PUBLIC LIBRARY.

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM BUILDINGS, EGMORE, MADRAS.

Open on all days in the week except Friday, October to March 7 a.m. to 8-30 p.m. and April to September 7 a.m. to 9 p.m.

Closed on the first Saturday of every month at 12 noon on account of Gosha day in the museum.

Consultation of books is free to any person of 17 or more years of age. Books can also be borrowed by approved residents of Madras City and its vicinity. Applications for permission to borrow, must be made by the applicant personally at the library. A deposit of Rs. 20 will be required from each borrower.

No direct loans can be made to residents in the mofussil, but the Connemara Public Library can apply to Government for sanction to lend to mofussil libraries of sufficient standing.

F. H. GRAVELY,
Principal Librarian.

Madras, 30th December 1929.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS, CALCUTTA.

QUALIFIED URDU TEACHERS.

Bangalore.

Ghulam Ahmad, 1, Pettigrew Street, St. John's Hill.

Mir Ahmad Ali, Regimental Munshi, 12th Field Brigade, R.A., Bangalore.

Muhammad Saleh, Munshi, 112, Narain Pillai Street, Bangalore Cantt.

A. S. Wali Muhammad, Old Poor House Road, Bangalore.

Sayid Nazir Ahmad, 31, Cockburn Road, Bangalore.

Sayid Zia-ul-Haq Husaini, c/o Muhammad Ghouse Sahib, Petty shop-holder, Broadway Road.

Bellary.

Mir Mahmud Hussain, Benderwadi, Brucepet, Bellary P.O.

Madras.

Muhieddin Husain, 15/19, Vathiar Chinniah Pillai Street, Royapetta, Madras.

QUALIFIED KANARESE TEACHER.

Bangalore City.

Pandit K. Hanumantha Rao, 236, Visweswarapuram, Bangalore City.

QUALIFIED TAMIL TEACHERS.

Kumbakonam.

A. M. Satakopa Ramanujacharya, Vidwan (Madras University), Lecturer in Tamil, Government College.

Madras.

K. Raghavacharyar, Lecturer in Tamil and Superintendent of Vernacular Studies, Wesley College, Madras.

C. L. PEART, Lt.-Col.,
Secy., Board of Examiners (Army Dept.).

PATENTS.

The following printed specifications of applications for patents, which have been accepted under section 5 of the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, have been published and can be inspected free of charge at the Madras Record Office, Egmore. Copies of these specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, at the price of one rupee per copy.

Directions for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act (price ten annas) and the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price two annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs:—

14149. Gawsworth Patents Ld.
14480. Gawsworth Patents Ld.
14792. Carrier Engineering Co., Ld.
14975. Gilchrist.
14982. Mayer.
15015. Fleitner.
15017. August.
15059. Wood.
15060. Wood.

14310. "B. & L." Powdered Fuel Ld.
14464. Ring Springs Ld.
14465. Ring Springs Ld.
14519. Falkiner.
14540. Kurtosey.
14541. Adamolkas (also known as Adamolchik) & Masseru.
14542. Adamolkas (also known as Adamolchik) & Masseru.
14571. Gowtam.
14720. The Symington Co.
14718. Imperial Chemical Industries Ld.
14782. The Electramonic Co., Ld., Tyrrell, Sayers and Tyrrell.
14783. The Electramonic Co., Ld., Tyrrell, Sayers and Tyrrell.
14806. Rouet.
15005. I. G. Farbenindustrie Aktiengesellschaft.
15021. Lukur.
15017. Mehta.
15051. Fantz.
15054. Weir.
15070 Giles and Barns.
15071 Coal Oil Extraction Ld.
15083. I. G. Farbenindustrie Aktiengesellschaft.
15004. International General Electric Co., Inc.

S. V. RAMAMURTI,
Secretary to Government, Development Department.

Fort St. George, 3rd January 1930.

THE PATENT OFFICE, 1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA—NOTICE.

PUBLIC ROOM, OPEN 11 A.M. TO 4 P.M. ON WEEK DAYS; SATURDAYS, 11 A.M. TO 1 P.M.

All communications relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) must be made in English and addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed and a full address given in all communications.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Patent Office Handbook (price one rupee) which contains the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Act, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary) Rules, 1915, the Indian Patents and Designs (Amendment) Act, 1920, and the Indian Patents and Designs (Temporary Rules) Amendment Act, 1920, together with current regulations and instructions. *These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.*

3. *Advice.*—The Patent Office cannot undertake (1) to give opinions on the interpretation of Patent Law, or on the advisability of protecting inventions and designs or on their infringement; (2) to make searches in respect of information available in the public room; (3) to recommend any particular Agent, or (4) to assist in the disposal of inventions. Models are not required unless specially asked for. Drawings must be on tracing cloth and the Rules and Instructions for the preparation of drawings as given in the Handbook should be strictly followed. A provincial patent cannot be secured under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911.

4. Applicants are warned that the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, is in force in British India only, and patents granted under it do not extend to the United Kingdom or any of the British Possessions. The International Convention for the Protection of Industrial Property does not include India. For information regarding patents in countries other than India applications should be made on the patent offices in the countries concerned.

5. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission for which due allowance should be made. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

6. *Trade and property marks and names* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of law in British India for their registration. Neither does this Act deal with *pictures, photographs, etc.*, for which copyright is obtainable under the Indian Copyright Act, 1914.

7. *Printed specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 2 annas per copy and may be seen free of charge, together with other publications of the Patent Office, at the following places:—

Ahmedabad—B.C. Technical Institute.
Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Baroda—Department of Commerce and Industries.
Bombay—Record Office.
" Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
" The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Patent Office, No. 1, Council House Street.
" Bengal Engineering College, Sibpur.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.
Chanarah—Office of the Commissioner, Burdwan Division.
Chittagong—Office of the Commissioner, Chittagong Division.
Dacca—Office of the District Board, Dacca.
Delhi—Office of the Deputy Commissioner.
Hyderabad—Industries and Commerce Department of His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government.
Karachi—Office of City Deputy Collector.
Lahore—Punjab Public Library.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Lucknow—Amiruddaula Public Library.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
" College of Engineering.
Mysore—Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
Nagpur—Victoria Technical Institute.
Patna—Office of the Director of Industries, Bihar and Orissa.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Rangoon—Office of the Chief Secretary, Home and Political Departments, Government of Burma.
Roorkee—Thomason College.
Sholapur—Office of the Collector.
Srinagar—Office of the Controller of Patents and Designs, Kashmir State, at the Sir Amar Singh Technical Institute.
Washington (U.S.A.)—The Patent Office.

8. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not printed, but copies may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, the Record Office, Egmore, Madras; the Record Office, Bombay; the Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government, Rangoon; and the Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces, Cawnpore. Specifications and other publications of the United Kingdom Patent Office can also be seen in the Patent Office, Calcutta, in the Record Office, Bombay, and in the Connemara Library, Madras.

9. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office—

	Price. Rs. A.
(a) Patent Office Handbook (Acts, Rules and Instructions)	1 0
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	5 10
(c) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911 (Urdu and Hindi) each.	0 2
(d) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0 2
(e) Weekly Notifications (Extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0 1
Annual subscription with postage ..	3 0
(f) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1908 and chronological lists, 1900—1908) ..	2 0
(g) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index, 1900—1911 and chronological lists, 1905—1911) ..	3 0
(h) Patent Office Journals (issued quarterly) each	0 8
(i) Patent Office Journals, 1914, 1915, 1916, 1917, 1918 each	1 0
(j) Printed specifications of inventions since 1912 each	0 3

K. RAMA PAI,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties, consisting of gold and silver jewellery, knives, umbrellas, brass vessels, clothes, etc., remaining unclaimed at the office of the Commissioner of Police, Egmore, from 1st July 1929 to 30th September 1929, will be disposed of as shown below on or after 22nd July 1930 unless any person who may have a claim thereto appears before the undersigned and establishes his claim before that date.

(a) Properties mentioned under I will be sold by public auction.

(b) Those mentioned under II will be returned to the finder.

(c) Those mentioned under III will be returned to the owners of the places where they were found on conditions that they give to the finder the reward prescribed under the rules.

I

(1) The following properties left by a deceased patient were received from the Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras.—One railway key, one key ring with a whistle, one pen-knife, one pocket watch with chain, each Rs. 12.

(7) A second hand time-piece, three mats and seven playing cards. Valued Re. 1-8-0, each As. 2-6.

(4) One white loin upper cloth with red borders. Valued As. 12.

(5) One imitation red silk saree. Valued Rs. 3.

(6) One motor tapest. Valued As. 4.

(7) The following are the effects left by a deceased:—One woman's photo, one man's photo, two small framed photos, three white collars, one blue collar, one flannel collar, a man's photo, a yellow cloth, one old self-razor, one old trunk, two small tin boxes, one hand badge, two coin badges, one brass badge and a few buttons. Valued Rs. 1.

II-2

(12) A bundle of rice in a dirty cloth.

(13) Seven cubits of khaki cloth. Valued Re. 1.

(22) About four measures of broken rice in a small gunny bag.

(21) A felt hat. Valued As. 8.

(26) A black tweed overcoat. Valued As. 8.

(20) One khaki overcoat with two side-pockets, khaki belt with brass buckles. Valued Rs. 3.

(29) The following properties left by a deceased patient were received from the Superintendent, Government Royapuram Hospital, Madras.—One gold ring, one metal talisman.

(31) The following effects left by deceased patients were received from the Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras.—(1) One gold nose ring with red stone, two hoppoe gold, two ear-rings with four stones, (2) one gold nose ring with white stone, two tin rings (metal) two brass rings, (3) one gold red stone nose ring; and (4) one gold nose ring with white stone, old gold nose ring with red stone, one pair of gold ear-rings, two gold ear-rings with four red stones.

(32) The following are the effects of deceased patients received from the Superintendent Government Mental Hospital, Madras:—(1) Two blankets, (2) one old cotton dhoti and one old cotton coat, (3) one shirt, one dhoti and one vest, (4) one jersey, (5) two dhoti and one coloured banian, (6) one dhoti and one brass ring, (7) two dhotis and one shirt, (8) one white coat old and one rug, (9) one dark red saree, one green saree and one white bedsheet one broken nose ornament, (10) one white coat and one white dhoti, (11) one silk coat, one pair of silk trousers, one shirt, one pair of shoes, one tie and one hat, (11) one piece of metal apparently brass and (12) one blue bordered dhoti.

(33) One Muhammadan hair goddal. Valued As. 8.

(34) One bag of chillies.

(37) A cloth bundle containing 3½ measures of rice and some summa. Valued As. 8.

(18) One gold neck chain Valued Rs. 40.

(30) One rose coloured lace saree. Valued Re. 1.

(41) One old black umbrella Valued As. 8

(42) One white silk goddai and one pen-knife with a white handle. Valued Rs. 1-2-0.

(54) One document

(61) An old woven muffler. Valued As. 4.

(63) An old rubber water proof coat. Valued As. 8

(65) Nine pieces of lead with brass cover.

(66) One black fountain-pen, top cover broken. Valued As. 4.

(68) A silver-coated copper crown and a brass goddai. Valued As. 8.

(69) A cloth bundle containing 21 cloths.—(1) Three ordinary old saris, (2) one bed sheet, (3) one black coat, (4) one pair of trousers, (5) two white shirt, (6) two white banians, (7) two coloured pavadais, (8) one old small dhoti (9) six coloured petti coats, (10) one pillow cover, (11) one old turkey towel, (12) two old cloth, dark and red in colour, valued Rs. 1-8-0.

(70) An old umbrella, valued As. 8.

(72) The following are the effects of deceased patient, Anandu Rau, received from the Superintendent, General Hospital, Madras —

(1) Three foreign coins, one small purse, one purse containing letters, driving license, railway ticket and a rolled gold tie pin, ten mother-o-pearl buttons, thirteen metal buttons, eight metal studs, one bone stud, one plate stud, five metal slips, one pencil sharpener, one pair of locks, one metal tie pin, one metal brooch, seven keys, one metal shape yellow metal pendant, two black red stones, one small and one big and one enamel bottle

(87) One empty trunk box and one empty black leather purse.

(88) An empty leather purse.

(91) A black oil cloth bag, valued As. 8.

(98) One old bladder guddal.

(112) Two aluminium bandhalis, two aluminium plates, and one aluminium tumbler.

(116) The following are the effects of deceased patient, K. Chathukutty, received from the Superintendent, General Hospital, Madras —

One china cup one enamel plate, one tea spoon, one glass tumbler, one fountain pen, one pencil, one snuff box, one purse containing post cards, one white stamp and one gold ring

(121) An old umbrella, cover torn, valued As. 4.

(124) Cash Rs. 5-10-5 being the effects left by one Ellappa Achari, who died in the Government Royapetta Hospital.

(128) Ehsan gunnies, valued Re. 1-6-0.

(132) One bamboo ladder and a small basket, valued As. 8.

(133-a) One broken dolmood case with one glass frame on one side, a small aluminium vessel and a spoon, and cash As. 2-6 being the sale-proceeds of one calam.

(132) Twenty-five copies of British and Foreign Bible Society's books, valued Rs. 1-14-0.

(133) Cash As. 4

(134) (1) Frame of one old single bullock cart, (2) one old rickshaw, (3) one broken rickshaw with one wheel, (4) two rickshaw wheels and (5) one rickshaw shaft with footboard, all valued Rs. 10

(135) One red cloth and one white cloth, valued As. 4.

(135) The following are the properties of deceased or other patients removed from the Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras :—

(1) Two white cloths, (2) two white cloths, two shirts, one slipper, one coloured cloth and one rudrakshamalai, (3) one coloured cloth, (4) three white cloths, (5) one coloured shirt, one white cloth and one bag (6) two coloured cloths and one cap, (7) one white shirt and one white cloth, (8) one white cloth, one banian, one pillow case and one cross quilt, (9) one coloured cloth and one khaki shirt, (10) one white cloth, (11) two white cloths, (12) one khaki trouser, (13) one shirt and one cloth, (14) six white cloths, one cap, one coat, one coloured shirt, one banian, three rugs, one handkerchief, one pair of shoes and one pair of slippers (15) one cloth, (16) seven white cloths, (17) one coloured cloth, one rug, one coloured shirt and one coloured towel, (18) three rugs, (19) one white cloth, one khaki shirt and two coats, (20) one bag of rags, one towel and one cloth (21) one white cloth, one shirt and one cap, (22) two white cloths, (23) one black blanket, (24) one khaki shirt and one white cloth, (25) two white cloths, two white shirts, three jackets and one knob cl. (26) one white cloth, one shirt and one banian, (27) one black cloth and two white cloths, (28) two white cloths, (29) one white cloth and one khaki coat, (30) one counterpane, one shirt and two white cloths, (31) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (32) two coloured cloths and two coloured shirts, (33) two white cloths, (34) one blanket, three white cloths and one towel, (35) one coat, (36) two white cloths, one shirt and one rug, (37) one white cloth, one white shirt, one coat, (38) one towel and one white cloth, (39) two white cloths, (40) one white cloth, (41) two white cloths and one banian, (42) one white cloth, (43) three white cloths, (44) two white cloths, (45) one white cloth, (46) two white cloths, (47) one white cloth, (48) two white cloths, one coloured cloth, one flannel vest and one gunny and one blanket, (49) one white cloth, one red cloth and one white shirt, (50) one white cloth, one coloured shirt and one counterpane, (51) one shirt and two rugs, (52) two white cloths, (53) two white cloths and one rug, (54) one blanket three white cloths, one coat, one waistcoat and one gunny, (55) two white cloths, one rug and one gunny, (56) one sun hat, one carpet, one flannel banian, two white cloths, two ties, one shirt, three pairs of trousers and one old white mull, (57) one pair of white trousers, one white coat, one white shirt and one white blanket, (58) three white cloths three coloured cloths, and three rags, (59) one bed sheet, two pieces of cloths for pillow cases, two blue bordered cloths, one red bordered cloth, one yellow bordered cloth, one brush, one rubber ball, one posters frame, two note books, one bundle of account papers, two knives, one piece of sandalwood and one pencil, (60) one white coat, (61) two coats, six white cloths, one coloured carpet, one blanket, one gunny, one rug and four bags, (62) one box, three white cloths, three shirts, one pair of slippers and one blanket, (63) one pair of khaki trousers, one red belt, one khaki shirt, one coloured cloth, one towel, one pair of patties, (64) one white cloth and one shirt, (65) two white cloths (66) two white cloths, one khaki and one striped shirt (67) two white cloths and one banian, (68) two white cloths, (69) one banian and one white cloth, (70) two white cloths, one striped shirt and one towel, (71) one cloth and two rags, (72) one white cloth, one coloured cloth and one white vest, (73) two white cloths and one coat, (74) one shirt, one red cloth and one rug, (75) three white cloths and one belt, (76) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (77) two white cloths, one rug and one shirt, (78) two coloured cloths, (79) one counterpane, (80) two white cloths and one banian (81) one red cloth, one cloth bag and one rug, (82) two coloured sarees, one jacket and one coloured cloth (83) one coloured saree, one coloured jacket and one rug, (84) one coloured cotton and one rug, (85) one white saree (86) one red cloth and one coloured cloth, (87) two coloured cloths, (88) one pair of slippers, (89) two white cloths and one coat, (90) one coat, one pair of trousers and one belt, (91) one white cloth and one towel, (92) one pillow, (93) one white cloth, (94) one carpet and one red cloth, (95) one white cloth, (96) two white cloths (97) one cap, one shirt and three cloths, (98) two white cloths and one shirt, (99) two white cloths and one rug, (100) one white cloth, one banian and one belt, (101) one red cloth, (102) one white cloth and one shirt, (103) one white cloth and one red cloth, (104) three pillows and one mattress with covers, (105) one coloured cloth, (106) two white cloths and one khaki shirt, (107) two pillows, one banian, one towel and one handkerchief, (108) one red cloth and one shirt, (109) two white cloths, one white rag, one coloured cloth and one pillow, (110) one white jacket, (111) one coloured saree, (112) one coloured saree, (113) one white cloth, (114) one coloured saree and one white jacket, (115) one white and coloured saree and one white rag, (117) one sacred cloth, (118) one coloured saree and one rag, (117) one sacred cloth, (118) two white cloths and one jacket, (119) one jacket and one red saree (120) one saree and one jacket, (121) one red saree, (122) one silk saree and one coloured cloth, (123) one coat and one cloth, (124) one jacket and one coloured saree, (125) one white cloth and one shirt, (126) one white cloth and one coloured rag, (127) one white cloth, one coat, one shirt, and one pair of shoes, (128) one cotton mattress, (129) one pair of bankers, two soap trays, one pillow half case and one black hat, (130) three pillows, one rug, one towel, two hats, one coloured shirt, one banian, one flannel vest and one chuddar, (131) two cloths, (132) one coloured saree, (133) one coloured rug. (134) two cloths.

(140) Motor-cycle wheel leather shave valued 2 annas,

(142) Seventeen gunny bags valued Rs. 1-4-0.

(146) Black fountain pen with a glass nib and with a cap valued 1 annas.

(148) One nickel plated bell metal chamboo, valued annas 8.

(147) The following are the effects of an unknown patient who died in the Stanley Hospital, Tondiarpet :—One pair of gold bangles, one pair of gold kammals set with seven red stones, fifty five gold beads in a black string, one gold pusan set with white stones, one gold nose screw set with one white stone, a string containing a silver thyathu.

(148) One empty leather money purse valued 4 annas.

II

(3) One sacchila, one red turban cloth, valued 8 annas.

(7) Brass big tulsi carrier valued Rs. 1-8-0. A gum being the sale-proceeds of a mango and 4 betel leaves.

(10) One brass pot otherwise valued Rs 1-8-0

(11) One thermo flask with strap valued 2/ annas.

(23) A bunch of keys valued 1 Rs/th

(26) A Black Bird fountain pen valued 12 annas.

(27) An English book by Alexander Dumas and a note book valued 3 Annas.

(35) One old silk upper cloth valued 4 annas,

(38) One bundle containing (1) one blanket (2) one twill shirt, (3) one mill tasar coat, (4) one mull dhoti, (5) one bundle of records valued Rs 2.

(39) An old empty saw valued 4 annas.

(39) An English book valued 1 Anna.

(43) An old red rail valued 4 annas.

(44) (1) Two rubber balls, (2) one white handkerchief, (3) one empty small bottle valued 4 annas.

(47) One black sun brella valued 8 annas.

(48) One old mull dhoti, two new veil pieces and one tie valued Rs 1-8-0,

(53) One black umbrella, one old small photo and an Ambulance certificate valued 8 annas.

(55) Two covers containing cash Rs. 13-14-0.

(57) An old child's gold bangle valued Rs. 3

(64) An old silver pattal galass valued Rs. 1-8-0.

(69) One palm leaf hand bag containing (1) one powder puff, (2) a lady's handkerchief and (3) a blank cheque of National Bank No 622717, valued 1 annas.

(62) An old manila imitation silk umbrella, valued 3 annas.

(64) One old check waist coat, an old long cloth shirt, an old Khadar waist coat and an old tara red lungbi, valued 3 annas.

(67) Three dozens of calf buttons on 3 boxes, valued Rs 2.

(71) Two new white towels with red line borders bearing M P.M. No. 1102 in ring ink, and an old towel, valued Rs. 1-8-0

(81) One aluminium railway hooja, valued 3 annas.

(85) One red cloth bag containing a ganja smoking Chambi, valued 3 annas.

(99) An old water proof coat, valued 3 annas

(100) A lady's water proof coat, valued Rs. 1.

(101) Rs. 1. being the sale proceeds of a peacock.

(102) A small old sun brella, valued 3 annas.

(103) One small old rail way hooja valued Rs. 1-8-0.

(104) One old torn mull dhoti, valued 2 annas.

(105) One motor tyre cover, valued Rs. 1-8-0.

(106) One white tape Bands and one note book.

(107) An iron starting key of a motor car, valued 2 annas

(108) Four spoons, valued 4 annas.

(109) A gold pocket watch, No. 28397.

(110) A white lungbi with red stripes, a small shirt, a cloth bag, a white shirt with red stripes, a white poplin shirt a red cloth, a blank lungbi with white and yellow stripes, valued, 8 annas.

(111) A white cloth measuring 2½ yards, valued 2 annas.

(115) A bundle of 20 iron keys, one brass key, one seal and a starboard with words "Cabin trunk" written on it, valued 2 annas.

(117) A green enamelled cycle with a bell on the right handle 22" frame, no name of firm maker, cycle numbers not visible, a carrier at the back No. 6 B reference No. 6926 20/11. Patent No. 26725/21. English make. 2 broken, valued Rs. 15.

(118) One small angarakham, one woollen banian, one khaki coat, one torn white petti, one jacket, a blue sari, one ghanda cloth, pillow covers 4, and one torn white cloth, valued 12 annas.

(119) A silver waist strung with a shit attached, valued about Rs. 5.

(120) As. 1-0 being the sale-proceeds of 2 cocoanuts.

(122) A black hood used by graduates with blue borders, valued 8 annas.

(124) A five-rupee currency note.

(126) A small silver puttai golusu, valued Rs. 1-8-0.

(128) A brass chembu, valued 2 annas.

(127) Rs. 1-3-0 being the sale-proceeds of a vegetable basket.

(129) One gold muff links, valued Rs. 3.

(131) A trunk box containing a red shawl, a piece of white torn cloth, a Tamil book "Kamarpyan or Jagathambal Kolai", and a small bamboo basket, valued Re. 1.

(135) An umbrella with a black cloth, valued 2 annas

(136) A tiffin carrier made of china articles, valued 4 annas

(137) A pechuiffa, an iron railway key, a whistle and iron keys, valued As. 4.

(141) A cloth bundle containing one old Khaki with blue borders, a piece of torn cloth, some documents, valued 2 annas

(143) Khaki hat, valued, 4 annas.

(144) A khaki motor cover with nine buttons, valued Rs. 1.

III

(5) One brass chembu, valued 2 annas.

Madras, 13th December 1929.

Notice is hereby given that the undermentioned properties, consisting of gold and silver jewellery, knives, umbrellas, brass vessels, clothes, etc., remaining unclaimed at the Office of the Commissioner of Police, Egmore, between 1st April 1929 and 30th June 1929 will be disposed of as shown below on or after 30th June 1930, unless any person who may have a claim thereto appears before the undersigned and establishes his claim before that date :—

(a) Properties mentioned under I will be sold by public auction.

(b) Those mentioned under II will be returned to the finder.

I

1. The following properties of deceased or other patients received from the Superintendent, Government Hospital for Women and Children, Madras :—

(i) One string of red beads, two brass bangles and two brass toe rings.

(ii) One gold nose stud with red stone

(iii) One thali with cord, one pair of ear-ring small, one nose ring with red stone, two brass vessels and one kinguinam tray.

(iv) One chain of beads and two ½ anna pieces.

(v) One false hair, one nose ring with white stone, one brass ring and one ½ anna piece.

(vi) One chain of white beads.

(vii) One nose ring with red stone.

(viii) One gold nose stud, one necklace of beads and four nickel toe rings.

(ix) One purse, black yellow stripe, five keys and one pen-knife.

(x) Two brass toe rings, one brass ring, one nose stud and two celluloid rings.

(xi) One thali with one long silver thaiyan, five metal toe rings, one broken silver necklace and four glass bangles.

(xii) Yellow glass beads on a black thread,

(xiii) Five glass yellow bangles, three bronze toe rings, one thali string with a gold thali.

(xiv) Three pairs of celluloid bangles, two silver, two brass and two celluloid rings.

(xv) One string of red beads.

(xvi) One gold nose ornament, four silver toe rings, one row of black beads.

2. One nickel one-anna piece

4. One white towel, old, 3½ cubits by 2½ cubits. Valued As. 2.

8. Lower part of a cambric night. Valued As. 2.

9. Six English books—(1) No more War, (2) What is coming ? (3) Enemies of Health, (4) Cure for Crime, (5) The Lord's day, (6) Jerusalem

11. One black umbrella, old. Valued As. 8.

12. Ganapathi brass lamp. Valued As. 4

13 One new bath towel, black bordered, one baby jacket, one old torn dhoti, one handkerchief, a piece of red cloth. Valued As. 6

19. One white towel. Valued 1 annas.

27 One torn small foot-ball engraved with Soccer

29 A grey torn silk upper cloth.

33 One silver rupee

37. One Asylum Press Almanack and Directory. Valued As. 4

51. One old silk upper cloth. Valued As. 4.

55. One cycle pump. Valued As 12.

61. One small mat bag. Valued As. 2.

63. A cloth bag with 36 (thirty six) surgicos.

64. Four silver shirt buttons and a pair of silver links, received from the Superintendent, Government Tuberculosis Hospital, Madras.

65. Eighteen napkins and a packet containing hair pins and two clips and watches.

68. Rupees ten of a deceased patient received from the Superintendent, Government Ophthalmic Hospital.

69. A nickel case pocket watch with silver chain No. W. (dial) 2820245. Valued Rs. 15

69 A Blackbird fountain pen, chocolate colour, with rolled gold clip Valued Re 1-8-0.

67. One green coloured empty patrol tin Valued As 6.

73. One brass nut cutter. Valued 1 anna.

74. Two empty gunny bags old.

75. The following are the properties of Kannappan, an Indian male deck passenger, who died on board S.S. "Rohna" :—Cash Rs 30, one old blanket, one flannel shirt, two vesties, one white shirt, one note book, one tiffin carrier, one pen-knife and one old pillow.

76. One lady boots (black)

77 Two small bundles of woollen thread Valued As. 2.

78. The following properties of a person, name unknown, who died on board S.S. "Enaipah" :—Cash Anna 1, one small box containing a few letters and one white dress and one shirt, one betel cutter, a blanket containing two cloths, two shirts, a slate, two empty bottles and some rags. Valued Re. 1.

79. Three brass chembus, one brass jaladharam and one bucket Valued Rs. 1

81. One pachulu, cotton. Valued As. 8.

82 Khaki motor cover.

88. The following properties of deceased or other patients were received from the Superintendent, Government General Hospital, Madras :—

(1) one coloured saree, (2) one blanket and one banian, (3) one white cloth, (4) one white cloth, one coloured cloth and one white shirt, (5) one white cloth, (6) two white cloths and one shirt, (7) one white cloth, (8) one white cloth and one white shirt, (d) one white cloth, one towel and one old blanket, (10) one white cloth and one shirt, (11) one red cloth, (12) one white cloth, one red cloth and one shirt, (13) one coloured cloth and one white shirt, (14) two white cloths, (15) one red cloth and one white cloth, (16) three white cloths, (17) one white cloth and one saree (18) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (19) one grey blanket, one white shirt, one coloured blanket and one Holland coat, (20) two white cloths, (21) one saree and one coat, (22) three white cloths, one mosquito net, one shirt and one coat, (23) two white cloths, one white shirt, (24) one white cloth and one shirt, (25) two rags and one belt, (26) one white cloth and one towel, (27) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (28) one white pant, (29) two white cloths, (30) one red cloth, (31) one shirt, and blue pant, one banian and one belt, (32) two white clothing and one white shirt, (33) one red cloth, (34) one white cloth, (35) one khaki shirt and one pair of coloured trousers, (36) two red cloths, (37) one red cloth, one shirt and three white clothes (38) two white clothes, (39) one white cloth, (40) one white cloth, one flannel shirt and one banian, (41) two white cloths, (42) one red cloth, (43) one coloured saree and one white jacket, (44) one coloured cloth and one rag, (45) one towel, one coloured shirt and one white cloth, (46) one trousers and one shirt, (47) two white cloths and one shirt, (48) one white cloth and three coloured cloths, (49) two red cloths and one coat, (50) one coloured cloth and one white cloth, (51) one red cloth, one white cloth and one rag, (52) one coloured saree, (53) one blanket and one towel, (54) two white clothes, (55) two white cloths, (56) one white cloth, one shirt and one towel, (57) one white shirt and one white jacket, (58) one red cloth, (59) two

white cloths, (60) two white cloths, (61) one shirt and one red cloth, (62) one white cloth, (63) one white cloth and one white towel, (64) one white cloth, one shirt and one towel, (65) one white cloth, (66) two white rags, (67) one white cloth, one red cloth and one white shirt, (68) two white clothes and one shirt, (69) two white cloths, (70) one coloured saree, (71) three rags, (72) two white cloths, (73) one white rag, (74) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (75) one white towel, (76) one rag and two white cloths, (77) three white cloths and one black coat, (78) two white cloths, (79) two white cloths, (80) two white cloths, (81) three white cloths one red cloth and one blanket, (82) two white cloths, (83) one white cloth, (84) one red cloth and one white cloth (85) one pair of trousers and one banian, (86) one coloured saree, (87) one coloured saree, one jacket and one cloth, (88) one white cloth and one coat, (89) three white cloths, two white coats, one coloured coat and one bag, (90) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (91) one white cloth and one banian, (92) one white cloth and one rag, (93) one shirt and two white cloths, (94) two white cloths, one khaki cloth and one shirt, (95) one red cloth, (96) one coloured saree and one cloth, (97) one white cloth and one coloured shirt, (98) one coloured saree and two rags, (99) one white cloth and one pair of socks, (100) two white cloths and one black coat, (101) three white cloths and one red cloth and one blanket, (102) two white cloths, (103) two white cloths, one coloured coat and one bag, (104) one white cloth and one banian, (105) one red cloth and one white cloth, (106) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (107) one white cloth, (108) one coloured cloth, one coat and cap, (109) one white cloth, one white towel and one flannel blanket, (110) one coloured saree, (111) one pair of stockings, one towel, one chemise, one jacket, two pullovers and one red blanket, (112) two white cloths and one shirt, (113) one white cloth, one shirt and one rag, (114) one white cloth and one shirt, (115) one white cloth, one head cap, one towel and one rag, (116) one pair of black shoes, one white petticoat, one pair of bathing, one chemise and one pair of coloured stockings, (117) two white cloths, one coat and one coloured cloth, (118) one white cloth, (119) two coloured cloths, one white shirt, (120) one white cloth and one white shirt, (121) one white cloth, (122) one coloured cloth, (123) one coat and one white cloth, (124) two white cloths, (125) one white cloth, (126) one red cloth, (127) one blanket and one white cloth, (128) one red cloth, (129) one white cloth, (130) one coloured cloth, one coat and one white shirt, (131) three white cloths and two rags, (132) one shirt and one jacket, (133) two white cloths, (134) three white cloths, one shirt, one silk vest and one child shirt, (135) one black saree, one jacket, one white cloth and one piece of silk, (136) two white clothes and one dantar, (137) two white cloths and one white shirt, (138) one coloured cloth and one rag, (139) two coloured cloths, (140) one coloured saree, one shirt and three jackets, (141) one red cloth and one white cloth, (142) one white cloth, (143) two coloured cloths, one coat, two white cloths, one pair of trousers, one overcoat and two banians, (144) two white clothes, (145) one coloured cloth, one shawl, one shirt and one umbrella, (146) two cloths, (147) two coloured sarees and one jacket, (148) three white cloths, (149) two white cloths, one rug and one bag, (150) two white cloths, one red cloth and a coat, (151) one coloured saree, (152) two coats, two trousers, one shirt, one pair of shoes, one pair of socks and one hat, (153) one white cloth, (154) two white cloths, one flannel and one shirt, (155) two white cloths, one blanket and one towel, (156) two white cloths, (157) two white cloths, one rugged coat, two rags and one belt, (158) one cloth, (159) two white clothes, one red cloth, (160) two white cloths, one white shirt, (161) one white cloth, and one silk cloth, (162) one flannel coat, (163) one white cloth, one shirt and one coat, (164) one white cloth and one red cloth, (165) two white coats, two white vests and one gaunny, (166) two white towels, (167) one white cloth, (168) one red cloth, (169) one white cloth, (170) one white cloth, (171) two white clothes, (172) two white rags each one coloured rag, (173) one white cloth, one red cloth and one banian, (174) two coloured cloths, one white cloth each one shirt, (175) one coat and two rags, (176) one coloured saree, (177) three coloured cloths, (178) one white cloth and one banian, (179) one white cloth and one shirt, (180) one white cloth and one banian, (181) one white vest and one red cloth, (182) one white cloth (183) one white cloth, (184) one bag containing odds and ends and three white cloths, (185) two coloured cloths, (186) one white cloth and one coloured cloth, (187) two coloured cloths and one shirt, (188) one red cloth and one white cloth, (189) one shirt, one white cloth and one piece, (190) one coloured cloth and one white shirt, (191) one white cloth, (192) three white cloths and one rag, (193) one coat, one trouser, one white cloth and one handkerchief, (194) one red cloth, one white cloth and one coat, (195) two white cloths, (196) two coloured sarees, one jacket and one rag, (197) two coloured sarees, one jacket and one rag, (198) one coloured saree and one jacket, (199) two white cloths and one belt, (200) one white cloth, (201) one rag, (202) one red cloth and one white cloth, (203) two white cloths, and one shirt, (204) two white cloths, (205) one coloured saree, (206) one blanket, three white cloths and one bag, (207) two white cloths, one bundle of rags, (208) two white cloths, (209) three coloured cloths and one white cloth, (210) two cloths, (211) one white cloth and two rags, (212) one white cloth, (213) one white cloth and one white shirt, (214) two white rags, (215) two white cloths, one red cloth, one white cloth, one cap and one belt, (216) one coloured cloth, one white cloth, one cap and one belt, (217) two white cloths, one coat and one shirt, (218) one white cloth and one shirt, (219) two white cloths and one white cloth and one shirt, (220) one coloured cloth, one shirt, one muffler and one white cloth, (221) one white cloth, one red cloth and one shirt, (222) one coloured saree, (223) one red saree, (224) one coloured saree and one coloured jacket, (225) one white cloth and one towel

32. An iron safe. Valued As. 8.

100 An iron lock and key. Valued Anna 1.

103. One old mat.

124. One old mat and red bordered dhoti, one black bordered dhoti, one white blanket, one white towel, one white coat, one white bed sheet, one white cloth bag stained pillow, one brass chembu, one brass bowl with cover, one brass cup, one brass plate, two iron pans, six gourds, seven pictures with frames, and one thin long rope being the effects of one deceased Hindu Lad.

127. Two brass vessels.

128. The following are the effects of deceased patients received from the Superintendent, Government Hypnotism Hospital:—

(1) Of Thayarammal, cash Rs. 1-2-0; (2) of Savithri, cash Rs. 0-4-3; (3) of Alamelu Ammal, cash Rs. 2-10-0, (4) of Sengamary, cash Rs. 0-5-0.

132. One hanumanum bar, valued Rs. 5.

133. Sale-proceeds of eleven sangoes, Rs. 0-3-6, one wicker basket and two water pipes, valued anna 1.

162. A figure of a lady made of metal used in front of the motor-cars, valued As. 4.

163. Standard old style No. 1906, with two bulbs and a light, valued Rs. 20.

165. Malayalam towel, one cubit long and ½ cubit breadth, with one palam of cut, valued anna 1.

167. Cash As. 3.

169. A white cotton dhoti, black bordered, valued Rs. 1.

170. One soldier's greeting cap with "Middlesex Regiment" and two buttons, valued As. 2.

174. Cash As. 8 and pies 3.

179. One chain with two beads, two silver thayatnus, one string of red glass beads, valued Rs. 3.

182. Two coils of Manilla rope, one of thinner size and the other of thicker size, valued Rs. 1.

186. A new Cuppumuram bleach, four yards long, valued Rs. 2.

187. A motor-car wind screen, valued As. 8.

188. The following are the effects of an unknown female passenger who died on board S.S. "Empress" :—

One gunny bag containing one trunk box, one tin of twine, one wooden pot, two empty glass bottles, one locked wooden wash box with one shirt drying pan, one rug, one cloth bag containing one broken glass bottle, two empty glass bottles, one cotton saree, one tin cup, two brass pots, one aluminium pot, one tin spoon, one wooden server, one empty oil bag, one open basket containing two cotton lungies, two child cotton shirts, one rug, one cotton bundle containing cash Re 7-3-3, four keys and passage ticket, one cotton saree, one wooden box containing four padlocks, one empty purse, one trap, one scissor, two reels of cotton, lots bundles of spares, one cotton woman jacket and thirty pieces of various household implements.

189. One trunk box containing four bottles, three Tamil books, one red dupatty, one towel, one white coat, one white shirt, two bottles, one brush cash Rs. 0-1-0, 1 yard of white cloth, one woollen cap and Re 1.

II

3 One five-rupee currency note and cash Rs. 7-10-6 with a white handkerchief.

5. One Lucas black water rubber hose bulb, valued As. 4.

7 Motor-car number plate bearing No. M.C. 36 R, valued anna 1.

10. A bunch of keys (a brass seal and six iron keys).

14. One white towel with black border, valued anna 1.

15. Cigarette box one, one match box, one red belt, one house rent agreement, dated 4th August 1928, one shawl with red border, one white lungoti, one woollen towel, one small towel, valued Re. 1

16. An old silver guinea, valued As. 12.

17. One old note colour towel, valued As. 8.

18. One white towel with red border, valued As. 6.

20 House rent receipt and some documents.

21. An old silver stirker guinea, valued Rs. 6.

22. An old silver chain, valued Rs. 1-4-0.

23. An old silk with cover, valued Rs. 2

24. One cheetah skin, one old umbrella, one canvas piece, valued As. 2

25. One ball metal cup, one lace cloth and one glass cloth

26. One Post Office Savings Pass Book No. 19403 of High Court Buildings of one A. Ethayya Nayudu with Small Causes Court summons.

28 One gold chain with pendant weighing about two sovereigns, valued Rs 2a.

30. One rose Rajahmundry silk measuring about 2½ yards in length, valued Rs. 2
31. One red silk Mahommedan cap with linen flowers stitching, valued Re. 0.
32. One old cycle, black enamelled, with brakes and a carrier at back, No. 49208 with one bell, both the tubes punctured, valued Rs 20.
33. One yellow coloured imitation silk gown for a child with a label Murtaza Hussain & Co., Moore Market, on it; a sky coloured child gown with silk flowers of different sorts, valued As. 10
35. One green trunk box, valued As 8.
36. One old small white towel, valued one 0.
38. One motor tail lamp, valued Re. 0.
39. One motor cycle side car cover, valued Rs. 3.
40. One fur cap, old, valued anna 1.
42. One orange colour silk cloth, valued Rs. 2.
43 One Good Year motor tyre, No. D 998236—1630, valued Rs 7-8-0.
44 An old cloth, and pice 9 being the sale-proceeds of two packets of bedding and five cigarettes,
45 One white angavastram with red borders, valued As. 8.
47. One white cloth with black borders, valued As 6.
48. One iron pan used for rickshaw wallah, valued As 2
49 One white small cut rx cubits and a towel, valued Re. 1
50. A spring umbrella black cloth, valued Re. 1.
52. Three iron keys, valued anna 1
57 One ten-rupee currency note No. G-11 [illegible]; one ten-rupee currency note No. G-10 166133; one ten-rupee currency note No. G-22 [illegible]
60. One old rusty cycle, no number, spanner insert 22 saddle no lamp, one hook carrier, front and back wheels with Michelin tyre, valued Rs. 10
61 A bamboo basket containing a small cloth of 4 yards, one black bordered towel, one Muleber towel, one small piece one yard, two white gowns, old, three jackets (white, old), two ravikkais, two towels torn one pair of brown shoes, one pair of boots, one pair of slippers, two ink bottles, two soap boxes, one piece of sunlight soap, one used Pears soap, six empty scent bottles, Bahare Hoorha hair oil bottle with a little oil and rose, one lamenger tin, one tooth brush, valued Rs. 1-8-0.
62 One white woollen muffler, old, valued 6 pice.
63 The mystery of Emanuel Book, valued As. 0.
64. A bunch of keys containing three iron keys, one silver panchanam, one silver tooth picker and an iron ring valued As. 4
66. Cash As 2, being the sale-proceeds of roots,
66. Forty-nine red beads, 47 white beads, valued Re. 1.
68. A bunch of keys and a book, valued anna 1,
69. A small black King's diary and a served notice Chingleput Police Court 10848/28 to M. R. Sivarama Ayyar, No 280, Mint Street, Georgetown, valued anna 1
70. One silver brooch set with 32 small white stones, valued Re. 1
71. One carpet and one leather belt strap, valued Re. 1.
72. One bronze kooja, one blue lace silk dhl towel, one bladder angavastram and one white small angavastram, valued Re. 1.
74 Two yards of yellow muslin, two yards of red muslin and two yards of red muslin valued As. 10,
76a One lace bordered angavastram, one white bottle, one small piece of cloth, valued As 8
101 One sunbrella with a white handle, valued As 8.
102 One old umbrella, valued As. 0 6
104 One old cycle lamp, valued As 8.
106 One white old vests, two white jackets, one white towel old, two ravikkais, one white bodice, valued As. 8.
107 One black rug, valued As. 4.
108 One silver rupee
109 One tiffin box, small size, two small mugs, one knife and one fork valued As. 6.
129 One small gunny bag containing one brass plate, one small valapu-chembu, and certain marriage articles and two gunny bags, valued As 8
130 One black enamelled old cycle with bell and carrier, valued Rs 15.
131 One gunny bag containing dhall 4½ measures.
134. One gent's cycle with a Lucas lamp, black enamelled, two brakes Wellkop & Co. saddle, cycle No. 120 S.M.K., valued Rs 25
136 One basket containing five measures of horsegram.
138. One bell metal kooja with a knobbles, valued Re. 2
137. One gent's cycle bearing No. 265990 with a bell (old Singer machine), valued Rs 20
138 One tiffin cloth cover containing one broken thermos flask (only outer cover), valued 6 pice.
140. One new bed with a new white cover, valued Rs. 2,
141. One rolled gold frame spectacles with an old cover, valued As. 8
144 One four-anna silver coin.
146 One vilumadhiri, valued As. 6.
148 A gold ring weighing ½ sovereign set with five red stones and five white stones, valued Rs. 8.
151. One small copper dabra containing white powder and a small tin containing gram dhall powder, valued As. 12.
155. Two adhaikshi wallet, a small gunny bag with one Kungumam tin, valued As 4.
156. One brass gundu, valued As. 6.
157. One motor number tin plate bearing No. M.C. 24 X.
158. One main of arrangements and foundation of all engine blue coloured illustrated spare part list
160. A mat (new), valued As. 2.
161 One umbrella, valued Re 1.
163 A cloth bundle of a red saree containing about two measures of raw rice and some ash powder and cash As. 1-8.
164 A silver button with monogram 'S' on the back, valued As 2.
165. A cloth bundle tied on a black lined bed sheet containing (1) one black saree, (2) one red lined saree, (3) one torn red saree with some salt, (4) one white angavastram (5) nine assorted children's half arms, (6) white ravikkais two, (7) one blue bordered white towel, (8) one khaddar blue lined cloth containing rice, (9) some tamarind, (10) cotton hurty powder, (11) one soap box, (12) one powder tin, (13) two small looking glasses, (14) wrapper, (15) coffee filter, (16) a piece of muslin wood, (17) one white and black bordered angavastram with two bhabis of rice, (18) one small chest, (19) two Malayali towels, (20) one old surmadi cloth, (21) one tin containing some sugar, (22) one pair of spectacles, (23) one palmyra manuscript book, (24) one ash purse, (25) one brass tin, (26) one match box, (27) one handkerchief, (28) some sundry things and two small tin boxes.

E. J. ROWLANDSON,
Officiating Commissioner of Police.

Madras, 29th November 1929.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 39 (1) of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned societies, and has appointed the officers noted against each to be liquidators under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect on the expiry of two months from the dates mentioned above each :—

12th December 1929.

St. Francis Xavier Co-operative Society No. 10299 in the Madras City of the Madras district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Madras

16th December 1929.

Tiruvankovil Agricultural Co-operative Society No. 6245 in the Tiruvallur taluk of the Chingleput district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Chingleput.

Sudasivanpuram Adi-Dravida Co-operative Society No. 4741 in the Attur taluk of the Salem district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Salem.

18th December 1929.

Duvvur Adi-Andhra Co-operative Society No. V 232 in the Kuvvur taluk of the Nellore district—Sub-Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Nellore.

Melavalathur Field Labourers' Co-operative Society No. 11427 in the Papanasam taluk of the Tanjore district—District Labour Officer, Tanjore.

Padapet Co-operative Supervising Union Limited No. 9045 in the Madras taluk of the Madras district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Madras.

19th December 1929.

Uppalaguptam Field Labourers' Co-operative Society No. I 33 in the Amalapuram taluk of the East Godavari district—District Labour Officer, Cocanada.

The Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Madras, has, under section 39 of the Co-operative Societies Act II of 1912 (India), cancelled the registration of the undermentioned societies, and has appointed the officers noted against each to be liquidators under section 42 (1) of the same Act. This order will take effect from the date mentioned above each.

19th December 1929.

Mangarai Co-operative Society No. 4954 in the Dharmapuri taluk of the Salem district—Sub-Deputy Registrar, Salem.

19th December 1929.

Ekambathpet Co-operative Society No. 5079 in the Salem taluk of the Salem district—Sub Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Salem.

D. N. STRATHIE,
Registrar of Co-operative Societies.

Madras, 19th December 1929.

TREASURE TROVE.

It is hereby notified under section 9 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act (VI of 1878) that on or about the 17th day of October 1929, treasure consisting of the undermentioned articles valued at Rs. 78 was found hidden in a field puimash No. 38 a ryoti land of Kangundi Zamindari and held in sivayi jama cultivation by Kuracha Chinngade in the village of Gundlechipalli in the Koppam division, Chittoor district.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Chittoor, at Pulmaner Camp on the 26th day of April 1930 at 11 a.m. in order to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Description of property.	Value.
	Rs.
One small tin box containing the following articles :—	
Thirteen gold pieces weighing 12½ pagodas, one bearing inscription of three persons.	60
Two pieces of golden wants thread weighing three pagodas less one grain	16
Two ear-rings weighing 1½ pagodas less 1 gram	2

C. F. BRACKENBURY,
Collector.

Chittoor Collector's Office,
17th December 1929.

It is hereby notified, under section 5 (a) of Act VI of 1878, that the following articles of treasure, valued at Rs. 150, were found on 17th April 1929 in the private attached backyard of one Narayanam Lakshmanacharyulu, archaka of Chinnakuri, Gogole taluk, by one Vadda Challa Ankadu while he was digging the pati earth for the construction of a wall of the Archaka.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any portion thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector in his office at Guntur on 20th February 1930 at 11 a.m., with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law :—

Brass articles.		Brass articles.	
Idols	55	'Poona tray' ..	1
Padatalu	6	'Harati plate' ..	1
Conch disc	2	'Conch	1
'Gaddes'	16	Sundali pati ..	1
Cradle	1	'Saligrama' ..	1
'Beeha Gelde' ..	3		101
'Mahara Toranam' ..	6		
'Nalle'	2		

Guntur Collector's Office,
31st August 1929.

F. W. STEWART,
Collector.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878, that on the 19th day of March 1929, 2,426 old copper coins of the approximate value of Rs. 90 were found in a kumpa by Lotti Chittanna of Hiramandalam, Parlakimedi taluk, while digging the foundations for the construction of a house in the said village where the arrack shop is now situated. The boundaries of the place are noted below :—

North—House of Bella Appadu.

East—House of Anam Mahalingam.

South—(Rajamargam) Public way.

West—House of Gorrela Dalayya.

Police constable No. 174 of Saravakota police station seized the treasure, and it is now kept in the Collector's office, Chatrapur.

Any person claiming the said treasure or any part thereof is hereby required to appear either personally or by agent before the Collector of Ganjam on 20th January 1930 at Chatrapur when the matter will be enquired into and determined according to the provisions laid down under Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878.

T. AUSTIN,
Collector.

Ganjam Collector's Office,
24th August 1929.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878 that on the 2nd October 1929 the undermentioned treasure was found in a mud pot in the mud wall of the thatched house of Kuppammal alias Ratnammal in Pudupet, hamlet of Ammanankovil village of Tirappattur taluk, North Arcot district.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are required to appear in person or by duly authorized agent before the Collector of North Arcot at his bungalow in Vellore at 2 p.m. on 14th April 1930 to prove their claim.

Sub-adult of treasure found.

Serial number, number of coins and year.	Value.	
	Rs.	A.
1. One sovereign of 1868	12	0
2. Two sovereigns of 1881	27	0
3. One sovereign of 1883	13	0
4. One sovereign of 1885	13	0
5. Nine coins Nawab rupee Shah Alam Ghazi of 1213	4	0
6. Eight coins, Azizuddin Muhammad Alam Ghir Badsha Ghazi of 1173	3	0
7. Five rupee coins of 1836	5	0
8. Sixty rupee coins of 1840	60	0
9. Seventy-seven rupee coins of 1888	77	0
10. Four rupee coins of 1874	4	0
11. Two rupee coins of 1875	2	0
12. Six rupee coins of 1876	6	0
13. Thirteen rupee coins of 1877	13	0
14. Five rupee coins of 1878	5	0
15. Five rupee coins of 1879	5	0
16. Six rupee coins of 1880	6	0
17. One rupee coin of 1881	1	0
18. Five rupee coins of 1882	5	0
19. One rupee coin of 1883	1	0
20. Three rupee coins of 1884	3	0
21. Six rupee coins of 1885	6	0
22. Four rupee coins of 1886	4	0
23. One rupee coin of 1887	1	0
24. Two rupee coins of 1888	2	0
25. Two rupee coins of 1889	2	0
26. Two rupee coins of 1890	2	0
27. One rupee coin of 1891	1	0
28. Three rupee coins of 1893	3	0
Total ..	368	0

D. H. BOULTON,
Collector.

North Arcot Collector's Office,
29th October 1929.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 20th December 1929.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. lint.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				
	Week ending 21st December 1928.		Total from 1st February 1928 to 21st December 1928.		Current week.			Total from 1st February 1929 to date.		
	Received at mills. (c)	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea	Received at mills. (b)	Net exports by sea. (a)	Total.	Received at mills	Net exports by sea	Total.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tinnevelly	852	62	59,706	78,694	857	Nil	857	72,491	61,205	133,696
Salems	885	508	20,100	2,813	53	Nil	53	18,901	17,268	36,169
Cambodia	1,064	464	52,509	35,694	284	587	871	71,220	69,170	140,390
Northerns and Westerns ..	901	620	51,054	44,811	529	1,309	2,838	76,606	74,913	151,519
Coconadas	73	729	411	34,085	7	889	876	(c) 445	41,530	41,974
Outside cotton	498	— 232	50,613	— 18,599	961	— 482	482	24,054	— 6,095	22,959
Total ..	3,387	2,153	308,796	178,287	2,691	2,063	6,587	314,737	278,522	593,249

(a) Returns supplied by the corresponding week of previous year by seventeen mills.
(b) Returns supplied in the current week by sixteen mills.
(c) Exports by sea in the current week.—Madras—Cambodia 100; Northerns and Westerns 1,496; Coconadas 858; Cuddalore—Nil; Tuticorin—Nil; Calicut—Cambodia 587; Cochin—No report. Mangalore—Nil.
Imports by sea in the current week—Calicut 195 (from Karachi) and 286 (from Bombay).
(d) Includes 48 bales not reported before.
— denotes net imports.

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 20th December 1929.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. lint.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year				Director's estimate of the crop.
	Number pressed in week ending 21st December 1928.	Number pressed from 1st February 1928 to 21st December 1928.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1928 to 21st December 1928.	Total cotton consumed for the period 1st February 1928 to 21st December 1928.	Number pressed in the current week.	Number pressed from 1st February 1929 to date.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1929 to date.	Total cotton consumed for from 1st February 1929 to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevelly	176	136,363	7,000	132,412	76	149,656	10,346	133,696	144,000
Salems	498	19,836	13,198	33,037	145	25,239	10,618	36,900	37,000
Cambodia	9.7	85,364	20,461	105,838	534	125,994	37,972	164,954	167,000
Northerns and Westerns ..	1,062	98,326	Nil	98,325	491	(a)130,263	Nil	130,753	127,000
Coconadas and others ..	336	34,646	621	36,856	448	43,851	445	44,310	45,000
Outside cotton	Nil	6	855	363	Nil	Nil	265	265	Nil
Total ..	2,108	368,527	41,135	404,032	2,103	476,054	49,634	516,858	520,000

(a) Includes 50 bales not reported before.

Statement of cotton pressed in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 20th December 1929.

[Section 5 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales pressed			
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st February 1929.	During the corresponding period last year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tinnevelly	76	176	149,656	136,363
Salems	145	498	25,239	19,836
Cambodia	534	9.7	125,994	85,364
Northerns and Westerns	491	1,062	(a) 130,263	98,326
Coconadas	448	336	43,851	34,646
Outside cotton	Nil	Nil	Nil	6
Total ..	2,103	2,083	476,054	368,527

(a) Includes 50 bales not reported before.

Madras, 27th December 1929.

Statement showing the inland consumption and exports of raw cotton in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 27th December 1929.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. Net.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.					
	Week ending 28th December 1928.		Total from 1st February 1928 to 28th Dec. 1928.		Current week.			Total from 1st February 1929 to date.		
	Received at mills. (a)	Net exports by sea.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Returned at mills. (b)	Net exports by sea. (c)	Total.	Received at mills.	Net exports by sea.	Total. (d)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Tinnevelly	721	498	69,183	74,316	618	602	1,220	79,717	91,814	184,831
Salem	16	Nil	20,518	2,978	114	Nil	114	(e) 16,231	7,268	23,499
Cambodia	488	764	82,977	58,078	565	137	702	(e) 71,790	89,397	161,087
Northerns and Westerns ..	254	626	21,812	15,457	426	202	628	28,426	76,825	105,251
Coconadas	Nil	63	411	24,148	Nil	Nil	Nil	449	41,525	41,974
Outside cotton	511	Nil	50,524	—16,393	997	Nil	997	39,933	— 6,248	33,685
Total ..	1,773	2,159	226,559	176,436	2,619	938	3,556	237,564	276,481	497,324

(a) Returns supplied in the corresponding week of previous year by twelve mills.
(b) Returns supplied in the current week by sixteen mills.
(c) Exports by sea in the current week—Madras—Northerns and Westerns 202; Coconada—Nil; Tuticorin—Tinnevellies 602, Cambodia 137, Calicut, Cochin and Mangalore—No report.
Imports by sea in the current week—Nil.
(d) Includes 114 bales not reported before.
(e) Includes 315 bales not reported before.
— signifies net imports.

Quantity of cotton pressed in the pressing factories and of unpressed cotton received at spinning mills in the Madras Presidency during the week ending 27th December 1929.

(*Note.*—All figures are in bales of 400 lb. Net.)

Variety of cotton.	In the previous year.				In the current year.				Director's estimate of the 1928-29 crop.
	Number pressed in week ending 28th December 1928.	Pressed from 1st February 1928 to 28th December 1928.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1928 to 28th December 1928.	Total cotton consumed by factories from 1st February 1928 to 28th December 1928.	Number pressed in the current week.	Number pressed from 1st February 1929 to date.	Unpressed cotton received at spinning mills from 1st February 1929 to date.	Total cotton consumed for from 1st February 1929 to date.	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Tinnevelly	94	126,145	7,176	132,831	Nil	149,955	10,381	160,016	165,500
Salems	264	19,193	18,193	37,901	46	23,329	19,776	43,151	67,300
Cambodia	1,293	99,631	50,554	107,185	1,239	(a) 129,569	28,319	158,704	187,900
Northerns and Westerns ..	1,935	89,558	Nil	99,558	727	(b) 130,925	Nil	130,925	521,900
Coconadas and others ..	337	64,682	411	35,948	581	(c) 44,519	449	44,968	46,800
Outside cotton	Nil	8	365	363	Nil	Nil	344	348	Nil
Total ..	4,111	365,639	41,673	407,311	3,603	478,838	59,174	538,090	833,300

(a) Includes 167 bales not reported before.
(b) Includes 6 bales not reported before.
(c) Includes 67 bales not reported before.

Statement of cotton pressed in the Madras Presidency for the week ending 27th December 1929.

[Section 6 (2) of the Cotton Ginning and Pressing Factories Act, 1925.]

Variety of cotton.	Number of bales pressed.			
	During the week.	During the corresponding week last year.	Since 1st February 1929.	During the corresponding period last year.
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Tinnevellies	Nil	94	149,955	126,139
Salems	46	264	23,329	19,193
Cambodia	1,239	1,293	(a) 129,569	99,631
Northerns and Westerns ..	727	1,935	(b) 130,925	89,558
Coconadas	581	1,019	(c) 44,519	64,682
Outside cotton	Nil	337	Nil	24,549
Total ..	3,603	4,111	478,838	365,538

(a) Includes 167 bales not reported before.
(b) Includes 6 bales not reported before.
(c) Includes 67 bales not reported before.

Madras, 4th January 1930.

G. R. HILSON,
Officiating Director of Agriculture.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Abstract return of attacks and deaths from epidemic diseases in the Presidency of Madras during the week ending 7th December 1929.

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal town.	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Ganjam	Chatrapur	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Tekkali	..	..	4	2	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	7	2	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam ..	Bobbili	..	..	20	2	..	..	..	..
	Gajapatinagaram	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pallanda	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	..
	Parvatipuram	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	..
	Viravelli	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	1	..	18	5	..	..	..	..
Godavari, West ..	Narasapur	..	..	8	1	..	..	..	..
	Palacole M.T.	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	11	1	..	..	..	..
Kellore	Gudur	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
	Kandukur	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	9	..	..	..	..	..
Madras	Madras Town	1	1	14	6	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	Conjeveram	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Madurantakam	..	..	13	..	..	..	..	..
	Poonda	..	..	17	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	32	1	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	Cuddalore	..	..	6	4	..	..	..	..
	Tindivanam	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Tirukkoyilur	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Villupuram	..	..	21	5	..	..	..	..
	Cuddalore M.T.	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	32	10	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly ..	Kulittalai	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalgudi	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Trichinopoly	5	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Udayarpalayam	44	9	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Trichinopoly M.T.	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	54	18	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	Kumbakonam	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mannargudi	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nannilam	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Papanasam	12	7	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruturaipundi	30	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	24	16	1	..	..	..	..	..
Madura	Dindigul	16	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madura	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nilakottai	73	25	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Periyakulam	55	32	..	..	16	8	..	..
	Sedilayakkaranr M.T.	78	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dindigul M.T.	56	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madura M.T.	15	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palni M.T.	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Periyakulam M.T.	1	1	..	..	10	3	..	..
	Total ..	298	141	..	..	26	9	..	..
Ramnad	Aruppukottai	2	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mudukulattur	10	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paramagudi	176	97	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramnad	7	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sattur	41	15	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivaganga	49	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srivilliputtur	336	117	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruppattur	5	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruchuli	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivakasi M.T.	6	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srivilliputtur M.T.	8	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Virudhunagar M.T.	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	651	290	..	..	..	..	..	..

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal town.	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Tinnevelly	Ambasamudram	79	55	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Koilpatti	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nanguneri	15	10	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Sankaranayinarkoil	54	36	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tenkasi	139	76	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly	32	22	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruchendur	72	46	6	2	..	..	..	..
	Palamcottah M.T.	5	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly M.T.	10	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tuticorin M.T.	3	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	411	264	7	2	..	..	..	..
Karaikal	Kollakudia	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Karikal	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	Rayampeta	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	Adoni	..	..	7	..	..	..	..	..
	Hadagalli	..	..	..	..	4	3	..	..
	Hospet	..	..	..	..	16	9	..	..
	Kudligi	..	..	..	..	24	16	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	7	..	34	27	..	..
Anantapur	Kadiri	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
North Arcot	Arkonam	..	..	10	1	..	..	..	..
	Gudiyattam	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Polur	..	..	12	1	..	..	..	..
	Walajapet	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Wandiwash	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Vellore M.T.	..	..	8	3	..	..	..	..
	Vaniyambadi M.T.	..	..	..	..	41	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	41	4	1	..	..	..
Chittoor	Kalahasti	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..
	Madanapalle	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Vayalpad	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	10	2	..	..	..	..
Salem	Hosur	..	..	..	..	26	16	..	..
Coimbatore	Erumadi	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Coimbatore	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	..
	Dharapuram	24	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Erode	9	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Udamalpet	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dharapuram M.T.	27	23	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Pollachi M.T.	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	63	50	10	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	Kasaragod	..	..	5	..	..	..	..	..
	Udipi	..	..	13	5	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	18	5	..	..	..	..
Malabar	Chirakkal	..	..	7	3	..	..	..	..
	Kottayam	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Palghat	..	..	5	1	..	..	..	..
	Ponnani	..	..	5	2	..	..	..	..
	Walluvanad	18	10	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Calicut M.T.	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Cannanore M.T.	..	..	3	3	..	..	..	..
	Cochin M.T.	..	..	36	3	..	..	..	..
	Palghat M.T.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	18	10	63	15	..	..	..	..
	Total—Municipalities ..	816	213	71	17	13	3	..	..
	Total—Rural districts ..	1,182	833	231	42	74	43	..	..
	Grand Total ..	1,961	346	302	59	87	49	..	..

* Imported.

Madras, 3rd January 1930.

Abstract return of attacks and deaths from epidemic diseases in the Presidency of Madras during the week ending 14th December 1929.

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal town.	Cholera.		Smallpox		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks	Deaths.	Attacks	Deaths.	Attacks	Deaths.	Attacks	Deaths.
Ganjam	Chatrapur	1	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Chicacole	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Tekkali	..	..	6	2	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	1	..	10	2	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam	Bobbili	..	..	17	1	..	..	..	..
	Gajapatinagaram	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Gnigchia	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Parvatipuram	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Vizianagram	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	2	1	22	2	..	..	..	..
Godavari, West ..	Narsapur	..	..	16	3	..	..	..	..
	Palakole M.T.	..	..	8	2	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	24	5	..	..	..	..
Kallare	Attankur	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Kavali	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	4	1	..	..	..	..
Madras	Madras Town	..	..	16	3	..	..	..	..
Chingleput	Conjeeveram	..	..	13	2	..	..	..	..
	Madurantakam	..	..	1	0	..	..	..	..
	Ponneri	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	..
	Conjeevaram M.T.	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	24	6	..	..	..	..
South Arcot	Chidambaram	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Tindivanam	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	..
	Tirukkoyilur	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Villupuram	..	..	7	1	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	2	1	16	3	..	..	..	..
Trichinopoly	Karur	9	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kulittalai	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Lalgudi	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Trichinopoly	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Udaiyarpalaiyam	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Trichinopoly M.T.	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	23	13	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tanjore	Arantangi	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kumbakonam	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mannargudi	6	3	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Mayavaram	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nannilam	5	2	3	1	..	..	..	..
	Papanasam	17	8	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruturaipundi	3	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tanjore M.T.	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	33	15	3	1	..	..	..	..
Madura	Dindigul	26	12	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madura	47	21	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nilakottai	55	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palni	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Periyakulam	171	93	..	..	28	13	..	..
	Sedapatchanur M.T.	59	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Dindigul M.T.	42	24	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Madura M.T.	11	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Periyakulam M.T.	3	1	..	..	1	0	..	..
	Total ..	406	197	..	..	29	13	..	..
Ramnad	Aruppukottai	35	16	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Mudukulattur	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Paramagudi	142	88	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Ramnad	13	5	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Rattur	52	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivaganga	61	31	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srivilliputtur	345	161	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruppattur	13	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Kamudi M.T.	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivakasi M.T.	4	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Srivilliputtur M.T.	7	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Virudhunagar M.T.	8	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	709	367	..	..	..	..	..	..

Name of the district.	Name of taluk (rural) and municipal towns.	Cholera.		Smallpox.		Plague.		Relapsing fever.	
		Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.	Attacks.	Deaths.
Tinnevelly ..	Ambasamudram	74	62	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Koilpatti	9	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Nanguneri	13	7	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sankaranayinarkoil	99	61	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Sivagirimittas	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tenkasi	286	150	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly	37	28	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tiruchendur	62	56	6	..	..	..	..	..
	Palamcottai M.T.	19	5	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Tinnevelly M.T.	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Tuticorin M.T.	6	3	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	608	337	8	..	..	..	..	..
Kurnool	Kurnool	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..
Cuddapah	Rayachoti	..	..	8	..	..	..	..	..
Bellary	Hadagalli	..	..	..	..	5	5	..	..
	Harpanahalli	..	..	..	..	16	11	..	..
	Kudligi	..	..	..	..	17	12	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	..	..	38	28	..	..
North Arcot	Palur	..	..	14	1	..	..	..	..
	Vellore	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Wallajapet	..	..	12	6	..	..	..	..
	Wandiwash	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Gudiyattam M.T.	..	..	2	3	..	..	..	..
	Vellore M.T.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	32	12	..	..	..	..
Chittoor	Chittoor	..	..	6	..	..	..	..	..
	Kalahasti	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Madanapalle	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..
	Tirutturi	..	..	6	4	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	..	..	16	5	..	..	..	..
Salem	Hosur	..	..	..	..	40	13	..	..
Coimbatore	Dharapuram	46	32	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Erode	9	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Udumalpet	37	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Coimbatore M.T.	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..
	Dharapuram M.T.	23	14	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Palladi M.T.	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..
	Udumalpet M.T.	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	116	68	3	..	..	..	..	..
South Kanara ..	Udipi	..	..	7	3	..	..	..	..
Malabar	Chirakal	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..
	Kurumbranad	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	..
	Palghat	3	1	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Ponnani	..	..	5	2	..	..	..	..
	Walluvanad	12	10	..	..	..	..	..	..
	Calicut M.T.	..	..	3	1	1	..	..	..
	Cannanore M.T.	..	..	24	4	..	..	..	..
	Cochin M.T.	..	..	21	6	..	..	..	..
	Palghat M.T.	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..
	Tellicherry M.T.	..	..	6	4	..	..	..	..
	Total ..	15	11	69	22	1	..	..	..
	Total—Municipalities ..	159	71	76	23	6	2	..	..
	Total—Rural districts ..	1,756	899	171	49	103	51	..	..
	Grand Total ..	1,915	970	247	68	107	53	..	..

Madras, 4th January 1899.

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 30th November 1850.

District.	Serial number.	Municipal towns.	Population under Registration according to the Census of 1851.			Exempt.		Deaths.											
			Males.	Females	Total.	Number registered including still-births.	Still-born number registered	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries including accident	Death from child birth.	Other causes.	Total. Males	Total. Females	Total. Total.
Ganjam ..	1	Berhampur ..	18,001	13,730	32,731	25	..	..	..	..	3	3	2	..	..	6	7	8	15
	2	Parlakimedi ..	9,818	9,901	19,719	14	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	1	1	1	2
	3	Chicacole ..	7,685	8,603	16,288	14	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vizagapatam.	4	Vizagapatam ..	22,153	22,553	44,711	38	1	..	..	..	4	6	3	..	..	6	5	4	9
	5	Vizianagram ..	19,381	19,818	39,299	64	..	..	..	..	4	1	4	1	1	23	16	18	34
	6	Anakapalle ..	10,048	10,272	20,320	6	1	..	..	..	..	..	5	..	..	23	20	14	34
	7	Bimlipatam ..	3,424	4,071	7,495	6	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	1
Godavari, East.	8	Rajahmundry ..	26,758	27,033	53,791	30	1	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	1	2	4	3	4
	9	Cocanada ..	20,346	37,002	53,348	40	..	..	..	..	6	1	1	1	1	2	3	2	5
	10	Peddapuram ..	7,201	7,419	14,620	11	..	..	..	..	7	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	3
Godavari, West.	11	Pilloor ..	23,630	23,233	45,863	30	3	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	12	12	24
	12	Palakollu ..	7,263	7,272	14,535	7	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2	6	6	12
Kistna ..	13	Bezwada ..	23,107	21,052	44,159	32	..	..	..	..	4	..	4	..	..	2	6	3	9
	14	Masulipatam ..	21,878	22,062	43,940	44	3	..	3	..	4	3	6	..	1	25	18	14	32
	15	Guntur ..	24,337	23,847	48,184	62	6	..	..	..	6	2	4	1	1	14	15	13	28
	16	Tenali ..	12,045	11,195	23,230	13	..	..	..	..	7	2	2	..	..	27	18	20	38
Guntur ..	17	Chirala ..	7,789	7,818	15,323	10	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	1
	18	Ongole ..	7,040	7,200	14,270	13	1	..	..	..	6	..	1	3	..	2	2	1	3
	19	Narasaraopet ..	5,789	5,539	11,328	8	..	..	..	..	3	2	..	..	..	4	3	1	4
Nellore ..	20	Nellore ..	17,756	18,024	35,780	44	3	..	..	..	3	2	2	1	1	1	4	3	6
Madras ..	21	Madras ..	277,044	251,747	528,791	510	27	1	2	..	5	2	3	1	1	20	14	15	29
	22	Conjeveram ..	30,714	30,662	61,376	42	2	..	..	..	10	71	101	12	10	239	265	267	532
Chingleput ..	23	Saidapet ..	13,947	13,457	27,404	28	..	..	..	..	3	3	3	1	2	14	14	14	28
	24	Chingleput ..	6,197	5,626	11,763	28	2	..	..	..	6	2	2	..	..	5	7	13	19
	25	Cuddalore ..	25,072	26,448	51,827	57	4	..	..	..	1	1	1	..	..	3	4	2	6
South Arcot	26	Chidambaram ..	11,216	11,287	22,501	13	..	..	..	..	3	3	4	3	1	37	27	18	45
	27	Villupuram ..	9,046	8,377	17,423	12	..	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	8	7	4	11
	28	Trichinopoly ..	60,574	59,848	120,422	13	6	..	..	..	3	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3
Trichinopoly.	29	Srirangam ..	31,130	12,014	23,153	18	..	..	..	..	4	14	31	..	..	68	65	72	137
	30	Karur ..	9,155	9,094	18,249	11	..	..	..	..	7	3	2	..	..	10	11	10	21
	31	Kumbakonam ..	29,620	31,074	60,700	40	..	..	..	..	5	3	1	..	1	5	8	9	17
	32	Tanjore ..	29,988	30,550	59,913	45	1	..	..	..	7	8	10	1	..	34	33	33	66
Tanjore ..	33	Negapatam ..	26,321	27,660	54,016	29	1	..	..	..	7	8	4	3	1	42	38	28	66
	34	Mayaveram ..	14,007	14,810	28,817	30	3	..	..	..	7	4	16	..	1	24	21	33	54
	35	Tiruvarur ..	12,309	12,815	24,124	16	..	..	..	..	2	1	..	..	..	18	12	9	21
	36	Mannargudi* ..	10,806	10,832	21,638	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	1	..	..	6	3	8	11
	37	Madura ..	70,286	65,005	135,291	161	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	38	Dindigul ..	16,809	15,113	30,922	36	2	20	..	..	4	25	49	..	..	58	70	73	143
Madura ..	39	Bodinayakkanur	9,767	10,574	20,341	20	..	44	..	..	1	15	10	..	..	20	30	40	70
	40	Palni ..	8,616	8,992	17,608	21	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	24	20	44
	41	Periyakulam ..	7,844	8,634	16,478	25	4	6	..	..	..	1	1	..	4	..	10	5	15
	42	Kodaikanal ..	2,288	2,015	4,303	3	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	17	19	10	29
													2				2	4	6

* Returns not received.

[Continued on next page.

MADRAS RECORDS LIBRARY

Vital Statistics of the Municipal Towns of the Madras Presidency for the week ending 30th November 1929—cont.

District.	Serial number.	Municipal towns.	Population under Registration according to the Census of 1921			Births.		Deaths												
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Number registered excluding still-births.	Still born number registered.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries including suicides.	Tetanus from child birth.	Other causes.	Total. Males.	Total. Females.	Total. Total.
Ramnad ..	43	Srivilliputtur * ..	15,507	15,728	31,235	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	44	Virudhunagar ..	10,722	11,622	22,344	33	..	1	..	..	7	7	4	..	1	14	17	17	34
	45	Sivakasi * ..	7,027	7,580	14,617	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	46	Karaikudi ..	7,323	8,127	15,350	9	..	..	..	..	7	2	..	..	..	1	6	4	10
Tinnevelly ..	47	Tinnevelly ..	26,503	27,520	53,783	44	..	25	..	..	4	3	5	1	..	30	38	45	83
	48	Palamcottah ..	22,246	24,197	46,443	45	1	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	49	Tuticorin ..	22,761	21,741	44,502	35	1	3	..	..	2	4	7	1	2	21	32	26	53
	50	Vellore * ..	24,999	25,811	50,210	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	21	20	41
North Arcot	51	Gudiyattam ..	11,201	11,402	22,603	16	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	52	Tiruvannamalai ..	10,847	11,065	21,912	30	1	..	..	..	4	1	1	1	..	10	10	13	23
	53	Vaniyambadi ..	9,283	10,807	20,090	7	..	..	..	..	3	5	..	..	..	6	10	8	18
	54	Tirappattur ..	7,992	8,283	16,275	19	4	..	..	..	1	2	..	..	1	15	12	7	19
	55	Walajapet ..	4,980	5,033	10,013	11	1	..	..	..	4	1	1	..	..	5	5	7	12
Chittoor ..	56	Chittoor ..	8,932	8,988	17,941	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	1	10	6	7	13
	57	Tirupati ..	8,831	8,603	17,434	18	..	..	..	..	2	3	3	..	..	5	8	5	13
Salem ..	58	Salem ..	20,418	25,828	52,244	74	..	..	..	..	7	3	15	1	..	41	42	28	70
	59	Coimbatore ..	38,417	42,317	65,786	70	..	..	..	..	12	12	10	4	..	38	42	33	75
	60	Erode ..	11,461	11,450	22,911	10	..	..	..	..	7	1	3	..	..	6	6	8	15
Coimbatore ..	61	Dharapuram * ..	7,003	8,221	15,124	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
	62	Pollachi ..	6,242	9,034	11,275	12	..	..	..	..	6	1	..	..	..	8	8	8	16
	63	Tiruppur ..	5,846	5,013	10,851	6	..	..	..	..	3	1	..	..	..	3	5	2	7
	64	Udumalpet ..	5,177	5,056	10,233	11	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	..	..	5	6	6	11
Kurnool ..	65	Kurnool ..	13,844	14,044	27,888	35	..	..	..	..	4	1	4	1	..	32	18	22	41
	66	Nandyal ..	8,184	8,933	18,124	18	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	5	9	4	13
Cuddapah ..	67	Cuddapah ..	8,888	9,851	18,517	19	1	..	..	..	2	3	4	2	..	15	17	7	24
	68	Proddatur ..	6,105	7,801	13,906	15	..	..	..	..	1	..	2	1	..	3	4	3	7
Bellary ..	69	Bellary ..	21,113	18,728	39,842	38	..	..	..	..	1	7	14	..	..	21	23	20	43
	70	Adoni ..	15,616	14,871	30,232	24	..	..	..	..	3	6	..	..	..	8	6	13	19
	71	Hospet ..	8,132	8,205	16,337	21	1	..	..	..	4	2	1	..	..	10	8	10	18
Anantapur ..	72	Hindupur ..	6,740	5,716	12,456	13	..	..	..	..	1	2	1	..	..	5	5	5	10
	73	Anantapur ..	6,077	5,378	11,452	12	..	..	..	..	3	2	1	1	..	1	4	6	10
	74	Tadpatri ..	5,808	5,588	11,396	5	..	..	..	..	0	..	1	..	..	3	3	4	10
Nilgiris, The.	75	Gotacamund ..	10,217	9,250	19,467	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	..	..	4	3	6	13
	76	Coonoor ..	6,456	6,758	13,215	11	1	..	..	..	1	..	5	..	..	5	3	6	13
South Kanara.	77	Mangalore ..	28,204	25,673	53,877	39	..	..	..	..	3	2	5	6	2	12	9	21	
	78	Calicut ..	42,527	39,807	82,334	35	3	..	1	..	3	3	4	..	..	24	21	24	45
Malabar ..	79	Palghat ..	22,619	22,869	45,487	38	2	..	2	..	2	1	6	1	..	14	14	12	26
	80	Cannanore ..	18,159	14,543	32,702	15	..	..	3	..	3	..	6	..	1	18	13	18	31
	81	Tellicherry ..	13,050	14,486	27,536	21	3	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	1	7	7	5	12
	82	Cochin ..	11,222	9,418	20,637	20	..	..	2	..	2	1	4	..	..	8	11	9	20
		Total ..	1,886,468	1,886,621	3,046,089	2,689	103	125	24	2	295	201	494	61	35	1,264	1,328	1,253	2,581

* Returns not received.

Madras, 30th December 1929.

N. B. USHAYA, Captain,
Acting Director of Public Health.

JUDICIAL NOTIFICATIONS.

PROCLAMATION.

Matters to be tried.

By virtue of a Precept to me directed by His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, I hereby proclaim and give notice that a Sessions of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery in and for Fort Saint George, the Town of Madras and the local limits thereof and the places and factories subordinate thereto will be holden at the Court House of the Court at Madras aforesaid on Monday the Third day of February ensuing the date hereof, at 10-45 o'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed within Fort Saint George or the Town of Madras or the local limits thereof and places and factories subordinate thereto and dependent thereon.

And also that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty for the trial of all crimes and offences done or committed on the High Seas.

And I hereby require and enjoin all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions or in anywise concerned therein to attend at the time and place abovementioned and not to depart without leave.

C. ABDUL HAKIM,
Sheriff of Madras.

High Court, Madras,
20th December 1929.

ADJOURNMENT OF COURTS.

Notice is hereby given that the Court of the District and Sessions Judge of North Malabar and the Court of the Subordinate Judge, Tellicherry, will be adjourned for the annual recess from Monday, the 21st April 1930 to Saturday, the 21st June 1930, both days included and all the Courts of the District Munsifs and the Court of the Official Receiver in the North Malabar district from Monday, the 21st April 1930 to Saturday, the 31st May 1930, both days included.

During the adjournment, no plaint, petition or other paper will be received.

Arrangements will be made for granting copies of judgments and decrees and other papers and exhibits to which parties or their pleaders are entitled, provided that applications for such copies have been presented before adjournment.

A. V. GOVINDA MENON,
District and Sessions Judge.

Tellicherry, 21st December 1929.

NOTIFICATION.

In partial modification of the notification, dated 6th May 1929, published at page 834 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 14th May 1929, Part II, regarding the location and territorial jurisdiction of the Courts of the District Munsifs in the Coimbatore district, the High Court hereby directs and notifies under sections 5 and 11 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, III of 1873, as amended by the Madras Civil Courts Act of 1885 and Act III of 1925, that, from and after the 23rd December 1929 when the Special District Munsif's Court of Coimbatore ceased to exist, the Courts of the District Munsifs in the said district shall be located and shall have and exercise local jurisdiction as shown below :—

DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT OF COIMBATORE.

LOCATION—COIMBATORE TOWN

Local jurisdiction.

(a) The entire Revenue taluk of Coimbatore

(c) The following villages of the Pollachi taluk :—

1. Athimbalayam.
2. Mettupalayam.
3. Panapatti.
4. Vadamalur.
5. Kondampatti.
6. Kalavaipalayam.
7. Vadapudhur.
8. Kaikini Athimpalayam.
9. Pattayandi Paramba
10. Muthur.
11. Sankarayapuram.
12. Govindapuram.
13. Kinathukadavu
14. Sokkanur
15. Kadampalayam,
16. Kothavadi.
17. Kuranallipalayam.
18. Parishamadai
19. Kattampatti.
20. Eruthukandi.
21. Andipalayam
22. Bottikkipalayam.
23. Nallepalayam.
24. Devarayapuram.
25. Sulakkal.
26. Vadakkipalayam
27. Mettupalayam.
28. A Mullipadi.
29. Kanakkampalayam
30. Devarampalayam.
31. Kappalthurai.
32. Vaghaikampalayam.

(Zamin villages)

33. Negamam.
34. Periyapalayam.

(c) The following villages of the Annamalai taluk :—

1. Vadavalli.
2. Pegalur
3. Kuppathur
4. Vadakkalur
5. Annur-Mettupalayam
6. Annur
7. Oddarpalayam
8. Karaigoundanpalayam.
9. Kuppepalayam,
10. Kuttampatti
11. Kummathur.
12. Pachapalayam.
13. Naranapuram.
14. Mangunnanaickenpalayam.
15. Illuppanilam.
16. Iyamkarai.
17. Sirumi Kalimpatti.
18. Madathukuli.
19. Kannavakarai.
20. Ambedi
21. Akkarai Sengapalli.
22. Kallithurai.
23. Olandhurai
24. Thekkampatti
25. Kottamampalayam,
26. Thalampalayam
27. Kalampalayam.
28. Marudur
29. Karumadai.
30. Sekkadampalayam.
31. Semmegai
32. Jadayampalayam.
33. Belliyalayam.
34. Belliti.
35. Chokkampalayam.
36. Kannampalayam.
37. Pillayappampalayam.
38. Kangipalli.
39. Alapalayam.

2. The District Munsifs' Courts of Erode, Trappur, Gopichettipalayam, Udumalpet, Dharapuram, Kallegal and Gudalur shall be located and have and exercise local jurisdiction as in the notification, dated 29th April 1928, published at pages 625 and 626 of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, dated 24th April 1928, Part II.

R. SATYAMURTI AYYAR,
Acting First Assistant Registrar, Original Side.

High Court, Madras,
27th December 1929.

DESTRUCTION OF RECORDS

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the rules under the Destruction of Records Act, 1918, the documents and correspondence relating to the undermentioned company registered under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1913 and societies registered under Act XXI of 1860 will be destroyed after three months from the date of publication of this notice :—

Name of the company, date of registration, Act under which registered, object, situation of office last recorded, last managing agent or liquidator and date of last document filed

The Sree Padmalaya Rice and Oil Mills Co., Ltd., Gudivallera ; 12th December 1921, VII of 1913, Buy and mill rice ; Gudivallera ; Kanumuri Gopala Krishnayya, Director ; 9th May 1924.

The Vanapamula Jateeya Vidyabh Vardhani Sangam, Vanapamula, 25th October 1912, XXI of 1860, Promote education, Vanapamula ; Yesubpath Chiena Ramayya, Secretary ; 8th January 1922.

The Cosmopolitan Club, Bezwada; 19th January 1923; XXI of 1860; To maintain a library and a reading room; Bezwada, Rao Sahib K. Narayana Ayyangar Avargal, President; 1st October 1924

A. K. SUBBARAYAR,
Acting Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Masulipatam, 20th December 1929.

It is hereby notified that the records of the undermentioned companies will be destroyed in the last week of April 1930.—

Names of the companies, the records of which are proposed for destruction, date of registration, Act under which registered; objects of the company, situation of office (last recorded); last liquidator (if known) or Secretary (if known); date of dissolution under section 247 (5) of the Indian Companies Act, 1913.

Anandabagharatu Ela Nidhi Limited, 24th March 1903; VI of 1882, mutual loan, Pazhavur, Nanguneri taluk; V. Swaminatha Pillai and L. Velayudham Pillai; 5th February 1924.

Ganapathi Bank Limited; 24th May 1917; VII of 1913, banking; No. 6 South Mada street, Kadampuram, Tinnevelly Bridge; P. R. Venkatarama Ayyar, Secretary; 5th March 1925.

Sri Perumpathi Vinayagar Ela Nidhi Limited; 24th May 1904; VI of 1882; mutual loan; Pazhavur, Nanguneri taluk; T. Nellaiyappa Pillai and T. Veilukandaperumal Pillai; 5th July 1924.

Anandanatarajar Ela Nidhi Limited; 25th May 1904; VI of 1882; mutual loan; Pazhavur, Nanguneri taluk; T. Nellaiyappa Pillai and T. Veilukandaperumal Pillai; 5th July 1924

T. S. SABHAPATI,
Assistant Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Tinnevelly, 20th December 1929.

INSOLVENCY PETITIONS.

No. 6 of 1929, District Court, Anantapur.

M. Lakshminarayanaswami, minor by guardian M. Rangamma—*Petitioner.*

Bagepalli Gulla Govindappa—*Counter petitioner.*

Take notice that the above counter-petitioner was adjudicated an insolvent on 19th December 1929 and he is given time till 1st July 1930 to apply for final discharge. Creditors have to prove their debts by 1st May 1930.

C. V. KRISHNASWAMI AYYAR,
District Judge.

Anantapur, 19th December 1929.

No. 32 of 1929, District Court, Bellary.

Halarvi Thimma Reddi, son of Virupakshu Reddi of Halarvi, Alur taluk—*Petitioner.*

Butaga, son of Taluru Lingappa of Halarvi, Alur taluk—*Counter petitioner.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the petitioner has filed this petition to adjudicate the counter-petitioner as an insolvent and that the 4th day of February 1930 is fixed for final hearing. All persons who intend objecting to the petition are requested to appear on the said date in person or by vakil and they are to submit grounds of their opposition in writing three clear days before the day of hearing exclusive both of the day of giving such notice and of the said day of hearing.

H. E. BARDSWELL,
District Judge.

Bellary, 21st December 1929.

No. 5 of 1929, District Court, Ramnad.

Karuppayya Pillai—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

Ranganwami Reddi and sixteen others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner above named has applied to be adjudged an insolvent and that the petition is posted for hearing on 21st January 1930.

K. P. LAKSHMANA RAO,
District Judge.

Madura, 20th December 1929.

No. 35 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bapatla.

Konanki Kotayya and Konanki Chinakottayya, sons of Lingayya, aged 40 and 30 years, respectively, Gollas and cultivators of Kommenivaripalem, hamlet of Peda Jangalapalli, Ongole District Munsif—*Petitioners.*

Vecha Kanne Subbarayudu and others—

Respondents.

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have been adjudicated as insolvents by an order of this Court, dated the 14th day of December 1929, and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge nine months from 14th December 1929.

No. 40 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bapatla.

(1) Sikhakolli Rangayya, (2) Sikhakolli Kameswari, (3) Sikhakolli Venkateswarlu, (2) and (3) are the sons of 1st petitioner, aged 60, 30 and 24 years respectively, Vysyas and traders of Jandrapet—*Petitioners.*

Nune Ranganayakulu and Panukalu Company and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioners have been adjudicated as insolvents by an order of this Court dated the 16th day of December 1929 and that creditors may prove their claims before the Official Receiver, Guntur. Time for discharge nine months from 16th December 1929.

M. ANANTHAGIRI RAO,
Additional Subordinate Judge.

Bapatla, 20th December 1929.

No. 32 of 1929, Sub-Court, Bezwada.

Sajja Kotayya, son of Venkayya, Kamma, cultivation, 35 years, of Akanur—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

Vemmeji Javar Chand and nineteen others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to declare him an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 6th February 1930 to hear the objections. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by vakil on the said date.

L. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Bezwada, 21st December 1929.

No. 30 of 1929, Sub-Court, Cuddalore.

A. Sadananda Chetti, son of Arunachala Chetti, residing at Cuddalore Old Town, Cuddalore taluk—*Petitioner.*

Under section 30, notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner in this case has been adjudicated insolvent by order of this Court, dated 17th December 1929, and that he should apply

for discharge on or before 17th December 1930. Creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, South Arcot, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 32 of 1929, SUB-COURT, CUDDALORE.

(1) Venkatachalam Pillai, son of Krishna Pillai and (2) Pavada Pillai, son of first petitioner of Cuddalore O.T., Cuddalore taluk—*Petitioners.*

Nataraja Chettiyar and others—*Respondents.*

Under section 30, notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioners in this case have been adjudicated insolvents by order of this Court, dated 14th December 1929, and that they should apply for discharge on or before 14th December 1930. Creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, South Arcot, an affidavit in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules

M. SUBRAHMANYA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Cuddalore, 3rd January 1930.

No. 5 of 1925 (M.P. No. 196 of 1929)
SUB-COURT, DINDIGUL.

M. U. Mumuna Pillai Maracair—*Second creditor (Petitioner).*

S. R. Chinnaswami Chettiar, son of Ramen Chettiar at Sonamuthampatti, Maramhadi village, Dindigul taluk—*Respondent (Insolvent).*

Notice under section 37 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the order of adjudication passed by the Official Receiver, Madura on 18th August 1925 adjudging the respondent as insolvent is annulled by order of this Court dated 19th November 1929 under section 43 of the Act.

No. 17 of 1929, SUB-COURT, DINDIGUL.

Velappa Naicken and two others—*Petitioners (Creditors)*

Velammal, widow of Krishnaswami Naicker, at Pappampatti, Palni taluk—*Respondent (Debtor).*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the petitioners have applied to adjudge the respondent as insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 25th January 1930 for hearing in this Court.

K. S. VENKATACHALA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Dindigul, 23rd December 1929.

No. 11 of 1929, SUB-COURT, MADURA.

S. Pandian Pillai, son of Chockalingam Pillai, residing at North Masi street, Athmoolam Pillai lane, Madura—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

S. P. P. L. Palaniappa Chetti and thirteen others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 11th December 1929 and that he is directed to apply for his discharge within nine months from the date of adjudication. The creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, affidavits in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 47 of 1929, SUB-COURT, MADURA.

Alagappa Pillai, son of Karuppana Pillai, at Mookka Pillai street, Tallakulam, Madura—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

Sundara Sastrigal and sixteen others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner was adjudged insolvent by this Court on 11th December 1929 and that he is directed to apply for his discharge within one year from the date of adjudication. The creditors are required to prove their debts as soon as possible by delivering or sending by registered post to the Official Receiver, Madura, affidavits in Form No. 3 of the Provincial Insolvency Rules.

S. G. SRINIVASA ACHARYA,
Second Additional Subordinate Judge.

Madura, 18th December 1929.

No. 21 of 1929, SUB-COURT, MASULIPATAM.

Pulcdugu Ramamurti—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

Adusumilli Gopalakrishnayya and nine others—*Respondents (Creditors)*

Notice is hereby given under section 19, clause (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court on 19th November 1929 to declare him as an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 27th January 1930 for hearing. Official Receiver is appointed interim receiver. Creditors wishing to oppose the same may appear either in person or by vakil on the aforesaid date.

No. 22 of 1929, SUB-COURT, MASULIPATAM.

Nandipati Lakshmi Reddi—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

Nandipati Lakshmi Reddi, son of Ramireddi, and nine others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 19, Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court on 14th December 1929 to adjudge him insolvent. The said petition stands posted to 31st January 1930 for hearing. Official Receiver is appointed as interim receiver. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear in person or by pleader at 11 a.m. on the aforesaid date

P. RAJAGOPALACHARI,
Acting Subordinate Judge.

Masulipatam, 20th December 1929

No. 1 of 1929, SUB-COURT, NEGAPATAM.

Maideen Muthun, son of Naina Muhammad Marakair, at Kutif Lovvai street, Kasba Negapatam—*Petitioner (Insolvent).*

Muhammad Abdul Kadir Marakair and four others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 16th December 1929, and that he has been directed to apply for his final discharge within nine months from that date, that the Official Receiver of East Tanjore has been appointed as Receiver to the estate of the insolvent and that the creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver as soon as possible in Form No. 9 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. A vesting order is also made.

No. 6 of 1929, SUB-COURT, NEGAPATAM.

Nutana Mudaliyar and V. S. Nathana Rowther—*Petitioners (Petitioning Creditors).*

S. Rathnaswami Pillai, son of Subbanya Pillai, a permanent resident of Negapatam, now temporarily residing at Karaikal, French Territory—*Respondent.*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed respondent has been adjudged an insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 18th December 1929, and that he has been directed to apply for final discharge within one year from that date, that the Official Receiver of East Tanjore has been appointed as

Receiver to the estate of the insolvent and that the creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver as soon as possible in Form No 3 of the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules. A vesting order in also made.

R. S. SANKARA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Nagapatam, 19th December 1929.

No. 15 of 1929, Sub-Court, The Nilgiris.

Selai, son of Ratha Gowder, Hindu, Badaga caste, aged about 52 years, coolie, residing at Thavant, Kedmad Circuit, Ootacamund taluk—*Petitioner.*

S. Gittharilall Ancel & Co., and four others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30, Act V of 1920, that the petitioner abovenamed has been adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court dated 15th November 1929 and has been directed to apply for his discharge on or before 15th May 1930. Assets and liabilities of the petitioner are as set forth in the application.

No. 23 of 1929, Sub-Court, The Nilgiris.

B. J. Sevana Gowder, son of B. M. Jogi Gowder, aged about 35 years, contractor, residing at Jagathala, Coonoor taluk—*Petitioner.*

P. E. Ismail Rowther and five others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30, Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has been adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 16th December 1929, that the aforesaid insolvent should apply for his discharge on or before 16th June 1930, that the Official Receiver, Coimbatore, has been appointed Receiver, that creditors should prove their claims as soon as possible before the said Official Receiver and that a claim may be proved by delivering or sending by registered post to the said Official Receiver an affidavit in Form No. 3 prescribed in the Madras Provincial Insolvency Rules.

No. 25 of 1929, Sub-Court, The Nilgiris.

C. Arumugam, son of Chinnian, a Hindu Adi-Dravida, aged about 35 years, and residing at Bishop's Down, Ootacamund—*Petitioner.*

Valli Ammal and three others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the petitioner abovenamed has been adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 13th December 1929 and has been directed to apply for his discharge on or before 13th June 1930. Assets and liabilities of the petitioner are as set forth in the application.

No. 24 of 1929, Sub-Court, The Nilgiris.

Abdul Gany Sahib, son of Abdul Karim Sahib, Muhammadan, aged about 43 years, residing at Finger Post, Candal, Ootacamund—*Petitioner.*

Meenakshi Sundaram Pillai and two others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30, Act V of 1920, that the petitioner abovenamed has been adjudged an insolvent by order of the Court, dated 16th December 1929, and has been directed to apply for his discharge on or before 16th June 1930. Assets and liabilities of the petitioner are as set forth in the application.

A. VERGHESE,
Subordinate Judge.

Ootacamund, 18th December 1929.

No. 12 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tanjore.

Sayyad Jaffar Sahib, son of Sayyad Dawud Sahib, living in Tirukkattuppalli, Tiruvadi District Munsif—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

E. R. M. Kannappa Chettiyar, etc.—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice under section 19 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act, Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner Sayyad Jaffar Sahib has applied to the Court for being adjudged an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 28th January 1930 for hearing. Any person wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court on that date either in person or by vakil and do so.

N. SUNDARA AYYAR,
Subordinate Judge.

Tanjore, 20th December 1929.

No. 14 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tellicherry.

Seth Nemichandas Devarchdas, Banker, Calicut, by Partner Chellaram—*Petitioner (Creditor).*

(1) Palott Hameed, (2) Bayathal Abdulla, (3) Poochadiea Muhammad (dead), (4) Palott Mohamood Haji and (5) Thaynoorayil Abdurahiman Kutty Haji—*Respondents (Debtors).*

Notice under section 30 of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed fifth respondent has been adjudged an insolvent by order of this Court, dated 11th December 1929, and that he has been directed to apply for discharge within six months from that date. All creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver, North Malabar, as soon as possible as prescribed under the rules.

P. SANKUNNI MENON,
Subordinate Judge.

Tellicherry, 12th December 1929.

No. 93 of 1929, Sub Court, Tinnevelly.

Sivasubramania Pillai—*Petitioner (Debtor.)*

Palaniyandi Tarugaoar (*Appellate Agent*)—*Respondent (Creditor).*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that his application stands posted for hearing to the 16th day of January 1930. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before the Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

No. 88 of 1929, Sub-Court, Tinnevelly.

G. Samuel Nadar—*Petitioner (Debtor).*

P. K. Sankaran Pillai and ten others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 19 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that his application stands posted for hearing to the 20th day of January 1930. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before the Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

M. VENKATARAMAYYA,
Additional Subordinate Judge.

Tinnevelly, 20th December 1929.

No. 4 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Aska.

Raghunatha Padhi of Jagannathaprasannam, hamlet of Kommagodo, in Dharakote taluk—*Petitioner.*

Govinda Upadhya and others—*Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19, clause (2) of Madras Provincial Insolvency Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him as an insolvent and that the

petition stands posted to 3rd February 1930. Creditors may file their objections, if any, on that date.

V. RAUHAKRISHNAMURTI PATNAIK,
District Munsif.

Aska, 20th December 1929.

No. 1 of 1920 (I A. No. 1907 of 1929), DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, ELURU.

Sayed Alli Sahib—*Petitioner.*
Kapaluvayi Punnayya—*Counter-petitioner (Creditor).*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed petition in this Court for final discharge and the petition is posted to 17th January 1930 for notice. Persons desirous of opposing the same may do so either in person or by pleader and in default of their doing so, the petition will be decided ex parte.

No. 27 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, ELURU.

Yinipilla Achayya—*Petitioner.*
Banka Ramulu and seven others—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an insolvency petition in this Court to be adjudicated as insolvent and the petition is posted to 15th January 1930 for notice. Persons desirous of opposing the same may do so either in person or by pleader and in default of their doing so, the petition will be decided ex parte.

No. 26 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, ELURU.

Maddipati Venkataramayya alias Sastri Venkataramayya—*Petitioner.*
Munni Lall and two others—*Counter-petitioners (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an insolvency petition in this Court to be adjudicated as insolvent and the petition is posted to 27th January 1930 for notice. Persons desirous of opposing the same may do so either in person or by pleader and in default of their doing so, the petition will be decided ex parte.

MUHAMMAD ZAHIR-UD-DIN,
District Munsif.

Eluru, 19th December 1929.

No. 11 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, CHIDAMBARAM.

Manicka Padayachi, son of Muthu Padayachi, residing at C. Mutlur, Chidambaram taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Sivagurunatha Mudaliyar and eight others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 30 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed debtor has been adjudged insolvent by an order of this Court, dated 20th December 1929. The petitioner is granted six months' time to apply for discharge and the Official Receiver, South Arcot, is appointed Receiver. Creditors should prove their claims before the Official Receiver.

C. S. VENKATARAMA AYYAR,
Principal District Munsif.

Chidambaram, 20th December 1929.

No. 47 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, CUDDALORE.

Krishnaswami Padayachi, son of Dorniswami Padayachi, residing at Kizhuruppu, Cuddalore taluk—*Petitioner.*
Kuppu Chettiyar and others—*Respondents.*

Notice is hereby given under clause (2) of section 19 of Act V of 1920, that the petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that his application stands posted for hearing to 10th day of February 1930 before this Court.

M. S. NARAYANASWAMI AYYAR,
Additional District Munsif.

Cuddalore, 19th December 1929.

No. 23 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, DEVAKOTTA.

Ayyu Ayyangar—*Petitioner.*
Venkatasubramania Ayyar and others—*Creditors.*

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the petitioner abovenamed has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and his petition stands posted to 24th February 1930. Any person desirous of opposing the application may appear in this Court that day either in person or by pleader.

ABDULLA KHAN GHORI,
District Munsif.

Devakotta, 20th December 1929.

No. 13 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, GUDIVADA.

Sankara Tirupathi Rayudu—*Petitioner.*
Darbha Venkata Hari Sastri and others—*Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 6th February 1930. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil at 11 a.m. on the aforesaid date.

No. 21 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, GUDIVADA.

Ambati Veeraswami—*Petitioner.*
Adusumilli Venna Raghavayya and others—*Counter-petitioners.*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and the petition stands posted to 6th February 1930. Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may do so either in person or by vakil at 11 a.m. on the aforesaid date.

K. GANGADHARA RAO,
District Munsif.

Gudivada, 18th December 1929.

No. 9 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, GURZALA.

Duggaraju Suryanarayana—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Udamula Raghava Reddi and others—*Respondents (Creditors).*

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of the Provincial Insolvency Act that the abovenamed petitioner has filed a petition in this Court that he may be adjudicated an insolvent and the petition is posted to 11th February 1930 for hearing.

A. M. S. TAGAT,
District Munsif.

Gurzala, 17th December 1929.

No. 9 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Karur.

Mohammad Hussain Sahib, son of Madar Sahib, residing at Gundapodikkara street, kasba Karur, Karur taluk—*Petitioner*.

Minakshi Ammal and two others—*Creditors*.

Notice under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court, on 21st October 1929, for adjudging him an insolvent in the abovesaid insolvency petition and that the said petition stands posted to 1st February 1930 for hearing. Any creditor who wishes to oppose the said application may appear before this Court, either in person or by a pleader, at 11 a.m. on the said date.

C. RAJAGOPALA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Karur, 20th December 1929.

No. 6 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Kovvur.

Abdul Subhan Sahib—*Insolvent-petitioner* (*Debtor*).

Alluri Subbanna and others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed insolvent has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the said petition stands posted to 23rd January 1930 for enquiry before this Court.

C. NARAYANASWAMI,
Principal District Munsif.

Kovvur, 17th December 1929.

No. 29 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Mangalore.

Kudrola Abdul Khadry Beary, son of Hammabba Beary, trader, Kudroly, Mangalore town—*Petitioner*.

Ammbal Ranga Charia and others—*Respondents*.

Notice is hereby given under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent and that the said petition is posted to 21st January 1930 for hearing objections if any of the creditors.

C. KUNHIRAMA MENON,
Acting District Munsif.

Mangalore, 20th December 1929.

No. 16 of 1924, District Munsif's Court, Ongole.

Notice is hereby given that the insolvent petitioner in I.P. No. 16 of 1924 on the file of this Court was granted by this Court on 14th December 1929 an order of discharge under section 41 of Provincial Insolvency Act.

No. 30 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Ongole.

Satuluri Narasimhulu, son of Lakshmayya, Vaisya and trader of Ambrolavampalem, hamlet of Payidipadu—*Petitioner*,

Tata Rumaiu and eleven others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has filed an application in this Court praying to adjudge him an insolvent and that the same stands posted to 23rd January 1930 for hearing.

K. SATYANARAYANAMURTI,
District Munsif.

Ongole, 20th December 1929.

No. 28 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Palamcottah.

Muthiah Pillai—*Petitioner*.
Maria Selva Naicker and thirteen others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under clause 2 of section 19 (1) of Act V of 1920 that Muthiah Pillai, son of Perumanayagum Pillai, residing at Kokkirakulam, Tinnevelly taluk, has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted for hearing to the 31st day of January 1930. Any creditor wishing to oppose the said application may appear before this Court either in person or by vakil on the said date.

Mr. ABDULLA BADSHA,
District Munsif.

Palamcottah, 17th December 1929.

No. 4 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Palni.

Mohammad Rawuttar, son of Nagoor Usan Rawuttar, at Palni town—*Debtor*.

Palni Sri Dhandayudapanuswami Devasthanam, by Receiver Sambanda Mudaliyar, and three others—*Creditors*.

Under orders passed on the 11th day of December 1929, the abovenamed petitioner is adjudged insolvent and six months' time is given for discharge.

T. N. VAIDYANATHA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Palni, 20th December 1929.

No. 13 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Perukonda.

Morappa—*Petitioner*.
Thimmayya and seven others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent and that the petition stands posted to 21st January 1930 for hearing.

K. GANAPATHI AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Perukonda, 20th December 1929.

No. 29 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Pooncamallee.

Velappa Naicken, son of Ayyakanna Naicken at South Malayampakkam, Sriperumbudur taluk—*Petitioner*.

Patharaja Mudali and others—*Counter-petitioners*.

Notice is hereby given that under section 19 (2) of Act V of 1920 the abovenamed petitioner has applied for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 29th January 1930 for hearing before this Court.

K. R. RAMAKRISHNA AYYAR,
District Munsif.

Pooncamallee, 18th December 1929.

No. 4 of 1929, District Munsif's Court, Ramnad.

Viswanath Soutrul alias Viswantha Iyer—*Petitioner*.
Venga Iyer and others—*Creditors*.

Notice is hereby given under section 20 of Act V of 1920 that the abovenamed petitioner is adjudged insolvent on 20th December 1929. The Official Receiver is appointed as Receiver. Time for discharge on or before 13th December 1930. Creditors to prove their debts by September 1930.

S. VARADARAJA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Ramnad, 20th December 1929.

No. 17 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, TIRUPUR.

K. K. Abdul Salam Sahib, son of K. Kadir Sahib at Vadangalipalayam, Semmandampalayam village, Palladam taluk—*Petitioner*

Tirupur Lakshmi Vilasa Nidhi, Limited, by Secretary M. Dharmalingam Chettiyar and others —*Respondents.*

Notice under section 18 (3) of Act V of 1920 is hereby given that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court to adjudge him an insolvent. The petition stands posted for 8th February 1930.

S. SOUNDARARAJA AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Tirupur, 20th December 1929.

No. 16 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, TURAIYUR.

Kaliaperumal Konan—*Petitioner,*
The President, Co-operative Credit Society, Perambalur, and three others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given under section 18, clause 2, of the Act V of 1920, that the abovenamed petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his petition stands posted to 17th January 1930 for hearing objections. Any creditor who wishes to oppose the same may appear in person or by vakil on the said day.

C. D. THOLASIRAM MUDALIYAR,
District Munsif.

Turaiyur, 19th December 1929.

No. 7 of 1929, DISTRICT MUNSIF'S COURT, TIRUVARUR.

Maruthu Velan, son of Muthuswami Velan, residing at Kavanur, Nannilam taluk—*Petitioner (Debtor).*
Rajagopala Chettiyar and five others—*Creditors.*

Notice is hereby given that the petitioner has been adjudicated insolvent on 19th December 1929, granting nine months to apply for discharge. His properties vest in the Official Receiver, Nagapatam, and further proceedings are transferred to his Court. Intending creditors, if any, may appear and contest further proceedings there.

M. S. RAMANUJAM AYYANGAR,
District Munsif.

Tiruvarur, 21st December 1929.

REVENUE NOTIFICATIONS.

MINING CERTIFICATES.

The certificates of approval granted to the undermentioned persons are hereby renewed for 1930, as they are fit persons to prospect for and mine minerals in the Madras Presidency:—

M.R.Ry. Rangunta Kota Reddi of Komarisa village, Nellore taluk, Nellore district—B.P. Rout. No. 672, dated 30th January 1923.

M.R.Ry. C. Lakshmi Narasimham of Stonahouse pet village, Nellore taluk, Nellore district —B.P. Rout. No. 4375, dated 19th July 1923.

M.R.Ry. Gandra Chenchu Sabba Reddi of Vavveru village, Kavur taluk, Nellore district—B.P. Rout. No. 1055, dated 8th February 1928.

2. The certificates apply only with respect to lands in which the mines, minerals and mineral oils are the property of the Government.

3. They will be in force from the 1st January 1930 and will expire at midnight on the 31st December 1930.

A. C. WOODHOUSE,
Collector.

Nellore Collector's Office,
12th December 1929.

The certificate of approval issued to M.R.Ry. P. Rangappa Nayudu of Thammalatalapur village, Rapur taluk, Nellore district, in B.P. Rout. No. 3193, dated 28th July 1924, is hereby renewed for 1930 as he is a fit person to prospect for and mine minerals in the Madras Presidency.

2. The certificate applies only with respect to lands in which the mines, mineral and mineral oils are the property of the Government.

3. It will be in force from the 1st January 1930 and will expire at midnight on the 31st December 1930.

C. A. HENDERSON,
Collector.

Nellore Collector's Office,
21st December 1929.

The persons named below have been granted certificates of approval under the Mining Rules which will be in force up to 31st December 1930:—

Area over which the person proposes to prospect or mine—Madras Presidency.

Date of order granting the certificate—
19th December 1929.

Mr A. F. Simcox, 90, Lady Curzon Road, Bangalore.

K. RAMAN NAYAR,
Assistant Secretary.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 19th December 1929.

Date of order granting the certificate—
20th December 1929.

Gadavalli Gopalakrishnaiah of Nandamur village, Gannavaram taluk, Kistna district.

B. G. HOLDSWORTH,
Secretary.

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 20th December 1929.

JANMAM REGISTRATION.

Notice is hereby given that an enquiry under section 4 of the Malabar Land Registration Act of 1896 will be held by the Special Assistant Settlement Officer, Ponnani, at 11 a.m. on the dates and places specified below in respect of the undermentioned survey numbers measuring the extent noted against each in the Ponnani taluk, left unregistered and unassessed at the time of settlement as specified thereon:—

PLACE OF ENQUIRY—
VALAPAU TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOW.

KAIPAMANGALAM AMSAM

Date of enquiry—11th April 1930.

	CAWNS.
O.S. No. 177-pt (E.S. No 239-1) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442	96
O.S No 191-12 (R S. No. 267-8) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442	44
O.S. No. 187-7 (Fre R S No. 423-4) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, footpath	3
O.S. No 154-3 (Fre. R S No 427-7) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, footpath ..	5
O.S. No. 139-10 pt. (Fre R.S No. 413-14) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, tank	7
O.S. No. 24-10 pt. (Fre R.S No 433-15) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, tank	3
O S. No. 306-36 (Fre. R S. No. 77-15) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, channel	20

	cents.
O S. No. 284-7 pt. (Fmr R S No 82-8) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, channel	14
O S. No 322-17 (Fmr. R S No 130-16) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, temple	17
O S. No. 297-2 pt. (Fmr. R S. No 170-6 of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, land ..	3
O S. No. 276-17 (Fmr. R.S No. 302-6) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, temple and tank ..	2

Date of inquiry—29th April 1930.

O.S. No 354-3 pt. (R S. No. 276-2) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, serpent shrine ..	48
O.S No 51-2 pt. (Fmr R.S. No 418-13) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, tank	19
O S. No. 60-9 pt. (Fmr R S No 454-16) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, land	11
O S. No. 48 2 pt (Fmr. R S. No 303-12) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, channel	4
O S. No 178-13 (R S No. 335-1) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, water-shed	9
O S. No. 401-5 (R S. No. 356-5) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, land	7
O S No 231-4 pt. (Fmr R S No 210-14) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, tank	3
O.S No. 221-4 pt (Fmr. R.S. No. 510-19) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, land	2
O.S. No. 243-1 pt. (Fmr R S No. 284-6) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, tank	3
O.S. No. 116-2 pt. (Fmr R.S No. 371-17) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, tank	5
O.S No 122-13 pt. (Fmr. R S No. 371-16) of Kaipamangalam desam No. 442, footpath ..	14
O.S. No 254-3 pt. (Fmr. R.S No 336-6) of Kaipamangalam desam No 442, serpent shrine ..	23

PLACE OF ENQUIRY—
CHOWGHAT TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOW.

ORUMANAYUR AMSAM.

Date of inquiry—14th April 1930.

O S No 86-9 (R.S. No. 18-19) of Orumanayur desam No 396, tank	4
O S. No. 42-13 (R S. No 86-14) of Orumanayur desam No. 396, land	5
O S No. 28 28 pt (R S. No. 91-7) of Orumanayur desam No. 396, tank	6

NANMANDRAM AMSAM.

Date of inquiry—15th April 1930.

O.S. No. 6-4-B pt. (Fmr. R.S. No. 93-5) of Padavedu desam No. 332, land	9

PUKHOD AMSAM

Date of inquiry—15th April 1930.

O.S. No. 10-17 (R.S. No. 41-4) of Talur desam No. 353, tank	5

MANAMBAM AMSAM.

Date of inquiry—16th April 1930.

O.S. No. 21-4 pt. (Fmr R.S. No 176-15) of Panna desam No. 371, tank	4

PLACE OF ENQUIRY—
KUTTIPURAM TRAVELLERS' BUNGALOW.

KANDIPARAMBU AMSAM

Date of inquiry—18th April 1930.

O S No. 47-2 pt. (R.S. No 46-8) of Vaikkalur desam No. 72, tank	cents. 7

All persons claiming to be proprietors or joint proprietors of the said survey numbers are invited to appear in person or by duly authorized agents and represent their claim before the Special Assistant Settlement Officer on or before the date mentioned.

A. R. MACEWEN,
Special Settlement Officer, Party No. IV.

Cannanore, 18th December 1929.

PUBLIC WORKS NOTIFICATION.

NOTIFICATION.

Whereas the work of clearing silt in Sultan's canal, Palayangadi, Chirakkal taluk, Malabar district, will be taken up from 1st January 1930 to 30th April 1930, the public are informed that the said canal will be closed for all canal-borne traffic from 1st January 1930 to 30th April 1930, under rule 28 of the Navigation Rules under the Canals and Public Ferries Act, 1890, West Coast canals.

C. R. S RICHARDSON,
Executive Engineer, West Coast Division.

Calicut, 24th December 1929.

ECCLESIASTICAL NOTIFICATION.

REMOVAL OF OFFICE.

The Office of the Diocesan Registry has, with the sanction of the Lord Bishop of Madras, been removed from Cuddalore to Madras.

All returns and other communications intended for the Registrar of the Diocese of Madras should therefore be addressed to him at Sullivan's Gardens, Royapetta, Madras

W. R. SELL,
Registrar of the Diocese of Madras,

2nd January 1930.

MARINE NOTIFICATIONS.

REPORT OF VESSELS

ARRIVED AT, AND DEPARTED FROM, THE PORT OF MADRAS FROM THE 13TH TO THE 17TH DECEMBER 1929.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Name of vessel	Tons register.	Nationality.	Master.	Where from	Berth occupied.
1929						
Dec. 13 ..	S S. "Stadsdyk" ..	4,858	D	D. C Wyers ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 2
" 13 ..	S S. "Vaendyk" ..	4,702	D	W Van Hemert ..	Rangoon ..	West quay No 5
" 14 ..	S S. "Limbeld" ..	3,160	E	A F. Le Lue ..	Calcutta ..	East quay.
" 14 ..	S S "Clan Alpine" ..	3,425	B	W. Calderwood ..	Do. ..	No. 5
" 15 ..	S.S. "Vinga" ..	4,339	N	K. A. Ihlsl ..	Batoum ..	Off berth.
" 15 ..	S S "Rama Cochrane" ..	2,031	B	D Mulherald ..	Calcutta ..	South quay and No. 5.
" 16 ..	S.S. "Chandwara" ..	2,317	E	D H Langlands ..	Bombay ..	No. 2.
" 16 ..	S S. "Taren"	3,754	E	C. C Guyn ..	Rangoon ..	South quay and No. 3.
" 17 ..	S S. "Nirula"	6,041	B	S H. Maples ..	Antwerp ..	West quay No. 3.
" 17 ..	S S "City of Benares" ..	4,417	B	J Wyper ..	Liverpool ..	West quay No. 2.
" 17 ..	S S. "Schwarzenfels" ..	4,902	G	M V. Frenden ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 4.
" 17 ..	S.S. "Jeff Davis" ..	3,652	A	F. E. Taylor ..	New York ..	West quay No. 2.
" 18 ..	S.S. "Pundit"	2 199	B	C. B. Parry ..	Calcutta ..	No. 3.
" 18 ..	S.S. "Egra"	2,326	B	J. Hammond ..	Port Swettenham,	South quay and No. 4.
" 18 ..	S.S. "Jalapatra" ..	3,113	BI	A. E. Trick ..	Karachi ..	West quay No. 1.

DEPARTURES.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tons register	Nationality.	Master.	Bound to	Berth occupied.
1929.						
Dec. 13 ..	S.S. "Empyre" ..	2,709	B	R. Fenton ..	Rangoon ..	No. 3 and South quay.
" 14 ..	S.S. "Staddyk" ..	4,958	D	D. C. Wyers ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 2.
" 14 ..	S.S. "Yukmukta" ..	1,988	J	J. Watanabe ..	Kobe ..	West quay No. 1.
" 15 ..	S.S. "Clan Macfarlane" ..	3,850	B	L. Fredlund ..	Chittagong ..	West quay No. 4.
" 15 ..	S.S. "Veendyk" ..	4,263	D	W. Van Hemert ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 3.
" 15 ..	S.S. "Vega" ..	4,239	N	S. J. Dahl ..	Coconada ..	Oil berth.
" 16 ..	S.S. "Chindwara" ..	3,207	B	D. .. Langlands ..	Calcutta ..	No. 2
" 17 ..	S.S. "City of Beaires" ..	4,477	B	J. Wyper ..	Do ..	West quay No. 2.
" 17 ..	S.S. "Clan Alpine" ..	5,485	B	W. Calderwood ..	Glasgow ..	West quay No. 1.
" 18 ..	S.S. "Mandu" ..	5,011	B	S. H. Maples ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 3.
" 18 ..	S.S. "Schwarzenfels" ..	4,904	G	M. V. Freeden ..	Bremen ..	West quay No. 4.
" 23 ..	S.S. "Jalapeira" ..	2 113	Bl	A. R. Trich ..	Maclaren ..	West quay No. 1.
" 19 ..	S.S. "Jeff Davis" ..	3,881	A	F. P. Taylor ..	Boston ..	West quay No. 2.

A = Australian. B = British. Bl = British Indian. D = Dutch.
G = German. J = Japanese. N = Norwegian.

Harbour Office, Madras,
20th December 1929.

ARRIVED AT, AND DEPARTED FROM, THE PORT OF MADRAS FROM THE 20TH TO THE 26TH DECEMBER 1929.

ARRIVALS.

Date.	Name of vessel.	Tons register.	Nationality.	Master.	Where from	Berth occupied.
1929.						
Dec 20 ..	S.S. "Gaston" ..	3,101	B	C. E. Lamb ..	Karachi ..	No. 6.
" 20 ..	S.S. "Lindenfels" ..	4,193	G	F. Brenner ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 2
" 21 ..	S.S. "Rahm" ..	4,759	B	B. B. Bigrold ..	Singapore ..	South quay and No. 1.
" 21 ..	S.S. "San Michele" ..	3,191	I	R. Rasso ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 1.
" 21 ..	S.S. "Sarada" ..	3,382	B	E. J. L. Hamilton.	Mauritius ..	South quay
" 22 ..	S.S. "Golconda" ..	3,203	B	R. B. Parry ..	Bombay ..	No. 2.
" 23 ..	S.S. "Mandala" ..	6 138	B	W. E. Whittingham	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 4
" 23 ..	S.S. "Re apara" ..	2,759	B	H. Fenton ..	Rangoon ..	South quay and No. 3.
" 23 ..	S.S. "Macharda" ..	6,209	S	M. G. Baeza ..	Middlesbrough.	West quay No. 3.
" 23 ..	M.V. "Weimendals" ..	4,851	G	H. Wittenberg ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 2.
" 24 ..	S.S. "Meerkerk" ..	4,864	D	J. E. Coenkamp ..	Do ..	West quay No. 1.
" 25 ..	S.S. "Perim" ..	4,779	B	A. E. Galway ..	London ..	No. 2.
" 25 ..	S.S. "Sabadell" ..	3,163	Da	P. H. Christensen.	Bangkok ..	No. 5
" 26 ..	S.S. "Vechtdyk" ..	4,311	D	A. Bekema ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 2.
" 25 ..	S.S. "City of Poona" ..	4,764	B	L. Nicoll ..	New York ..	West quay No. 4.
" 26 ..	S.S. "Ambose" ..	4,917	F	L. Giraud ..	Marseilles ..	South quay.
" 26 ..	S.S. "City of Athens" ..	4,199	B	H. Percival ..	Calcutta ..	West quay No. 1.

DEPARTURES.

Date	Name of vessel	Tons register.	Nationality	Master.	Bound to	Berth occupied.
1929.						
Dec 20 ..	S.S. "Talca" ..	3,758	B	C. G. Gwyn ..	Rangoon and Calcutta.	No. 4 and west quay No. 3.
" 20 ..	S.S. "Egra" ..	2,345	B	G. M. Davis ..	Penang ..	No. 6 and west quay No. 4.
" 20 ..	S.S. "Garak" ..	3,191	B	C. E. Lamb ..	Rangoon ..	No. 3.
" 20 ..	S.S. "Perfit" ..	3,199	B	C. R. Perry ..	Bombay ..	No. 2.
" 20 ..	S.S. "Binfield" ..	3,180	B	A. P. Leslie ..	Calcutta ..	East quay.
" 21 ..	S.S. "Sarada" ..	3,382	B	M. J. L. Hamilton.	Do. ..	South quay.
" 21 ..	S.S. "San Michele" ..	3,191	I	R. Rasso ..	Trieste ..	West quay No. 1.
" 21 ..	S.S. "Lindenfels" ..	3,193	G	F. Brenner ..	Bremen ..	West quay No. 3.
" 24 ..	S.S. "Baron Cochrane" ..	2,291	B	D. McIntosh ..	Warrington.	East quay
" 24 ..	M.V. "Weimendals" ..	4,852	G	H. Wittenberg ..	Hamburg ..	West quay No. 2.
" 25 ..	S.S. "Mandala" ..	6,178	B	W. E. Whittingham	London ..	West quay No. 4.
" 25 ..	S.S. "Rahm" ..	4,759	B	F. B. Bigrold ..	Singapore ..	No. 1 and south quay.
" 26 ..	S.S. "Macharda" ..	5,209	B	R. G. Hanna ..	Colombo ..	West quay No. 3
" 26 ..	S.S. "Meerkerk" ..	4,864	D	J. E. Coenkamp ..	Do ..	West quay No. 1.
" 26 ..	S.S. "Perim" ..	4,778	B	A. E. Galway ..	Do ..	No. 2.

B = British. D = Dutch. I = Italian.
Da = Danish. F = French. G = German.

Harbour Office, Madras,
27th December 1929.

R. W. V. BEATTY, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port.

OFFICIAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

TENDER FOR BINDING REGISTRATION RECORDS—NEGAPATAM DISTRICT.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders for the binding of registration records of the Negapatam district will be received up to 1st February 1930 by the undersigned at Negapatam.

2. Tenders should be sent in sealed covers superscribed "Tender for binding the registration records of Negapatam district" so as to reach the office of the Registrar of Negapatam on or before the aforesaid date and no notice will be taken of tenders received thereafter.

3. The rate at which the tenderer is prepared to undertake the work should be stated against each kind of record.

4. The successful tenderer will, subject to the approval of the tender by the Superintendent, Government Press, Madras, be required to execute the necessary agreement on the date fixed by the undersigned and if he fails to do so within that date the tender will be rejected.

5. The work should be commenced immediately after the execution of the agreement and completed before the end of March 1931; it should not be sublet. Each piece of work should be completed within the time to be fixed therefor.

6. The work should be done in the office of the Registrar of Negapatam during office hours to the presence of the Joint Sub-Registrar and the tenderer should be prepared to go to any sub-office as the Registrar may direct on payment of the actual travelling allowance and charges for the days at working there.

7. Payment for the work done will be made only after the bill is checked and the binding is passed by the Registrar whose decision will be final.

8. The successful tenderer should before commencing the work deposit a sum of Rs. 10 as security for the due performance of the terms of the agreement subject to forfeiture of the same on breach of all or any of the conditions in the agreement besides furnishing security or executing a bond by two sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract (equivalent to 10 per cent of the total value of the contract).

9. The undersigned reserves to himself the right to reject any tender without assigning any reason whatsoever therefor.

10. Tenderers may at any time before submitting the tenders apply to the Registrar for any information regarding the nature of binding, etc.

11. Those not accustomed to bind the registration records need not apply.

Name of record and style of binding.
1. Rebinding of register books 1, 2, 3 and 5—Full leather.
2. Restitching of the above.
3. Rebinding of register book 4—Binder's cloth with back and corners of leather.
4. Restitching of the above.
5. Rebinding of the book 1—Binder's cloth with leather back.
6. Restitching of the above.
7. Binding of original indexes I, II, III and IV—Calico with back and corners of leather.
8. Restitching of the above.
9. Thumb impression books and settlement register—Binder's cloth with back and corners of leather.
10. File of translations—Binder's cloth with leather back.
11. Rebinding of Register of Holdings—Royal size (just like book 1)—Full leather.
12. Restitching of the above.
13. Rebinding of Register of Holdings (Crown size)—Full leather.
14. Restitching of the above.
15. Rebinding of Fmdivar indexes—Calico on the sides back and corners of leather.
16. Restitching of the above.
17. Binding of Nominal Index—Quarto size—Calico with back and corners of leather.
18. Rebinding of miscellaneous records such as deposition books, current registers, powers of attorney files, minute books and other books or files of foolscap size—Half calico and marble.

NOTE.—Strawboards and not country pasteboards shall be used for covers, English card boards at 2½ lb. special mee being used for register book 1, 2 lb. (20" × 25") for file book 1 and file of translations 1½ lb. (30" × 20") for books 2 and 4; 1 lb. (30" and 25") for books 3 and 5 and 2 lb. for Index I to IV.

R. SRINIVASAVARADACHARIYAR,
Registrar.

Negapatam, 19th December 1929.

TENDERS FOR CONSTRUCTING QUARTERS FOR THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER OF EXCISE AT WALTAIR.

TENDERS on (K-1 or) schedule contract system will be received by the undersigned at his office up to 4 p.m. on 31st January 1930 for the items of work given in the enclosed schedule in connexion with the work of "Constructing quarters for the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Waltair".

2. The tenders should be submitted in sealed covers, the name of the tenderer being noted on the cover and should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division, Vizagapatam, and should be superscribed "Tender for constructing quarters for the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Waltair". The covering letter with which the tender is submitted should be in the prescribed form P.W.D. W 49 obtainable from the office of the Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division, Vizagapatam.

3. (a) Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 200 in cash or currency notes of the Madras Circle, which should be remitted to the Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division, Vizagapatam, either in person or through an Agent of the tenderer or by money order.

(b) In the case of parties whose tenders are not accepted, the earnest money will be refunded by means of cheques only drawn on the Imperial Bank of India, Vizagapatam.

(c) The parties should make their own arrangements to have the cheques cashed.

4. The Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division, will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs 300 which, with the earnest money received will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form (K-1 or schedule) for the due fulfilment of the contract under schedule contract system, in accordance with the sanctioned plans and specifications given in the schedules A, B and C of the contract agreement.

7. Failure to comply with the conditions 5 and 6 above within fifteen days from the intimation of acceptance of the tender by the Executive Engineer will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. The quantities given in the schedule are subject to alterations according to changes in design that may occur.

10. No reference should be made to the Public Works Department schedule of rates or to the rates included in the estimate for the work. These are confidential and will not be available to the public.

11. If materials for the work are to be supplied by Government to the contractor, the fact is noted

in the contract agreement and the price at which the particular materials to be supplied is clearly shown. Contractor must accept the materials at the price and should quote their price for finished work accordingly. Notwithstanding any subsequent changes in the market values for these materials, the charge to the party executing the work will remain as originally entered in the contract agreement.

12. If at any time subsequent to the execution of this contract, Government materials other than those specified in the contract agreement are to be supplied to the contractor, for use on work, they will be charged at the market value prevailing at the time of supply or stock issue rates whichever is higher. No cartage or incidental charges will be borne by Government in connexion with the supply.

The contractor will be informed in writing of the charges and he should intimate in writing, the rate which he demands for finishing the work in view of the fact that he is to use Government materials.

13. The rates to be tendered should include provision for seigniorage for materials which will be deducted from the tenderers bills and the net paid to him.

14. Any other conditions of the contract and the contract documents, plans and specification can be seen at any time between 11 to 5 p.m. on office days in the Executive Engineer's office, Vizagapatam Division, Vizagapatam, from which blank forms of tenders can be obtained free of cost.

15. In the event of a tender being submitted by a firm, it must be signed separately and severally by each member thereof, or in the event of absence of any partner, it must be signed on his behalf by a person holding power of attorney authorizing him to do so.

16. No alterations which are made by the tenderers in the contract documents will be recognized, and if corrections are made, his tender will be liable to rejection.

17. The work should be completed and handed over to the Public Works Department by the contractor within eighteen calendar months from the date of handing over the site to the contractor failing which a penalty of Rs. 3 per day will be levied and will be recovered from the contractor's outstandings till the works are completed and handed over to the Public Works Department the contractor will also forfeit the security of Rs. 550 deposited by him if he fails to so complete the work by the time fixed.

NOTE.—The tenderer should, at his own cost,—

(i) provide roads, stakes, ropes and labour required to setting out the work;

(ii) provide all necessary scaffolding, centering and labour and appliances for hoisting;

(iii) provide sheds to keep materials under cover;

(iv) arrange for protecting work during inclement weather;

(v) supply all requisite temporary lights, water-cisterns, water-sheets, coverings to masonry, tile pieces to steps, shoring and other requisite protection during the progress of work;

(vi) supply all requisite watching, watering and lightening;

(vii) clean away all dirt and rubbish and superfluous materials and debris as they accumulate;

(viii) supply of labour for obtaining all water required for the work and workmen. Municipal water-charges will be borne by the Government. Any appliances necessary for pumping will be supplied by the Government for temporary use and the contractor should arrange to fit up these at his own cost;

(ix) wash floors at completion and leave the whole of the work and premises in a clean and orderly condition, and

(x) afford facilities to any other parties employed upon the building, that their work may proceed during the progress of the contract and give such persons the use of ordinary scaffolding or ladder, etc.

SCHEDULE

To accompany the tender notice for "constructing quarters for the Assistant Commissioner of Excise at Waltair."

Item number and probable quantity.	Description of work.	Per
	A. Main building.	
1. ..	Earthwork excavating foundations in sand and red earth mixed	1,000 c.ft.
2. ..	Filling in basement with sand including watering and consolidation	100 "
3. 1,525 c.ft. ..	Concrete in lime mortar	100 "
4. 6,460 " ..	Country brick in lime mortar in foundations and basement	100 "
5. 6,100 " ..	Country brick in lime mortar in superstructure	100 "
6. 280 " ..	Circular or ornamental brickwork in country brick in lime mortar	100 "
7. 6 " ..	Cisterns work set in lime mortar	1 "
8. 20 Nos ..	Cisterns pillar bases 9" × 9" × 9" to 6" × 6" × 6" including setting in cement ..	Each.
9. 6-4-0 tons. ..	Iron work, i.e., rolled steel work including conveyance and hoisting and fixing at site ..	1 ton.
10 6 c.ft. ..	Reinforced concrete lintels with 675 per cent rankincement	1 c.ft.
11. 248 " ..	Teakwood wrought and put up including conveyance	1 "
12. 72 " ..	Teakwood wrought and put up including conveyance of wood	1 "
13. 54 sq.ft. ..	Nellimaddi wrought and put up including conveyance	1 sq.ft.
14. 360 " ..	Teakwood doors panelled and glazed with frames, hinges fittings, etc., complete and fixing ..	1 "
15. 36 " ..	Teakwood doors panelled with frames, hinges, fixings etc., complete and fixing ..	1 "
16. 158 " ..	Teakwood doors battened with frames, hinges, fixings etc., complete and fixing ..	1 "
	Teakwood windows glazed, panelled and iron bars with frames, iron fittings, etc., complete and fixing.	1 "
17. 72 " ..	Teakwood windows panelled and iron bars with frames, iron fittings, etc., complete and fixing.	1 "
18 10 " ..	Teakwood ventilators glazed with double fixed shutters and mat matting across with frames iron fitting, etc., complete and fixing.	1 "
19. 40 " ..	Teakwood star case with hand rails, fittings frames, supports, etc., complete	1 "
20. 2,160 " ..	Heat terrazzo roofing with beach on edge with 6" wall brick jelly, concrete, with three courses of flat tiles top and bottom plastered with three coats of lime mortar.	100 "
21. 212 c.ft. ..	Brick cornice moulding with plastering, whitewashing, etc., complete	1 c.ft.
22 282 " ..	Brick cornice work ordinary in main rooms as bearing under joints including plastering, etc., complete.	1 "
23. 2,250 sq.ft. ..	Roofing with Mangalore tiles imbedded in 1" lime mortar over ordinary flat tiles [everything complete excluding teak rafters.	100 sq.ft.
24. 900 " ..	Roofing with plain Mangalore tiles including teak rafters but including wind ties, etc., complete.	100 "
25. 108 c.ft. ..	Dhunglers tiled ridging bedded in cattle mortar	100 r.ft.
26. 2,600 sq.ft. ..	Flooring with 6" concrete broken stone in lime mortar and plastered over with cement mortar 1' thick 1. S. : cement : sand	100 sq.ft.
27. 12,960 " ..	Plastering with lime mortar two coats and white washing two coats	100 "
28. 6,720 " ..	Painting with chocolate paint two coats over, priming coat	100 "
29. 450 " ..	Tarring two coats	Each.
30 30 Nos ..	Reinforced concrete spouts 3' 6" long including fixing	1 sq ft.
31. 536 sq.ft. ..	Providing bamboo chicks with blue cloth binds, tapes, pulleys, etc., complete and fixing ..	

Item number and probable quantity.			Description of work.	Per
32.	3,600 c.ft.	..	Gravelling round the buildings 6" thick including watering and consolidation, etc., complete.	100 c.ft.
33.	....		Earthwork filling in basement with excavated earth including spreading, watering and consolidation in 6" layers.	1,000 ,,
			B. Motor Garage.	
34.	....		Earthwork excavating foundations in sandy and red earth mixed	1,000 c.ft.
35.	....		Filling in basement with excavated earth including watering and consolidation in 6" layers.	1,000 ,,
36.	....		Filling in basement with sand including watering and ramming	100 ,,
37.	250 c.ft.	..	Concrete broken stone in lime mortar	100 ,,
38.	150 ,,	..	Country brick in lime mortar in foundations and basement	100 ,,
39.	500 ,,	..	Country brick in mud in superstructure except 1' at top of walls and round doors and windows.	100 ,,
40.	25 ,,	..	Circular arcegmental archwork in country brick in lime mortar	100 ,,
41.	100 ,,	..	Country brick in lime mortar in superstructure 1' at top of walls and round doors and windows.	100 ,,
42.	7 ,,	..	Teakwood wrought and put up	1 ,,
43.	20 ,,	..	Nallamaddi wrought and put up	1 ,,
44.	24 sq.ft.	..	Teakwood batten windows with iron bars, frames, iron fittings etc., complete	1 sq.ft.
45.	64 ,,	..	Teakwood batten door including frames, iron fittings, etc., complete	1 ,,
46.	100 ,,	..	Roofing with plain Mangalore tiles resting teak rafters but including wind ties, etc., complete	100 ,,
47.	21 x ft.'	..	Mangalore tiled ridging imbedded in cement mortar	100 r.ft.
48.	1,100 sq.ft.	..	Plastering with lime mortar two coats and white washing two coats	100 sq.ft.
49.	100 ,,	..	Plastering with portland cement mortar ½" thick 1 : 3 .. cement : sand	100 ,,
50.	600 ,,	..	Tarring wood work, doors and windows two coats	100 ,,
51.	2 Nos.	..	Providing tie rod of approved diameter at bottom of rafters including fixing ..	Each
52.	300 c.ft.	..	Gravel flooring, gravelling round the garage, etc., 6" including spreading, watering and consolidation, etc., complete.	100 sq.ft.
			C. Latrine of two seats.	
53.	....		Earthwork excavating foundations in sandy and red earth mixed	1,000 c.ft.
54.	....		Filling in basement with excavated earth including watering and consolidation in 6" layers.	1,000 ,,
55.	....		Filling in basement with sand including watering and consolidation	100 ,,
56.	250 c.ft.	..	Country brick in lime mortar in foundations and basement	100 ,,
57.	150 ,,	..	Country brick in lime mortar in superstructure	100 ,,
58.	600 sq.ft.	..	Plastering with cement mortar ½" thick cement : sand : : 1 : 3	100 sq.ft.
59.	1d ,,	..	Providing flooring with concrete broken stone in lime mortar 6" thick and covered over with reinforced concrete squatted slabs 2" thick in front of the seats, etc.	100 ,,
60.	2 Nos.	..	Providing reinforced concrete slab bottle 5' × 2' × 6" over opening including fixing, etc., complete.	Each.
61.	2 ,,	..	Providing reinforced concrete squatted slabs 2'6" × 2'3" × 2" for seats with necessary holes, foot rests, etc., complete and fixing.	,,
62.	250 c.ft.	..	Gravelling around 6" thick including spreading, watering and ramming	100 s.ft.

NOTE.—(1) All rates should be quoted for finished work and should include carriage, cost and conveyance of materials.

(2) All rates should be entered both in figures and words and all corrections should invariably be attested by the tenderer under his dated initials.

Vizagapatam, 23rd December 1929.

J. J. O'REILLY,
Executive Engineer, Vizagapatam Division.

TENDER FOR FORMING BANKS OF THE GRAND ANICUT CANAL FROM R.D. 23/80 TO 24/00.

SEALED tenders will be received by the Executive Engineer, No. II Division, Canal System, Pattukkottai, for the work of "Excavating the Grand Anicut Canal from R.D. 23/80 to 24/00" till 3 p.m. on 20th January 1930 at his office.

2. Tenders should be addressed to the Executive Engineer, No. II Division, Canal System, Pattukkottai, and should be superscribed "Tender for excavating the Grand Anicut Canal from R.D. 23/80 to 24/00".

3. Each tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 600, which should be paid into the nearest Government treasury or the Assistant Audit Officer's office, Tanjore, or the Audit Office, Mettur, to the credit of the Executive Engineer, No. II Division, Canal System, Pattukkottai. The treasury receipt should be enclosed with the tender. This amount will be returned to the tenderers, whose tenders are not accepted by cheque drawn on a treasury found most convenient for the Executive Engineer. The earnest money in the case of the successful tenderers will be retained.

4. The Executive Engineer will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. The successful tenderer will be required to sign an agreement in K-1 or K-2 form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 600 which with the earnest money received will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 5 and 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money. No person making a tender shall be allowed to withdraw his tender before the result is notified, and in the event of his so doing, his deposit shall be forfeited to Government.

8. The contract must not be sublet.

9. In the event of a tender being submitted by a firm it must be signed separately and severally by each member thereof, or in the event of absence of any partner it must be signed on his behalf by a person holding power of attorney authorizing him to do so.

10. No alterations which are made by tenderers on the contract document will be recognized, and if corrections are made his tender will be liable to rejection.

11. The conditions of contract, agreement forms, specifications, and other contract documents, can be seen at any time between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. in the Executive Engineer's office, from which blank forms of tender can also be obtained.

12. Bidders should thoroughly acquaint themselves with all the conditions. Each tender should contain not only rates, but the total value of each item of supply entered in a separate column, the items of which must be totalled up showing the

aggregate value of each nature tender. *The rate quoted by each tenderer should be expressed in words also.*

NOTE.—The tenderer should, at his own cost,—

(1) provide rods, stakes, ropes and labour required for setting out the work;

(2) provide all necessary scaffolding, labour and appliances for hoisting;

(3) provide sheds to keep materials under cover;

(4) arrange for protecting work during inclement weather;

(5) supply all requisite temporary lights, water-closets, water sheds covering to masonry and other requisite protection during the progress of the work;

(6) supply all requisite watching, watering and lighting,

(7) supply all water required for works and workmen,

(8) clean away all dirt and rubbish and superfluous materials and debris as they accumulate;

(9) wash floors at completion and leave the whole of the work and premises in a clean and orderly condition, and

(10) afford facilities to any other parties employed upon the building, as that their work may proceed during the progress of the contract, and give such persons the use of ordinary scaffolding, and ladder;

(11) Pumping and baling will be done by the department where it considers such pumping or baling necessary. The contractor may be required to supply labour for this at agreed rates.

Directions to parties tendering.

Tenders to be in sealed covers properly endorsed. Tenders must be submitted in sealed covers, the name of the tenderer and the name of the work being noted on the cover.

2 No reference should be made to the Public Works Department current schedule of rates or to the rates included in the estimate for the work. These documents are confidential and will not be available to the public.

3 *If further information is required*, the Executive Engineer of the division will be pleased to give any further information to the tenderers should they so require, but it must be clearly understood that tenders not received in order and according to instructions will be liable to rejection.

SCHEDULE.

Quantity for the reach.	Item number and description of work.	Per
	Consolidated section.	
2,852 000	(3) Earthwork excavation in any soil and forming banks in layers of six inches with an initial lead of twenty yards and lift of two yards.	1,000 c.ft.
	Unconsolidated section.	
1,054 000	(3) Earthwork excavating in any soil and forming banks in layers of six inches with an initial lead of twenty yards and lift of two yards.	1,000 c.ft.
	Trenches.	
..	(3) Earthwork excavating cutting shallow trenches in any soil and depositing the earth in layers directed with an initial lead of twenty yards and lift of two yards	1,000 c.ft.
	(4) Extra for items of earthwork—	
..	(a) for every additional ten yards lead or part thereof	1,000 c.ft.
..	(b) for every additional one yard lift or part thereof.	1,000 c.ft.
..	(6) Sentoning	1,000 c.ft.
..	(8) Breaking clods when and where directed to 3-inch cube	1,000 c.ft.
2,092 000	(7) (a) Re-handling the excavated earth dumped from tipping waggons, and forming banks in layers with all leads and lifts—	
..	(a) if earth is dumped anywhere within the finally adopted section of the bank.	1,000 c.ft.
..	(b) if earth is dumped outside the section of the bank but within twenty yards of the inner or outer toe.	1,000 c.ft.
..	(10) Sectioning the above ..	1,000 c.ft.
..	(11) Breaking clods when and where directed to 3-inch cube.	1,000 c.ft.

Notes to above (7) *only*.—(1) The tram line conveyance of earth for item (7) will be done departmentally or otherwise and is not covered by this tender.

(2) Payment for work will be based on pit measurements of the quantity excavated, and conveyed by the tram line.

(3) The items include all labour including conveyance by head-loads from the tram earth is dumped till the final section of the bank is formed and sectioned to the profile finally adopted and marked out.

Note to all items.—(1) It is to be expressly understood that the measured work is to be taken (notwithstanding any custom or practice to the contrary) according to the actual quantities when in place and finished according to the dimensions or as may be ordered from time to time by the Executive Engineer and the cost calculated by measurement or weight at the respective places, without any additional charge for any necessary or contingent work connected therewith. The rates to be quoted are for works in situ and complete in every respect.

(2) The quantities in the schedule are subject to alterations, omissions, deductions or additions, and do not necessarily show the actual quantity of work to be done.

(3) The term any soil includes hard gravel, laterite, ash, or hard rock.

(4) All earth work to comply with specifications included in the contract documents.

(5) The bank should be formed in layers six inches. The consolidation of the bank will be done by the department with rollers or other plant.

(6) Payment for excavation and transport will be on pit measurements. At the discretion of the Executive Engineer, this may be based on levels from the ground excavated taken before and after excavation.

(7) Leads will be measured horizontally from centre of pit to centre of bank.

(8) Lift will be measured from centre of height of bank to centre of depth of pit. In reducing the lift, the shrinkage allowable will be ignored.

(9) (a) The contractor will be supplied free of hire one mile and about fifty trucks free of hire. The number of trucks and length of tram line may be altered at the discretion of the Executive Engineer.

(b) The ordinary maintenance of the tram line and trucks such as laying, maintaining, shifting, tightening up, oiling, etc., shall be done by the contractor at his own cost. But the periodical tar painting of trucks and sleepers will be done at Government cost. The contractor shall pay for the repairing of the damages to the tramway and trucks and replacing of missing and unserviceable bolts and nuts except for what is due to fair wear and tear as certified by the Executive Engineer and repairs being carried out by department and cost recovered from him. He will be responsible for any loss from fire, theft, etc., after delivery to him, till handed over to the department.

The tram lines will be conveyed to the use of work by the department and handed over to the contractor at R S 24/00 of the Grand Anicut Canal. It should be delivered by the contractor back to the department at the same place.

The contractor should execute an agreement in the prescribed form, and pay the prescribed deposit.

(10) Leads and lifts will be reckoned as for head loads for all earth-work whether conveyed by tram lines or not.

Important note.—Special attention of the tenderers is invited to the fact that the tram lines will be conveyed at the cost and by the department and handed over at worksite and taken over from the contractor at the worksite.

A. R. VENKATA ACHARYA,
Executive Engineer, No. II Division, Canal System.

Pattukkottai, 31st December 1929.

CHIT TENDER NOTICE.

Chit tender notice for the work of

(1) Ordinary maintenance of Cotaamund-Mettupalayam road for 1930-31

(2) Special repairs to Cotaamund-Mettupalayam road for 1930-31.

Tenders on schedule contract for the above two works will be received in the office of the Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, Coimbatore Division, up to 12 noon on the 15th January 1930

Persons who desire to tender for the work will, on application to the address of the Manager, be supplied with further conditions of tender notice and schedule of quantities.

W. J. DAVIS,
Executive Engineer, Coimbatore Division.

Coimbatore, 21st December 1929.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF HACKNEY CARRIAGE PLATES, ETC.

TENDERS are invited from the Jail department and private firms for the supply of the following articles required for the Madras City Police. They should be in the prescribed form, copies of which can be had at the office of the Commissioner of Police, Egmore, Madras, and should be submitted in a sealed cover addressed to the *Commissioner of Police, Madras*, and superscribed "Tender for the supply of hackney carriage plates, etc." and sent so as to reach this office *not later than 31st January* 1930. Security money to the extent of 10 per cent of the amount tendered for will have to be prepaid in the event of the tender being accepted.

The Commissioner of Police, Madras, does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Sample plates and badges will have to be forwarded with the tender. They will not be returned nor paid for.

Hackney carriage number plates—

1st class number plates	..	15
2nd class number plates	..	20
3rd class number plates	..	1,500
Rickshaw number plates	..	1,000

Brass badges—

Hackney carriage drivers' brass badges	.. 1,000
Rickshaw pullers' brass badges	.. 2,000
Bus drivers brass badges	.. 300
Taxi drivers' brass badges	.. 200

N.B.—The number plates should be painted *blue with white figures and letters.*

Hackney carriage drivers' and rickshaw pullers' brass badges should be in the shape of an ellipse.

Full description of the above articles can be had at the Traffic Inspector's office located in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Police, Traffic and Licensing, Egmore, Madras.

C. B. CUNNINGHAM,
Commissioner of Police.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

TENDER FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF TWO ENGINE SHEDS AND TWO WATER TANKS AT THE AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH STATION, ADUTURAI.

SEALED tenders superscribed "Tender for the construction of two engine sheds and two water tanks at the Agricultural Research station, Adutural" will be received by the undersigned at his office upto 3 p.m. on 22nd January 1930 for the works mentioned above.

2. The abstract estimate (quantities only) for one such engine shed and water tank is furnished in the schedule appended.

3. The tender for each engine shed and water tank should be accompanied by an earnest money deposit of Rs 140 in cash or currency notes which will be returned to tenderers whose tenders are not accepted.

4. The Superintendent, Agricultural Research station, Adutural, will reserve to himself the right of rejecting all or any of the tenders without assigning any reasons for so doing.

5. The earnest money of successful tenderers will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract.

6. The successful tenderer will be required to sign an agreement in the proper departmental form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with conditions 6 above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. The contract must not be sublet. Other details and conditions of the contract may be inspected at the Office of the Superintendent, Agricultural Research station, Adutural, on any working day between 2 p.m. and 5 p.m.

SCHEDULE.

Constructing an engine shed at the Agricultural Research station, Adutural.

Quantity.	Description of work.
725 c.ft. ..	Concrete broken vitrified brick jelly in lime mortar.
370 „ ..	Ground moulded brickwork in lime mortar in foundation and basement.
475 „ ..	Ground moulded brickwork in clay in superstructure.
160 „ ..	Ground moulded brickwork in lime in superstructure.
13 „ ..	Ferro concrete slabs over doors and windows.
36 sq. ft.	Doors, country wood, panelled with frames, fastenings, etc., complete.
42 „ ..	Windows, country wood with iron bars and double shutters, inner glazed and outer panelled cross framed, fastenings, etc., complete.
4 c.ft. ..	Cuttings work single line dressed.
27·25 „ ..	Country wood wrought and put up.
650 sq. ft.	Best tiled roofing of Mangalore tiles including tank rafters 2" × 1".
160 „ ..	Trellis work of tank rafters 2" × ½" placed 1" centre to centre.
160 „ ..	Flooring Cuddapah slabs 1½" to 2" laid on mud and pointed with Portland cement.
60 „ ..	Plastering with cement mortar ½" thick 1 : 4.
160 „ ..	Pointing with lime mortar.
760 „ ..	Plastering with chunam ½" thick and white-washing two coats.
380 „ ..	Painting wood work with best chocolate paint, 2 coats.
325 „ ..	Tarring wood work.
1,500 c.ft. ..	Earthwork excavation of foundations.

Constructing a water tank at the Agricultural Research station, Adutural.

Quantity	Description of work.
125 c.ft. ..	Concrete broken vitrified brick jelly in lime mortar.
68 „ ..	Ground moulded brick in lime, foundations.
190 „ ..	Ground moulded brick in lime, superstructure.
14 „ ..	Ferro concrete slab.

K. VENKATARAMAN,
Superintendent.

Agricultural Research station,
Adutural, 22nd December 1929.

RECOVERY OF WRECKS.

NOTICE is hereby given under section 57 of Act II of 1905 (Madras Port Trust Act) that the undermentioned property has been salvaged within the limits of the Port of Madras, and claimants should submit their claim within a week's time from the date of the circular and remove the articles claimed within the close of the month on payment of the salvage charge. Should they fail, the articles will be sold in the following month by the Traffic Manager, Port Trust, Madras.

Description of articles and marks.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 1, 15th November 1929.

Eighteen zinc bath tubs; nil.
One iron plate, one jungle wood piece; nil.
One bag buffalo horns; nil.
One cast iron valves; Salsh 177.

Place and date of recovery—South quay, 14th November 1929.

Two hundred and fifty-three jarahwood blocks; nil.

Place and date of recovery—South quay, 16th November 1929.

One hundred and eighty one jarahwood blocks; nil.
One teakwood piece; nil.
One tattai basket; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 1, 20th November 1929.

Two uses copper sheets; "B.A.H."
One flat iron bar; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 5, Moorings, 21st November 1929.

One flat iron bar; nil.
Six junglewood pieces and two wooden sleepers; nil.
One bundle containing tin plates; nil.
One rail, one pint; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 4, Stern Moorings, 22nd November 1929.

Ten jungiewood pieces; nil.
One iron anchor; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No 2, 25th November 1929.

One canvas hose pipe; nil.
One snake funnel; nil.
One rope sling; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No 3, 4th December 1929

One rope sling and one wire rope piece; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 4, 5th December 1929.

Three bone metal bags, one rope sling; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 4, Stern Moorings, 6th December 1929

Twenty-four wooden scantlings and two wooden sleepers; nil

Place and date of recovery—No. 4, Stern Moorings, 10th December 1929.

Twelve junglewood scantlings and one wooden sleeper; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 1, 11th December 1929.

One bag (torn) containing coffee seeds; nil.
One case sauce (broken); nil.
One bundle telegraph fittings; nil.
Two chairs and one bundle tin sheets; A rectangle with "E.I.R." over "B.J." over "C" in the centre.
One lot old iron containing three iron bars, nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 3, 12th December 1929.

One empty drum; nil.
One bundle rule containing rods; nil.
One iron girder; nil.
One lot old iron (one bundle and seven bars); nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 4, Stern Moorings, 14th December 1929.

Fourteen junglewood scantlings; nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 5, Moorings, 16th December 1929.

Three flat iron bars; nil.
Four wooden scantlings and one wooden sleeper; nil.
One grinding stone; nil

Place and date of recovery—West quay No 2, 16th December 1929.

Two girders (joists); nil.

Place and date of recovery—No. 5, Moorings, 17th December 1929

One bundle barbed wire; nil.
Two junglewood pieces; nil.
Five old rope bars; nil.

Place and date of recovery—West quay No. 2, 17th December 1929.

Two steel Cheques; nil.

Place and date of recovery—Explosive anchorage, 17th December 1929.

One flat iron bar; nil.

இதனல் 1905-ஆம் ஆண்டு II-ஆது அலுவல் (Madras Port Trust Act) 57-ஆது செலவழிவது விலக்குப் பற்றுவது மசோதா, மதராஸ் போர்ட் ஸ்டாட் சட்டமும் கடலோரத்தும் வாடகைப் படகு இனையில் விலந்த சொத்துக்கள் கப்பலோட்டி ஏற்ற பற்றவைப்பட்டிருக்கிறன. சொத்துருடையோர் தங்களுடைய பத்திரங்க ளை இந்த விலாசத்தை தெரிவிக்கும் வாசகத்துடன் எந்த தெரிவித்த காலெக் காலை கடிவிட்டு அந்த மாதம் முடிவு பெறுவதற்குள்ளாக சொத்துக் களை அபராதமாகக் கோரவேண்டும். அப்படி செலுத் தாவிடுவதால் போர்ட் டிரஸ்டியாரே நாள அதிகாரத்தில் விற்க செய்யப்படுவர்—

*Unclaimed articles—*தொ.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 1.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 15-ஆ.

16 தீக்குச்சி பெட்டிகள்.
1 இருப்பு பிளேட், 1 சட்டைக் குண்டு.
1 மூட்டை எருமைமாட்டின் கொம்புகள்.
1 பெரிய இருப்பு கால்கட்டை—S. A. L. E. H. 177.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—எஸ் 8.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 18-ஆ.

235 மரச் சட்டைத் துண்டுகள்.

அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 19-ஆ.

181 மரச் சட்டைத் துண்டுகள்.
1 தேங்காய் தூளி.
1 மூலைக் கட்டை.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 1.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929 ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 20-ஆ.

2 தாராத்தேன் குடங்களும் பெட்டி—B. A. H.
1 தட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டை.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—ஸ்டர்ன் பெ. 4
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929 ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 21-ஆ.

1 தட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டை.
9 கட்டுவாத் துண்டுகள், 2 மர ஸ்பீடர்.
1 கடிகாரச் சட்டைகள் அடங்கிய.
1 இருப்புத் தண்டவாளம், 1 ஸ்பிரிட்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—ஸ்டெர்ன் மூரிங் பெ. 4.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 23-ஆ.

10 சட்டைவாத் துண்டுகள்.
1 இருப்பு கம்பி

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 2
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு நவம்பர் 25-ஆ.

1 தோல் குழாய்.
1 புகைபோக்கி குழாய்.
1 கயிற்று வார்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 3
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 4-ஆ.

1 கயிற்று வார், 1 இருப்பு தண்டு வார்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 4
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 5-ஆ.

3 அரைப்பு மூட்டை, 1 கயிற்று வார்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—ஸ்டெர்ன மூரிங் பெ. 4
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 6-ஆ.

24 சட்டைவாத் துண்டுகள், 2 மர ஸ்பீடர்.

அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 10-ஆ.

12 சட்டைவாத் துண்டுகள், 2 மர ஸ்பீடர்.

அப்பட்ட இடம்—கோல் 2 பெ. 1.
அப்பட்ட தேதி, 1929-ஆம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 11-ஆ.

1 தகரிரும்பாலான மூட்டை (சிறியது)
1 ஸ்பான (Spanner) பெரிய உடைந்தது.

1 கப்பற் தலைவர் பிடித்தல்.

2 கொக், 1 மூங்கை தலைக் கலிகை

E.I.D.
64 J.
C

1 கப்பல் பழைய இருப்பு, 3 சட்டங்கள் தூண்கள்.

தலைப்பு இடம்—கொட்டி 2 பக். 3.

1 தாசி தரம்.
1 கட்டு சிவப்பு மாவிலை கட்டம்.

தலைப்பு பெரிய, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 13ம்.

1 இருப்பு வாடை.
1 கட்டி பழைய இருப்புச் சட்டம்.

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—விட்டுச் சுற்றிய பக். 4.
தலைப்பட்ட பெரிய, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 14ம்.

24 வாட்டுச் தலைவர்

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—குறிக்கப் பக் 5.
தலைப்பட்ட பெரிய, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 15ம்.

3 இருப்புச் சட்டங்கள்.
4 வாட்டுச் தலைவர், 1 மர மண்டபம்.
1 தலைவர்.

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—கொட்டி 2 பக் 2.

2 தூண்டல் (Joists).

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—குறிக்கப் பக். 5.
தலைப்பட்ட பெரிய, 1929-ம் ஆண்டு டிசம்பர் 17ம்.

1 முன்னாள் வட்டி.
2 வாட்டுச் தலைவர்
5 பழைய இருப்புச் சட்டம்

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—கொட்டி 2 பக். 2.

2 உருக்கு மண்டல்.

தலைப்பட்ட இடம்—சுண்ணாம்பாக்கிய பெட்டி.

1 சட்டை இருப்புச் சட்டம்

R. W. V. BEATTY, Commander, R.I.M.,
Deputy Conservator of the Port,
for Receiver of Wrecks for the Port of Madras.

Harbour Office, Madras,
20th December 1929.

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VACANCIES.

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Applications stating clearly their educational qualifications, age, and with specimens of their drawing work, should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th January 1930.

The post is likely to last till the end of September 1930.

C. C. WILSON,
Conservator of Forests, IInd (W.P.) Circle.

Ootacamund, 21st December 1929.

APPLICATIONS are invited from passed S.S.L.C. candidates for the post of a Range Clerk in this division. The vacancy is a long-standing one. Preference will be given to those who have previous office experience in the Forest Department.

S. RAGHUNATHA RAO,
District Forest Officer, North Cuddapah.

Cuddapah, 27th December 1929.

APPLICATIONS are invited from candidates who have passed Shorthand (Higher) examination for the post of a clerk and shorthand writer in the Sub-Court, Chingleput, for about two months from 3rd January 1930. The vacancy is likely to continue. Graduates will be preferred.

K. S. MENON,
District Judge.

Chingleput, 20th December 1929.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of draughtsman clerk of the Collector's Office, Anantapur. The vacancy is not permanent but a long-standing one. The post carries with it a salary of Rs 35—3-5—1½—30—1—60. But the candidate selected will be started on a suitable pay in the grade according to his qualifications and experience. The minimum qualifications required for the post are

Examinations in the lower grade in

(*a*) Building, drawing and estimating,

(*b*) Mensuration, and

(c) Hydraulics and Irrigation works under the notifications regulating the Government Technical Examinations.

2. Applications should be accompanied by certificates of qualifications and copies of testimonials if any from the officers under whom the applicants may have served. They should also state the starting salary they are willing to accept.

T. BHAGAVANTAM,
Collector.

Anantapur, 20th December 1929.

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS.

On or after 6th January 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

R. MAHABALA HEGDE.

Mangalore, 10th December 1929.

On or after 9th January 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

A. K. MUTHUSWAMI.

Madras, 11th December 1929.

On or after 14th February 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Attorney-at-Law thereof.

G. PARTHASARADHI.

Madras, 12th December 1929.

On or after 16th January 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

S. VIJAYARAGHAVA CHARIAR.

Salem, 13th December 1929.

On or after 21st January 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

K. V. SEETHARAMA RAU.

Madras, 20th December 1929.

On or after 15th February 1930, I intend moving the High Court to enrol me as an Advocate thereof.

S. SIVASUBRAHMANYA NADAR.

Madras, 4th January 1930.

I, J. K. Devaraj Lebon, shall henceforth be known as Jeya Kani Lebon

J. K. DEVARAJ LEBON.

Trichinopoly, 3rd January 1930.

I, Adi Rajah Abdul Azeez alias Cheria Koyama Thangal of Arakal, shall henceforth be known as A. R. Abdulazeez from 1st January 1930.

A. R. CHERIA KOYAMA.

Cannanore, 26th December 1929.

I, Venkataruma Iyer Mahalingam (V. Mahalingam), shall henceforth be known as S. V. Mahalingam.

V. MAHALINGAN.

Tanjore, 5th December 1929

As Manuri Seenivasarao, the eldest son of Manuri Raghavendrarao, has been taken in adoption by me, the name of the boy has since been changed and he will hereafter be called Pathri Venkata Krishnarao, son of Pathri Venkata Subbarao.

P. V. SUBBARAO.

Narasaraopet, 9th December 1929

VELLORE WATER-WORKS IMPROVEMENTS.

TENDER FOR SUPPLY OF CAST IRON-PIPES, SPECIALS, ETC.

SEALED tenders are invited for the supply at the Vellore Railway station of 10,235 feet of 12 inches internal diameter cast-iron pipes and sluice valves, air valves and special pipes as detailed in the schedule obtainable in the office of the Vellore Municipality. These pipes are intended for a working pressure of 200 feet and should stand a test pressure of 400 feet head of water and should comply with the British Standard Specification for "B" class cast-iron pipes.

2. Tenderers should—

(a) specify full details regarding the length, thickness, weights and test pressures of the pipes offered by them;

(b) state whether the pipes comply with the British Engineering Standard Association Specification for cast iron pipes;

(c) state the date by which they can undertake to deliver the pipes at Vellore; and

(d) state whether the pipes and other articles detailed in the schedule are immediately available in India or are of Indian manufacture.

The pipes will be liable to be tested at the supplier's cost, either at source of supply or at Vellore at the discretion of the Chairman, Municipal Council, in consultation with the Deputy Sanitary Engineer, Central Circle.

3. Tenders should be submitted to the Chairman, Municipal Council, Vellore, from whom any further particulars can be obtained, not later than 15th January 1930.

4. The tender should be accompanied by an earnest money of Rs. 300 in cash or currency notes which will be refunded to the unsuccessful tenderers by means of cheques on the Imperial Bank of India, Vellore.

5. The Chairman, Municipal Council, Vellore, will have the right to reject all or any of the tenders without assigning any reason for doing so.

6. As soon as the acceptance of the tender is notified, the successful tenderer will be required to deposit a further sum of Rs. 300, which with the earnest money received will be held as security for the due fulfilment of the contract. The successful tenderer will also be required to sign an agreement in proper form for the due fulfilment of the contract.

7. Failure to comply with condition (6) above will entail forfeiture of the earnest money.

8. Other conditions of contract and the contract documents can be seen at any time in the Municipal office on all working days between 9 and 5 p.m.

9. Printed copies of the documents, including schedule, specification, etc., can be had on payment of Rs. 4.

V. S. PADMANABHA MUDALIYAR,
Chairman.

Vellore Municipal Office,
8th December 1929.

WANTED A MEDICAL PRACTITIONER.

APPLICATIONS are invited for the post of Medical Practitioner, Rural Dispensary, Kannapuram, Polavaram division under the Godavari Agency District Board. Particulars should be furnished regarding the qualifications of the applicant, his age and caste, and the appointment if any held by him at present. The amount of the subsidy payable to the Medical Practitioner is Rs. 75 per mensem. For other particulars, the President of the Godavari Agency District Board, Cocanada, should be addressed.

N. SESHAGIRI RAO,
Vice-President.

Godavari Agency District Board Office,
Cocanada, 9th December 1929.

INSOLVENCY NOTICES.

No. 44 of 1929, SUB-COURT, GUNTUR.

Chitti Venkata Subbayya—*Petitioner.*
Kota Krishnamma and others—*Creditors.*

TAKE notice that the petitioner has filed the above petition on the file of the Sub-Court, Guntur, for being adjudicated an insolvent and the same stands posted to 16th January 1930. All those interested, may file their objections, if any, by that date.

R. L. NARAYANA,
Vakil for Petitioner.

Guntur, 20th December 1929.

No. 46 of 1929, SUB-COURT, GUNTUR.

Kanderiti Subbayya—*Petitioner.*
Tanuguntla Chinna Venkayyaya and others—*Creditors.*

TAKE notice that the petitioner has filed the above petition for being adjudicated an insolvent and the same stands posted to 24th January 1930. All the creditors who are interested, may file their objections, if any, by that date.

R. L. NARAYANA,
Vakil for Petitioner.

Guntur, 20th December 1929.

MADRAS PORT TRUST.

MINUTES OF A BOARD MEETING

No. 29 of 1929-30, HELD ON FRIDAY, THE 13TH DECEMBER 1929.

PRESENT:

Mr. G. G. Armstrong, O.B.E., M.C., V.D., M.INST.C.E., *Chairman.*
Mr. F. B. Wathen, M.B.E., V.D., M.INST.T.
Mr. P. Rothera, O.B.E., M.INST.C.E., M.I.E.E.
Mr. C. R. Watkins, C.I.E.
Capt. E. H. Marsden, R.I.M.
M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur Govindoss Chetheerboojadoss Garu.
M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur G. Narayanaswami Chetti Garu, B.A., M.L.C.
M.R.Ry. Diwan Bahadur M. Balasundaram Nayudu Garu.
Mr. K. M. A. Rasheed Sahib.
Mr. R. C. M. Stronts.
Mr. C. E. Wood, M.L.C.
Mr. R. D. Denniston.
Mr. A. Robertson.
Mr. F. G. Luker.

575. Read, approved and recorded the minutes of the proceedings of the previous meeting held on Friday, the 29th November 1929.

576. Read a note by the Chairman circulating for the information of the Board the orders issued by him with their concurrence obtained at the meeting of the 29th November 1929 with reference to a letter No. E-2-C-29/6038, dated the 28th November 1929, from Messrs. The Burma-Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Company of India, Ltd., Madras, in connexion with the discharge of bulk petrol and bulk kerosene Ex. S.S. "Mazimpur" on her visit to the Port on the 2nd December 1929, whereby the vessel was given permission to enter the harbour with petrol on Board for the purpose of discharge of her kerosene cargo only, inside the harbour in the event of weather conditions not permitting her to lie at the petrol berth outside the harbour for the discharge of her cargo.

Read a letter from the Company No. 3/A/12/K. 1445 D., dated the 4th December 1929, stating that the above vessel is due again at this port on the 24th December 1929 and requesting that the concession allowed on her last visit be granted to her on this visit also.

Resolved that, as a special case, the Company's request be granted subject to the observance of the necessary precautions and that the question of allowing ships loaded with petrol inside the harbour on any future occasion be brought up again for consideration at the next meeting.

577. Read again Resolution No. 987, dated the 22nd February 1923, on the subject of the engagement of legal assistance to safeguard the interests of the Trust in the situation which had arisen owing to the insolvency of Messrs. C. E. Narayana Ayyar and Sons.

Read a letter, dated the 3rd December 1929, from Messrs. Moresby and Thomas, Solicitors, stating that, in the matter of the above insolvency, the Central Bank of India, Limited, had filed a suit against the Trust claiming damages for alleged wrongful delivery of consignments and suggesting that the Advocate-General be retained on behalf of the Trust for this suit on payment of a sum of Rs. 1,000 as retainer.

Resolved that the approval accorded in circulation to the suggested retention of the Advocate-General and to the payment of a sum of Rs. 1,000 as retainer be confirmed.

578. Read again Resolution No. 481, dated the 1st November 1929, deciding to await definite proposals from the Corporation of Madras with regard to its contemplated acquisition of a site near the harbour premises for the housing of homeless coolies who sleep in streets near the harbour.

Read a letter No. R.O.G.D.C. No. 960/29, dated the 23rd November 1929, from the Commissioner, Corporation of Madras, enquiring whether the Port Trust would be prepared to let the Corporation have the site at Clive Battery now occupied by three officers' quarters, in the event of the Trust being allowed by Government to take over a corresponding portion of the foreshore on the secretin south of the harbour.

Resolved that the subject be brought up again for consideration at the next meeting.

579. Read a note by the Chief Engineer submitting the tenders received for the supply of about 1,148 cwts. of rolled steel beams, mild steel plates and flats, etc., for use as breastsummers, fish plates, etc., required for the construction of a single-storey warehouse on the southern extension of the harbour and recommending for acceptance the tender given by Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd., Madras, in their letter No G-105, dated the 25th November 1929—the total value of the materials to be purchased amounting approximately to Rs. 9,270.

Resolved that the tender of Messrs. Jessop & Co., Ltd., be accepted.

580. Read a note by the Chief Engineer submitting the quotations received for the supply of about 240 cwts. of 8' × 4' mild steel plates required for the manufacture of reinforced concrete columns for the construction of a single-storey warehouse on the southern extension of the harbour and recommending for acceptance the quotation given by Messrs. A. Mohamed & Co., Madras, in their letter, dated the 5th November 1929—the value of the materials to be purchased amounting approximately to Rs 2,983.

Resolved that Messrs. A. Mohamed & Co.'s tender be accepted.

581. Read a note, dated the 30th November 1929, by the Deputy Port Conservator requesting sanction, for reasons given, to the purchase immediately from Messrs. Binny & Co (Madras), Ltd., of one coil of 22" mild coir rope at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,450 and from Mr. A. Narayana Perumal Nadar of 25,000 twigs and 5,000 bamboos at estimated costs respectively of Rs. 500 and Rs. 859-6-0, for making springs and fenders for quays, in addition to the quantities of the materials purchased under the authority of G Os. Ms. Nos. 420 and 618, Finance (Marine), dated respectively the 10th August and the 25th November 1929. Read also note thereon by the Chairman stating that he had approved of the purchases in anticipation of the sanction of the Board and of Government.

Resolved that the purchases now made be approved and that sanction of Government be obtained thereto as well as to the provision under the Madras Port Fund Account during the current year of the funds necessary to meet the expenditure on the purchases.

582. Read a note by the Chief Engineer, supported by the Chairman, recommending that the small building, situated north of the "M" Division Police Station which was till recently occupied rent-free by one of the Trust's Draughtsmen, be rented to the Madras Port Trust Officials' Party at a nominal rental of Re. 1 per mensem subject to the Party agreeing to vacate the premises at short notice at any time required by the Trust.

Resolved that the recommendation be approved.

583. Read again Resolution No. 338, dated the 23rd August 1929, accepting the resignation of his appointment tendered by Mr. A. D. Berrington, Harbour Master, as from the date of the expiry of the six months' notice given by him with effect from the 3rd August 1929.

Read an application from Mr. Berrington applying for three months' leave from such date as may suit the convenience of the Trust and note thereon by the Deputy Port Conservator recommending for reasons given, that Mr Berrington, be retained on duty till the 29th March 1930, the date of the return from leave of Mr. G. Freeman, Harbour Master, and that Mr. Berrington be granted with effect from that date the leave on average pay which will then be to his credit, amounting to four months and two days—his service with the Trust terminating on the expiry of the leave. Read also note thereon by the Chairman supporting the proposal.

Resolved that, subject to Mr. Berrington consenting to remain on duty until the 29th March 1930 and subject also to his service with the Trust terminating of his own accord at the expiry of the four months and two days leave on average pay commencing from the above mentioned date, he be returned on duty and be granted the leave as proposed.

584 Read a note by the Chief Engineer recommending for reasons given that Mr. J. L. DePadua, Master of the S. B. "Wenlock", on a pay of Rs. 193 with a house allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem, who is due to retire from the Trust's service on the 31st December 1929 owing to superannuation, be retained in service for a further period of six months from 1st January 1930 and that he be granted with effect from that date a special allowance at the rate of Rs. 50 per mensem, not counting as pay. Read also note thereon by the Chairman supporting the proposal.

Resolved that the recommendation be approved.

585. Read a note by the Chief Engineer, supported by the Chairman, recommending that the following four members of the Trust's Work-charged Establishment whose services are proposed to be dispensed with owing to retrenchment on that establishment, be granted, as consideration of their long service, the amount of leave noted against their names preparatory to retirement on the expiry of the leave :—

Name.	Designation.	Amount of full pay leave recommended.
1. B. W. Victum ..	Loco. Driver ..	Three months from 1st January 1930
2. J. Taylor ..	Do. ..	Do
3. Rahim Bakh ..	Enkeeman, new All-Round Titan Crane,	Do.
4. A. W. Rodrigues.	Steam Crane Driver.	One month from 1st December 1929.

Resolved that the grant of the leave recommended be approved.

586. Resolved that the meetings of the Board in January 1930 be held as follows :—

Ordinary meeting—3rd January.

Ordinary meeting and special meeting for consideration of the Budget Estimates for the year 1930-31—17th January.

Ordinary meeting—31st January.

587. Read and recorded with reference to Resolution No. 334, dated the 4th November 1921, a statement, dated the 10th December 1929, submitted by the Trust's Chief Engineer, showing the amount of leave granted during November 1929 to certain members of the monthly paid Work-charged establishment in excess of the leave ordinarily granted to that establishment.

588. The following statement showing amounts paid during November 1929 on account of claims for shortages on Railway traffic was ordered to be recorded :—

Names of Railways.	Amount of claims.
	Rs. A. P.
Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway.	67 0 0
South Indian Railway	0 14 0
Total ..	67 14 0

889. The following statement comparing dues collected in and up to the end of November 1929 with those for the corresponding period of the previous two years as well as of the year 1913-14 was ordered to be recorded :—

Statement showing the amount of dues collected during the month of November 1929.

	1913.	1927.	1928.	1929
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
I. Harbour Receipts—				
(i) Dues on imports	60,215 11 1	1,48,250 10 0	1,55,723 7 0	1,54,320 0 0
(ii) Dues on exports	12,790 3 9	50,190 11 0	51,450 5 6	40,232 13 6
(iii) Transit dues, imports ..	7,621 11 0	12,627 11 0	12,370 9 0	13,396 5 0
(iv) Storage, exports	121 4 0	130 5 0	749 15 0	97 0 0
(v) Rent for storage space ..	1,032 0 0	2,092 4 0	1,806 8 0	2,410 10 6
(vi) Harbour terminal charges ..	7,971 2 5	89,495 15 3	25,096 9 9	26,234 5 0
(vii) Cranage	13,617 4 4	18,415 3 9	18,614 2 0	16,417 0 0
(viii) Porterage, special	437 9 0	7,944 8 9	7,224 1 0	3,112 6 3
(ix) Demurrage	109 2 0	..	419 4 0	76 6 0
(x) Hire of harbour wagons ..	..	510 0 9	9,255 0 0	..
(xi) Quay dues	..	41,067 5 9	43,442 10 9	20,039 4 9
II. Rents, fees and penalties—				
(i) Rents of properties ..	3,235 0 4	17,301 9 2	17,020 1 5	18,336 3 4
(ii) Overtime fees	2,502 0 6	4,430 0 0	11,048 0 0	11,897 8 0
(iii) Passenger tolls	2,480 10 4	3,716 2 10	4,911 0 7	3,193 9 1
(iv) Other fees, fines and penalties,	3 0 0	327 13 0	693 0 9	481 1 0
III. Sales—				
(i) Water sold to boats ..	1,185 12 11	11,877 0 0	9,173 13 0	12,107 12 0
(ii) Water sold to works ..	409 8 0	..	..	..
(iii) Sale of unclaimed goods ..	..	..	..	..
(iv) Other sales	212 4 0	..	..	..
IV. Contributions to Revenue—				
(i) From Port Funds	..	..	..	..
(ii) From Government	..	..	..	..
V. Interest—				
(i) Interest on investments ..	1,700 2 8	981 0 11	951 9 11	..
VI. Miscellaneous—				
(i) Profit on investments ..	..	..	..	..
(ii) Commission on Corporation timber licence-fees.	270 5 0	212 4 6	201 0 0	317 8 0
VII. Revenue suspense adjustment ..	— 107 13 0	— 20 2 0	1,178 13 9	— 611 10 9
Total ..	1,15,982 2 11	3,50,476 2 2	3,65,230 10 1	3,39,119 4 9

Month.	Actuals of 1913-14.	Actuals of 1927-28.	Actuals of 1928-29.	Actuals of 1929-30.	Increase or decrease in the last two years.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
April	1,09,153 5 8	2,80,275 2 8	4,34,460 4 4	2,85,922 8 8	—1,48,538 0 8
May	1,34,350 4 11	3,29,714 8 1	3,69,968 7 3	4,14,065 4 8	+ 44,094 14 9
June	1,26,793 8 7	3,76,330 0 1	4,82,945 6 8	4,23,140 9 3	—59,804 14 5
July	1,23,879 12 8	3,82,526 7 10	4,72,412 9 8	4,33,751 7 3	—38,661 15 5
August	95,468 0 10	3,67,194 11 10	4,31,827 9 10	4,12,567 11 8	—19,259 14 2
September ..	1,22,082 15 5	3,58,079 13 7	3,70,339 12 5	4,25,187 12 2	+ 54,847 13 9
October	1,23,574 3 1	3,73,968 13 2	3,66,151 4 9	3,48,579 3 7	— 17,571 11 5
November ..	1,15,982 3 11	3,50,476 2 2	3,65,230 10 1	3,39,119 4 9	— 26,111 5 8
Total ..	9,30,373 6 1	28,23,344 11 3	32,73,835 10 0	30,92,331 11 5	—2,11,503 14 10

890. The following statement showing the number of vessels piloted, etc., was ordered to be recorded :—

Particulars.	For week ending 30th November 1929.	For week ending 7th December 1929.	Total from 1st April to 23rd November 1929.	Total from 1st April to 7th December 1929.
Steamers piloted into the harbour	23	12	553	576
Do. piloted out of the harbour	21	16	539	570
Do. transported from one berth to another ..	11	12	289	312
Do. altended	1	..	10	11
Sailing vessels piloted into the harbour	..	..	48	48
Do. piloted out of the harbour	..	..	40	40
Do. transported from one berth to another ..	..	..	34	34

581. The following statement showing the number of vessels which used the quays was ordered to be recorded :—

Particulars.	For week ending 30th November 1929.	For week ending 7th December 1929.	Total from 1st April to 30th November 1929.	Total from 1st April to 7th December 1929.
I.—Steamers.				
West quay, No. X berth	1	1	86	87
Do. XI do.	3	3	91	94
Do. XII do.	3	3	86	89
Do. XV do.	1	1	75	76
South quay	3	4	148	152
East quay	2	2	28	30
Outer quay	..	..	..	..
Total ..	13	15	508	523
II.—Sailing vessels				
West quay	..	..	33	33

582. The following statement showing work done by vessels was ordered to be recorded :—

Period.	Steamers.					Sailing vessels.		Total quantity of cargo shipped.	Total quantity of cargo landed.	Remarks.	
	Quays.		Moorings.		Oil berths.						
	Quantity of cargo shipped.	Quantity of cargo landed.	Quantity of cargo shipped.	Quantity of cargo landed.	Quantity of bulk oil and petrol landed.	Quantity of cargo shipped.	Quantity of cargo landed.			* Coal landings at quays.	* Coal landings at moorings.
1929.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	TONS.	*TONS.	TONS.	TONS.
For the week ending 30th November	4,730	12,164	2,167	5,260	8,328	..	..	6,897	22,783	4,997	do.
For the week ending 7th December	1,983	12,099	895	5,695	18,256	..	..	2,878	30,050	7,152	1,858

583. The following statement of estimates sanctioned since the 29th November 1929 was ordered to be recorded :—

Serial number.	Authority.		Name of work.	Amount sanctioned	Balance of Provision still available.	Chargeable to	Remarks.
	No.	Date.					
			Capital Account	Rs.			
34	G.O. No. R. 114, Finance (Marine).	3rd December 1929	Purchase of ten covered goods steel wagons	25,000	..	..	....
35	G.O. No. R. 115, Finance (Marine).	Do.	Provision of Indian type water closets with flushing system for seamen's latrine near the Anchor road.	1,910	..	..	....
36	G.O. No. R. 116, Finance (Marine).	Do.	Adapting the boiler room of the hydraulic power house into a dispensary for the Trust's staff.	3,000	..	..	....
			Revenue Account.				
16	Chairman's order ..	7th December 1929.	Providing W.S. II with a new wire rope in place of No. 10 condemned.	12	..	3 (vii) New minor works.	....
			Madras Port Fund Account.				
			Nil				
			Pilotage Fund Account.				
			Nil.				

584. Recorded G.O. Ms. No. 820, Finance (Marine), dated the 28th November 1929, sanctioning the plan and an estimate amounting to Rs 78,500 for the construction of a house for the Chairman on the southern extension of the Harbour premises, the debit of the expenditure to capital and the acceptance of the tender of Messrs. Mawson-Vernon Co., Ltd., Bombay, for general building work for the main building, including the kitchen of the house—*vide* Resolution No. 615, dated the 15th November 1929.

595. Recorded G.O. Ms. No. 628, Finance (Marine), dated the 27th November 1929, recording letter from the Government of India communicating its decision that the emoluments of Royal Indian Marine officers officiating in appointments on shore on privilege leave vacancies shall be regulated in accordance with the rules in the revised paragraphs 81, 82 and 233, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I.

596. Recorded G.O. Routine No. 112, Finance (Marine), dated the 2nd December 1929, sanctioning the remission of dues amounting to Rs. 240 proposed in Resolution No. 559, dated the 29th November 1929.

597. Recorded G.O. Routine No. 113, Finance (Marine), dated the 2nd December 1929, sanctioning the provision of a sum of Rs. 582 from the closing balance of the Madras Pilotage Fund for 1929-30 to meet the expenditure on advertisement charges for inviting applications for the post of Harbour Masters in the Port of Madras—*vide* Resolution No. 547, dated the 29th November 1929.

598. Recorded G.O. Routine No. 114, Finance (Marine), dated the 3rd December 1929, sanctioning the debit to capital of the estimated expenditure amounting to Rs. 45,000 for the purchase of ten covered goods steel wagons—*vide* Resolution No. 559, dated the 29th November 1929.

599. Recorded G.O. Routine No. 116, Finance (Marine), dated the 3rd December 1929, sanctioning the debit to capital of the estimated expenditure amounting to Rs. 1,000 to be incurred on the provision of Indian type water closets with the necessary flushing and drainage arrangements for the coolies' sections of the Anchor Road septic latrines in the Trust's premises—*vide* Resolution No. 549, dated the 29th November 1929.

600. Recorded G.O. Routine No. 118, Finance (Marine), dated the 3rd December 1929, sanctioning the debit to capital of the estimated expenditure amounting to Rs. 3,300 to be incurred on the work of adapting the boiler room of the Hydraulic Power House into a dispensary for the Trust's staff—*vide* Resolution No. 548, dated the 29th November 1929.

601. Recorded the report and accounts of the Singapore Harbour Board for the year ended 30th June 1929.

602. Securities and cash held by the Imperial Bank of India, Madras, for the Madras Port Trust on the 11th December 1929 were ordered to be recorded as follows:—

	Government securities.	Cash balances.
	Rs.	Rs. A. P.
Revenue Account		3,29,152 13 3
Provident Fund Account	33,31,400	7,502 13 19
Deposit Account ..	1,29,000	9,021 9 8
Biden Sailors' Home Charity Account ..	57,500	1,269 1 9
Disabled Boatmen's Fund Account ..	40,300	332 7 8
Pilotage Fund Account	5,99,500	29,334 8 3
Harbour Dues Advance Account	..	1,52,044 2 2
Railway Freight Advance Account		1,07,355 9 3
Capital Account ..	6,48,100	1,71,258 6 2
Sinking Fund Account,	6,75,800	— 1 7 2 and £3,446
Renewals and Replacement Fund Account,	5,01,800	4,589 3 8
Accident Fund Account.	1,08,500	31 0 5
Revenue Reserve Fund Account.	12,53,900	46 8 8

G. G. ARMSTRONG,
Chairman.

Port Trust Office, Madras,
3rd January 1930.

METEOROLOGICAL RESULTS.

FROM THE MADRAS OBSERVATORY REGISTER.

	Barometer reduced to 32° F. sea level and gravity.	Thermometers. Corrected daily means. Dry.	Wet.	Observed extremes. Max.	Min.	Minimum on grass.	Humidity.	Wind. Prevailing direction	Daily velocity.	Depth of rain.	Cloudy sky.	Bright sunshine.	General weather.
1929.	Inches.	°	°	°	°	°	Cts.		Miles.	Inches.	Cts.	Hrs.	
Dec. 23rd, Monday.	29·852	78·4	73·1	85·2	71·0	67·0	76	ESE	121	Nil.	43	5·7	Fine with passing clouds.
,, 24th, Tuesday	29·878	76·9	73·1	84·1	73·2	65·4	83	ESE	96	0·43	85	2·4	Cloudy with showers.
,, 25th, Wednesday	29·893	77·0	74·0	83·6	73·4	74·1	85	NE by E	128	0·36	16	4·6	Passing showers.
,, 26th, Thursday	29·878	78·2	74·3	84·4	73·1	69·6	82	E by S	95	Nil	10	8·2	Fine.
,, 27th, Friday	29·915	75·4	74·7	81·2	73·6	70·3	93	NE by E	171	0·07	65	4·1	Passing showers.
,, 28th, Saturday.	29·903	77·0	74·3	84·0	71·3	67·1	83	N by E	153	Nil.	33	9·1	Fine with passing clouds.
,, 29th, Sunday ..	29·855	78·2	66·8	82·4	69·8	65·3	76	NNE	185	Nil.	19	9·3	Fine.
,, 30th, Monday ..	29·929	72·4	65·2	82·1	61·2	58·3	70	NNE	165	Nil.	45	9·5	Fine with passing clouds.
,, 31st Tuesday ..	29·901	73·8	67·5	83·2	66·2	60·9	70	NNE	136	Nil.	35	9·1	Do.
1930.													
Jan. 1, Wednesday ..	29·885	72·8	66·6	81·5	59·1	51·9	80	N by E	160	Nil	23	9·7	Fine with passing clouds.
,, 2, Thursday ..	29·875	71·4	69·4	79·5	68·4	65·0	76	N	204	Nil	95	0·4	Cloudy.
,, 3, Friday ..	29·880	72·9	71·1	82·1	72·1	67·9	75	N by E	278	Nil	53	6·1	Passing clouds
,, 4, Saturday ..	29·901	76·1	70·9	84·1	70·0	64·1	74	N by E	192	Nil	65	7·3	Do.
,, 5, Sunday ..	29·907	76·1	71·6	79·0	71·6	68·3	83	N by E	207	0·17	68	Nil	Cloudy with showers

The Standard Barometer and Thermometers are read at 8 a m, 10 a m., 4 p m. and 8 p m and the daily means are obtained by the application of hourly corrections, deduced from twenty years' observations. The cistern of the barometer is twenty-two feet above the level of the sea, and the receiver of the rain-gauge is two feet from the ground. The wind, rain and general weather registered are for the current civil day—from midnight to midnight.

The total quantity of rain collected since 1st January is 52·42 inches, the average due for the same period being 49·02 inches.

A. A. NARAYANA AYYAR,
Assistant Meteorologist.

Madras Observatory,
1st January 1930.

MADRAS: PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, GOVERNMENT PRESS.

Reg. No. 1—E.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II

OF

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 1] MADRAS, TUESDAY, EVENING JANUARY 7, 1930. [Price, 6 pies.

SEASON REPORT FOR NOVEMBER 1929.

Section I.—Statement showing the average fall of rain in each district during the month of November 1929 and also the total fall of rain from 1st April up to the month compared with the corresponding figures of the preceding year and with the averages for a series of years ending 1920.

District.	Average for 51 years.			1928-29.			1929-30.		
	In the month.		From 1st April up to the month.	In the month.		From 1st April up to the month.	In the month.		From 1st April up to the month.
	Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.		Rainy days.	Rainfall.	
	No.	Inches.	Inches.	No.	Inches.	Inches.	No.	Inches.	Inches.
Orissa—									
1. Ganjam	2·4	2·42	45·96	0·7	0·43	52·59	0·1	0·01	46·32
2. Vizagapatam { Agency ..	2·1	1·31	37·76	-	-	58·44	..	..	50·69
2. Vizagapatam { Littoral ..	3·1	2·70	37·76	3·1	0·07	52·03	0·5	0·02	35·10
3. East Godavari	3·9	5·82	41·21	0·4	0·13	45·66	0·7	0·54	39·61
4. West Godavari	3·5	3·07	38·17	1·8	0·21	37·81	0·6	0·18	32·07
5. Kistna	2·4	2·12	32·56	0·2	0·07	34·42	0·0	0·12	27·39
6. Guntur	3·0	3·66	30·27	0·3	0·06	33·26	1·4	1·16	29·48
Deccan—									
7. Kurnool	2·0	1·65	24·83	0·1	0·04	22·71	2·7	1·33	18·81
8. Bellary	2·4	1·48	22·56	1·5	0·21	23·38	2·0	1·08	21·36
9. Anantapur	2·5	2·02	23·02	0·6	0·22	20·33	4·6	3·27	23·07
10. Cuddapah	4·0	3·61	26·41	4·6	6·81	22·63	6·6	4·20	33·68
Carnatic—									
11. Nellore	7·4	8·02	30·88	1·6	1·94	27·59	7·6	9·48	29·18
12. Madras	10·9	13·61	42·44	8·0	6·44	43·92	13·0	15·07	35·28
13. Chingleput	10·1	12·30	36·61	5·7	5·16	37·16	10·4	16·52	30·90
14. South Arcot	9·6	10·95	38·90	10·9	13·48	45·27	10·8	13·54	32·09
Central—									
15. Chittoor	7·0	6·16	30·16	8·3	3·22	28·13	7·3	6·30	27·85
16. North Arcot	7·1	6·10	28·55	4·1	2·21	33·42	8·1	7·11	29·56
17. Salem *	6·0	5·97	30·40	3·9	2·29	26·78	6·6	4·35	28·68
18. Coimbatore †	6·3	4·16	23·99	5·6	3·35	22·68	7·2	3·94	24·00
19. Trichinopoly	7·6	5·80	26·25	7·3	4·23	23·46	10·4	5·90	28·00
South—									
20. Tanjore	11·1	12·19	30·55	13·6	16·21	30·06	15·3	13·40	30·30
21. Madura ‡	5·2	3·71	27·13	2·6	0·13	24·57	9·9	6·57	24·32
22. Ramnad	5·8	7·01	24·02	22·6	9·23	27·93	13·0	6·05	20·89
23. Tinnevelly	9·6	7·89	21·05	14·7	10·98	19·81	10·9	9·50	24·08
West Coast—									
24. Malabar	9·7	5·80	115·54	6·6	3·43	90·73	8·2	3·84	134·92
25. South Kanara	4·6	3·27	144·58	2·1	1·35	135·92	8·5	6·76	176·45
Hills—									
26. The Nilgiris	9·6	8·80	57·86	20·8	7·81	61·76	7·4	3·97	59·10

* Excluding Yercaud. † Excluding Kollegal, Annamalai Hills and Malabar. ‡ Excluding Kodaikanal.

SECTION II.—Statement showing the extent of cultivation (Government and minor inams only) from April to November 1929.

[*Area in hundreds of acres, i.e., 00 to be omitted.*]

District and Group (1)	Percentage of the area of Government and minor inam land to the total area. (2)	Area cultivated in November 1929. First crop. Dry. (3)	Wet. (4)	Second crop. Dry (5)	Wet. (6)	Area cultivated from April to November 1929. First crop. Dry (7)	Wet. (8)	Second crop. Dry. (9)	Wet. (10)	Area cultivated from April to November 1928. First crop. Dry. (11)	Wet. (12)	Second crop. Dry. (13)	Wet. (14)	Average area cultivated from April to November. (c) First crop. Dry (15)	Wet. (16)	Second crop. Dry. (17)	Wet. (18)	Percentage of the average area sown from April to Nov. to the average normal area (c) Dry. (19)	Wet. (20)	District and Group
		Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.	Acs.			
Ganjam	55	5,0	2,4	0,1	4	223,1	245,6	38,1	17,2	206,6	253,6	23,4	15,0	226,6	265,3	11,9	17,9	93	78	Ganjam.
Vizagapatam	8	0,4	0	13,0	0	119,4	118,1	52,0	44,5	109,3	117,4	15,1	13,0	119,9	121,6	47,7	38,9	98	82	Vizagapatam.
Godavari, East	66	20,7	2,7	15,5	6,2	363,9	317,2	46,6	8,0	330,6	302,6	41,0	3,8	(b)374,6	(b)308,1	(b)37,1	(b)12,9	98	86	Godavari, East.
Godavari, West	15	12,6	10,7	7,2	0	276,2	299,4	25,2	9	235,6	418,6	17,3	8	(b)181,3	(b)376,0	(b)7,2	(b) 6	92	88	Godavari, West
Kistna	15	21,6	1,4	5,9	2	212,4	258,8	7,1	2	(a) 266,0	248,0	30,1	5	262,6	311,6	7,1	6	82	88	Kistna.
Guntur	27	322,7	2,0	16,7	3	1,048,0	787,6	28,6	4	1,443,1	281,2	(r) 28,8	7	1,423,1	287,6	21,4	3,8	81	71	Guntur.
Circars	43	417,0	20,3	64,0	8,5	2,291,4	1,666,2	270,5	71,3	2,652,9	1,749,4	169,6	62,0	2,469,1	1,662,1	142,0	82,1	94	82	Circars.
Kurnool	92	201,7	4,7	19,2	5	(r) 453,3	41,5	24,1	6	1,822,3	69,8	33,9	5	1,926,0	48,3	15,0	3	95	76	Kurnool.
Bellary	96	243,3	6,5	19,5	0	2,445,6	49,7	58,4	6,3	2,615,7	42,1	59,4	2,8	2,174,2	59,2	23,1	2,6	97	87	Bellary.
Anantapur	96	201,6	10,7	1,7	2,7	1,518,4	95,6	6,6	4,7	1,714,7	103,0	5,6	5,6	1,622,6	99,6	6,5	6,3	98	78	Anantapur.
Cuddapah	94	158,9	11,3	7,1	2,5	772,7	58,9	12,3	3,4	772,3	73,3	15,0	10,4	800,0	76,4	12,1	9,8	91	75	Cuddapah.
Deccan	95	1,281,5	35,6	47,5	8,2	5,730,4	235,4	99,6	20,0	6,564,0	288,7	63,9	19,1	6,319,8	281,6	56,6	18,1	85	77	Deccan.
Nellore	50	104,6	66,0	6,9	2,3	(a)374,5	199,7	6,1	4,8	991,3	240,7	7,2	3,8	360,0	197,7	6,9	6,4	60	77	Nellore.
Chingleput	63	20,9	39,7	3,7	33,8	268,0	382,1	9,0	28,4	281,8	361,6	10,8	36,1	257,6	370,9	12,6	31,8	87	80	Chingleput.
South Arcot	98	59,5	61,8	28,2	34,5	991,2	389,3	38,6	58,1	(r)880,7	(r)398,8	(r) 33,6	(r)92,1	884,8	353,7	33,5	31,4	80	84	South Arcot.
Carnatic	68	215,3	152,9	23,6	80,6	1,464,6	943 0	53,5	91.4	1,469 9	959,3	56,3	100,2	1 436,2	823,4	31,0	91,4	50	81	Carnatic.
Chittoor	42	39,0	8,8	8,9	3,7	377,1	81,3	4,7	7,8	338,1	81,5	6,8	5,5	284,7	72,0	4,8	7,1	58	76	Chittoor.
North Arcot	45	42,4	62,4	61,1	47,0	740,8	224 1	43,8	39,3	758,0	241,6	42,6	46,0	708,8	242,3	42,7	45,4	88	79	North Arcot.
Salem	76	85,1	9,4	44,6	8,3	389,8	79,4	103,8	28,8	(r)1,013,3	(r) 91,7	(r)126,6	(r)26,8	1,182,4	98,6	117,8	24,1	91	84	Salem.
Coimbatore	27	364,0	4,3	119,7	9,7	1,810,0	47,2	248,0	22,7	1,628,2	30,0	192,1	25,7	1,549 8	64,9	172,6	21,7	91	89	Coimbatore
Trichinopoly	20	219,9	19,8	13,2	60,5	884,0	189,3	19,1	40,6	339,8	163,8	18,4	97,6	427,0	144,2	16 6	55,6	89	90	Trichinopoly.
Central	70	751.2	85,2	193.6	81,2	4,839.9	621,3	419.5	144.4	4,583,2	850.6	373.2	142 8	4,621,5	632.8	352.9	1'1,8	90	81	Central.
Tanjore	79	26,6	25,8	2,6	16,7	216,7	277,6	8,6	47,2	226,4	733,7	4,2	51,4	211,7	748,4	4,4	52,1	87	(d)	Tanjore.
Madura	99	238,0	51,8	22,9	82,3	305,2	207,6	48,4	46,7	554,6	268,7	81,0	80,7	646,9	188,2	(d)5,0	(d)2,3	81	70	Madura.
Ramnad	87	136,1	7,0	2,4	2,6	117,8	26,0	6 4	0,9	194,4	17,2	5,0	3,0	210,3	21,1	6,3	3,8	73	48	Ramnad.
Tinnevelly	81	182,2	28,1	8,1	53,6	210,6	161,8	17,8	73,2	240,2	287,5	12,2	61,8	218,5	169,2	18,4	69,8	69	71	Tinnevelly.
South	86	548,0	121.6	35.7	107,1	1,455.5	1,170,8	70,5	180.7	1,277.6	1,050 8	52,4	142,0	1,407,7	1,109.2	50 0	159,9	74	85	South.
Malabar	100	4,0	0,6	0	24,1	920,3	510,6	5,5	257,9	893,7	559,6	9 3	48,5	802,7	643,0	10,7	245,1	84	97	Malabar.
South Kanara	100	0	0	3	108,5	143,8	397,9	1 0	198,5	138,3	407,7	7	141,7	186,8	691,1	1,0	163,8	100	95	South Kanara.
West Coast	100	4,3	3,5	3	179,7	1,063 6	913.4	11,0	395,5	1,030.0	917,1	9.3	390.2	938,3	941,0	12.8	395,3	95	96	West Coast.
The Nilgiris	100	Nil	Nil	8	Nil	83,3	5,7	3.4	Nil	(r 77.1	5.8	(r) 3,8	Nil	77,1	5.7	3.8	Nil	100	100	The Nilgiris.
Grand Total	85	3,217,5	401,2	363,3	413,3	16,634,8	5,585.8	788,1	993.6	17,652.0	5,573.8	731,2	846.3	17,483,8	5 642,9	686,5	892,6	89	85	Grand Total.

(a) Average of the five years ending 1928–29. (b) Average of the four years ending 1928–29. (c) Average of the five years ending 1928–29. (r) Revised figure.

SECTION III.—Statement showing the average prices of the principal food-grains and salt for the month of November 1929.

Groups	Districts		Number of Imperial Seers per 80 Tolas per Rupee. Rice, second sort. In the previous month.	In the month	In the corresponding month of the previous year	Ragi. In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.
(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
1. Circars	1. Ganjam	Agency.	5 1	5 1	5 1	18 7	18 7	17 5
		Littoral.	5 0	7 0	6 8	18 2	16 2	14 1
	2. Vizagapatam	Agency.	6 0	7 8	8 7	16 3	16 3	14 5
		Littoral.	6 2	8 3	8 5	13 2	13 0	11 8
	3. Godavari, East	Agency.	6 2	6 3	7 8	16 2	16 0	13 9
		Littoral.	6 3	6 4	6 6	25 9	12 8	12 5
	4. Godavari, West	..	6 5	6 5	6 7	12 8	12 8	11 2
	5. Kistna ..	..	6 5	6 7	6 7	21 5	12 6	11 2
	6. Guntur ..	..	6 8	6 5	6 3	11 6	11 6	10 2
	7. Kurnool ..	..	7 0	6 5	6 2	20 5	11 1	10 1
	8. Bellary ..	..	6 5	6 4	6 4	11 3	10 7	11 3
2. Deccan ..	9. Anantapur ..	..	6 8	6 8	6 7	10 4	10 8	10 8
	10. Cuddapah ..	..	6 6	6 5	6 3	10 7	10 6	9 9
	11. Nellore ..	..	6 0	6 0	6 0	11 1	11 8	10 3
	12. Chingleput ..	..	6 9	6 2	6 6	9 2	10 1	8 1
	13. Madras ..	..	4 9	4 5	4 5	8 2	8 2	7 5
3. Carnatic ..	14. South Arcot ..	..	6 7	6 7	6 3	11 6	11 6	10 1
	15. Chittoor ..	..	6 6	5 6	5 6	9 6	9 6	9 6
	16. North Arcot ..	..	6 6	6 6	6 6	9 6	9 6	9 6
4. Central ..	17. Salem ..	..	6 6	5 7	5 3	9 6	9 7	8 6
	18. Coimbatore ..	..	5 5	6 6	6 6	8 6	8 3	8 6
	19. Trichinopoly ..	..	6 6	6 7	6 1	8 7	8 8	8 2
	20. Tanjore ..	..	6 1	6 3	6 2	8 8	8 6	7 1
5. South ..	21. Madura ..	..	6 1	6 2	6 3	10 3	10 3	9 8
	22. Ramnad ..	..	5 6	5 6	5 1	11 6	10 1	9 5
	23. Tinnevelly ..	..	7 2	7 1	6 1	11 6	12 1	8 6
6. West Coast ..	24. Malabar ..	..	5 6	6 6	5 7	..	..	..
	25. South Kanara ..	..	7 4	7 3	6 4	..	..	..
7. Hills ..	26. The Nilgiris ..	..	6 6	6 2	5 8	7 4	7 1	6 3

Groups	Districts		Number of Imperial Seers per 80 Tolas per Rupee—contd. Cholam. In the previous month.	In the month	In the corresponding month of the previous year.	Cumbu. In the previous month.	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.	Salt. In the previous month	In the month.	In the corresponding month of the previous year.
			(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
1	1. Ganjam	Agency.	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 1	8 7	8 1
		Littoral.	..	..	..	..	..	..	17 8	17 8	16 1
	2. Vizagapatam	Agency.	..	..	..	16 0	16 0	16 0	10 1	10 1	10 7
		Littoral.	..	..	..	11 7	12 2	11 5	16 8	16 4	15 5
	3. Godavari, East	Agency.	12 8	12 5	11 6	11 6	11 0	11 0	13 8	13 6	13 6
		Littoral.	13 0	13 0	10 8	14 0	14 0	14 3	17 3	17 3	17 1
	4. Godavari, West	..	10 1	10 2	10 1	11 0	11 0	10 3	16 7	16 7	16 5
	5. Kistna ..	..	8 7	10 5	9 8	10 8	11 7	10 3	17 8	17 7	16 4
	6. Guntur ..	..	9 4	8 6	8 9	8 8	8 6	8 8	16 3	16 7	15 1
	7. Kurnool ..	..	10 1	10 5	10 2	9 3	9 6	9 3	13 7	13 5	13 7
2	8. Bellary ..	..	9 8	8 9	11 3	..	..	..	12 4	12 3	12 6
	9. Anantapur ..	..	9 6	9 3	11 3	9 8	10 5	11 4	16 3	14 1	14 7
	10. Cuddapah ..	..	10 1	10 1	8 3	9 0	9 3	9 8	16 7	16 9	16 6
	11. Nellore ..	..	10 3	10 3	9 2	8 8	9 0	8 8	18 0	18 6	18 1
	12. Chingleput ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	19 6	20 1	20 0
3	13. Madras ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	20 7	20 7	20 7
	14. South Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	10 4	10 5	9 5	16 3	17 8	17 8
	15. Chittoor ..	..	..	..	..	10 0	10 0	9 7	17 1	17 1	16 9
	16. North Arcot ..	..	..	..	..	9 7	9 9	9 8	16 3	16 3	16 0
4	17. Salem ..	..	8 5	8 5	7 8	7 7	7 9	7 4	15 5	15 5	15 5
	18. Coimbatore ..	..	8 6	8 1	7 6	8 7	9 0	8 2	21 5	21 7	21 3
	19. Trichinopoly ..	..	9 2	8 3	8 3	7 5	8 1	7 5	16 9	16 9	15 8
	20. Tanjore ..	..	..	..	..	7 4	7 3	7 3	16 6	16 3	15 5
5	21. Madura ..	..	9 8	9 5	8 7	8 0	8 0	7 5	11 3	11 2	10 8
	22. Ramnad ..	..	10 0	10 4	8 2	11 4	10 3	9 7	18 7	18 7	18 1
	23. Tinnevelly ..	..	12 1	12 0	8 8	10 1	10 3	7 2	20 1	19 8	20 1
6	24. Malabar ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14 4	14 4	13 8
	25. South Kanara ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16 1	16 1	11 4
7	26. The Nilgiris ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8 8	9 5	9 5

* Revised figure.

REMARKS.—As compared with the previous month, the price of rice was stationary in nine districts, rose in five and fell in twelve; ragi was stationary in six districts, rose in three and fell in fifteen; cholam was stationary in three districts, rose in two and fell in two; cumbu was stationary in four districts, rose in one and fell in seven; salt was stationary in ten districts, rose in eight and fell in seven. (Agency excluded from the remarks.)

Board (Land Revenue and Settlement),
Madras, 28th December 1929.

R. G. HOLDSWORTH,
Secretary.

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Reg. No. 1—M.

SUPPLEMENT TO PART II
OF
THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

No. 1] MADRAS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 7, 1930. [PRICE, 1 anna.

ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDING 28th DECEMBER 1929.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

Rainfall moderate in East and West Godavari, Chingleput, Madras, South Arcot, Tanjore, Tinnevelly and the Nilgiris, fair in Vizagapatam (littoral), Guntur, Nellore, Chittoor, North Arcot, Salem, Trichinopoly and Ramnad and light or nil elsewhere. Sowing or transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts of Anantapur, Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Madura and Ramnad. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy proceeding in Ganjam, Vizagapatam, East and West Godavari, Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary and Nellore, ragi in Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Nellore, cholam in Vizagapatam, Nellore, South Arcot and Coimbatore, korra in Kurnool, Bellary and Nellore, pulses in Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Guntur, and groundnut in Guntur, Kurnool, Bellary, South Arcot and Salem and cutting of sugarcane in Vizagapatam and East Godavari and picking of cotton in Vizagapatam and Bellary; outturn generally poor to normal. Condition of cattle generally fair to good. Fodder generally sufficient Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of Vizagapatam, Kistna, Anantapur, Chittoor, Salem, Trichinopoly, Ramnad and Malabar. Prices generally stationary.

B. V. SRI HARI RAO NAYUDU,
Assistant Secretary.

BOARD (LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT),
MADRAS, *31st December 1929.*

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. 40·20 feet of water in the Rasellikonda reservoir (F.T.L 45·4) and 25·90 feet of water in the Suzada reservoir (F.T.L. 28). Standing paddy crop good. Harvest of paddy, ragi, greengram and horsegram proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks. Sowing of gingelly proceeding. Standing crops thriving. Harvest of paddy, ragi, cholam and horsegram, picking of cotton and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

EAST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. The Godavari 1·70 feet above the crest of the anicut. Harvest of paddy concluding and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; outturn poor to normal. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

WEST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops fair to normal. Harvest of paddy concluding; outturn fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

KISTNA.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of the upland taluks. The Kistna 0·50 foot above the crest of the anicut. Standing crops good Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

GUNTUR.

(Week ending 21st December 1929.)

Water-supply generally sufficient for drinking and irrigation in tanks and wells. Supply in canals sufficient for irrigation. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of paddy, cholam and groundnut proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed in upland taluks.

(Week ending 28th December 1929.)

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of paddy, groundnut and greengram proceeding; outturn of paddy fair to normal; groundnut fair, greengram poor Pasture generally available except in parts. Fodder

generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. Rain needed in the upland taluks.

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient for irrigation in Kurnool-Cuddapah canal. Ranfed tanks have partial supplies. Harvest of paddy, korra and groundnut proceeding; outturn of paddy fair to normal; rest poor to normal. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

BELLARY.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of paddy, korra and groundnut and picking of cotton proceeding; outturn of paddy fair to normal; rest poor to fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply sufficient in wells, nalas and a few tanks and insufficient elsewhere. Sowing of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

NELLORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. 21·0 feet of water in Mopad reservoir (F.T.L. 27·4) 18·60 feet of water in Kanuru reservoir (F.T.L. 21·45). Sowing and transplantation of paddy and ragi proceeding. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of paddy, ragi, cholam and korra proceeding; outturn fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of paddy proceeding. Sowings normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply sufficient. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvest of cholam, varagu and groundnut proceeding in parts, outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply normal except in one division and one taluk. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowings normal. Standing crops generally fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

SALEM.

Water supply for irrigation sufficient in parts of Hosur, Krishnagiri, Dharmapuri, Omalur, Uttangarai and Attur taluks and under the Cauvery channels in the Namakkal taluk and generally insufficient elsewhere. Drinking water generally sufficient. Standing crops fair. Harvest of groundnut proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. 8 feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of cumbu semidang and of cholam proceeding; outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply in wells and rain-fed tanks sufficient except in three taluks, supply in river channels sufficient. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply sufficient. Height of water at the grand anicut 1·5 feet below crest. Discharge in the Coleroon over lower anicut northern and southern branches 6·1 feet and 0·2 feet respectively. Standing paddy crop good. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

MADURA.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Average discharge in the Periyar main canal 1,955 cusecs. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in two taluks. Transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient. Flow over the Srivaikuntam anicut one foot. Discharge adequate. Slight floods in the Tambraparni. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks. Standing paddy crops generally fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 28TH DECEMBER 1929

	District.	Rainfall in inches				Prices in seers (or 80 tolas) per rupee.												District.	
		In the week.		Up to the end of the week from 1st April		Rice.			Ragi.			Cholam.			Cumbu.				
		1929	Average of years ending 1928.	1929	Average of years ending 1928.	Corresponding week of the previous year.	Last week.	This week.	Corresponding week of the previous year.	Last week.	This week.	Corresponding week of the previous year.	Last week.	This week.	Corresponding week of the previous year.	Last week.	This week.		
Circars.	Ganjam ..	A. 0·2 / L.	..	47·4	46·0	7·9	7·5 / 9·1	7·8 / 8·8	15·7	16·1 / 16·0	15·8 / 13·8	.. / ..	..	..	..	..	..	A / L Ganjam ..	Circars.
	Vizagapatam.	A. 0·4 / L. 0·9	*0·1 / ..	48·1 / 39·4	*54·6 / *37·0	7·0	7·5 / 9·3	7·5 / 9·3	13·0	14·5 / 14·2	14·6 / 14·2	11·5	12·0 / 11·7	12·0 / 11·7	15·1	15·6 / 11·9	15·6 / 12·0	A. Vizagapatam. / L. East Godavari	
	East Godavari	A. 1·6 / L.	..	38·8	41·7	9·5	8·5 / 8·8	8·5 / 8·8	12·6	13·4 / 13·4	13·4 / 13·4	11·1	13·1 / 11·11	13·1 / 11·11	14·8	15·9 / 13·9	13·9 / 13·9		
	West Godavari ..	1·1	..	33·6	39·5	9·5	8·6	8·8	11·3	11·6	11·0	10·1	10·7	10·7	11·0	11·0	11·0	West Godavari ..	
	Kistna ..	0·2	..	29·0		9·2	8·8	8·6	11·0	12·5	12·2	9·7	10·7	10·8	12·4	12·7	13·2	Kistna ..	
	Guntur ..	0·6	0·1	21·2	32·0	8·0	9·1	9·1	10·4	10·8	10·6	9·1	9·9	9·6	9·1	8·6	8·6	Guntur ..	
Deccan.	Kurnool ..	..	..	10·1	24·2	8·8	8·9	8·9	10·4	12·3	12·3	10·5	11·2	11·3	9·4	9·9	9·8	Kurnool	Deccan.
	Bellary ..	..	0·1	20·8	22·9	8·4	8·5	8·6	12·0	11·8	11·4	9·9	10·0	10·0	..	..	..	Bellary	
	Anantapur ..	..	0·1	22·9	21·2	8·7	8·7	8·7	10·8	10·3	10·6	10·5	9·4	9·4	11·3	10·5	10·5	Anantapur	
	Cuddapah ..	..	0·2	25·3	28·5	8·2	9·4	9·4	10·0	10·9	10·8	9·5	10·5	10·3	9·6	9·4	9·4	Cuddapah	
Carnatic.	Nellore ..	0·8	0·3	31·7	33·8	9·9	8·1	8·0	10·0	13·6	11·7	9·8	10·7	10·9	9·5	10·1	10·1	Nellore	Carnatic.
	Chingleput ..	1·7	0·8	43·8	42·8	9·2	8·9	8·8	9·0	10·2	10·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	Chingleput	
	Madras ..	2·8	..	44·1	..	4·0	5·1	5·1	7·0	8·4	8·4	..	..	..	..	..	..	Madras	
	South Arcot ..	1·6	0·7	43·5	44·2	8·4	8·8	8·8	9·1	11·4	11·5	..	..	..	8·9	10·8	10·5	South Arcot	
Central.	Chittoor ..	0·5	0·4	25·7	30·9	6·6	5·9	5·8	8·3	10·0	10·2	..	..	..	10·5	10·5	10·5	Chittoor	Central.
	North Arcot ..	0·7	0·5	31·6	37·5	6·7	5·8	5·7	8·5	10·1	10·1	..	..	..	8·9	9·8	10·0	North Arcot	
	Salem ..	0·4	0·1	29·9	32·9	5·2	5·7	5·6	9·5	10·9	10·1	9·1	9·5	9·8	7·5	9·3	9·3	Salem	
	Coimbatore ..	0·4	0·2	24·9	29·2	5·1	5·7	5·7	..	9·6	9·7	..	9·5	9·4	8·9	9·2	9·5	Coimbatore	
	Trichinopoly ..	0·8	0·4	38·5	32·0	4·9	5·8	5·6	9·5	9·9	9·9	9·1	9·8	9·2	7·7	9·5	9·5	Trichinopoly	
South.	Tanjore ..	2·7	0·8	43·4	41·8	6·4	6·4	5·4	7·6	10·8	10·8	..	..	..	..	..	..	Tanjore	South.
	Madura ..	0·4	0·3	31·1	29·8	5·3	6·8	6·8	8·7	10·8	10·3	8·7	10·1	10·4	7·4	8·8	9·1	Madura	
	Ramnad ..	0·8	0·3	28·0	26·8	5·1	8·0	8·0	8·5	12·1	12·4	8·9	11·0	11·0	8·2	10·1	10·1	Ramnad	
	Tinnevelly ..	1·6	0·5	35·0	29·7	6·2	7·1	7·5	8·3	12·5	13·5	8·5	12·1	12·1	7·2	10·0	10·3	Tinnevelly	
West Coast.	Malabar ..	0·1	0·1	135·2	110·0	5·0	(a)6·1	5·9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	Malabar	West Coast.
	South Kanara ..	..	..	177·1	142·3	9·5	7·2	7·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	South Kanara	
	Hills—The Nilgiris ..	1·6	0·8	72·6	61·6	4·0	5·5	5·3	7·0	7·7	7·7	..	..	..	..	..	..	Hills—The Nilgiris.	

* Average of 10 years ending 1920.

(a) Revised figures.

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ABSTRACT OF SEASON REPORT FOR THE WEEK ENDING 4th JANUARY 1930.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

(Report from Guntur not received.)

There was practically no rain during the week. Sowing or transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts of Nellore, Chingleput, South Arcot, Madura and Ramnad and sowing of gingelly in parts of Vizagapatam and South Arcot. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy proceeding in Ganjam, Kurnool, Bellary and Nellore, ragi in Ganjam, Nellore and Salem, cholam in East Godavari, Nellore, South Arcot and Coimbatore, cumbu in Bellary, Salem and Coimbatore, korra in Bellary and Nellore, and groundnut in Kurnool, Bellary, Nellore, South Arcot, North Arcot and Salem; outturn generally poor to normal. Condition of cattle generally fair to good. Fodder generally sufficient. Water-supply generally sufficient except in parts of Vizagapatam, Kistna, Anantapur, Chittoor, Salem, Trichinopoly, Ramnad and Malabar. Prices generally stationary.

E. G. HOLDSWORTH,
Secretary.

BOARD (LAND REVENUE AND SETTLEMENT),
MADRAS, *7th January 1930.*

DISTRICT REPORTS.

GANJAM.

Water-supply sufficient. 40·15 feet of water in the Rumalikonda reservoir (F.T.L. 45·6) and 26·35 feet of water in the Sunada reservoir (F.T.L. 28). Standing sugarcane crop good. Harvest of paddy, ragi, green-gram and horsegram proceeding. Outturn of paddy and ragi fair; rest poor. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle good.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two taluks. Sowing of gingelly and green-gram proceeding. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

EAST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. The Godavari 2·10 feet above the crest of the anicut. Harvest of cholam and chillies and cutting of sugarcane proceeding; outturn of cholam poor to normal; rest fair to normal. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

WEST GODAVARI.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops fair to good. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

KISTNA.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of the upland taluks. The Kistna 0·30 foot above the crest of the anicut. Standing crops good. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

GUNTUR.

[Report not received.]

KURNOOL.

Water-supply sufficient for irrigation in Kurnool-Cuddapah canal. Rain-fed tanks have generally partial supplies. Harvest of paddy and groundnut proceeding; outturn fair to normal. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

BELLARY.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of paddy, cumbu, korra and groundnut and picking of cotton proceeding; outturn of paddy fair to normal; rest poor to fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

ANANTAPUR.

Water-supply sufficient in wells, palas and a few tanks and insufficient elsewhere. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CUDDAPAH.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

NELLORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. 20·7 feet of water in Mopad reservoir (F.T.L. 27·4) 17·8 feet of water in Kanigiri reservoir (F.T.L. 21·45). Sowing of ragi and sowing and transplantation of paddy proceeding. Standing crops generally fair to good. Harvest of paddy, ragi, cholam, korra, varagu and groundnut proceeding; outturn of cholam fair to normal; rest fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHINGLEPUT.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing of paddy proceeding. Sowings normal. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Water-supply sufficient. Sowing and transplantation of paddy and sowing of gingelly proceeding. Standing crops fair. Harvest of cholam, varagu and groundnut proceeding in parts; outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

CHITTOOR.

Water-supply normal except in one division and one taluk. Standing crops fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

NORTH ARCOT.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Sowings normal. Standing crops generally fair. Harvest of groundnut concluding, outturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

SALEM.

Water-supply for irrigation sufficient in parts of the Hosur, Krishnagiri, Dharmapuri, Omalur, Uttangarai and Attur taluks and under the Cauvery channels in the Namakkal taluk and generally insufficient elsewhere. Drinking water generally sufficient. Standing crops fair. Harvest

of ragi proceeding and of cumbu and groundnut concluding; cutturn fair. Pasture generally available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

COIMBATORE.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Six feet of water in the Cauvery at Erode. Standing crops fair to good. Harvest of cumbu concluding and of cholam proceeding, cutturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Water-supply in wells and rain-fed tanks sufficient except in two talukś; supply in river channels sufficient. Sowing of chillies proceeding. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

TANJORE.

Water-supply sufficient. Height of water at the Grand Anicut 2·5 feet below crest. Discharge in the Coleroon over Lower Anicut, northern and southern branches 4·8 feet in each. Standing paddy crop fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

MADURA.

Water-supply generally sufficient. Average discharge in the Periyar main canal 648 cusecs. Transplantation of paddy proceeding in parts of Periyar area. Standing crops fair. Harvest of samai proceeding; cutturn fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good. More rain needed in parts of new Periyar area.

RAMNAD.

Water-supply generally sufficient except in two talukś. Transplantation of paddy concluding. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

TINNEVELLY.

Water-supply sufficient. Flow over the Srivaikuntam anicut on the 1st 0·03 foot. Discharge adequate. Slight floods in the Tambraparni. Pasture available. Fodder generally sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

MALABAR.

Water-supply sufficient except in parts of two talukś. Standing paddy crop generally fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally fair, but rinderpest prevails in parts.

SOUTH KANARA.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle generally good.

THE NILGIRIS.

Water-supply sufficient. Standing crops fair. Pasture available. Fodder sufficient. Condition of cattle fair.

RAINFALL AND PRICES OF THE STAPLE FOOD-GRAINS FOR THE WEEK ENDING 4TH JANUARY 1930.

District.	Rainfall in inches. In the week. 1930.	In the week. Average of 30 years ending 1925.	Up to the end of the week from 1st April. 1929.	Up to the end of the week from 1st April. Average of 30 years ending 1925.	Prices in Seers (of 80 Tolas) per Rupee. Cholam. Corresponding week of the previous year.	Cholam. Last week.	Cholam. This week.	Cumbu. Corresponding week of the previous year.	Cumbu. Last week.	Cumbu. This week.	District
Circars. Ganjam	..	..	47·4	40·9	7·8	7·8	7·6	..	..	..	..	..	Ganjam
Vizagapatam	..	..	48·1	* 44·6	7·0	7·5	7·8	11·6	12·0	12·0	13·0	12·6	12·6	Vizagapatam
East Godavari	..	..	36·4	* 37·0		6·3	6·8							East Godavari
West Godavari	..	..	35·8	41·7	6·9	6·8	6·9	11·1	10·7	10·7	14·4	13·8	13·9	West Godavari
Kistna	..	..	33·8	26·3	6·8	6·6	7·11	11·1	11·9	11·6	12·0	11·0	11·0	Kistna
Guntur	..	0·1	22·6	..	6·2	6·6	6·8	11·4	12·2	12·2	9·7	10·6	10·5	Guntur
Deccan. Kurnool	..	0·1	19·1	24·3	6·0	5·9	5·9	13·6	12·5	12·3	12·4	12·2	12·3	Kurnool
Bellary	..	..	20·9	22·8	5·8	5·8	5·8	11·8	11·4	11·5	13·5	21·3	13·4	Bellary
Anantapur	..	0·1	20·0	21·3	5·7	5·7	5·7	11·8	10·6	10·8	8·8	10·0	13·0	Anantapur
Cuddapah	..	0·3	23·6	20·8	5·2	5·4	5·4	(a)10·3	10·0	10·6	10·2	8·4	8·4	Cuddapah
Carnatic. Nellore	..	0·1	5·3	31·8	5·6	6·0	6·1	10·4	11·7	11·7	11·2	9·4	11·0	Nellore
Chingleput	..	..	8·8	43·8	6·4	6·8	7·4	9·3	10·2	10·4	8·8	10·3	11·0	Chingleput
Madras	..	0·4	44·1	47·0	4·5	5·1	5·1	7·5	8·4	8·4	9·7	10·1	10·2	Madras
South Arcot	..	0·1	9·8	43·4	5·4	6·8	7·8	9·1	11·5	11·5	..	..	..	South Arcot
Central. Chittoor	..	..	9·4	28·7	5·8	5·9	6·0	8·2	10·2	10·0	..	..	..	Chittoor
North Arcot	..	..	2·4	31·6	5·8	6·7	6·7	9·5	10·1	10·0	9·0	10·0	10·5	North Arcot
Salem	..	..	0·2	28·3	5·1	5·8	5·8	8·7	10·1	10·2	10·5	10·3	10·6	Salem
Coimbatore	..	..	0·2	24·8	5·2	5·7	5·7	8·8	9·7	9·8	7·6	8·9	9·0	Coimbatore
Trichinopoly	..	..	0·8	30·3	4·8	5·6	6·8	8·3	9·5	9·8	7·7	8·4	8·2	Trichinopoly
South. Tanjore	..	1·1	43·8	42·9	5·8	6·4	6·4	7·8	10·8	10·8	7·0	8·2	8·2	Tanjore
Madura	..	..	0·5	31·1	5·3	6·6	6·8	8·7	10·9	10·8	..	..	..	Madura
Ramnad	..	0·4	0·7	36·4	6·1	6·0	6·0	9·6	12·4	12·8	8·7	10·4	10·3	Ramnad
Tinnevelly	..	..	0·8	25·0	5·2	7·0	7·0	9·8	13·3	13·8	8·6	11·0	11·8	Tinnevelly
West Coast. Malabar	..	..	0·2	135·2	11·3	9·7	(a)9·6	8·0	..	..	..	..	..	Malabar
South Kanara	..	..	0·1	177·1	145·4	9·3	7·2	7·2	..	..	..	..	..	..	South Kanara
Hills, The Nilgiris	..	..	0·7	72·0	30·3	4·9	5·3	5·3	7·6	(a) 7·8	7·8	..	..	..	Hills, The Nilgiris

* Average of 10 years ending 1910. (a) Revised figures.

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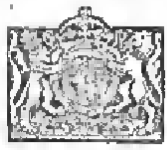

THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE.

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Part IV—Proceedings of the Madras Legislature

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SUPPLEMENT:
Act No XIII of 1929.—Madras City Police (Amendment)—Tamil.

Reports of Select Committees to be presented to the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

BILL No. 17 OF 1928.

A Bill to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

To

THE HONOURABLE THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

Subsequent to our making the report on the Bill of Mr. Kaleswara Rao to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Bill No. 17 of 1928), the hon. the

Chief Minister introduced a Bill (Bill No. 12 of 1929) to amend the same Act and as several of the amendments contained in the latter Bill related to sections sought to be amended by Mr. Koleswara Rao's Bill, the Council has recommitted the Bill to us, to enable us to reconsider the Bill in the light of the recommendations made by the Select Committee on the Bill of the hon. the Chief Minister.

2. We accordingly met on the 16th and 17th days of December 1929 and re-examined the provisions of the Bill in the light of the report on, and the changes made in, the Bill of the hon. the Chief Minister by the Select Committee appointed to consider that Bill.

3. As a result of such examination, we have re-drafted most of the provisions of this Bill on the same lines as the corresponding provisions of the hon. the Chief Minister's Bill as reported by the Select Committee on that Bill.

4. We have retained the provisions in this Bill relating to the creation of an executive officer,—compulsorily in all municipalities having an income of not less than a lakh of rupees, and at the option of the municipal council in other municipalities. We have deleted the provision in the Bill as previously amended by us which gave to the Government a limited power of supersession of municipal councils, as we have come to the conclusion that the Government need not have any such power in addition to a power of dissolution.

5. We have recommended a new provision in Schedule IV of the Act according to which losses and wastes arising from negligence or misconduct of any person or persons will be reported by the auditors to the Local Government who will then have power to order a surcharge after notice to the person or persons concerned and the latter, if aggrieved by such order of the Government, will have a right of application to the civil court to set aside the order. We have carried out such changes in rule 60 of the schedule as are necessitated by the insertion of this new provision.

6. We consider that the changes made by us in the Bill are sufficiently important to justify its republication

and accordingly direct its republication. A copy of the Bill as now amended by us is appended.

ABDUL HAMEED KHAN (*Chairman*).
P. SUBBARAYAN.*
A. KALESWARA RAO.
K. V. R. SWAMI.
L. K. TULASIRAM.
V. RAMJEE RAO.
S. KUMARASWAMI.*
K. R. VENKATARAMAYYAR.
P. ANJANEYULU.
S. ARPUDASWAMI UDAYAR.
S. SATYAMURTI.
C. S. GOVINDARAJA MUDALIYAR.
C. S. RATNASABAPATHI MUDALIYAR.*
V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAI.*
A. S. SAHAJANANDAM.*
P. J. GNANAVARAM.
M. V. GANGADHARA SIVA.
S. VENKAYYA.
K. UPPI.
B. MUNISAMI NAIDU.
J. A. DAVIS.*
R. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR.
BASHEER AHMED SAYEED.

MINUTES OF DISSENT.

I

The extension of the franchise to all adults which is recommended by the Select Committee would, quite apart from any question of principle, involve the preparation of voluminous electoral rolls and cast a vast amount of work upon the authorities to whom the functions connected with elections are to be entrusted. It would be almost impossible to discover an authority who could undertake extra work of this magnitude.

* Subject to a minute of dissent.

2. The time has not yet come to dissociate the Collector from the administration of municipal authorities. I am, therefore, opposed to clauses 17 and 19 of the Bill.

3. The power of Government to supersede a municipal council when circumstances require it should not be deleted. The necessity for such a power has been frequently demonstrated

4. I consider that the officers referred to in section 71 as redrafted should be appointed and removed by the Local Government and not by the municipal council.

5. The power of the District Magistrate under section 241 to direct destruction of unlicensed pigs or dogs should be retained in the interests of public health The danger of rabies is a terrible one and many municipalities do not realize its magnitude,

6. I dissent strongly from the decision of the Select Committee that the consent of the Legislative Council should be obtained for all rules made under the Act. This would throw a considerable amount of work on the Council and would involve much delay in introducing useful provisions of a minor nature. I consider that it would be quite sufficient to provide that rules made under section 304, viz., rules altering or adding to the schedules, should be approved by the Legislative Council.

7. The powers of Government to control obligatory expenditure which clauses 60 and 61 propose to expunge should be retained,

8. The modifications proposed in clause 62 of the Bill are undesirable. I consider that Government should have control over the policy of municipal councils in regard to grants-in-aid.

9. I am opposed to the changes made in rule 60 and to the insertion of new rule 63 of Schedule IV, by clauses 68 and 70 of the Bill.

P. SUBBARAYAN.

II.

1. It is not time yet for the introduction of adult franchise even in municipal areas. Any further extension of the electorate than that proposed in the amending Bill of the Government is not desirable at present.

2. The appointment of an executive officer, as proposed in the Bill, is not likely to be conducive to better municipal administration. It will inevitably result in friction and faction and will obstruct rather than promote efficient and proper administration.

S. KUMARASWAMI.

III

I am of opinion that the minimum limit of the income of a municipality, in which the appointment of an executive officer, health officer and engineer should be made compulsory, should be increased to Rs. 2,00,000. I consider that municipalities with an income of Rs. 1,00,000 each cannot afford to employ these officers on a decent salary.

2. I consider that in municipalities where there are paid elected chairmen, no executive officers should be appointed.

3. I consider that the chairman should not be deprived of his office as soon as he is elected to the Legislative Council as a representative of an urban constituency which includes the municipal area.

4. The decision of the Select Committee to substitute a new section for the present section 75 is, in my opinion, likely to lead to friction in so far as appointments are concerned. The power of appointment should vest in the chairman in all cases except those which under the Act have to be filled up by the council.

C. S. RATNASABAPATHI MUDALIYAR.

IV

When the Government proposed to make provision for executive officers to be appointed by Government, most of the municipalities pointed out that the proposal to create such an appointment and to transfer all the executive duties from the chairman to the executive officers was a most retrograde step as it struck at the root of self-government just at a moment when the country is asking for a further grant of Reforms. We consider that the presence of an executive officer who is invested with all the powers and patronage now in the hands of the chairman, must militate against the healthy growth of local self-government, as it tends to concentrate powers

in the hands of an officer, who is not directly responsible to the electorate. We also consider that with the powers entrusted to this officer, it would render it easily possible for him to gather sufficient support from amongst the councillors to prevent his removal by a two-thirds majority votes in the council. An elected chairman can always be made responsive to public opinion, which in fact constitutes the essence of democratic government

Sections 12, 38 and 39 of the present Act have already invested Government with sufficient powers to ensure that the desirable minimum level of efficiency is maintained. For instance, section 12 of the present Act admits of Government putting in a paid chairman, year by year, so long as necessity requires, and the fact that the Government has not had recourse to this section during the past nine years is indicative that it has ample powers, which it has not found necessary to exercise. It is therefore evident that municipal administration cannot be said to have fallen to that low level of inefficiency requiring the drastic and unnecessary step of permanently transferring all executive functions to one who, admittedly, does not represent the electorate and cannot be made responsible to it to the same extent as the chairman. If it is argued that a responsible resident beholden to the electorate for his position cannot be entrusted with the proper assessing and collecting of taxes, how much more can it be argued that an executive officer, who has to justify his position as a successful executive officer by securing the support of at least two-thirds of the council, will be open to the same objection? The executive officer being entrusted with the assessment and the majority of the councillors generally being large landlords, it will be easy for him to obtain the support of two-thirds of the council. There is certain amount of excuse for a chairman responsible to the electorate if he fails to maintain the high standard of duty expected of a public officer but in the case of an executive officer, failure to do so will be worse, as this officer, so long as he is able to obtain the goodwill of two-thirds of the strength of the council will be irremovable.

The present Act admits of municipalities having a paid chairman when, according to the argument of Government, the duties of the chairman become onerous. This officer is then required to devote his whole time and attention to municipal administration. Wherever such a

course has been adopted the results have, so far, been extremely encouraging and it would be better if this provision of the Act were more frequently resorted to at least in all municipalities whose income is one lakh and above, than bringing in an outside paid officer, whose continuance in office will depend on his obtaining the goodwill of two-thirds of the strength of the council. The proposal to have an executive officer seems one of falling from the frying pan into the fire at the cost of hampering the healthy growth of self-government in the country.

If it is considered necessary to obtain a much higher standard of municipal efficiency, the only safe course to adopt appears to be by provincializing the posts of all the heads of departments in a municipality, placing them under a co-ordinating chairman, paid in municipalities getting an income of 1 lakh and over and unpaid in other cases. These officers will then be free from the pressure of local influences to a greater extent than purely municipal servants and their hands will proportionately be strengthened for the efficient discharge of their duties. From the standpoint of Government there is also the advantage that it has a greater control over them and that, through them, a more uniform standard of efficiency can be secured in municipal administration throughout the Presidency, than is possible at present. These suggestions should suffice to secure the maintenance of the desirable level of minimum efficiency and the chairman, the elected head of the municipal council, will remain as the link for co-ordinating the work of the several departments. Thus the essential principle underlying local self-government is being preserved and the safeguards necessary for efficiency are, at the same time, being provided for. On the other hand, the executive officer, who replaces the chairman, is an impediment in the path of the gradual evolution of self-government and, as has been pointed out earlier in this note, he is as much likely as the elected chairman to fail to carry out his duties as regards assessment with even-handed justice, because he has to secure the support of at least two-thirds of the councillors, directly and indirectly, for his continuance in office. It will thus be seen that the appointment of the executive officer does not materially help to render the existing state of affairs better and that it, at the same time, is open to the grave objection that the principle of self-government has to be sacrificed. The position that will be

created, on the appointment of executive officers, is also full of anomaly It is right and proper that the powers under the sections relating to health administration should be vested in the chairman, so that the enforcement of law will be in proportion to the strength of public opinion.

Clause 33 of the Bill—The Bill suggests the creation of an Educational Officer's post. We do not find a need for such an officer as there is the District Educational Officer and the Deputy Inspector of Schools to advise the council on educational matters.

As regards the provision made in the report of the Select Committee, making it compulsory to have an executive officer in municipalities getting an income of one lakh and over and the conditions under which these officers are to be appointed, it is abundantly clear that such officers can only be worse than the secretaries once employed in municipal councils. Firstly he cannot be removed unless by the vote of two-thirds of the strength of the council and therefore he would have to placate the council and with the power of assessment in his hands he could do this by misusing his powers. Next he is to be responsible for the whole of the executive work of the council and yet he is subject to the control of the chairman. The difference will be that instead of having a paid chairman devoting the whole of his time to executive work of the council, you would have an executive officer doing his work under the control of an honorary chairman, who would naturally be an officer spending very little of his time on the welfare of the municipality. The last provision, viz., No. 5 to the effect that the duties and functions of these two officers are to be distributed by the council makes the whole provision unworkable with dual control under which neither the honorary chairman nor the paid executive officer will be able to do justice to their duties. Further the duties in various municipalities will vary according to the wishes of the council.

J. A. DAVIS.

V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAI.

V

Clause No 5 contemplates joint electorate without compulsory reservation for the Adi-Dravidas. According to the present Act, there is a certainty of a depressed class

man being nominated to the council but with the proposed method there is no possibility of the representation of the Adi-Dravidas in all the municipal councils. Hitherto, the Government was nominating individuals to represent minority communities. But the new proposal advocates nomination of communities in the first place, which, in my opinion, is not sound as it will lead to serious difference of opinion between the various minority communities. So I protest against the inclusion of clause No 5.

V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAI.

4th January 1930.

VI

I sign the report subject to the following minute: The Select Committee have provided for the representation of the depressed classes and other minority communities on the basis of joint electorates and reserved seats. I am of opinion that in so far as the reserved seats are concerned, only those who themselves belong to such communities should be allowed to stand for election to represent the wards in which those communities predominate. For example, a representative of the depressed classes should not belong to a community other than any of those communities which are comprised within the term "Depressed classes."

A. S. SAHAJANANDAM.

19th December 1929.

BILL No. 17 OF 1928.

A Bill to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

(As amended by the Select Committee after recommittal.)

Preamble

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title.

1. This Act may be called the Madras District Municipalities (Amendment) Act, **1930.**

Amendment of certain provisions of Madras Act V of 1920.

2. In the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as 'the said Act'), for the words 'Governor in Council' wherever they occur the words **'Local Government'** shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 1 of Madras Act V of 1920.

3. For sub-section (2) of section 1 of the said Act, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

(2) "It extends to the whole of the Presidency of Madras except the City of Madras."

Amendment of section 3 of Madras Act V of 1920

4. In section 3 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (7), for the words 'an elected councillor' the words 'a councillor' shall be substituted;

(ii) for sub-section (8) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(8) 'Company' means a company as defined in the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or of Royal Charter or Letters Patent or of an Act of the Legislature of a British Possession and includes any firm or association carrying on business in the Presidency of Madras whether incorporated or not and whether its principal place of business is situated in the said presidency or not"; and

(iii) in sub-section (16), for the words 'an elected councillor' the words 'a councillor' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 7 of Madras Act V of 1920.

5. For sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 7 of the said Act, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(2) All the councillors of every municipality shall be elected.

(3) In any municipality, the Local Government may in their discretion, by notification, from time to time reserve seats, for

(a) Muslims,
(b) Indian Christians,
(c) Adi-Dravidas or Adi-Andhras,
(d) Europeans,
(e) Anglo-Indians; or
(f) Women

and determine the number of such seats.

Provided that the total number of seats so reserved shall not exceed one-fourth of the strength fixed for the municipal council under sub-section (1):

Provided further that no seat shall be reserved for any of the communities mentioned in clauses (a) to (e) if at the last census such community constituted more than one-half of the total population of the municipality.

(4) In reserving seats for the communities mentioned in clauses (a) to (e) of sub-section (3) the Local Government shall have due regard to their number and importance.

(5) Nothing contained in sub-section (3) shall be deemed to prevent members of any community or women, for whom seats have been reserved thereunder in any municipal council, from standing for election to the non-reserved seats in the council."

6. In section 8 of the said Act— Amendment of section of Madras Act V of 1920.

(i) for sub-section (1) the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) The term of office of councillors shall, save as otherwise expressly provided, be three years beginning and expiring at noon on the first day of November"; and

(ii) in sub-sections (2) and (3), for the words 'an elected councillor' the words 'a councillor' shall be substituted.

7. For section 9 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"9. (1) If at an ordinary or casual election held under section 8, no councillor is elected, a fresh election shall be held on such day as the election authority may fix.

(2) If at such fresh election, no councillor is elected, the council may, in the manner prescribed, elect a qualified person to fill the vacancy.

(3) The term of office of a councillor elected under this section shall expire at the time at which it would have expired if he had been elected at the ordinary or casual election, as the case may be."

8. Section 10 of the said Act shall be omitted. Repeal of section 10 of Madras Act V of 1920.

8-A. For section 11 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 11 of Madras Act V of 1920.

"11. No councillor shall receive or be paid from the funds at the disposal of or under the control of the council any salary or other remuneration for services rendered by him in any capacity whatsoever." No councillor to receive remuneration.

9. For section 12 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 12 of Madras Act V of 1920.

"12. (1) Every council shall elect one of its members to be its chairman. The chairman and vice-chairman of the municipality.

(2) Subject to the sanction of the Local Government, the council may fix a salary for the chairman and the amount thereof. Except as provided in this sub-section, no chairman shall receive any salary or other remuneration.

(3) The council shall elect one of its members other than the chairman to be its vice-chairman.

(4) A chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office—

(i) on the expiry of his term of office as a councillor or on his otherwise ceasing to be a councillor, or

(ii) on his election to the Legislative Council as a representative of an urban constituency which includes the municipal area.

(5) A vice-chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office—

(i) on the expiry of his term of office as a councillor or on his otherwise ceasing to be a councillor, or

(ii) on his election as chairman.

(6) When the office of chairman is vacant, the vice-chairman shall exercise the functions of the chairman until a new chairman assumes office.

(7) When the office of chairman is vacant and there is either a vacancy in the office of vice-chairman or the vice-chairman is absent from jurisdiction or is incapacitated, the revenue divisional officer shall, after giving notice of not less than seven clear days to the councillors, convene a meeting for the election of a chairman and until a new chairman or vice chairman is elected and assumes office, or the vice-chairman returns to jurisdiction or recovers from his incapacity as the case may be, the revenue divisional officer shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder, be *ex officio* member and chairman of the council

(8) An outgoing chairman or vice-chairman is eligible for re-election.

Explanation.—A new chairman or vice-chairman shall be deemed to have assumed office on his being declared elected as such.

"12-A. If at an election held under section 12 no chairman or vice-chairman is elected, a fresh election shall be held."

10. [Omitted.]

11. Sub-section (a) of section 14 of the said Act shall be omitted and sub-section (b) renumbered as section 14. Amendment of section 14 of Madras Act V of 1920

12. Section 17 of the said Act shall be omitted. Repeal of section 17 of Madras Act V of 1920.

13. [Omitted.]

14. In section 21 of the said Act, the words 'or to the Local Government' shall be inserted after the words 'to the district collector'. Amendment of section 21 of Madras Act V of 1920.

15. In section 24 of the said Act, the words 'save as regards the disqualification on the ground of sex' shall be omitted. Amendment of section 24 of Madras Act V of 1920

16. [Omitted.]

17. In sub-section (2) of section 34 of the said Act for the words 'the district collector' the words 'any officer specially authorized by them in this behalf' shall be substituted. Amendment of section 34 of Madras Act V of 1920

18. [Omitted.]

19. Sub-section (2) of section 36 of the said Act shall be omitted. Amendment of section 36 of Madras Act V of 1920.

20. [Omitted.]

21. [Omitted.]

22. For section 40 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 40 of Madras Act V of 1920.

"40. (1) The Local Government may, by notification, remove any chairman or vice-chairman who in their opinion wilfully omits or refuses to carry out or disobeys the provisions of this Act or any rules, by-laws, regulations or lawful orders issued thereunder or abuses the powers vested in him. Power of Local Government to remove chairman or vice-chairman.

(2) The Local Government shall, when they propose to take action under sub-section (1), give the chairman or vice-chairman concerned an opportunity for explanation and the notification issued under the said sub-section shall contain a statement of the reasons of the Local Government for the action taken.

Motion of no confidence in chairman or vice-chairman.

"40A. (1) A motion expressing want of confidence in the chairman or in the vice-chairman may be made by any councillor subject to the following restrictions, namely:—

(a) Leave of the council to make the motion shall be asked for before the business entered in the agenda for the day is taken up.

(b) The councillor asking for leave shall at the time of asking for leave hand to the person presiding a written notice of the motion which he proposes to make.

(2) The person presiding shall then read the motion to the council and request those councillors who are in favour of the leave being granted to rise in their places. If less than one-third of the sanctioned strength of the council rise accordingly, the person presiding shall inform the councillor that he has not the leave of the council. If not less than one-third of the sanctioned strength of the council rise, the person presiding shall intimate that leave is granted and that the motion will be taken on such day and time as he may appoint. The day appointed shall not be less than six clear days nor more than fifteen clear days from the day on which leave is asked.

(3) No debate on any motion under this section shall be adjourned. Such debate, if not earlier concluded, shall automatically terminate on the expiry of three hours from the time appointed for its commencement. Upon the conclusion of the debate or upon the expiry of the said period of three hours, as the case may be, the motion shall be put to the vote of the council.

(4) (a) If the motion is carried with the support of not less than two-thirds of the sanctioned strength of the council, the chairman or vice-chairman, as the case may be, shall forthwith be deemed to have vacated his office as such.

(b) If the motion is carried but not by such a majority as aforesaid and if after an interval of not less than one month, another motion expressing want of confidence in the same chairman or vice-chairman as the case may be, made under sub-section (1) is carried by the council, he shall forthwith be deemed to have vacated his office as such."

Amendment of section 41 Madras 4 V of 20.

23. In section 41 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), the words 'or he may, if he thinks necessary, supersede the council for a specified period not exceeding two years' shall be omitted;

(ii) In the proviso to sub-section (1)—

(a) in clause (a) the letter '(a)' at the commencement and the words 'or supersedes' shall be omitted; and

(b) clause (b) shall be omitted; and

(iii) sub-sections (3), (4) and (5) shall be omitted.

24. [Omitted.]

Substitution of new section for section 43 of Madras Act V of 1920

25. For section 43 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Election of municipal councillors.

"**43.** (1) For the purposes of election of councillors to a municipal council, the Local Government after consulting the municipal council may, by notification—

(a) divide the municipality into wards,

(b) determine the wards in which the seats, if any, reserved under sub-section (3) of section 7 shall be set apart; and

(c) declare for whom such seats are reserved.

(2) Wards referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall return, in addition to members for such reserved seats, one or more members for non-reserved seats. The number of such members shall be notified by the Local Government. All other wards shall be entitled to elect only one councillor.

(3) All the electors of a ward, irrespective of their community or sex shall be entitled to vote at an election to any seat in that ward whether reserved or not.

(4) When issuing, under sub-section (1), a notification which materially alters the existing division of a municipality into wards, the Local Government may direct that the alteration shall take effect from the date of the next ordinary elections.

(5) When the number of councillors to be returned by a ward is altered or when a new ward is formed, the election authority shall, with the approval of the Local Government, determine—

(*a*) the ward which each elected councillor then on the council shall be deemed to represent; and

(*b*) the ward or wards in which elections shall be held to fill up the vacancies, if any, in the council."

Substitution of new section for sections 45 and 46 of Madras Act V of 1920

26. For sections 45 and 46 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Qualifications for voting.

"**45.** No person shall be included in the electoral roll as qualified to vote unless—

(*a*) he is a British subject or a subject of a State in India:

Provided that the Local Government may exclude from the scope of this restriction any alien or class of aliens;

Madras conditions in the case of aliens.

(*b*) he has attained the age of twenty-one years in the year preceding that in which the electoral roll is published;

(*c*) he has resided in the municipality for one hundred and twenty days in the aggregate in such preceding year"

Substitution of new section for section 47 of Madras Act V of 1920.

27. For section 47 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Disqualification of voters.

"47. Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (4) of section 44, a person who is of unsound mind, a deaf-mute or a leper shall not be entitled to vote at any election to a municipal council."

Amendment of section 48 of Madras Act V of 1920.

28. In section 48 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) in clause (*a*), the letter '(*a*)' at the commencement and the word 'and' at the end shall be omitted, and

(*b*) clause (*b*) shall be omitted;

(ii) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely—

"(2) No salaried officer of Government or honorary magistrate shall be qualified for election as a councillor.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section a public prosecutor, a Government pleader, an official receiver, or a village officer shall be deemed to be a salaried officer of Government."

Amendment of section 49 of Madras Act V of 1920.

29. In section 49 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) after the words "six months" the words "for any offence not being of a political character nor involving moral delinquency" shall be inserted; and

(*b*) the words "or appointment" shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

Amend of sect of Mad Act V 1920

(*a*) in the opening paragraph for the words "election or appointment," the word "election" and for the words "nomination, election or appointment", the words "nomination or election" shall be substituted.

(b) clauses (i) to (vi) shall be lettered as (*a*) to (*f*) respectively;

(c) in clause (*b*) as so lettered, before the words 'an uncertificated bankrupt' the words 'an applicant to be adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent or' shall be inserted;

(d) in clause (*c*) as so lettered, for the words 'an incorporated company' the words 'a company' shall be substituted;

(e) the proviso to the sub-section shall be inserted as a proviso to clause (*c*) as so lettered; and in the said proviso, for the words 'such a contract or work as aforesaid' the words 'such contract or work' shall be substituted;

(f) after clause (*c*) as so lettered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*cc*) employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the council or has accepted employment as legal practitioner against the council and the employment in either case is subsisting on the said date";

(g) in clause (*d*) as so lettered, the words 'or an honorary magistrate for the municipal town' shall be omitted;

(h) in clause (*e*) as so lettered, the words 'or appointment' shall be omitted and after the word 'office' the words 'or has already been elected a councillor whose term of office has not yet commenced' shall be inserted;

(i) for clause (*f*) as so lettered, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*f*) the servant or employer or the official subordinate or official superior of a councillor holding office on the said date and

(iii) sub-section (4) shall be omitted.

30. In section 50 of the said Act— Amendment of sub-s. 50 of Madras Act V of 1920.

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) in clause (*a*), before the word 'court' the word 'criminal' shall be inserted, and for the words 'as is described' the words 'and for such offences as are described' shall be substituted.

(*b*) in clause (*d*), for the words and figures 'section 49, sub-section (2)' the words, figures and letter 'clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of section 19' and for the words 'on

incorporated company' the words ' a company ' shall be substituted and the words ' or is employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the council or accepts employment as legal practitioner against the council ' shall be omitted ;

(*c*) after clause (*d*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

" (*dd*) is employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the council or accepts employment as legal practitioner against the council " ;

(*d*) in clause (*e*), for the word ' post ' the word ' service ' and for the words and figures ' section 49, sub-section (2), clause (iv) ' the words, figures and letter ' clause (*d*) of sub-section (2) of section 49 ' shall be substituted ;

(*e*) after clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

" (*ee*) becomes a salaried officer of Government within the meaning of sub-section (2) of section 48 or an honorary magistrate ";

(*f*) in clause (f) after the words ' accepts employment under ' the words ' or becomes the official subordinate of ' shall be inserted ;

(*g*) clause (g) shall be omitted ; and

(*h*) for clause (i), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (i) absents himself from the ordinary meetings of the council for three consecutive months commencing from the date on which he last attended such a meeting or, if, within that period less than three such meetings have been held, from three such consecutive meetings of the council held after the last ordinary meeting he attended :

Provided that no ordinary meeting from which a councillor absents himself shall be counted against him under this clause, if due notice of that meeting has not been given to him.

Explanation.—In this clause, the expression ' ordinary meeting ' shall not include—

(*a*) a meeting convened on a requisition under the provisions of rule 3 of Schedule III, or

(*b*) a meeting held under sub-rule (2) of rule 2 of the said Schedule " ;

(ii) in sub-section (3)—

(*a*) for the words and letters 'clause (*a*) or clause (*g*)' the words, figure and letter 'clause (*a*) of sub-section (1)' shall be substituted;

(*b*) the words 'or appointed' shall be omitted; and

(*c*) the following sentence shall be added at the end, namely :—

"And any person elected to fill the vacancy in the interim shall on such restoration vacate office"; and

(iii) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(4) Where a person ceases to be a councillor under clause (i) of sub-section (1), the chairman shall at once intimate the fact in writing to such person and report the same to the council at its next meeting. If such person applies for restoration *suo motu* to the council on or before the date of its next meeting or within fifteen days of the receipt by him of such intimation, the council may, at the meeting next after the receipt of such application, restore him to his office of councillor:

Provided that a councillor shall not be so restored more than twice during his term of office."

Amendment of section 51 of Madras Act V of 1920.

31. In section 51 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), the words 'or appointed' shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-sections (1) and (2), before the words and figures 'section 49 or section 50' the word and figure 'section 48' shall be inserted; and

(iii) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(3) Pending such decision, the councillor shall be entitled to act as if he were not disqualified."

32. [Omitted.]

Substitution of new section for section 71 of Madras Act V of 1920.

33. For section 71 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

The executive officer, the health officer, the engineer and the educational officer

(1) Any municipal council, by a resolution passed at a special meeting, may and every council which during three consecutive years has realized an income of one hundred thousand rupees from ordinary receipts, shall include the posts of an executive officer, a health officer, a municipal engineer and

an educational officer in the schedule and their salaries shall be fixed by the municipal council.

(2) Every such officer shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office and shall not engage in any other profession, trade or business whatever.

(3) No executive officer, health officer, municipal engineer or educational officer shall be removed from office except by a resolution of the council passed at a special meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of not less than two-thirds of the sanctioned strength of the council.

71. (4) (a) The executive officer shall, subject to the provisions of this Act and subject to the control of the chairman, be responsible for all the executive work of the council.

(b) If, in any municipality, such an executive officer is employed, no salary shall be attached to the office of chairman and if a salary has already been attached to the office of chairman, it shall cease to be attached from the date of such employment.

(5) The distribution of powers, duties and functions as between the chairman and the executive officer shall be laid down by the municipal council from time to time by means of by-laws made for the purpose.

Repeal of section 72 of Madras Act V of 1920.

34. Section 72 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 73 of Madras Act V of 1920.

35. For section 73 of the said Act the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Appointment and functions of standing committee.

"73. (1) Every municipal council shall have a standing committee consisting of the chairman and four councillors elected by the council every year in the month of January. It shall be the duty of the standing committee to recommend names of persons for all appointments of municipal officers and servants carrying a monthly salary of more than twenty rupees and to hear and decide appeals against orders of punishments made by the chairmen or by the executive officer where such appeals are provided for under this Act.

(2) All municipal officers or servants shall be appointed by the chairmen in accordance with the establishment schedule from among those recommended by the abovementioned standing committee :

Provided however that the chairman shall have the sole right of appointing all servants to posts carrying a monthly salary of Rs. 20 and less :

Provided further that the chairman may in cases of emergency appoint such temporary servants as in his opinion may be required for the purposes of this Act and shall report every such appointment to the council at its next meeting."

Amendment of section 74 of Madras Act V of 1920.

36. In section 74 of the said Act, the figures "17, 71" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 75 of Madras Act V of 1920.

37. For section 75 of the said Act, the following shall be substituted, namely :—

Power to punish municipal officers or servants.

"75. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 77, the chairman, or the executive officer, subject to an appeal to the chairman in the first instance, may censure, fine, reduce, suspend, remove or dismiss any municipal servant except an executive officer, a health officer, a municipal engineer or an educational officer, for any breach of departmental rules or discipline, or for carelessness, unfitness, neglect of duty or other misconduct.

(2) The chairman may censure, fine, withhold promotion from, reduce or suspend the executive officer, the health officer, the municipal engineer or the educational officer, subject to an appeal in the first instance to the standing committee as constituted under section 73.

(3) In all cases of reduction, suspension, removal or dismissal, there shall be a right of ultimate appeal to the municipal council, whose decision shall be final."

Substitution of new section for section 84 of Madras Act V of 1920.

38. For section 84 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Taxation to be uniform.

"84. (1) The rate of any class of property tax on lands when levied on their annual value may be lower than the rate of the same class of property tax on buildings but either rate shall be uniform throughout the municipal area on all buildings or on all lands liable to be taxed on their annual value, as the case may be :

Provided that the aggregate property tax leviable in the case of lighthouses, piers, wharves and jetties shall not exceed four per cent of their annual value.

(2) The rate of any class of property tax shall be uniform throughout the municipal area on all lands liable to be taxed on their capital value."

Substitution of new section for section 118 of Madras Act V of 1920

39. For section 118 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Power to write off irrecoverable taxes, tolls, etc.

"118. Subject to such restrictions and control as may be prescribed, the municipal council may write off any tax, toll, fee or other amount whatsoever due to it, whether under a contract or otherwise, or any sum payable in connexion therewith, if in its opinion, such tax, toll, fee, amount or sum is irrecoverable."

40. [Omitted.]

Amendment of section 131 of Madras Act V of 1920.

41. In section 131 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (3), the words 'cost or' occurring before the word 'hire' shall be omitted; and

(ii) to sub-section (4) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the council may, in lieu of fixing a meter, compound the charges for excess water used for domestic consumption for a fee fixed according to its by-laws for every tax permitted for a house connexion."

Amendment of section 183 of Madras Act V of 1920.

42. For sub-sections (2) and (3) of section 183 of the said Act, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(2) The chairman may grant a licence, subject to such conditions and restrictions as he may think fit, for the temporary erection of pandals and other structures in a public street vested in the council or in any other public place the control of which is vested in the council

(3) The council shall have power to lease roadsides and street margins vested in it for occupation on such terms and conditions and for such period as the council may fix.

(4) But no licence under sub-section (1) nor any lease under sub-section (3) shall be granted if the projection, construction or occupation is likely to be injurious to health or cause public inconvenience or otherwise materially interfere with the use of the road as such.

(5) The Local Government may, by notification, restrict and place under such control as they may think fit, the exercise by municipal councils in general or by any municipal council in particular, of the powers under sub-sections (1) and (3).

(6) On the expiry of any period for which a licence has been granted under this section, the chairman may, without notice, cause any projection or construction put up under sub-section (1) or (2) to be removed, and the cost of so doing shall be recoverable in the manner provided in section 314 from the person to whom the licence was granted."

Amendment of section 241 of Madras Act V of 1920.

43. In section 241 of the said Act, in sub section (1) the words 'and, if so directed by the district magistrate, shall' shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 261 of Madras Act V of 1920.

44. In **sub-section (2)** of section 261 of the said Act, between the words 'in such market' and the words 'and may prevent such person' the words 'or who fails to pay the rent due by him within one month from the date of service of a notice on him,' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 303 of Madras Act V of 1920.

45. In **clause (b) of sub-section (2)** of section 303 of the said Act, the words 'or appointments' shall be omitted.

46. [Omitted.]

Substitution of new section for section 305 of Madras Act V of 1920.

46-A. For section 305 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Making of rules

"**305.** A draft of the rules proposed to be made under sections 303 and 304 shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council and the rules shall not be made unless the Legislative Council approves the draft either without modification or addition or with modifications or additions; but upon such approval being given, the rules may be made in the form in which they have been approved and such rules on being so made shall be notified in the Fort St. George Gazette and shall thereafter be of full force and effect."

Substitution of new sections for sections 309 and 310 of Madras Act V of 1920.

47 & 48. For sections 309 and 310 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Conditions precedent to making by-laws.

"**309.** The municipal council shall, before making or altering by-laws, publish a draft of the proposed by-laws and alterations together with a notice specifying a date at or after which such draft will be taken into consideration and shall, before making the by-laws or alterations, receive and consider any objection or suggestion which may be made in respect of such draft by any person interested therein before the date so specified.

Confirmation of by-laws by Local Government.

310. (1) No by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law shall have effect until the same shall have been approved and confirmed by the Local Government.

(2) Any by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law when it shall have been duly confirmed shall be published in the district gazette in English and shall come into operation three months after it has been so published."

Amendment of section 363 of Madras Act V of 1920.

49. In section 363 of the said Act, for the words and figures 'except those mentioned in Chapters II and III' the words and figures 'except the powers mentioned in Chapters II and III, the power to determine the amount of contribution under section 156, the power to make rules under sections 303 and 304 and the power to sanction prosecution under section 353-A' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 368 of Madras Act V of 1920.

50. For section 368 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Special provision in the case of newly constituted municipal councils.

368 (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, when a municipality is constituted for the first time, the Local Government may appoint a special officer to exercise the powers and perform the functions of the municipal council and its chairman.

(2) The special officer shall cause arrangements for election to be made so that the newly elected councillors may come into office within a period of six months from the date of publication of the notification under sub-section (3) of section 4.

(3) The special officer shall exercise the powers and perform the functions of the municipal council until the council has been constituted, and of the municipal chairman until a chairman has been elected by the council.

(4) As soon as may be after the constitution of the council, a meeting of the council shall be held on a day and at a time fixed by the special officer for the election of its chairman. If at such meeting no chairman is elected, a fresh election shall be held on such day and at such time as may be fixed by the special officer.

(5) The term of office of the elected councillors or of the councillors elected in their places at casual vacancies shall expire at the end of three years if the period referred to in sub-section (2) expires on the first day of November and in other cases at the end of three years from the first day of November immediately preceding the expiry of such period.

(6) The provisions of sub-sections (1) to (5) shall apply, save as otherwise provided in this Act and so far as may be, to all cases of reconstitution of municipal councils.

(7) Where the number of seats on a municipal council is increased by or in consequence of a notification under section 7, the councillors elected for the additional seats or the councillors elected in their places at casual vacancies shall hold office until the date on which the councillors elected to the original seats at the ordinary elections immediately preceding will vacate office."

51. [Omitted.]

52. [Omitted.]

53. [Omitted.]

Amendment of rule 30 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

54. In sub-rule (1) of rule 30 of Schedule IV to the said Act, the words 'or fee' shall be inserted after the word 'tax' wherever it occurs in the sub-rule.

Amendment of rule 32 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

55. In sub-rule (1) of rule 32 of Schedule IV to the said Act, after the words 'the tax' wherever they occur the words 'or fee' shall be inserted.

Amendment of rule 36 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

56. In clause (a) of rule 36 of Schedule IV to the said Act, after the word 'tax' the words 'or fee' shall be inserted.

Amendment of rule 37 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

57. In rule 37 of Schedule IV to the said Act—

(*a*) the words 'and such further rules or special orders as the Governor in Council may prescribe or issue' shall be omitted; and

(*b*) for the words 'specially sanctioned by the Governor in Council' the words 'sanctioned by the council at a special meeting convened for the purpose' shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 38 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

58. In clause (f) of rule 38 of Schedule IV to the said Act, for the words 'famine or scarcity' the words 'famine, scarcity, or other distress' shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 39 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

59. In clause (a) of rule 39, Schedule IV to the said Act, the words 'provided by the Governor in Council' shall be omitted.

Amendment of rule 43 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

60. In rule 43 of Schedule IV to the said Act, the words 'subject to special directions that the Governor in Council may issue in respect of any municipality by notification' shall be omitted.

Amendment of rule 44 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

61. In sub-rule (1) of rule 44, Schedule IV to the said Act—

(*a*) the words 'in accordance with such rules as may from time to time be prescribed by the Governor in Council' and the words "and the Council shall provide and maintain more than one such hospital or dispensary if the Governor in Council directs it to do so" shall be omitted; and

(b) the provisos to sub-rule (1) shall be omitted.

Amendment of rule 48 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

62. For clause (ii) of rule 48 of Schedule IV to the said Act the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(ii) by means of grants-in-aid from the said fund to private schools within the municipal limits, in accordance with the by-laws to be made in this behalf or".

63. [Omitted.]

Amendment of rule 50 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

64. To sub-rule (2) of rule 50 of Schedule IV to the said Act—

the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

'Provided that the council shall have power to prescribe courses of studies and text-books from time to time to all elementary schools under its management compatible with such standards."

65. [Omitted.]

Amendment of rule 52 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

66. In clause (iv) of rule 52 of Schedule IV to the said Act,—

(i) the words 'vocational or industrial schools, boarding houses,' shall be inserted between the word 'gymnasia' and the words 'or any other institutions'; and

(ii) the words 'which may be approved by the Governor in Council' shall be omitted.

Amendment of rule 53 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

67. In rule 53 of Schedule IV of the said Act—

(i) the words 'with the sanction of the Governor in Council' shall be omitted;

(ii) at the end of sub-rule (3) the following shall be added, namely:—

"or to the funds of any institution or association whose object is to improve the educational, literary, social, moral, physical, economical or sanitary condition of society in general or of any classes in particular."

(iii) in sub-rule (5) before the words 'any other extraordinary charges' the word 'incur' shall be inserted; and

(iv) to sub-rule (6) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the expenditure is sanctioned by the council at a special meeting convened for the purpose."

Amendment of rule 68 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

68. In rule 60 of Schedule IV to the said Act—

(i) in sub-rule (1), the words "of any deficiency or loss incurred by the negligence or misconduct of that person or" shall be omitted ;

(ii) sub-rules (2) and (3) shall be renumbered as sub-rules (3) and (4) respectively and the following shall be inserted as sub-rule (2), namely :—

"(2) The auditors shall, before passing any order under sub-rule (1), give notice in writing to the person affected and hear and consider his explanation, if any" ; and

(iii) in sub-rule (4) as renumbered, for the word and figure "sub-rule (2)" the word and figure "sub-rule (3)" and for the words "fourteen days" the words "thirty days" shall be substituted.

69. In rule 61 of Schedule IV of the said Act, for the words 'fourteen days' the words 'thirty days' shall be substituted.

69-A. In rule 62 of Schedule IV of the said Act, for the figure '14' the word 'thirty' shall be substituted.

Insertion of new rule after rule 62 of Schedule IV to Madras Act V of 1920.

70. After rule 62 of Schedule IV of the said Act, the following rule shall be added, namely :—

"63. (1) When the auditors find that any loss or waste of money or other property owned by or vested in the council is caused to the council, by the negligence or misconduct of any person or persons, they shall report the matter to the Local Government .

(2) The Local Government after giving notice to the person or persons concerned and making such inquiry as it thinks necessary after allowing an opportunity to the person or persons concerned to adduce evidence on his or their behalf, shall make an order that any amount of deficiency or loss incurred by the misconduct of such person or persons be recovered from him or them within three months from the date of the order.

(3) Any person aggrieved by the order passed under sub-rule (2) may, within thirty days after he has received or been served with the order, apply to the principal civil court of original jurisdiction to set aside such order and the court, after taking such evidence as is necessary, may confirm, modify or remit the recovery, with such orders as to costs as it may think proper in the circumstances.

(4) Every sum ordered by the Local Government to be recovered under sub-rule (2), or by the court in case an appeal is preferred, shall be recoverable on the application made by the chairman to the court in the same way as an amount decreed by the court."

Transitory provisions.

71. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the said Act or in this Act—

(a) (i) the term of office of the members of every municipal council holding office on the date of the commencement of this Act shall, subject to the provisions of sections 50, 51 and 60 of the said Act as amended by this Act, extend to, or expire on, as the case may be, such date as the Local Government may fix, and the Local Government shall cause elections to be held so that the newly elected members may come into office on the date fixed for the retirement of the old members;

(ii) the Local Government may from time to time postpone any date fixed by them under sub-clause (i) and fix another date in lieu thereof; and

(iii) any date fixed under sub-clause (i) or (ii) shall not be later than one year from the date of the commencement of this Act;

(b) the chairman and vice-chairman of the municipal council shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (4) of section 12, section 40, and section 40-A of the said Act as amended by this Act, hold office up to, or vacate office on, the date fixed under clause (a);

(c) a meeting of the municipal council shall be held on or as soon as may be after the said date on a day and at a time fixed by the Local Government or such other authority as may be empowered by them in this behalf for the election of the chairman and vice-chairman; and

(d) the term of office of the newly elected councillors or of the councillors elected in their places at casual vacancies shall expire at the end of three years, if the date fixed under clause (a) is the first day of November, and in other cases at the end of three years from the first day of November immediately preceding such date.

(2) (a) Any vacancy in the office of chairman or vice-chairman of a municipal council which is in existence on the date of the commencement of this Act or which occurs before the date fixed under clause (a) of sub-section (1) shall be filled by election by the municipal council.

(b) Any such vacancy in the office of an appointed member of a municipal council shall be filled by appointment by the Local Government and in that of an elected member by election under the provisions of the said Act as amended by this Act.

(c) Any person elected or appointed as chairman, vice-chairman or member of a municipal council under clause (a) or (b) of this sub-section shall hold office only up to the date fixed under clause (a) of sub-section (1).

Explanation.—The office of chairman, vice-chairman or member of a municipal council to which no person had, at any time prior to the commencement of this Act, been elected or appointed, shall be deemed to be vacant within the meaning of this sub-section.

BILL No. 13 OF 1929.

A Bill to amend the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920.

To

THE HONOURABLE THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS.

We, the undersigned members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bills of the hon. the Chief Minister and Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayeed to amend the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (Bill No. 13 of 1929 and Bill No. 15 of 1928), have the honour to make the following report:

2. The former Bill was published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* in English on the 12th September 1929 and the latter on the 2nd October 1928.

3. The Committee met on the 18th day of October 1929 to determine their procedure, on the 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 9th, 10th, 11th, 12th and 13th days of December 1929 to consider the Bills; and on the 16th December to pass their report.

Bill No. 13 of 1929 of the hon. the Chief Minister.

4. As a result of the prolonged and careful scrutiny to which this Bill has been subjected by the Committee numerous changes have been made in it. The most important of these changes are mentioned below:—

(1) The Bill proposed an alteration of the name of taluk boards into circle boards and of union boards into panchayats and left it to the discretion of the Local Government to determine the respective areas for which such boards should be constituted. The Committee have decided that a change of the name of taluk boards into circle boards is unnecessary. There are obvious advantages in retaining the same area as a district for purposes of both revenue and local administration, and at present each revenue district, in fact, constitutes a district for purposes of local Government also. The Committee have therefore provided that there should be a district board for each district. In their opinion, there should ordinarily be a taluk board for every revenue taluk and the splitting up of revenue taluks for purposes of local administration

is undesirable. The Government have however been empowered to constitute a taluk board for more revenue taluks than one for reasons to be specified in a notification published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and laid on the table of the Legislative Council. To extend the benefits of local Government to what are now non-union areas, the Committee have introduced a provision enjoining on the Government the duty of establishing a panchayat in every revenue village having a population of not less than one thousand people

(2) The Bill as introduced, while generally abolishing the system of nominations to local boards, allowed two representatives of the European and Anglo-Indian communities to be nominated by the Local Government as supernumerary members of district boards It is thought unnecessary and undesirable to retain this exception. The representation of Europeans and Anglo-Indians can, where necessary, be secured by the reservation of seats for them as in the case of the Muslim or the Indian Christian community.

(3) The Committee are not in favour of compulsory reservation of seats for any community in any local board and think it best to leave it to the discretion of the Local Government to reserve seats for women or for communities which by reason of their number or importance may be deserving of representation in such boards. The Committee consider that power should be given to the Local Government to reserve seats in district boards for (1) Muslims, (2) Indian Christians, (3) Adi-Dravidas, (4) Europeans, (5) Anglo-Indians or (6) women In the case of taluk boards, the Committee consider it necessary to empower the Government to reserve seats only for Muslims, Indian Christians, Adi-Dravidas or women. In the case of panchayats, they consider that reservation of seats is not necessary either for women or for any community except the Adi-Dravidas.

(4) The Bill, while providing for direct elections to a majority of seats in a district board, also provided for the election of a proportion not exceeding one-fourth of the total strength by the members of the taluk board in the district and of two members, by the members of the panchayats in the district. It also provided for the election of one-fourth of the number of members of a taluk board by the members of the panchayats in the taluk. The Committee have so revised the Bill as to reduce to a minimum, the control exercised by the district board over a taluk board, and by the district and taluk boards

over a panchayat, and in so doing have acted on the principle that the success and efficiency of local bodies will to a large extent depend on their independence from external control. They have therefore considered it unnecessary that there should be representation either of the taluk boards and panchayats in district boards, or of panchayats in taluk boards. A system of combined direct and indirect election to one and the same local body leads to discrimination among the members respectively returned by these methods while it retards the growth of popular confidence in the administration of the local body. The Committee have therefore provided for direct election to all the seats in district and taluk boards.

(5) The Bill provided for election for the reserved seats by all the voters in the district board, taluk board or panchayat as the case may be, while for the non-reserved seats, election was to be only by the electors in each circle or ward as the case may be. This appeared to the Committee to be imposing a disability on the communities or classes on whom the privilege of reserved seats was conferred. In the opinion of the Committee, the best method of working out the system of reserved seats is so to divide the district or the taluk or the village into electoral areas as to make it possible for certain areas to return more than one member and to distribute the reserved seats among such areas: except for the purpose of providing for reserved seats, the principle of single-member constituencies should be adopted. This has been provided for and it has also been made clear that communities or classes for whom seats are reserved can stand for non-reserved seats and that the electorate returning a member for a reserved seat shall consist of all the electors in the constituency irrespective of sex or community.

(6) In the opinion of the Committee, the smallness of electoral areas in villages justifies the abolition of all restriction of electoral franchise based on property or educational qualifications and the adoption of adult suffrage. In the panchayats under the Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1920, the election of the panchayatdars is even now according to a system of adult suffrage and the Committee do not think that there will be any practical difficulty in working adult suffrage in the panchayats constituted under this Bill.

(7) As regards taluk boards and district boards, however, the problems involved in the preparation of electoral rolls, the provision of convenient polling centres to

enable voters to attend, and the danger of impersonation and subsequent adjudication of election disputes are sufficiently serious to make it necessary to impose for the present, some restrictions on electoral qualifications. The Committee are of opinion that the results of the working of adult franchise in municipalities, which has been recommended by them in their report on the Madras District Municipalities Bill referred to them, and in panchayats as above recommended, should be awaited before adult franchise is introduced in other local bodies. The proposals in the Bill seem to the Committee to be sufficiently liberal and are accepted by the Committee.

(8) The Committee consider that in the interests of the efficiency and purity of local self-government and the intimate touch that should exist between a member and his electorate, the electorate should be able to exercise their franchise at least once in three years. The Committee are therefore against quinquennial elections and have recommended the retention of the existing term of three years for the members of a local board.

(9) The Committee have deleted the provision for the supersession of local boards as they considered it unnecessary to arm the Government with a power of superseding local boards in addition to the power of dissolving them.

(10) According to the Bill as introduced, an elector of a district or taluk board can stand as a candidate only for the circle in which his name appears on the electoral roll. The Committee consider that an elector in any circle of a district or taluk board should be able to stand as a candidate for any seat in the district or the taluk board. To ensure freedom of choice for the electors, the Committee consider that this is necessary. For the same reason, the Committee have introduced provisions disqualifying public prosecutors, Government pleaders, honorary magistrates and village officers from standing for election to any board and exempting persons who have been sentenced for political offences and for offences not involving moral delinquency from disqualification for election.

(11) The Committee have retained the provision for the creation of local fund services for the whole of the Presidency, but have declared it necessary that the rules proposed to be made by the Government for the regulation of such services should not be issued and notified without the previous approval of the Legislative Council.

(12) The Committee have made it incumbent on the district board to provide for a district panchayat officer, if so required by the Local Government. The Committee envisage that it would be the business of this officer to organize panchayats, to exercise such of their functions as they may think fit to delegate to him and generally to advise and supervise the work of the panchayats. In view of the obligation cast on the Local Government to organize panchayats for villages with a population of a thousand and more, this officer will be found to be necessary.

(13) The provisions in the Bill regarding taxation have been considerably altered. In the opinion of the Committee, the tax levied on incomes arising from the exercise of professions or callings or the transaction of business, should take the form of a uniform tax and they have accordingly retained the profession tax and deleted the provision regarding the companies' tax. They had the less difficulty in doing so as the rates of profession tax provided for in the Bill are fairly high—higher than those obtaining under the existing District Municipalities Act, 1920. The Committee have also introduced new provisions which they hope will facilitate the ascertainment of incomes and the assessment of profession tax in cases where incomes are not easily ascertainable or the gain or profits of business are derived in a different local area from that in which the business is transacted.

(14) As regards panchayats to be constituted after the coming into force of this Act, the Committee are of opinion that a house tax should not be one of the taxes which the district board can impose on them, and that it should be left to each such panchayat to levy a house tax in its area in exercise of the elastic provision in the Bill by which it can levy with the sanction of the Local Government any suitable tax other than those which may be imposed by a district board. The Committee are aware that in all union boards at present a house tax is being levied and they have provided that in the panchayats which will take the place of such boards, the same may be continued to be levied. The provision enabling panchayat to levy any suitable tax not authorized by the district board referred to above is one incorporated into the Bill from the existing Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1920. That Act requires the sanction of the Local Government to the levy of such a tax by a panchayat. The Bill as introduced provided for the sanction of the

district board instead of that of the Local Government. The Committee consider that in the interests of uniformity of taxation and as a check over the objects selected by a panchayat for taxation, it is necessary that the Local Government should continue to possess the power of sanctioning any tax other than those resolved upon by the district board under section 75, which a panchayat may recommend to them as suitable.

(15) In the interests of local fund finances, which require to be strengthened to enable local boards to undertake and promote schemes of rural development, and to prevent the unequal levy of cesses between neighbouring districts, the Committee have resolved to convert the optional land-cess into a compulsory land-cess. They consider that any increase in the land-cess beyond eighteen pies in the rupee is undesirable and that the distribution of the proceeds of this cess should be as follows:—

District board	Six pies
Taluk board	Six pies.
Panchayat	Three pies.

the remaining three pies being earmarked for the village development fund which will be administered by an *ad hoc* committee of which the president for the time being of the district board will be the chairman and the presidents for the time being of taluk boards in the district will be members.

(16) In pursuance of the instructions given to them by the Council, the Committee have also considered the question of making intermediate landholders directly responsible for the payment of the land-cess to the Collector and have introduced provisions making them so responsible

(17) The Committee have also inserted a provision that after the coming into operation of this Bill, no new toll-stations should be opened within twenty miles of an existing toll-station without the sanction of the Local Government.

(18) The Committee are not in favour of the classification of duties of local boards into obligatory and optional. The Committee are advised that such a classification would make it impossible for any local board to incur any optional charges without laying itself open to the attack of having neglected a compulsory obligation or without ignoring the distinction between obligatory or

optional charges The Committee have therefore confined themselves with merely defining the purposes which are within the power of a local board to spend its funds on.

(19) With a view to control expenditure by a local board on staff and travelling expenses, the Committee have inserted a provision empowering the Local Government to make rules prescribing a maximum of expenditure that can be incurred on account of establishment charges and the travelling expenses of the president and the vice-president of a board.

(20) The Committee consider it desirable that the status and powers of local bodies as provided by statute should not be affected by rules issued by the Local Government and have therefore inserted a provision that all rules proposed to be made under this Act shall be placed before the Legislative Council for approval and that they may be made only in the form in which they have been approved by the Legislative Council.

(21) As several provisions of the Bill are intended to remove defects which have long called for urgent remedy, the Committee consider that the Bill should come into operation with the least practicable delay. They have therefore deleted sub-clause (2) of clause 1 of the Bill.

5. The Committee have made other detailed changes in the Bill which it is unnecessary to set forth. A copy of the Bill as amended by the Committee is annexed.

6. The amendments made by the Committee are so numerous and important that in their opinion the republication of the Bill is necessary.

Bill No. 15 *of* 1928.

7. In so far as the Bill of Mr. Basheer Ahmed seeks to provide for the constitution of local boards and the election of their presidents, it is covered by the recommendations of the Committee on the Bill of the hon. the Chief Minister. The Committee are against the only remaining provision in Mr. Basheer Ahmed's Bill that the Local Government shall have power to notify that in certain district boards the presidentships shall go by rotation to prescribed communities. A provision that the president of a district board shall vacate his seat on a vote of no-confidence in him goes all together with a provision for the reservation of the presidentship by rotation to prescribed communities. The Committee therefore

recommend that Mr. Basheer Ahmed's Bill be not proceeded with.

C. V. S NARASIMHA RAJU (*Chairman*).
P. SUBBARAYAN.*
S MUTHIAH.*
HILTON BROWN.*
T. G RUTHERFORD.*
C. GOVINDAN NAYAR.*
S. SATYAMURTI.*
S. VENKATACHALAM CHETTI.
C. N MUTHURANGA MUDALIYAR.*
C. VENKATARANGAM NAYUDU.*
R. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR.*
R. SRINIVASAN.*
L. K. TULASIRAM.*
B. MUNISWAMI NAYUDU.*
A. RANGANATHAM.
S. A. NANJAPPA.
V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAI.*
S. K. ABDUL RAZACK.*
C. S. RATNASABHAPATI MUDALIYAR.*
N. SIVA RAJ.*
A. KALESWARA RAO.*
W. P. A. SOUNDRAPANDIAN.*
S. KUMARASWAMI.*
T. M. MOIDOO.
G. HARISARVOTTAMA RAO.*
B. VENKATARATNAM.*
S. ARPUDASWAMI UDAYAR.*
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BASHEER AHMED SAYEED.*
A. M. AHMAD MIRAN.*
P. ANJANEYULU.*
J. A. SALDANHA.*
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T. M. NARAYANASWAMI PILLAI.*
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H. F. P. HEARSON.*
RAJA OF KHALLIKOTE.
S. ELLAPPA CHETTIYAR.*
T. C. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR.
K. SITARAMA REDDI.*
A. V. BHANOJI RAO.*

* Subject to a minute of dissent

MINUTES OF DISSENT.

I

The practical difficulties which have prevented the Select Committee from recommending adult franchise for district and taluk boards are, in our opinion, equally operative if not more so in the case of panchayats No election authority at present within contemplation could possibly undertake the labour involved. We are, therefore, unable to agree to the extension of the franchise to all adults in panchayat areas. It is true that the existing Village Panchayat Act gives the votes to all men over 25. But the existing Village Panchayat Act provides for merely informal elections; it does not provide for the preparation of an electoral roll, while under the present Bill such preparation has been made obligatory. This, in our opinion, makes all the difference.

2. We dissent from the proposal of the Select Committee to impose an obligation on the Local Government to constitute panchayats for all revenue villages with a population exceeding 1,000. There are thousands of such villages in this Presidency and the constitution of panchayats for all of them cannot possibly be effected as soon as the Act is passed or for a considerable time to come.

3. While the Select Committee have given power to Government to group together two or more revenue taluks and constitute a single taluk board therefor, they have withheld the power to subdivide revenue taluks and form a taluk board for each of the subdivisions. In our opinion, the one power is as essential as the other having regard to the fact that many revenue taluks, especially in zamindari tracts, cover vast areas, while others in densely populated areas contain an unmanageably large number of inhabitants.

4. It seems to us grossly anomalous that, while there is provision in the District Municipalities Act for the supersession of municipalities, there should be none in the Local Boards Act for superseding local boards which are much less advanced. We are, therefore, unable to agree to the omission of section 45-A which we consider an essential feature of the Bill.

5. We dissent strongly from the recommendation of the Select Committee that the consent of the Legislative

Council should be obtained for all rules made under the Act. This would throw a considerable amount of work on the Council and would involve much delay in introducing useful provisions of a minor nature. Further, all the important rules have been embodied in the schedules to the Act and these cannot be altered or added to without the matter being brought before the Legislative Council and its specific approval obtained. We consider that this is quite sufficient.

6. We are unable to agree to the omission of section 38 (2) which gives emergency powers to the Collector. Emergency powers, to be effective, must be exercised by the authority on the spot. Collectors have used these powers sparingly in the past. We would further point out that the Collector's action is only provisional and is subject to reversal by the Government Nor do we agree to the omission of reference to the District Collector in sections 37-A and 37-C. These two sections merely reproduce the provisions of the existing Act and no case has, in our opinion, been made out for the omission proposed.

7. We are unable to agree to the omission of section 23 (4) It is necessary, in our opinion, to make some provision for carrying on the administration when the president is absent from jurisdiction and there is either no vice-president or the vice-president also is absent from jurisdiction.

8. The Select Committee have decided to omit the words "not being any area in which any notification of a municipal council under sub-section (1) of section 249 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, is in force" from section 193 (1). The result is that in such areas within three miles of municipal limits both the local board and the municipality will have jurisdiction to regulate the carrying on of trades and occupations which may affect public health injuriously. We consider that this double control should be abolished.

9. We consider that clause 249 (2) of the Bill, which confers power to add to or alter the transitional provisions contained in the Schedule, should be retained It was found necessary to alter the transitional provisions contained in Schedule X to the existing Act from time to time. There is, in our opinion, equal if not greater, necessity for a similar power in the present Bill.

10. Rule 25 of Schedule IV as amended by the Select Committee, makes the service of individual notices necessary even in cases where a general revision of the assessment registers with regard to house-tax takes place We feel that this provision would add considerably to the work of the panchayat and lead to much inconvenience in practice. We are, therefore, opposed to it.

11. We are as anxious as the majority of the Select Committee to bring the provisions of the Bill into force at the earliest possible opportunity. But a vast amount of preliminary work will have to be gone through before this can be done. The rules already issued under the Madras Local Boards Act as well as under the Village Panchayat Act will have to be brought into accord with the provisions of the new Act and new rules will also have to be framed. All this will take time. The proposal that the Bill should be brought into force as soon as it is passed is on the face of it impossible and we cannot agree to its inclusion in the Bill.

P. SUBBARAYAN.

S. MUTHIAH.

HILTON BROWN.

T. G. RUTHERFORD.

C. GOVINDAN NAYAR.

II

I dissent from the report with much regret, as I am in general agreement with the main provisions in the Bill, as amended by the Select Committee

But I feel strongly that district boards have no future in the scheme of local self-government and should go. The two functions they discharge, viz., the maintenance of trunk roads or first-class roads and of secondary schools are best provincialized. All relevant and informed opinion favours this If they are provincialized, district boards have nothing left to do. So they should go.

But, if district boards are to continue to exist, the least that should be done to ensure efficiency and proper management of their affairs is to provide statutorily for the appointment of executive officers who will carry out the policy laid down by the boards.

Again, if district boards are to continue to exist and if executive officers are not to be appointed, then the presidents of district boards should be given the statutory choice of either continuing as presidents of district boards or of becoming members of legislatures from constituencies, the whole or part of which is in the districts concerned. A similar provision is found in the Bill to amend the District Municipal Act, as reported on by the Select Committee.

S. SATYAMURTI.

III

I hold that the taluk boards and the panchayats are by themselves sufficient to carry out all the functions of the local boards, and that the district boards, being absolutely unnecessary and superfluous, should be abolished. This would lead to reduction of expenditure of local boards administration, and also to more efficient administration.

2. I regret very much that the provision for the compulsory appointment of an executive officer for each district board to carry on the executive functions of the board has not been accepted by the Select Committee. Appointment of executive officers would surely lead to efficiency and impartiality of administration.

3. Presidents of district boards who, according to the provisions of the Bill, are also to carry on the executive functions of the board, should not be allowed to stand for election to the Legislative Council or the Legislative Assembly. Apart from the question of the undue influence likely to be exercised by presidents of district boards who stand as candidates for election to the Council or Assembly on account of the position they hold, I am strongly of opinion that the administration of the district board is likely to suffer on account of frequent absence of presidents of district boards from their jurisdiction, which may be caused during the sessions of the Legislative Council or Assembly, in case they are elected as members. I therefore hold that presidents of district boards should cease to be presidents, on their nomination for election to the Legislative Council or Assembly.

4. It is not proper to disqualify village officers from standing for election to the taluk or district board, although I agree, with the Select Committee, that they should not be allowed to stand for election to panchayats.

5. I am sorry that the Committee which did recognize, while considering the Bill to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, the growing strength of the conscientious objectors to a system of compulsory vaccination, declined to do the same with reference to the local board areas. Arguments against compulsory vaccination hold good all the more in rural areas. I cannot therefore agree to the provision of compulsory vaccination.

6. The right of a village to secede from a panchayat and form a separate panchayat for itself, when more than half the voters in that village want the same, should be recognized in the Act. The Committee has unfortunately thrown out this democratic provision.

7. I think it is enough that reservation is allowed jointly for Anglo-Indians and Europeans in the district boards, since there is not much diversity of interests between the two communities, and since they separately form a meagre population in the district board areas.

8. A provision should be introduced in the Act providing that when no candidate belonging to a community for whom reservation is allowed, is nominated for election to a plural seat constituency, duly nominated candidates belonging to other communities should be deemed to be nominated to the reserved seat as well. There is no use thrusting reservation on a community who do not evidently want it. For the same reason, another provision should be introduced in the Act enabling a community for whom reservation is allowed to dispense with such reservation, if not less than three-fourths of the voters belonging to such community so express in writing.

9. A system of voting at elections by symbolical methods should be introduced in the Act, enabling illiterate voters also to exercise their franchise secretly.

10. I hold that the assessment of 18 pies proposed to be levied should be equally distributed among the district board, the taluk board and the panchayat, at 6 pies each. If it is thought necessary that three pies should be reserved for the panchayat, this reserve fund should be

left in the hands of each taluk board for distribution among the panchayats in each taluk. In case it is thought necessary to constitute a district reserve fund, that Committee should be a purely elective body, and it should be elected by the panchayats and the taluk boards.

11. No security should be demanded from candidates for election to local boards, as otherwise it would cause hardships to poor persons.

12. A provision should be introduced in the Act exempting from payment of toll, carts conveying agricultural manure or implements, or carrying agricultural produce from the fields to the residence of landlords.

C. N. MUTHURANGA MUDALIYAR.

IV

District boards are superfluous, since taluk boards and panchayats are quite sufficient for purposes of local boards administration. I therefore hold that district boards should be abolished, which would certainly result in economy of local boards administration.

2. I strongly plead for the compulsory appointment of executive officers for all district boards, to carry on the executive functions of the board. This is particularly necessary to ensure impartiality and efficiency of administration.

3. Presidents of district boards should not be allowed to stand for election to the Legislative Council or Assembly, since otherwise they are likely to exercise undue influence among voters on account of the position they hold, and since further the administration of district boards is likely to suffer on account of their frequent absence from jurisdiction, if they become members of the Council or Assembly.

4 I strongly object to the disqualification of village officers from standing for election to taluk and district boards. I do not think that the freedom of the voters would in any way be restricted if village officers are allowed to contest elections.

5. A provision should be introduced in the Act making it clear that in case no candidate belonging to a

community, for whom reservation has been allowed, is nominated for election in plural seat constituency, the nominated candidates belonging to other communities should as well be deemed to have been duly nominated for the reserved seat also. Otherwise, I fear interested and influential persons belonging to such communities might improperly dissuade likely candidates from standing for election, so that they might easily come in otherwise, say, by co-option by the local board.

C. VENKATARANGAM NAYUDU

V

Agreeing generally with the report of the Select Committee, I feel bound to express my dissent with respect to some points.

In my opinion every district board must have an executive officer in whom the entire executive power of the board shall be vested subject to the control of the board. No person shall be president for more than two terms consecutively. There ought to be a provision that the president of a district board should cease to hold office on his nomination or election to the local or Indian Legislature from the district of whose board he is the president. The decision disqualifying the village officers from standing for election is hardly warranted by facts and they should be allowed to get into the boards by election

R. SRINIVASA AYYANGAR.

VI

The majority of my colleagues in the Select Committee were in favour of reservation of seats in the panchayat for Adi-Dravidas. Accordingly, in the Act, as amended by the Select Committee, provision has been made for the compulsory reservation of seats for Adi-Dravidas This is a wise provision. The panchayats, as now constituted, are empowered to assess and levy taxes, to utilize the funds allotted and placed at their disposal for improving communications, water-supply, education, sanitation and public health—very wide powers The present land-tax and land-cess are felt to be great burdens. Where now, in addition to the compulsory levy of a land-cess of

18 pies, villagers are, under the amended Act, liable to pay house-tax, profession tax and any tax other than "those resolved upon by the district board under section 75 which a panchayat may recommend to them as suitable," it is desirable that, on the well-known principle, "No taxation, no representation," all minority communities resident within a panchayat area should have representation. My colleagues seem to think that the different communities to be found in a village have each its appointed place in the economy of rural life, that their activities are so inter-related and inter-dependent that the panchayats might be trusted to give representation to all such indispensable units according to the value and importance of their respective contribution to rural well-being. This argument applies with equal force to the Adi-Dravidas who contribute labour of different kinds, agricultural labour, labour associated with religious and social functions, such as beating the drum, announcing deaths, etc., without which rural life, not to speak of rural development, will become an impossibility. No village but has its cheri or cheris of Hindu and Christian Adi-Dravida labourers, farm labourers, vettians, necessis and their activities are so woven into the warp and woof of rural life that, should they abruptly cease to function, they will have to be revived or their substitutes found before rural life can resume or recover its normal functioning. If, despite their indispensability to village life, there was danger, as the Select Committee thought, of the claims of Adi-Dravidas being ignored and of their having no representation on the panchayat, there is every reason to suppose that Muslims and Indian Christians will, in the absence of reservation, go without representation, especially where they are a small minority and their condition approximates to that of labourers. Muslims and Caste Christians may not be found in all revenue villages. Where they are not found the need for representation will not arise. But, where they form an appreciable minority, it is but fair that their representation should be secured by statutory provision and not left to the good-will of the majority by whom their claims are apt to be ignored not, it may be, through ill-will, but due to exigencies of party politics. Again, what is to be the position of Christian Adi-Dravidas who are to be met with in most villages, sometimes in equal strength with, and sometimes more numerous than, Hindu Adi-Dravidas, but who, according to the definition adopted by

the majority of the Select Committee, that the profession of Hinduism is, in respect to the depressed classes, a necessary mark of economic depression or social disability, will be kept out and denied any share in panchayat administration? It is but equitable that, at least, in their interest, there should be either reservation of seats for Indian Christians in panchayats or reservation for Christian as well as Hindu Adi-Dravidas.

The introduction of adult franchise into panchayat areas will aggravate the difficulty of minority communities to secure representation. Apart from practical inconveniences, and the cost involved, in the preparation of electoral rolls for panchayats, the extension of the franchise to all adults is a dangerous innovation, introducing into villages the evils of elections on an extreme democratic basis and a form of government artificial and unsuited, because opposed to local traditions. Panchayats in the past were voluntary associations or councils of elders who represented what was best in village life, men whose authority was respected and whose decisions were readily assented to. Into this haven of peace, hitherto unaffected by party politics and political happenings in urban areas, the present Bill, with its adult franchise, is seeking to introduce elements of discord.

I also dissent from the proposal of the Select Committee, that panchayats should be constituted in all revenue villages with a population of one thousand and more without any delay. It is not possible, humanly speaking, to give effect to the proposal all at once, nor is it prudent to impose this new organization on all revenue villages. The most that can be done, and the only prudent course, is to try the experiment in some select villages or groups of villages in each taluk and extend it to others in course of time with such modifications and suitable amendments to existing provisions as may be found necessary in the light of the experience gained during the interval

S. ARPUDASAMY UDAYAR.

VII

The disqualification of village officers, public prosecutors and Government pleaders is not justifiable.

2. I welcome the attempt to constitute a village development fund. But I think it is necessary that there should be a statutory liability on the part of Government to contribute at least an equal sum to the fund.

3. I cannot agree to the retention of clause 11 of the transitional provisions unless the proposal to abolish tolls is carried into effect before the Bill is passed.

B. MUNISAMI NAIDU.

VIII

While agreeing generally with the Report of the Select Committee, we beg to dissent in respect of the following:—

The original Bill provided for reservation of seats to three minority communities, i.e., Adi-Dravidas, Muhammadans and Indian Christians and fixed the proportion as "one-fourth" of the total strength of the local boards. During the deliberations of the Select Committee, three more classes were added but the same proportion, i.e., "one-fourth" remains for the district and taluk boards, thus making the reservation of seats for Adi-Dravidas as obligatory at the discretion of the Government for district and taluk boards. Unless the reservation is made compulsory for Adi-Dravidas the provision in the present Act is far better than the proposed one. Necessary amendments ought to be made for securing representation of Adi-Dravidas in each and every district and taluk board.

Secondly, the Select Committee suggests that Adi-Dravidas should seek the general suffrage of a particular area in local boards to secure their representation to these boards. Considering the present poverty and educationally backward state of the depressed classes, it will not be in their interests to line them with the other advanced communities. The only object of the majority in the Select Committee to thrust on the Adi-Dravidas a joint electorate seems to us to be that the other communities ought necessarily to approach the Adi-Dravidas for their votes and thus mingle with them. Elections generally come once in three years and that also by creating special areas for the election of Adi-Dravida representatives and how the Committee can expect to bring a contact between the contesting candidates and the Adi-Dravidas in the

whole taluk and the district. We are strongly of opinion that a separate electorate for a period of ten years will be most advantageous and will help the Adi-Dravidas to know something of the administration of local boards at present.

If separate electorate is not favoured, we would suggest an alternative, i e, the existing associations of the Adi-Dravidas may be asked to choose from the eligible voters a panel of candidates for the Government to choose representatives from that panel.

Taking away the emergency powers of the Collector now vested under section 38 (2) is not safe and may lead to complications So, we are against the Select Committee's decision in this important matter.

Further, we are against the omission of words "not being any area in which any notification of a municipal council under sub-section (1) of section 249 of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, is in force" appearing in section 193 (2) as it will mean double control over certain areas.

V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAY.
N. SIVA RAJ.

IX

I give my minute of dissent to the amendments proposed to the Bill to amend the Madras Local Boards Act, about the communal election and I am for reserving a separate electorate for the Muhammadans.

S. K. ABDUL RAZAACK.

X

I agree with the views expressed by the hon. Chief Minister and four others in paragraphs 1, 3, 4, 7, 10 and 11 of their minute of dissent.

2. I am not in favour of the provision introduced by the Select Committee disqualifying village officers from standing for election to any board. The existing relaxation of rules in their favour should, I think, continue.

3. *Property tax.*—I am against the provision exempting buildings owned and occupied by co-operative societies from payment of property tax. The exemption is wrong in principle and cannot be justified.

4. I am opposed to clause 63 of the amending Bill. It is a retrograde step to deprive the local bodies and their presidents of the powers and functions described in paragraph 2 of the clause which are proposed to be vested in the Government.

C. S. RATNASABHAPATI MUDALIYAR.

XI

Though the Bill has been improved considerably by the Select Committee, I feel bound to express my dissent on the following points:—

(1) No sufficient case has been made out to remove the functions of conducting elections of members and vice-presidents from non-official presidents who in most cases have been discharging their duties with much credit and to entrust them to Revenue officials. Instead of allowing Revenue officials to meddle with local self-government, the duties of preparing the electoral rolls and conducting elections ought to be entrusted to elected non-officials.

(2) While the existing Act restricted the powers of the Government of removing the presidents only to the case of their wilfully omitting or refusing to carry out the resolutions of the local boards, this Bill proposes to confer wider powers on the Government to remove them. The principle that a president should automatically vacate his office as soon as a no-confidence motion is passed against him by the local board having been introduced in the Bill, it is not at all necessary to give any powers to the Government to remove the President as the board itself can see that the president carries out its resolutions most faithfully. Section 43 of the Act should have been abrogated altogether. Instead of doing so, the Select Committee has allowed some extra powers to the Government to remove the president. In particular the provision enabling the Government to remove him in case he abuses the powers vested in him is too vague and too wide and is liable to be abused by the authorities at the Governmental headquarters.

(3) In the matter of the no-confidence motion against the president or the vice-president a minimum of 'more than half the sanctioned strength' should have been prescribed in the second case also, and also a time-limit (say, of one year) ought to have been set up for

bringing similar motions again. The provisions as passed by the Select Committee, I am afraid, will convert the local boards into perpetually intriguing bodies and destroy the stability of their administration.

(4) I am against the abolition of the companies' tax which only affects rich people.

(5) The appointment of a district panchayat officer by the district board is incompatible with the powers vested in the taluk board and its president to organize, supervise and control village panchayats, and introduces dual control over the panchayats both of the taluk board and of the district board, in the latter case through its panchayat officer who has to work under the instructions of the president of the district board. The taluk boards should be left to appoint their own panchayat officers and the Government may appoint provincial panchayat officers in addition to these to advise and help the taluk boards in the organization of panchayats.

(6) When the local boards can spend moneys for certain objects without reference to rules made by Government, it is not understood as to why Government should make rules when moneys have to be spent for objects not of a more serious character. For instance, when a taluk board can itself spend money for roads, why should Government make rules when money has to be spent for planting trees by the side of those roads. The objects for which the various classes of local boards have to spend moneys are specified clearly and the local boards should have complete independence to spend their funds for the objects specified without unnecessary restrictions imposed by the Government and without the necessity of obtaining the sanction of the Government.

A. KALESWARA RAO.

XII

1. The provisions contained in section 22-A of the Government's Bill with regard to temporary presidents will work much better than the amended provisions made by the Select Committee and are in conformity with the existing practice. Experience has not shown any justification for the proposed change which brings in Revenue officers of Government to undertake the functions of

temporary presidents. It will also often lead to practical difficulties and inconvenience if for periods of fifteen days nobody is to function as president.

In the case of the district board we would prefer to retain section 18 (2) of the present Act as it is.

2. We are opposed to any extension of the franchise at present. The electoral qualifications prescribed for taluk boards under the existing Act may be made applicable to district and taluk boards while in the case of panchayats the franchise proposed in the amending Bill may be accepted.

3. The disqualification of village officers, public prosecutors and Government pleaders is unjustifiable. The definition incorporated in the Bill from the Government of India Act (Non-official) Definition Rules may be retained.

4. We are not in favour of the provincialization proposed in clause 63 of the amending Bill. The scheme proposed is vague and does not also include in it an obligation on the part of the Government to bear the whole or even a share of the financial burden involved. It would lead to disastrous results if local bodies and their presidents are to be deprived of the powers and functions described in paragraph 3 of the clause which are proposed to be vested in the Government.

5. The proposed distribution of the land-cess income amongst the local bodies will seriously handicap district and taluk boards and will further cripple their resources which are even now quite inadequate for the costly services entrusted to them.

While we welcome the attempt to constitute a village development fund, any diversion of the land-cess towards that purpose without any guarantee from the Government of an equivalent grant is a measure of doubtful wisdom.

6. The compulsory constitution of panchayats in all villages with a population of over 1,000 is not a practicable measure at present.

7. We cannot agree to the retention of clause 11 of the transitional provisions unless the proposal to abolish tolls is carried into effect before this Bill is passed.

S. KUMARASWAMI
S. ELLAPPA CHETTIYAR

XIII

We are sorry that we have to record this minute of dissent on the same grounds as set forth in our minute on the District Municipalities Bill. We are strongly of opinion that there should be compulsory reservation for Muslims in the local boards (though not in the panchayats) for at least a decade if the age-long discontent among the Muslims is to be removed and the community is to be given an opportunity to make any progress in the political and civic spheres of life. We hold that the amendment seeking to abolish nominations, as proposed by the Committee is no step in advance and is sure to conduce to the demoralization of a whole community instead of a few individuals as has hitherto been the case.

For the same reasons as given above, we think it desirable and necessary that election to the presidentship of at least some of the district and taluk-boards should be by rotation from among the three important and distinctive communities. If after election on such basis, the president loses confidence of the board, it is but right that he should vacate and the turn given to the community next in order. In that case, the claim of the community would have been satisfied and the subsequent event would serve as a warning to the candidates to become really deserving. We do not agree that such a provision for election by rotation is in any way conflicting with the principle of no-confidence motion. We do not wish to dilate on the other points in the Bill on which we have difference of opinion, as we approve of the report generally.

A. M. AHMAD MIRAN.
BASHEER AHMED SAYEED.

XIV

I am of opinion that both from a point of efficiency and of economy revenue districts should have been split into small compact areas called circles, and circle boards ought to have been established with autonomous powers, with proper safe-guards, and having direct dealings with the local self-government. In this view the time-honoured district and taluk boards would have been removed.

2. Bigger 'panchayats' should have been constituted as 'minor municipalities' and every village ought to have

been enabled to form a village panchayat with autonomous powers in all local matters.

3. By constituting a central committee to co-ordinate matters of general and common interests pertaining to the different 'circle boards' general policies could have been carried and clashing interests adjusted.

P. ANJANEYULU.

XV

The Bill as amended gives reserved seats in village panchayats only to Adi-Dravidas. While in most towns Indian Christians are economically and educationally advanced and will have reserved seats in municipal councils, they are backward in most villages and almost as depressed as Adi-Dravidas. They should therefore have reserved seats along with Muslims equally backward—provided each of these communities is sufficiently numerous and important—say not more than one-third and not less than one-tenth of the total population of the village. I would drop the term "Indian" and class them as Christian.

Europeans as such have no peculiar rights in villages or municipal towns. Their interests are industrial and commercial and they should, I suggest, come in as representatives of such interests paying a high profession tax—say Rs. 200 per annum. Anglo-Indians, are statutory Indians and may go in as Indian Christians and all Europeans, Anglo-Indians and other Christians classed as Christians. This will enable the few European missionaries driving and struggling in mission fields for the religious welfare of their converts and for the educational and health welfare of thousands of other communities to be elected to protect and promote the causes of so many people in the local boards. Such European missionaries and other Europeans that may have settled in villages such as doctors and planters will be debarred from getting into taluk boards under the Bill as amended by the Select Committee—which exclusion will not be fair to these men.

There is need to have a statutory provision, on the basis of the Government Order issued, to make it obligatory on a district board president to issue a licence for motor bus service provided all the rules and by-laws

are complied with by the applicant for the licence. The district board president's licence may be confined with the district board roads. Presidents of taluk boards and panchayats may also be authorized to issue such licences for roads within their control.

Until the Bill to amend the Elementary Education Act is passed defining the scope of the local boards in regard to education, I would omit all reference to compulsory or voluntary powers of local boards in that respect. My humble opinion is that local boards should have nothing to do with education, at least of literary character and that it should be left to special educational boards elected more on educational franchise than property or adult franchise.

Under the District Municipalities Act, as now sought to be amended, municipal chairman may license a private slaughter-house for slaughtering animals for sale as food outside the municipal limits subject to Government sanction and anybody having such slaughter-house without a licence from the chairman of the municipal council is liable to be prosecuted (vide section 257, District Municipalities Act). This power, I think, should be exclusively reserved to one or other authority.

The reversional or appellate authority under the present Act may be appointed by the council by election, but its ex-officio chairman is the president. It can hardly be expected that such a body will do justice in case of alleged unfair treatment by the president of the board officers. It would be advisable to have a panchayat of five persons on the electoral-roll—but not member of any local board—elected by the joint body of all the local board's members to constitute a *supervising and reversional* body against the acts of the presidents of all local bodies. It may occupy the intermediate position between Government and the local bodies and may be authorized to function on behalf of Government in most cases in which Government's interference is called for.

In order to aid the president of the district board in efficiently carrying on his duties (which is not quite efficient in most places), an executive officer is needed for all district boards, if not taluk boards.

In my opinion Adi-Dravidas should have separate electorates in all local boards for a three-term or at least

two, when they may be expected to organize themselves, with more of literacy to command.

Subject to the above remarks, I have only to add that I agree generally in the views expressed in the dissenting minutes of Messrs Satyamurti, Muthuranga Mudaliyar, Venkatrangam Nayudu and R Srinivasa Ayyangar.

J. A. SALDANHA.

XVI

While agreeing generally with the minutes of dissent put in by the Hon'ble Dr. Subbarayan and Diwan Bahadur Kumaraswami Reddiyar we wish to draw pointed attention to the fact that even in districts where the optional land-cess has been imposed at the maximum rates the financial condition of the boards is far from satisfactory. If the share of the boards is reduced to six pies, it will seriously dislocate the budget and Government will have to give grants to balance the budgets

The Local Government should have power to reserve seats in district and taluk boards for any minority community or backward class which in their opinion is sufficiently numerous and important. The Select Committee has done an injustice in removing this provision from the Bill.

A. B. SHETTY.

T. M. NARAYANASAMI PILLAY.

XVII

There is no difference in the result between the reservation of seats in the general electorate and separate electorates The former takes away the freedom of choice from the electorate and is opposed to the principle of representative form of Government. The case of depressed classes deserves special consideration. Provision must be made to organize them in rural areas to be able to select suitable candidates.

2. There should be election of a proportion of members of district board from the taluk boards in order to establish co-ordination of work and administration and establish better understanding between the district board and taluk boards.

3. It is highly unjust to disenfranchise the village officers from standing as candidates for the local boards.

It is unreasonable presumption against the village headmen who are treated as honorary officers and not as public servants of the village that they exercise more influence than other professional classes. It is wrong to take away the right which they now possess and have been enjoying that right for many years. They are all tax-payers and it is undemocratic to deprive them of their rights and privileges.

4. Compulsory levy of one anna six pies as cess on land is unjust. Government must contribute a portion of excise revenue as provided for in the schedule, a specific portion may be allotted for the purpose of local boards.

5. Power should remain with Government to make rules which must be placed before the Council while it is in session Other points will be dealt with in the form of amendments.

A. P. PATRO.

XVIII

I am for quinquennial elections against the present three years term of office but wish to add that no voter should stand for election for more than three terms and no member of a local board should stand for more than two terms for election as a president or a vice-president of a board—either district or taluk board.

2. No servant of a local board who was either dismissed or whose services were dispensed with should stand for election for any of the local bodies.

3. The disqualification of village officers is not justifiable

4 I am not in favour of provincialization of all the servants of a local body as proposed in clause 63 of the amending Bill.

5. The distribution of the land-cess as proposed will seriously disturb the finances of the district and taluk boards

6. I am for compulsory constitution of village panchayats in every village with a population of 1,000 and over.

7. I am for adult franchise.

P. C. N. ETHIRAJULU NAIDU.

XIX

I am convinced that considering the volume and importance of the work of a district board, the appointment of an executive officer is absolutely necessary. I am also convinced that no person shall hold the office of president for more than two terms consecutively. I am also of opinion that the president of a district board ought to cease to hold office as such on his filing a valid nomination to the Local or Indian Legislature from the district of whose board he is the president. It is to be regretted that the Committee threw out the proposal to permit village officers to stand for election to local boards. I trust the open Council will remedy this defect.

A candidate for election to a local board circle ought to be one who resides therein. Otherwise, it may happen that most seats will go to the residents of the headquarters of the district and the rural areas will not receive adequate representation. The practice of literate voters giving an 'open vote'—often for a consideration—to help a particular candidate should, in my opinion, be penalized. It is a pity that the Committee threw out my proposal in this direction. I trust the Council will endorse this view.

There should be an 'appeal board' for subordinates of local boards to which they may prefer appeals in case of suspensions or dismissals.

No toll-gate should be located within 20 miles of another toll-gate and in this light the location of existing toll-gates should be revised.

It is a pity that the Committee did not see its way to exempt co-operative societies from payment of profession tax although the advisability of exempting them from the payment of property-tax was conceded. In view of the special treatment meted out to such institutions by Government, I trust the Council will see its way to exempt co-operative societies from the payment of profession tax. It is the rural population that will be immensely benefited by such a concession.

The Bill as amended by the Select Committee has left much power in the hands of taluk boards over panchayats. Experience tells me that this should be rectified.

Last, though not least, the existence of two classes of boards above the panchayats ought to be done away with. One class of institutions will be ample. For instance, we

may well abolish taluk boards and have only division boards, say, comprising three or four taluks in a district. As it is, an overwhelmingly large portion of the income of local boards is now being spent in establishment, leaving very little for carrying on improvements that will benefit the people.

T. AUDINARAYANA CHETTY.

XX

The two functions which district boards discharge now are the maintenance of trunk and first-class roads and the control of secondary education. In view of the fact that both these are likely to be provincialized soon, district boards may cease to exist. If, however, they are to continue, provision must be made in the Act for the appointment of executive officers to carry on the administration efficiently. The board will lay down the policy and see to its proper execution. If an efficient executive is statutorily provided for, there can be no objection to the presidents of district boards either seeking election to the Legislature or becoming members thereof as such. It is contended, however, that district boards act as co-ordinating authorities in respect of local bodies in districts, and hence it is urged that they may be retained. I suggest that the officer proposed to be appointed to look after the working of panchayats in each district may be authorized to function as the co ordinating authority in place of the board.

P. T. RAJAN.

XXI

We sign the Report of the Select Committee subject (*a*) to the same comments which we made with reference to reservation of seats and joint electorates in connexion with the District Municipalities Bill and (*b*) to a revision of the schedule in connexion with profession tax. Certain grades are unwarrantably high and there is no justification for an increase over the old rate of 300 per cent in some cases.

F. E JAMES.
H. F. P. HEARSON.

XXII

I agree with the views expressed by the Hon'ble M-I and four others in paragraphs 3, 4, 7, 10 and 11 of their minute of dissent.

I am not in favour of the provision introduced by the Select Committee disqualifying village officers from standing for election to any board. The existing relaxation of rules in their favour should, I think, continue.

I am opposed to clause 63 of the amending Bill. It is a retrograde step to deprive the local bodies and their presidents of the powers and functions described in paragraph 2 of the clause which are proposed to be vested in the Government.

W. P. A. SOUNDRAPANDIAN.

XXIII

In India the interest the people take in local administration depends upon the caste, creed and religion in which they are born. The condition of a community in wealth and education may be floating. But once it gained its numerical strength, can never go down unless converted to other community or religion. For Indians are prolific race. In Southern India the caste Hindus are large in number. To adjust the difference, the number of members of each community, representing on a council, should be equal, without paying any heed to numerical strength, wealth and education. Otherwise, caste Hindus, who are numerically large, wealthy and educated will predominate the minority communities for generations together. The reservation of number of seats may be so adjusted as to be equal to all communities until the minority communities are fairly advanced in their economic and educational conditions. Such an arrangement will soon bring an equilibrium in a council of any local board institution and the communal predominance or difference will soon disappear. The majority of the kind stated above, should climb down to uplift the minorities.

If this proposal is not acceptable, then we would suggest a separate electorate for the depressed classes, with reserved seats, according to their numerical strength. When there are separate constituencies in provincial legislature, for Brahmans, non Brahmans, Muhammadans, and Indian Christians, we do not see any reason why there should not be a separate electorate for the depressed classes in local bodies. Among the Hindus, the non-Brahmans claimed and had separate constituency, and thereby gained a lot over intellectual Brahmans. Now,

we hear some of them say, that they no more require separate constituency, because they have established their rights, and grown stronger. Similarly, if the depressed classes were given a separate electorate in local boards as a tentative measure for a period of, say, ten years, they will understand their position and improve to be fit themselves to throw their lot in general electorate and work for the general interests of the country. Otherwise, their conditions as they are now, will permit other communities to drive them from pillar to post for the benefit of their employers, and religious and political propagandists, to be in the same depressed state for ever. Besides, they will be as a sheet anchor withholding progress of the country.

(4) The depressed classes in village areas have not even congregations like Muhammadans and Christians, who meet their respective members in mosques and churches once in a week.

(2) They are steeped in ignorance, and poverty-stricken. Their mind is made for them by the caste Hindus to be subservient. They are under threat of prosecution keeping them in starvation, and making them shelterless. They are like stray cattle. Any caste Hindu candidate with no scruple can round them up, drive them and make use of them for election purpose to achieve his end. During election contests, candidates among caste Hindus are sure to drag in the depressed classes to fight for them in factions which will be detrimental to them.

(3) Observing on one hand the continual oppression, deprivation of all their rights and privileges, expelling them from society (untouchability) and the natural hatred shown by the caste Hindus, and on the other hand the grudge the depressed classes have against the caste Hindus, which is fermenting, any slight friction in general election, even in a remote corner, will spread like wild fire in the country to such an extent as to necessitate to call the army in.

(4) If the depressed are left in general electorate, they will go from bad to worse, generation in and generation out.

(5) Only those caste Hindus who have had the advantage of votes of the depressed classes men, will

plead for their inclusion in general election. A caste Hindu may walk to a hamlet of an untouchable for a vote, and even mix himself in a polling booth, yet, it will not be to the advantage of the depressed.

Whereas, in separate electorate, the depressed can pick and choose their own candidates to contest without outside interference, and within a short period they will be able to understand the value of franchise, and take part in general election and in local administration.

Except in municipal areas where caste Hindu population predominates, in rural areas the numerical strength of the population of the communities varies. The reservation of seats should be in accordance with the numerical strength of the communities. The fixity, that the number of seats not to exceed one-fourth of the strength of the total number of seats, is to give predominance to caste Hindus, however low their population strength may be. Even plural votes will not help the minority communities. The caste Hindu seldom votes for candidates of minority communities. Sub-section 5 of section 9 of the Bill will throw the depressed communities in rural areas in general electorate to their disadvantage. For these reasons we are for separate electorates for the depressed classes.

R. SRINIVASAN,

N. SIVA RAJ,

V. I. MUNISWAMI PILLAY.

XXIV

We are against the proposal of making the optional land-cess of 6 pies in the rupee, under section 78 (*b*) (1) and (2), compulsory or obligatory. Land is already taxed to its maximum and to impose a further burden on it by removing the option, which hitherto rested in the local boards, is most undesirable. The provision in the existing Act, giving the option to local boards to levy a cess of 6 pies in the rupee, gives them enough impetus and scope to levy the same. The fact, that about 70 per cent of the local boards are now levying the full cess of 18 pies in the rupee, is no argument in favour of making the whole cess compulsory. The levy of the additional 6 pies should be entirely a matter of

option, left to the discretion of local boards, who can introduce it if they feel the necessity for it. We agree that local boards, especially the panchayats, have wider functions to perform and that there is need for further rural reconstruction, but to achieve this object it is not fair to impose a further compulsory tax on land. Government should contribute a portion of the land or excise revenue for these purposes. We also consider that clause 64 [section 75 (2) (a)] is enough safeguard for a panchayat or a local area to levy any tax for a specific purpose.

The present method of revising land-cess once in three years is most unsatisfactory and leads to inconveniences and hardships. We therefore suggest that this should be fixed, at least once for every ten years, on the average cess paid during the previous ten years.

In clause 79 (section 80) of the Bill amendments were proposed to omit the words "one half of" in line 2 and to insert the word "full" between the words "the" and "cess" in line 3. The effect of these amendments is to entitle landholders coming within the meaning of clause 68 (section 79, clause iii) to claim a remission of the full land-cess payable by them on so much of the annual rent value of land as is equal to the amount of the permanently settled land revenue payable by them to Government. In other words, the landholders should be liable to pay land-cess on their gross income minus the amount paid towards peshkash. Under the existing law, which is repeated in the Bill, the landholders are entitled to a deduction only of one-half of the peshkash from their gross income.

Apart from the questions, whether in view of the provisions of the Permanent Settlement Regulation (Regulation XXV of 1802) and the terms of Sanads-i-milkiyat istimrar the landholders are liable to pay any tax or cess in addition to the permanently settled peshkash and whether the Local Boards Act can have the effect of impliedly abrogating any provisions of an earlier special enactment, we submit that the amendments proposed to clause 79 of the Bill are reasonable and equitable. In all systems of taxation the incidence of the tax is on the income which the assessee is ultimately entitled to retain for his use. Under the Income-tax Act the assessee is entitled inter alia to an allowance of any sums paid on account of land-revenue, local rates or municipal taxes. Under the

District Municipalities Act the property-tax is levied on the gross rental value minus 10 percent. thereof, which is allowed for repairs or other purposes. Thus the general policy in all taxing enactments is to impose the burden on what is popularly known as net income of the assessee. It is not just and equitable that a departure from the said policy should be made in the case of land-cess. The landholder pays the peshkash from his gross income. The peshkash is made a first charge on his estate, which is liable to be sold for arrears. Peshkash is to land what taxes are to other kinds of property. Peshkash is in fact a tax on land. If, therefore, the landholder is allowed, as under the existing law and the present Bill, to claim remission of the land-cess payable on only half of the peshkash, he is really obliged to pay a tax on half of the tax which he had already paid. This procedure is, opposed to principle and is against the policy of fiscal enactments of civilized countries.

While provision has been introduced for making the "sub-landholder of a revenue village," directly responsible for the payment of land-cess to the Collector a similar provision has not been made in regard to holders of inams which are portions of a village. Such a provision is in our opinion most essential. The difficulties pointed out in regard to this matter may be overcome. It is needless to state that a landholder who requires relief will be in a position to furnish the necessary information.

RAJAH OF KHALLIKOTE.

S. K. KRISHNA YACHENDRA
(*Kumara Raja of Venkatagiri*).

A. P. PATRO.

A. V. BHANOJI ROW.

XXV

The hon. the Minister for Local Self-Government unfortunately chose to introduce an amending Bill instead of a consolidating measure repealing the old Act. The Select Committee was therefore handicapped in its attempt to improve the Bill to a desirable degree. In view of the rousing interest evinced by the people and the growth of

local self-consciousness in this Presidency, a comprehensive Bill empowering the boards and the panchayats to act as autonomous local institutions charged with the responsibility of doing all the important State functions within their jurisdiction, such as administration of religious institutions, village police, village artizans, communal poramboke, village courts and such other important and necessary functions discharged by similar institutions in other free countries and Dominions. An amending Bill of this kind cannot but be a stop-gap measure. The difficulties of the Committee were greater as certain important sections involving questions of principle had to be ruled out of order as the Government did not touch them and sanction of the Governor-General was not obtained on those questions. However, I strongly dissent from the view taken up by the majority on the following questions:—

Financial problems.—The old Act laid down separate provisions for taxes on companies as distinct from professions. While the former was a tax mainly on the European firms and external trade, the latter is a tax on all professions, small trades, arts and industries within the local area. In view of the absence of necessary State-aid to our arts and industries, many boards were levying a company's tax without taxing the local arts and industries. The action of the Select Committee in doing away with the company's tax and putting external trade on a par with the taxing capacity of the local arts and industries has done worse than justice to the people engaged in those avocations. The abnormal increase in the rate of profession tax may, I am afraid, cripple the few arts and the small industries that we have in certain localities. Added to this, the special cess of three pies for taluk boards and three pies for district boards, which were hitherto optional, have been made compulsory. What is worse, a new kind of local tax on land, which was up till now unknown in this province or in any other province in India, has been devised under section 75 (2) by which a village panchayat may levy a tax, to any limit, on land with the approval of the Local Government. This I am afraid will be conveniently utilized to feed factions in a village or to tax non-resident villagers. In this respect, the decision of the Select Committee is more reactionary than the Government Bill which proposed the optional levy of a maximum cess of 7½ pies

per rupee. Such a proposal not only puts a limitation on the taxing power of the panchayat but also ensures a half contribution from the landholders for their ryots who pay a rent many times higher than what the ryotwari pattadar pays for similar lands. The proposed land tax under section 75 (2) was not therefore called a cess to minimise the opposition of landholders and their staunch supporters in the Select Committee. The honour of imposing a double tax on land therefore for the first time goes to Madras where land is more heavily taxed than any other province. Even reasonable amendments on the lines of the Bengal Cess Act, for publication of the levy of cess at the end of three years in every village to enable the poor illiterate ryot to know the amount of cess he has to pay as also the excess he has to pay or the refund he has to receive after adjustment was also defeated, revealing an uncompromising tendency in the majority not to inconvenience and much less to displease the landholders.

Questions relating to the abolition of tolls were not allowed to be moved. Even the most reasonable proposal of insisting upon district boards to have their toll-gates only in every twentieth mile, as is laid in the Act, was defeated. Few people have therefore to congratulate the Select Committee for the additional burden of taxation thrown on the people and at the same time discriminating the levy of these to favour the rich and influential. The effect of these new burdens is bound to be hard on the zamindari ryot who pay rent to his landholder on the basis of a full half of the gross produce, with many other incidences illegal and undesirable. Payment of half the cess out of 18 pies in the rupees therefore takes away a good slice from the half of the gross produce (the ryot gets to his share) which includes his investment, labour, supervision, vicissitudes of season, etc.

Attempt towards centralization.—While the non-official members in 1919 were fighting with Government to do away with district boards, the Committee legalizes the existence of district boards by additional statutory safeguards. Exigencies of space do not allow me here to repeat the arguments of the officials and non-officials in 1920 justifying the existence of temporary district boards. It can safely however be asserted that none of the arguments put forward by Government in 1920 would hold water at present to justify the continuance of the existence

of district boards. Curious however that the majority in the Select Committee should have thought fit to retain this institution with added powers. The district board has to appoint a panchayat officer for supervision. The president, district board, is invested with certain extraordinary powers under section 42 over the taluk board and its president, thus creating a hierarchy of non-officials with the Minister of Local Self-Government at its head. The president, district board, has also been made the ex-officio president of the village development fund in which the taluk board presidents are ex-officio members. This marshalling of power and influence in the mufassal cannot but find its course through party channels making ministerial influences a menace in elections to provincial and Indian legislatures. Having experience of the continuity of certain presidents in office for the last three terms and four terms continuously and also having seen that certain persons taking upon themselves too many offices and unable to do justice to any, it is unwise to allow persons to contest seats in local boards as presidents continuously for more than two terms.

Powers of the Local Government and the Collector.—Local Government in this country is a creature of the legislature. It has no powers except those which are specifically assigned to them under the statute. Extraordinary powers vested in the Government with not only powers of interference but also asking the local board to do a thing failing which get it done and realize the money in preference to other demands cannot be justified under any circumstance. Similarly, the emergency powers conferred on the Collector are not at all necessary. The Government under the present Act have more powers of interference than they had under the Act of 1920. The power of Government to dismiss a president under certain circumstances as also interference in cases of elections can hardly be justified.

Sanitation and public health is the most important concern of local bodies. Experience of the past 50 years in working them has proved that the western system of medicine is not enough to meet the needs of the country. Ninety per cent of the people always depend on the indigenous systems of medicines. A great responsibility therefore rested on the Committee to devise means both for the promotion, instruction and manufacture of

medicine according to the indigenous systems by opening one school of Indian medicine in every district with an institution to manufacture medicines to supply the needs of the rural dispensaries and the people as cheaply as possible. The refusal of the Committee to accept such a proposal cannot but be severely commented upon.

BISWANATH DAS.

XXVI

I am unable to agree to the extension of the franchise to all adults in panchayat areas and to all tax-payers for taluk and district board areas. There will be very many difficulties which will not be easily overcome by adopting this franchise for local board areas. In the case of panchayats it is but right that only tax-payers and those who have vested interests in the panchayat area shall be given the right to choose their representatives for the administration of the panchayats. In the case of taluk and district boards, time has not yet come for extending the present franchise. Many taluk boards have found it difficult on financial grounds to print their electoral rolls. To get over this difficulty, I would suggest that the electoral rolls of the Legislative Council for the time being be adopted as the electoral roll for the taluk boards and the electoral rolls of the Legislative Assembly as of the district boards. If the Assembly franchise is found too restricted the Legislative Council rolls may be adopted in the case of district boards as well. Of course, the Legislative Council rolls of Non-Muhammadans, Muhammadans and Christians will be adopted as the rolls of the taluk and district boards.

K. SITARAMA REDDI.

[As amended by the Select Committee.]

BILL No. 13 OF 1929.

A Bill to amend the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920.

Preamble.

Madras Act XIV of 1920. Madras Act XV of 1920

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend and consolidate the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920, and the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920;

AND WHEREAS the previous sanction of the Governor-General has been obtained to the passing of this Act, It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. This Act may be called the Madras Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1930.

Repeal of Madras Act XV of 1920

2. The Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, is hereby repealed

Amendment of section 3 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

Madras Act XIV of 1920.

3. In section 3 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1920 (hereinafter referred to as the said Act)—

(i) clause (1) shall be re-numbered as clause (1-B) and the following clauses shall be inserted as clauses (1) and (1-A) respectively:—

'Adi-Dravida'

"(1) 'Adi-Dravida' means any person professing the Hindu religion and belonging to any of the following communities, namely, the Paraiyans, Pallans, Valluvans, Malas, Madigas, Chakkiliyans, Tottiyans, Cherumans and Holeyas, or to any other community that may be prescribed";

'Anglo-Indian.'

"(1-A) 'Anglo-Indian' means any person not being a European who is

(i) of European descent in the male line, or

(ii) of mixed Asiatic and non-Asiatic descent whose father, grandfather or more remote ancestor in the male line was born in the Continent of Europe, Canada, Newfoundland, Australia, New Zealand, the Union of South Africa or the United States of America;"

'Casual vacancy.' 'Casual election.'

(ii) after clause (5), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(5-A) 'casual vacancy' means a vacancy occurring otherwise than by efflux of time and 'casual election' means an election held on the occurrence of a casual vacancy;"

'Company.'

(iii) for clause (6), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(6) 'company' means a company as defined in the Indian Companies Act, 1913, or formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or of Royal Charter or Letters Patent, or of an Act of the Legislature of a British Possession and includes any firm or association carrying on business in the Presidency of Madras, whether incorporated or not, and whether its principal place of business is situated in the said presidency or not :

Act VII of 1913.

Provided that it shall not include any society registered or deemed to be registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912;"

Act II of 1912.

'District.'

(iv) for clause (7) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—

"(7) 'district' means any local area which, for the purposes of revenue administration, is under the charge of a district collector, after excluding therefrom all areas included in—

(a) municipalities constituted under the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920,

(b) cantonments constituted under the Cantonments Act, 1924, and

(c) Scheduled districts as defined in the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874"

'District board.'

"(7-A) 'district board' means the body constituted for the local administration of a district under sub-section (1) of section 6 ;"

'European.'

Rule 1 (b), Schedule II to the Madras Electoral Rules.

"(7-B) 'European' means any person of European descent who either was born in or has a domicile in the United Kingdom or in any British possession or in any State of India, or whose father was so born or has or had up to the date of the birth of the person in question such a domicile.

'Forest.'

Section 3 (2), Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920.

"(7-C) 'forest' includes unreserved land at the disposal of Government and forest reserved under the Madras Forest Act, 1882 ;"

Madras Act V of 1882.

(v) after clause (8), the following clause shall be inserted, namely :—

'Indian Christian.'

Section 2 (c), Indian Succession Act, 1925.

"(8-A) 'Indian Christian' means a native of India who is, or in good faith claims to be, of unmixed Asiatic descent and who professes any form of the Christian religion ;"

(vi) in clause (9), for the words 'in Malabar' the words 'in the district of Malabar' shall be substituted;

(vii) after clause (10), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

"(10-A) 'legislative council' means the legislative council of the Governor of Madras; 'Legislative council.'

"(10-B) 'local authority' includes a cantonment authority;" 'Local authority.'

(viii) for clause (11) the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(11) 'local board' means and includes a district board, taluk board or panchayat;" 'Local board.'

(ix) for clause (12), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(12) 'local fund' means and includes a district fund, taluk fund or village fund;" 'Local fund.'

(x) after clause (13), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(13-A) 'ordinary vacancy' means a vacancy occurring by efflux of time and 'ordinary election' means an election held on the occurrence of an ordinary vacancy;" 'Ordinary vacancy.' 'Ordinary election.'

(xi) after clause (15), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:— Section 3 (15), Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920

"(15-A) 'panchayat' means the body constituted for the local administration of a village under sub-section (1) of section 6; 'Panchayat.'

"(15-B) 'panchayatdar' means a member of a panchayat;" 'Panchayatdar.'

(xii) in clause (18), the words 'over which the public have a right of way' occurring after the words 'whether a thoroughfare or not' shall be placed before those words;

(xiii) in clause (19), for the words 'return thereto,' the words 'return to such house' shall be substituted;

(xiv) after clause (19), the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

"(19-A) 'revenue taluk' means any local area which, for the purposes of revenue administration, is under the 'Revenue taluk.'

charge of a tahsildar or an independent deputy tahsildar after excluding the areas, if any, referred to in sub-clauses (a) to (c) of clause (7).

'Revenue village'

"(19-B) 'revenue village' means any local area which is recognised as a village in the revenue accounts of Government after excluding the areas, if any, referred to in sub-clauses (a) to (c) of clause (7)."

(xv) for clause (21), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—

'Sub-landholder.'

"(21) 'Sub-landholder' means a person who holds any revenue village forming part of any permanently settled estate whether zamindari, jaghir, mitta or palayam or of any unsettled palayam or jaghir under a tenure created, continued or recognised by the holder of such estate and not separately registered in the office of the Collector under the provisions of the Madras Land Revenue Assessment Act, 1876, and who has been registered in the office of the Collector under the rules prescribed.

Madras Act I of 1876.

Explanation.—When any person other than the landholder is in lawful management as mortgagee or lessee or otherwise than as agent or servant of the landholder, such person shall be deemed to be a sub-landholder.

'Taluk'

(21-A) 'taluk' means the revenue taluk referred to in sub-section (1) of section 4 or the revenue taluks constituted into a taluk under sub-section (2) of the same section.

'Taluk board.'

(21-B) 'taluk board' means the body constituted for the local administration of a taluk under sub-section (1) of section 6."

(xvi) for clause 23, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

'Village.'

"(23) 'Village' means any local area which is declared to be a village under section 5."

Substitution of new sections for sections 4 and 5 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

4. For sections 4 and 5 with their heading the following heading and sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Taluks and Villages.

Taluks.

"4. (1) Save as otherwise provided in sub-section (2), every revenue taluk shall be deemed to be a taluk for the purposes of this Act.

(2) (a) The Local Government may, by notification, declare that two or more neighbouring revenue taluks in the same district shall constitute a taluk for the purposes of this Act and specify the name of the taluk.

(b) The Local Government may, by notification—

(i) exclude from any taluk constituted under clause (a) any revenue taluk comprised therein, or

(ii) include in any such taluk any revenue taluk in the vicinity thereof,

(iii) cancel a notification issued under clause (a); or

(iv) alter the name of the taluk as notified under clause (a).

(c) Before issuing a notification under clause (a) or clause (b), the Local Government shall give the taluk board or boards which will be affected by the issue of such notification a reasonable opportunity for showing cause against the proposal and shall consider the explanations and objections, if any, of such taluk board or boards.

(d) Every notification issued under clause (a) or sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) shall contain a statement of the reasons therefor and be laid on the table of the Legislative Council.

Villages

"5 (1) The Local Government may for the purposes of this Act declare, by notification published in the prescribed manner any part of a revenue taluk to be a village and specify the name of the village:

Provided that every revenue village with a population of one thousand and above according to the last census shall be declared to be, or, included in a village.

(2) The Local Government may, by notification published in the prescribed manner—

(a) exclude from a village any local area comprised therein, or,

(b) include in a village any local area in the vicinity thereof and in the same revenue taluk,

(c) cancel a notification issued under sub-section (1) or

(d) alter the name of the village as notified under sub-section (1).

(3) Before issuing a notification under sub-section (2), the Local Government shall give the panchayat or panchayats which will be affected by the issue of such notification a reasonable opportunity for showing cause against the proposal and shall consider the explanations and objections, if any, of such panchayat or panchayats."

Amendment of section 6 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

5. In section 6 of the said Act—

(a) in sub-section (1), for the words 'for each union, a union board' the words 'for each village, a panchayat' shall be substituted;

(ii) after the same proviso, the following further proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

Proviso to section 6 (2) of the Madras Local Boards Act.

"Provided further that where there is no panchayat in any part of a taluk, the taluk board and the president thereof shall have the rights, exercise the powers and perform the duties of the panchayat and of the president thereof, respectively in such part of the taluk"; and

(iii) in sub-section (3)—

(a) for the words "by the name of the local area for which it shall have been established be a body corporate", the words "be a body corporate by the name of the district or revenue taluk or the name of the taluk or village which is specified in the notification under section 4 or 5 as the case may be" shall be substituted; and

(b) between the words 'imposed by' and the words 'this or any other enactment' the words 'or under' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 7 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

6. In section 7 of the said Act, for the entry relating to 'Union boards' the following entry shall be substituted, namely:—

"Panchayats 16 8"

Substitution of new sections for sections 8 and 9 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

7. For sections 8 and 9 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

All members of local boards to be elected.

"8. All the members of every local board shall be elected in the manner laid down in Chapter IV.

Reservation of seats on local boards for certain communities and for women.

"9. (1) In any district board, the Local Government may, in their discretion, by notification, from time to time, reserve seats for—

(a) Muslims,
(b) Indian Christians,
(c) Adi-Dravidas,
(d) Europeans,
(e) Anglo-Indians, or
(f) Women

and determine the number of such seats.

(2) In any taluk board, the Local Government may, in their discretion, by notification, from time to time, reserve seats for—

(a) Muslims,
(b) Indian Christians,
(c) Adi-Dravidas, or
(d) Women

and determine the number of such seats.

(3) In any panchayat, the Local Government may, in their discretion, by notification, published in the prescribed manner, from time to time, reserve seats for Adi-Dravidas and determine the number of such seats.

(4) The total number of seats reserved in any local board under sub-section (1), (2) or (3) shall not exceed one-fourth of the strength fixed for the local board under section 10.

(5) No seat shall be reserved in any district board for any of the communities mentioned in clauses (a) to (c) of sub-section (1), or in any taluk board for any of the communities mentioned in clauses (a) to (c) of sub-section (2), if at the last census, such community constituted more than one-half of the total population of the district or taluk, as the case may be.

(6) In reserving seats in any local board for any community the Local Government shall have due regard to its number and importance.

(7) Nothing contained in sub-sections (1) to (3) shall be deemed to prevent members of any community or women, for whom seats have been reserved in any local board, from standing for election to the non-reserved seats in the board."

Substitution of new section for section 13 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

8. For section 10 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Determination of number of members of local boards.

"10. (1) The Local Government shall, by notification, declare the total number of members of every local board.

(2) Subject to the approval of the Local Government, any local board may, by resolution supported by not less than three-fourths of the members present at a meeting specially convened in that behalf, alter the total number of its members as notified under sub-section (1).

(3) The notification referred to in sub-section (1) and the resolution referred to in sub-section (2) shall be published in the prescribed manner."

Substitution of new sections 11 and 11-A for section 11 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

9. For section 11 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Election and term of office of members of local boards.

"11. (1) Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, the term of office of the members of a local board shall be three years beginning and expiring at noon on the first day of November.

(2) Ordinary vacancies in the office of a member of a local board shall be filled at ordinary elections which shall be fixed by the prescribed authority to take place on such day or days in the months of August and September next preceding the vacancies, as he thinks fit:

Provided that the Local Government may, for sufficient cause, direct or permit the holding of any ordinary election after the end of September.

(3) A member of a local board elected at an ordinary election held after the occurrence of a vacancy, shall enter upon office forthwith but shall hold office only so long as he would have been entitled to hold office, if he had been elected before the occurrence of the vacancy.

(4) A casual vacancy in the office of a member of a local board shall be filled at a casual election which shall be fixed by the prescribed authority to take place as soon as may be after the occurrence of the vacancy;

Provided that no casual election shall be held to fill a vacancy occurring within three months before the ordinary date of retirement and that such vacancy shall be filled at the next ordinary election.

(5) A member of a local board elected at a casual vacancy shall enter upon office forthwith, but shall hold office only so long as the member in whose place he is elected, would have been entitled to hold office if the vacancy had not occurred.

Procedure where no member is elected at an election.

"11-A. If at an ordinary or casual election to a local board held under section 11 no member is elected, a fresh election shall be held on such day as the prescribed authority may fix.

(2) If, at such fresh election, no member is elected, the local board may, in the manner prescribed, elect a qualified person to fill the vacancy.

(3) The term of office of a member of a local board elected under this section shall expire at the time at which it would have expired if he had been elected at the ordinary or casual election, as the case may be.

Substitution of new sections for section 12 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

10. For section 12 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

President's and vice-presidents of local boards.

"12. Every local board shall elect one of its members to be its president, and another member to be its vice-president.

Procedure when no president or vice-president is elected at an election.

"12-A. If at an election held under section 12, no president or vice-president is elected, a fresh election shall be held."

Repeal of sections 13 and 14 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

11. Sections 13 and 14 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 15 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

12. Sub-section (2) of section 15 of the said Act shall be renumbered as sub-section (3) and for sub-section (1) of that section, the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"15. (1) A president of a local board shall be deemed to have vacated his office—

(a) on the expiry of his term of office as a member of the board or on his otherwise ceasing to be such member, or,

(b) on his election as president or vice-president of any other local board in the district.

(2) A vice-president of a local board shall be deemed to have vacated his office—

(a) on the expiry of his term of office as a member of the board, or on his otherwise ceasing to be such member; or

(b) on his election as president of the board or as president or vice-president of any other local board in the district."

Amendment of section 16 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

13. To section 16 of the said Act, the following sentence shall be added, namely :—

"Such resignation shall take effect in the case of a member or vice-president from the date on which it is received by the president and in the case of a president from the date on which it is placed before a meeting of the local board."

Amendment of section 17 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

13-A. In section 17 of the said Act, the words " or appointed " in both the places where they occur shall be omitted.

Repeal of section 18 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

14. Section 18 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 20 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

15. In section 20 of the said Act, for the words " receive any salary or other remuneration from the funds at the disposal of or under the control of such board ", the words " receive or be paid from the funds at the disposal of or under the control of such board any salary or other remuneration for services rendered by him in any capacity whatsoever " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 21 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

16. In sub-section (2) of section 21 of the said Act, for the words " which by this Act it is expressly declared," the words " which this Act expressly declares " shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 22-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

17. After section 22 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Purpose of president's functions during vacancy in office.

" 22-A. (1) When the office of president of a local board is vacant, the vice-president shall exercise the functions of the president until a new president assumes office.

(2) When the office of president of a local board is vacant and there is either a vacancy in the office of vice-president or the vice-president has been absent from jurisdiction for more than fifteen days or is incapacitated—

(a) the district collector, in the case of a district board,

(b) the tahsildar or deputy tahsildar having jurisdiction over the area in which the office of the taluk board is situated, in the case of a taluk board, and

(c) the village munsif having jurisdiction over the area in which the office of the panchayat is situated, in the case of a panchayat

shall convene a meeting for the election of a president ; and until a new president or vice-president is elected and assumes office or the vice-president returns to jurisdiction or recovers from his incapacity, as the case may be, the said collector, tahsildar or deputy tahsildar, or village munsif, shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder, be ex-officio member and president of the local board.

(3) The meeting for the election of a president referred to in sub-section (2) shall be convened only after giving a notice to the members of not less than fifteen clear days in the case of district and taluk boards and of not less than five clear days in the case of panchayats.

Explanation.—A new president or vice-president shall be deemed to have assumed office on his being declared elected as such."

Substitution of new section for sections 23 and 24 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

18. For sections 23 and 24 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Delegation of powers or duties by president.

"23. (1) The president of a local board may, by an order in writing, delegate any of his functions to the vice-president:

Provided that he shall not delegate any functions which the board expressly forbids him to delegate.

(2) If the president of a local board has been continuously absent from jurisdiction for more than fifteen days, or if he is incapacitated, his functions except those of promoting, withholding promotion from, reducing, removing or dismissing any officer or servant of the board shall, during such absence or incapacity, devolve on the vice-president:

Provided that where the absence from jurisdiction of the president is within the Presidency of Madras and is on business connected with the board, the president's functions shall not, except to the extent, if any, to which functions have been delegated by him under sub-section (1), devolve on the vice-president.

(3) If the vice-president also has been continuously absent from jurisdiction for more than fifteen days or is incapacitated or if the office of vice-president is vacant, the president may, by an order in writing, delegate any of his functions to any member of the board who shall be styled president-delegate during the period of delegation:

Provided that

(i) when an order of delegation made under this sub-section is in force, no further order of delegation of any functions shall be made in favour of any other than the member in whose favour the order in force was made;

(ii) no delegation under this sub-section shall be made for any period exceeding in the aggregate ninety days in any year without the special sanction of the board; and

(iii) every order made under this sub-section shall be communicated to the board at its next meeting and when made by the president of a taluk board or panchayat shall also be communicated forthwith to the president of the district board or of the taluk board respectively.

(4) Subject to any restrictions that the local board may impose, the president of a local board may, by an order in writing, delegate any of his executive functions, to any member, officer or servant of the board or to any officer of Government and in the case of the president of a taluk board or panchayat subject also to the consent of the president of the district board, to any officer or servant of the district board."

19. [Omitted.]

Amendment of section 25 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

20. In section 25 of the said Act—

(i) for the word "powers" the word "functions" and for the words and figures "sections 23 and 24", the word and figure "section 23" shall be substituted; and

(ii) the following sentence shall be added at the end, namely:—

"The president shall also have power to control and revise the exercise or discharge of any functions devolving on the vice-president under sub-section (2) of section 23."

Amendment of section 27 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

21. In section 27 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), the words "record, correspondence, plan or other" shall be omitted; and

(ii) in clause (*b*) of sub-section (2), for the words "taluk or union board" the words "taluk board or panchayat" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for sections 28 and 29 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

22. For sections 28 and 29 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Constitution of committees of local boards.

"28. (1) (*a*) A local board may constitute committees for the purpose of exercising such powers, discharging

such duties or performing such functions as it may delegate to them.

(2) A local board may also appoint individual members or committees to enquire into and report or advise on any matters which it may refer to them.

(3) Save as otherwise expressly provided in this Act, the president of the local board shall, by virtue of his office, be a member and the chairman of every committee constituted under sub-section (1).

(4) It shall be lawful for a local board by a resolution supported by not less than one-half of its sanctioned strength to elect as members of any committee constituted under sub-section (1) any persons who are not members of the board but who may, in the opinion of the board, possess special qualifications or special interest for serving on such committee. But the number of such persons shall not exceed one-third of the total number of members of such committee.

(5) All the provisions of this Act relating to the duties, powers, liabilities, disqualifications and disabilities of members of the local board shall be applicable, so far as may be, to the members of any committee who are not members of the local board."

Substitution of new section for section 30 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

23. For section 30 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Appointment of joint committees.

"30. (1) A local board may, and if so required by the Local Government shall, join with one, or more than one, other local authority in constituting a joint committee for any purpose in which they are jointly interested or for any matter for which they are jointly responsible.

(2) A joint committee may include persons who are not members of the local authorities concerned but who may, in their opinion, possess special qualifications or special interest for serving on such committee :

Provided that the number of such persons shall not exceed one-third of the total number of members of the joint committee.

(3) The constitution of a joint committee shall be by means of regulations which shall not, except in the cases provided by sub-sections (6) and (7), have effect unless assented to by each of the local authorities concerned

(4) The regulations shall determine—

(*a*) the total number of members of the joint committee;

(*b*) the number who shall be members of the local authorities concerned and the number who may be outsiders;

(*c*) the persons who shall be members of the joint committee or the manner in which they shall be elected or appointed;

(*d*) the person who shall be chairman of the joint committee or the manner in which he shall be elected or appointed;

(*e*) the term of office of members and chairman;

(*f*) the powers, being powers exercisable by one or more of the local authorities concerned, which may be exercised by the joint committee; and

(*g*) the procedure of the joint committee.

(5) Regulations made under sub-sections (3) and (4) may be varied or revoked provided that all the local authorities concerned assent to such variation or revocation.

(6) If the Local Government take action under sub-section (1), they may issue such directions as they think necessary or desirable in respect of all or any of the matters referred to in sub-sections (3) and (4).

(7) If any difference of opinion arises between local authorities under any of the foregoing provisions of this section, it shall be referred to the Local Government, whose decision shall be final."

Amendment of section 31 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

24. In section 31 of the said Act—

(i) the word 'supplementary' before the word 'regulations' shall be omitted;

(ii) for clause (*e*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*e*) the preservation of order and the conduct of proceedings at meetings and the powers which the president may exercise for the purpose of enforcing his decisions on points of order;" and

(iii) clauses (*f*) and (*g*) shall be re-lettered as (*g*) and (*h*) respectively and for clause (*e*) the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*e*) the constitution and procedure of committees;

"(*f*) the delegation of the powers, duties or functions of the board—

(i) to the president, a member, an officer or servant of the board, or an officer of Government, or

(ii) to a committee constituted under clause (*e*) or to its chairman or to any one or more of its members."

Amendment of section 32 of Madras Act XLV of 1920.

25. In sub-section (3) of section 32 of the said Act, after the words "for that meeting" the words "and during the period that he presides over it" shall be inserted.

Repeal of section 33 of Madras Act XLV of 1920.

26. Section 33 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 34 of Madras Act XLV of 1920.

27. In section 34 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) after the words "No member of a local board" the words "or of a committee thereof" shall be inserted;

(*b*) for the words "board or any committee" the words "board or committee" shall be substituted; and

(*c*) after the words "pecuniary interest" at the end, the words "by himself or his partner" shall be added;

(ii) in sub-section (2), after the words "The president" the words "or chairman" shall be inserted and for the words "such person" in both the places where they occur, the words "such member" shall be substituted;

(iii) in sub-section (3)—

(*a*) for the words "Such person" the words "Such member" shall be substituted, and

(*b*) after the words "the president" the words "or chairman" shall be inserted;

(iv) in sub-section (4), after the words "the president" in both the places where they occur, the words "or chairman" shall be inserted;

(v) after sub-section (4), the following sub section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(5) The member concerned shall not be entitled to vote on the question referred to in sub-section (3), and the president or chairman concerned shall not be entitled to vote on the motion referred to in sub-section (4)"; and

(vi) for the Explanation, the following Explanation shall be substituted, namely :—

"*Explanation.*—In this section, 'president' includes a vice-president or member presiding for the occasion at a meeting of a local board and 'chairman' includes a member presiding for the occasion at a meeting of a committee."

Substitution of new section for section 35 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

28. For section 35 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Acts of local boards and committees not to be invalidated by informality, etc.

"35. No act of a local board or of a committee thereof or of any person acting as president, vice-president, chairman or member of such board or committee shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of a defect in the establishment of such board or committee, or on the ground that the president, vice-president, chairman or any member of such board or committee was not entitled to hold or continue in such office by reason of any disqualification or by reason of any irregularity or illegality in his election or appointment; or by reason of such act having been done during the period of any vacancy in the office of president, vice-president, chairman or member of such board or committee."

Substitution of new section for section 36 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

29. For section 36 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Submission of annual reports.

"36. (1) Every panchayat shall submit a report on its administration to the taluk board.

(2) Every taluk board shall submit to the district board a consolidated report on the administration of itself and of all the panchayats in the taluk.

(3) Every district board shall submit to the Local Government a consolidated report on the administration of itself and of all the taluk boards and panchayats in the district.

(4) The reports shall relate to the financial year and shall be submitted, as soon as may be, after the first day of April following such year and not later than such date as may be fixed by the Local Government. They shall be in such form and shall contain such details as the Local Government may direct.

(5) The report which each local board has to submit shall be prepared by its president. The local board shall consider the report and submit it to the authority concerned with its resolutions thereon, if any.

(6) The reports and the resolutions thereon, if any, shall be published in such manner as the Local Government may direct."

Substitution of new sections for section 37 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

30. For section 37 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Inspecting and superintending officers of local boards.

"37. (1) The Local Government may appoint such officers as may be required for the purpose of inspecting or superintending the operations of all or any of the local boards established under this Act.

(2) The Local Government may assign to officers appointed under sub-section (1) such salary and establishment as they may think fit. The cost of such officers and their establishment shall be paid out of the revenues of the Local Government.

Powers of entry and inspection of officer or person.

37A. Any officer or person whom the Local Government may empower in this behalf may enter on and inspect or cause to be entered on and inspected—

(a) any immovable property, or any work in progress, under the control of any local board or president;

(b) any school, hospital, dispensary, vaccination station, choultry or other institution maintained by, or under the control of, any local board and any records, registers or other documents kept in such institution; and

(c) the office of any local board and any records, registers or other documents kept therein.

Access of inspecting officers to local board property, etc.

37B. Local boards and their presidents, officers and servants shall be bound to afford to the officers and persons referred to in sections 37 and 37A such access, at all reasonable times, to local board property or premises, and to all documents as may, in the opinion of such officers or persons, subject to such rules as may be prescribed, be necessary to enable them to discharge their duties under the said sections.

Power to call for reports from local boards.

37C The Local Government, or any officer or person whom the Local Government may empower in this behalf may—

(*a*) call for any record, register or other document in the possession or under the control of any local board or president;

(*b*) require any local board or president to furnish any return, plan, estimate, statement, account or statistics;

(*c*) require any local board or president to furnish information or report on any matter connected with such board; and

(*d*) record in writing for the consideration of any local board or president any observations they or he may think proper in regard to its or his proceedings or duties.

Powers of control of presidents of district and taluk boards over taluk boards and panchayats.

37D. All the powers which may be conferred on any officer or person by the Local Government under sections 37 A and 37 C together with the right of access to property or premises and documents referred to in section 37-B may be exercised—

(*a*) by the president of the district board in the case of taluk boards and panchayats and their presidents; and

(*b*) by the president of the taluk board in the case of panchayats and their presidents."

Substitution of new section for section 38 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

31. For section 38 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Power to suspend or cancel resolution, etc., under Act.

"38. (1) The Local Government may, by order in writing—

(i) suspend or cancel any resolution passed, order issued, or licence or permission granted or

(ii) prohibit the doing of any act which is about to be done or is being done

in pursuance or under colour of this Act, if, in their opinion,

(*a*) such resolution, order, licence, permission or act has not been legally passed, issued, granted or authorized or

(b) such resolution, order, licence, permission or act, is in excess of the powers conferred by this Act or any other law or

(c) the execution of such resolution or order, or the continuance in force of such licence or permission or the doing of such act is likely to cause danger to human life, health or safety, or is likely to lead to a riot or an affray:

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall enable the Local Government to set aside any election which has been held.

(2) The Local Government shall, before taking action on grounds (a) or (b) of sub-section (1), give the authority or person concerned an opportunity for explanation."

Amendment of section 39 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

32. In sub-section (1) of section 39 of the said Act, for the words "or the president" occurring after the words "a local board", the words "or president" shall be substituted.

Repeal of section 40 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

33. Section 40 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 41 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

34. In section 41 of the said Act, for the words "district board" and "district fund" wherever they occur, the words "local board" and "local fund" shall respectively be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 42 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

35. For section 42 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Power of presidents of district and taluk boards to take action in default of taluk boards and panchayats and their presidents.

"42. The power conferred on the Local Government and the district collector under section 41 may be exercised in accordance with the provisions of that section—

(a) by the president of the district board in respect of taluk boards or their presidents; and

(b) by the president of the taluk board in respect of panchayats or their presidents:

Provided that where there is difference of opinion between the Local Government and the president of the district or taluk board, the opinion of the Local Government shall prevail."

Substitution of new sections for sections 43 and 44 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

36. For sections 43 and 44 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

Power of Local Government to remove president or vice-president of local board.

"43. (1) The Local Government may, by notification, remove any president or vice-president of a local board who, in their opinion, wilfully omits or refuses to carry out or disobeys the provisions of this Act or any rules, by-laws, regulations or lawful orders issued thereunder or abuses the powers vested in him.

(2) The Local Government shall, when they propose to take action under sub-section (1), give the president or vice-president concerned an opportunity for explanation and the notification issued under the said sub-section shall contain a statement of the reasons of the Local Government for the action taken.

Motion of no confidence in president or vice-president of local board.

"44. (1) A motion expressing want of confidence in the president or in the vice-president of a local board may be made by any member of the board, subject to the following restrictions, namely:— Rule 124, Madras Legislative Council Rules.

(a) Leave of the board to make the motion shall be asked for before the business entered in the agenda for the day is taken up

(b) The member asking for leave shall at the time of asking for leave hand to the person presiding a written notice of the motion which he proposes to make.

(2) The person presiding shall then read the motion to the board and request those members who are in favour of the leave being granted to rise in their places. If less than one-third of the sanctioned strength of the board rise accordingly, the person presiding shall inform the member that he has not the leave of the board. If not less than one-third of the sanctioned strength of the board rise, the person presiding shall intimate that leave is granted and that the motion will be taken on such day and time as he may appoint. The day appointed shall not—

(*a*) in the case of a district or taluk board, be less than ten clear days nor more than fifteen clear days, and

(*b*) in the case of a panchayat, be less than six clear days nor more than fifteen clear days,

from the day on which leave is asked.

(3) No debate on any motion under this section shall be adjourned. Such debate, if not earlier concluded, shall automatically terminate on the expiry of three hours from the time appointed for its commencement. Upon the conclusion of the debate or upon the expiry of the said period of three hours, as the case may be, the motion shall be put to the vote of the board.

(4) (*a*) If the motion is carried with the support of not less than two-thirds of the sanctioned strength of the board, the president, or vice-president, as the case may be, shall forthwith be deemed to have vacated his office as such.

(*b*) If the motion is carried, but not by such a majority as aforesaid, and if after an interval of not less than one month, another motion expressing want of confidence in the same president or vice-president, as the case may be made under sub-section (1) is carried by the board, he shall forthwith be deemed to have vacated his office as such."

Amendment of section 45 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

37. In section 45 of the said Act—

(i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

" (1) If in the opinion of the Local Government, a local board is not competent to perform or persistently makes default in performing the duties imposed on it by law or exceeds or abuses its powers, they may by notification published in the prescribed manner direct that the board be dissolved and immediately reconstituted, and fix the time within which the board shall be reconstituted :

Provided that, for the purpose of completing the elections to a local board which has been dissolved, the Local Government may in their discretion, from time to time, extend the time fixed by them under this sub-section for its reconstitution."

" (1A) Before publishing a notification under sub-section (1), the Local Government shall communicate to the local board concerned and to the district board in the case of a taluk board and to the district and taluk boards in the case of a panchayat, the grounds on which they propose to do so, fix a reasonable period for the board or boards to show cause against the proposal and consider the explanations or objections, if any, of such board or boards ;"

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words " all members of the local board " the words " all the members of the

local board including its president and vice-president" and for the word "vacate" the words "be deemed to have vacated" and for the words "fresh appointments shall be made and elections held" the words "fresh elections shall be held" shall be substituted; and

(iii) after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(2A) The term of office of the elected members of the reconstituted local board or of the members elected in their places at casual vacancies, shall expire at the end of three years, if it is reconstituted on the first day of November in any year, and in other cases, at the end of three years from the first day of November immediately preceding the date of its reconstitution;" and

(iv) in sub-section (3), for the word "performed", the word "discharged" and for the words "by such persons" the words "by such person or persons" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 45A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

38. After section 45 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

"45A. When a local board is dissolved under section 45, the Local Government until the date of its reconstitution and the reconstituted board thereafter, shall be entitled to all its assets and be subject to all its liabilities as on the date of the dissolution and reconstitution respectively."

Amendment of section 46 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

39. In section 46 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)

(*a*) for the words "power to make such contracts" the words "all such powers" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) before the words "its officers or servants" in both the places where they occur, the word "or" shall be inserted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the word "power", the word "powers" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 47 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

40. For section 47 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Election of members of district board.

"47. (1) For the purposes of election of members to a district board, the Local Government, after consulting the district board, shall by notification—

(a) divide the district into circles;

(b) determine the circles in which the seats, if any, reserved under sub-section (1) of section 9 shall be set apart; and

(c) declare for whom such seats are reserved.

(2) The circles referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall return, in addition to members for such reserved seats, one or more members for non-reserved seats. The number of such members shall be notified by the Local Government. All other circles shall be entitled to elect only one member.

(3) All the electors of a circle, irrespective of their community or sex, shall be entitled to vote at an election to any seat in that circle, whether reserved or not.

(4) When issuing under sub-section (1) a notification which materially alters the existing division of a district into circles, the Local Government shall direct that the alteration shall take effect from the date of the next ordinary elections.

(5) When the number of members to be returned by a circle is altered or when a new circle is formed, the prescribed authority shall, with the approval of the Local Government, determine—

(a) the circle which each elected member then on the district board shall be deemed to represent; and

(b) the circle or circles in which elections shall be held to fill up the vacancies, if any, in the district board."

Substitution of new section for section 45 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

41. For section 45 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Election of members of taluk board.

"45. (1) For the purposes of election of members to a taluk board, the Local Government after consulting the taluk board, shall by notification—

(a) divide the taluk into circles;

(b) determine the circles in which the seats, if any, reserved under sub-section (2) of section 9 shall be set apart; and

(c) declare for whom such seats are reserved.

(2) The circles referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall return, in addition to members for such reserved seats, one or more members for non-reserved seats. The number of such members shall be notified by the Local Government. All other circles shall be entitled to elect only one member.

(3) All the electors of a circle, irrespective of their community or sex, shall be entitled to vote at an election to any seat in that circle, whether reserved or not.

(4) When issuing under sub-section (1) a notification which materially alters the existing division of a taluk into circles, the Local Government shall direct that the alteration shall take effect from the date of the next ordinary elections.

(5) When the number of members to be returned by a circle is altered or when a new circle is formed the prescribed authority shall, with the approval of the Local Government, determine—

(a) the circle which each elected member then on the taluk board shall be deemed to represent; and

(b) the circle or circles in which elections shall be held to fill up the vacancies, if any, in the taluk board."

Substitution of new section for section 49 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

42. For section 49 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Election of members of panchayat.

"49. (1) For the purposes of election of members to a panchayat, the Local Government after consulting the panchayat may by notification—

(a) divide the village into wards; and

(b) determine the wards in which the seats, if any, reserved for Adi-Dravidas under sub-section (3) of section 9 shall be set apart.

(2) The wards referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) shall return, in addition to members for such reserved seats, one or more members for non-reserved seats. The number of such members shall be notified by the Local Government. All other wards shall be entitled to elect only one member.

(3) All the electors of a ward irrespective of their community or sex, shall be entitled to vote at an election to any seat in that ward whether reserved or not.

(4) When issuing under sub-section (1) a notification which materially alters the existing division of a village into wards, the Local Government shall direct that the alteration shall take effect from the date of the next ordinary elections.

(5) When the number of members to be returned by a ward is altered or when a new ward is formed, the prescribed authority shall, with the approval of the Local Government, determine—

(a) the ward which each elected member then on the panchayat shall be deemed to represent; and

(b) the ward or wards in which elections shall be held to fill up the vacancies, if any, in the panchayat."

Repeal of section 50 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

43. Section 50 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 51 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

44 In section 51 of the said Act—

(i) sub-section (2) shall be renumbered as sub-section (5) and for sub-section (1) the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

" (1) An electoral roll for every local board showing the names of persons qualified to vote therein shall be prepared and published by the authority and in the manner prescribed, before the end of June of the year in which the ordinary vacancies are to occur.

(2) The rolls so prepared and published shall be revised and a list of amendments and corrections thereto shall in like manner be prepared and published by the prescribed authority before the end of June of every year" ;

(ii) for sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

" (3) The electoral roll for a district or taluk board shall be divided into separate parts for each circle and when a village has been divided into wards, the electoral roll for the village shall be divided into separate parts for each ward" ; and

(iii) in sub-section (4) the following words shall be inserted before the words " shall remain " :—

" as revised by the list of amendments and corrections, if any from year to year."

Amendment of section 52 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

45. In section 52 of the said Act—

(i) in the opening paragraph, after the words " included in the electoral roll " the words " of a local board " shall be inserted ;

(ii) in the proviso to clause (a) for the words " any aliens " the words " any alien " shall be substituted ; and

(iii) for clauses (c), (d) and (e), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—

" (c) in the case of a district or taluk board, he possesses one or more of the qualifications described in schedule III

and has resided for one hundred and twenty days in the aggregate in such preceding year in the district or taluk or in a municipality (including the city of Madras) or a cantonment, situated within three miles of the district or taluk :

Provided that in the case of persons whose sole residential qualification consists in their residence in any such municipality or cantonment, their being assessed to a tax payable to a municipal or cantonment authority shall not be a qualification within the meaning of this clause.

(*d*) in the case of a panchayat, he has resided in the village for one hundred and twenty days in the aggregate in such preceding year."

Substitution of new section for section 53 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

46. For section 53 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely —

Disqualifications of voters.

"**53.** Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (5) of section 51, a person who is of unsound mind, a deaf mute or a leper, shall not be entitled to vote at any election to a local board."

Substitution of new section for section 54 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

47. For section 54 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Qualifications for election.

"**54.** (1) No person shall be qualified for election to any seat on a local board, unless the name of such person appears on the electoral roll of that board.

(2) No salaried officer of Government or honorary magistrate shall be qualified for election as a member of a local board ;

Explanation—For the purposes of this sub-section a public prosecutor, a Government pleader, an official receiver or a village officer shall be deemed to be a salaried officer of Government."

Amendment of section 55 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

48. In section 55 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(a) after the words "six months" the words "for any offence not being of a political character nor involving moral delinquency" shall be inserted ;

(b) the words "or appointment" shall be omitted ; and

(c) for the words "expiration of the sentence" the words "the expiration of the sentence" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

(a) in the opening paragraph, for the words "election or appointment" the word "election" and for the words "nomination election or appointment" the words "nomination or election" shall be substituted;

(b) clauses (i) to (vi) shall be lettered as clauses (*a*) to (*f*), respectively;

(c) in clause (*b*) as so lettered, before the words "an uncertificated bankrupt" the words "an applicant to be adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent or" shall be inserted;

(d) in clause (*e*) as so lettered, for the words "an incorporated company" the words "a company" shall be substituted;

(e) the proviso to the sub-section shall be inserted as a proviso to clause (*e*) as so lettered and in the said proviso, for the words "such a contract or work as aforesaid" the words "such contract or work" shall be substituted;

(f) after clause (*e*) as so lettered, the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*ee*) employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the local board or has accepted employment as legal practitioner against the local board and the employment in either case is subsisting on the said date;"

(g) in clause (*d*) as so lettered, the words "or an honorary magistrate for the local area over which the local board concerned has jurisdiction" shall be omitted,

(h) in clause (*e*) as so lettered, the words "or appointment" shall be omitted; and after the word "effect" the words "or has already been elected a member of the local board whose term of office has not yet commenced" shall be inserted; and

(*i*) for clause (*f*) as so lettered, the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*f*) the servant or employer or the official subordinate or official superior of a member holding office on the said date."

Amendment of section 55 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

49. In section 55 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1) —

(*a*) in clause (*a*), before the word "court" the word "criminal" shall be inserted; and for the words "as is described" the words "and for such offences as are described" shall be substituted;

(*b*) in clause (*d*), for the words and figures "section 55, sub-section (2)" the words, figures and letter "clause (*e*) of sub-section (2) of section 55" and for the words "an incorporated company" the words "a company" shall be substituted; and the words "or is employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the local board or accepts employment as legal practitioner against the local board" shall be omitted;

(*c*) after clause (*d*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*dd*) is employed as paid legal practitioner on behalf of the local board, or accepts employment as legal practitioner against the local board";

(*d*) in clause (*e*), for the word "post" the word "service" and for the words and figures "section 55, sub-section (2), clause (iv)" the words, figures and letter "clause (*d*) of sub-section (2) of section 55", shall be substituted;

(*e*) after clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*ee*) becomes a salaried officer of Government within the meaning of sub-section (2) of section 54 or an honorary magistrate";

(f) in clause (*f*), after the words "accepts employment under" the words "or becomes the official subordinate of" shall be inserted; and

(g) for clauses (*g*) and (*h*), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*g*) ceases to reside—

(i) in the case of a member of a district or taluk board in the district or taluk as the case may be or in a municipality (including the city of Madras) or a cantonment, situated within three miles of the district or taluk, and

(ii) in the case of a member of a panchayat, in the village; or

"(*b*) absents himself from the ordinary meetings of the local board for three consecutive months commencing from the date on which he last attended such a meeting or if within that period less than two such meetings have been held, from two such meetings of the board held after the last ordinary meeting he attended:

Provided that no ordinary meeting from which a member absents himself shall be counted against him under this clause, if due notice of that meeting had not been given to him.

Explanation.—In this clause the expression "ordinary meeting" shall not include—

(*a*) a meeting convened on a requisition under the provisions of rule 4 of Schedule II, or

(*b*) a meeting held under sub-rule (2) of rule 3 of the said Schedule",

(ii) in sub-section (3), for the words "vacate the office" the words "vacate office" shall be substituted; and the words "or appointed" in both the places where they occur shall be omitted; and

(iii) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4) Where a person ceases to be a member under clause (*b*) of sub-section (1), the president shall at once intimate the fact in writing to such person and report the same to the board at its next meeting. If such person applies for restoration *suo motu* to the board on or before the date of its next meeting or within fifteen days of the receipt by him of such intimation, the board may at the meeting next after the receipt of such application restore him to his office of member:

Provided that a member shall not be so restored more than twice during his term of office."

Amendment of section 57 of Madras Act XXV of 1920.

50. In section 57 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), the words "or appointed" shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-sections (1) and (2), before the words and figures "section 55 or section 56" the word and figure "section 54" shall be inserted, and

(iii) for sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(3) Pending such decision, the member shall be entitled to act as if he were not disqualified."

Amendment of section 59 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

51. In section 59 of the said Act—

(i) after the word "conviction" the words "or for such shorter period as the court may by order determine" shall be inserted, and

(ii) the proviso shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 60 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

52. In section 60 of the said Act—

(i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) All public roads in any district shall vest in—

(*a*) the district board, if they are classed as district roads,

(*b*) the taluk board concerned, if they are classed as taluk roads, and

(*c*) the panchayat concerned, if they are not classed either as district or as taluk roads," and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the word "erections" the word "works" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 63 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

53. In section 63 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) for the words "such local board" in both the places where they occur, the words "the local board" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) after the words "the local board shall manage," the words "and superintend" shall be inserted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "the authority referred to above" the words "by any other authority" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 64 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

54. In section 64 of the said Act, for the words "the purposes" the words "any purpose" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new sections for section 65 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

55. For section 65 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Transfer of institutions, works, etc., to panchayat.

"65. Subject to such rules as may be made by the Local Government, a district or taluk board or the president of a district or taluk board or a collector, or any private person or body of persons may, with the consent of a

Section 15 Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920

panchayat, make over to that panchayat, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the management of any institution or the execution or maintenance of any work or the exercise of any power or the performance of any duty within or without the area over which the panchayat has jurisdiction.

Section 17, Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920

Transfer of village forests to panchayats

"65A. The Local Government may, subject to such conditions and the payment of such contribution, if any, by the panchayat as they may prescribe, transfer to any panchayat the management, protection and maintenance of village forests, whether reserved for fuel and fodder or for other purposes.

Section 18, Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920

Transfer of functions in respect of irrigation works to panchayats.

"65B. The Local Government may, subject to such conditions as they may prescribe, transfer to any panchayat the protection and maintenance of any village irrigation work, the management of turns of irrigation, the enforcement of kudimaramat, or the regulation of the distribution of water from any irrigation work to the fields depending on it.

Section 68, Local Boards Act, and section 20, Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920.

Government's power to add to functions of local boards.

"65C. The Local Government may, with the consent of a local board, make over to the local board, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the management of any institution or the execution or maintenance of any work or the exercise of any power or the performance of any duty not provided for in this Act."

Substitution of new section for section 67 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

56. For section 67 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Establishment of local board.

"67. (1) The sanction of the local board shall be obtained for all proposals for fixing or altering the number, designations and grades of local board officers and servants and the salaries, fees and allowances payable to them.

(2) Such proposals shall be taken into consideration by the local board only at the instance of its president and the local board may sanction them with or without modifications."

Substitution of new section for section 68 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

57. For section 68 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

The district engineer, health officer and panchayat officers.

"68. (1) Every district board shall, if so required by the Local Government sanction a post of district engineer, a post of district health officer and a post of district panchayat officer.

(2) The salaries of these officers shall be fixed by the district board subject to the approval of the Local Government.

(3) Every such officer shall devote his whole time to the duties of his office and shall not engage in any other profession, trade or business.

(4) No such officer shall be removed from office except with the consent of the Local Government. Such consent shall be given if the removal is recommended by a resolution of the district board passed at a meeting called for the purpose and supported by the votes of not less than two-thirds of the strength of the board."

Substitution of new section for section 70 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

58. For section 70 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Filling up of appointments other than those of district engineer, health officer and panchayat officers.

"70. Excepting the district engineer, the district health officer and the district panchayat officer all officers and servants of a local board shall be appointed by the president in accordance with any rules which the Local Government may have made in this behalf :

Provided that in case of emergency—

(*a*) the president may appoint temporarily such officers or servants as may in his opinion be required for the purposes of this Act and the employment of whom for any particular work has not been prohibited by any resolution of the local board; and

(*b*) every appointment made under clause (*a*) shall be reported by the president to the local board at its next meeting."

Amendment of section 71 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

59. In sub-section (1) of section 71 of the said Act—

(i) in the opening paragraph, for the words and figures "provisions of sections 68 and 74 and any rules made by the Local Government" the words "provisions of this Act and of any rules which the Local Government may have made" and for the words "on the staff of all local boards in the district," the words "on its staff and on the staff of all taluk boards and panchayats in the district" shall be substituted;

(ii) clauses (*a*) to (*h*) shall be re-lettered as clauses (*b*) to (*i*) respectively and the following clause shall be inserted as clause (*a*), namely :—

"(*a*) fixing the grades and scales of salaries, fees and allowances,"

(iii) in clause (*d*) as re-lettered, for the words "and acting allowances" the words "acting allowances and travelling allowances" shall be substituted ;

(iv) in clause (*f*) as re-lettered, for the words "contributions towards pensions may be paid" the words "pensionary contributions shall be paid" shall be substituted ; and

(v) in proviso (i), for the words "and leave allowances, gratuity or pension granted under these regulations", the words "leave allowances, travelling allowances, pension or gratuity provided for in such regulations" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 72 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

60. In section 72 of the said Act—

(i) for the word "fine" the words "censure, fine, withhold promotion from" shall be substituted ; and

(ii) after the words "officer or servant of the local board," the words "in its service" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new section for section 73 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

61. For section 73 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Power to grant leave to officers and servants of local boards.

"73 (1) The Local Government may grant leave to the district engineer, the district health officer and the district panchayat officer and the president of the district board may grant leave to all other officers and servants of the district board.

(2) The president of a taluk board or panchayat may grant leave to all officers and servants of the taluk board or panchayat, as the case may be."

Amendment of section 74 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

62. In sub-section (1) of section 74 of the said Act, after the words "to be employed", the words "by it" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 74A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

63. After section 74 of the said Act, the following section shall be added, namely :—

Provincialisation of any class of officers or servants of local boards.

"74A. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Local Government may, by notification, constitute any class of officers or servants of local boards into a local fund service for the Presidency of Madras:

Provided that no notification shall be issued under this sub-section—

(i) unless all the local boards concerned have been consulted in respect thereof; and

(ii) unless a majority of the local boards so consulted have passed a resolution supporting such issue.

(2) Upon the issue of a notification under sub-section (1) the Local Government shall have power to make rules regulating the classification, methods of recruitment, conditions of service, pay and allowances, and discipline and conduct of the local fund service thereby constituted and such rules may vest jurisdiction in relation to such service in the Local Government or in such other authority or authorities as may be prescribed therein."

Amendment of section 76 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

64. In section 75 of the said Act,

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(a) for the words "The district board may determine" the words "A district board may by a resolution determine" shall be substituted;

(b) item (ii) shall be omitted and items (iii) to (v) re-numbered as (ii) to (iv) respectively;

(c) in item (iii) as re-numbered, for the words "tax on houses" the word "house-tax" shall be substituted; and

(d) the following shall be inserted as a proviso at the end:—

"Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall enable a district board to determine by a resolution that a house-tax shall be levied in villages under the charge of panchayats where, prior to the 1st day of April 1930, no house-tax was levied in pursuance of a resolution of the district board under this sub-section.";

(ii) sub-section (2) shall be re-numbered as sub-section (3) and the following shall be inserted as sub-section (2), namely:—

Section 76 (3), Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1930

"(2) (a) A panchayat may recommend to the Local Government, as convenient and suitable to the village, any tax, not being a tax which may be levied in the village by a district board under sub-section (1) or under section 76,

and on such recommendation the Local Government may, by notification, sanction its levy in the village."

(*b*) No recommendation for the levy of any tax shall be submitted by a panchayat under clause (*a*) unless such levy is sanctioned by a resolution of the panchayat supported by not less than one-half of its sanctioned strength at a meeting specially convened for the purpose." Section 97, Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1920.

(iii) in sub-section (3) as re-numbered—

(*a*) in clause (*a*), after the word "taxes" the words "and tolls" and after the word "district" the word "and" shall be inserted, and

(*b*) in clause (*b*), for the words "reported to the Government" the words "reported to the Local Government" shall be substituted; and

(iv) after sub-section (3) as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4) Where any resolution under sub-section (1) has taken effect for a particular year, no proposals to alter the rates or date fixed in such resolution so far as that year is concerned shall, without the sanction of, or a direction from, the Local Government, be taken into consideration by the district board."

55. In section 76 of the said Act— Amendment of section 76 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

(i) after the words "a district board may" the words "by a resolution" shall be inserted;

(ii) for the words "entering or leaving by railway any place of pilgrimage situated in the district" the words "travelling by railway from any notified station in or near any local area in the district which is resorted to by pilgrims" shall be substituted; and

(iii) in the proviso, for the words "such a tax" the words "such tax" and for the words "purposes other than the improvement or development of the place of pilgrimage" the words "purposes other than making arrangements for the health and comfort of the pilgrims resorting to, or the improvement or development of, such local area" shall be substituted and the words "except with the sanction of the Local Government" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 77 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

66. For section 77 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Resolution and notification regarding levy of taxes and tolls.

"77. (1) (a) Any resolution of a district board determining to levy any tax or toll under sub-section (1) of section 75 or under 76 shall specify the local limits of the area in which, the rate at which, the date from which and the period of levy, if any, for which, such tax or toll shall be levied.

(b) When by any such resolution, a district board determines to levy any tax or toll for the first time or at a new rate, the president of the district board shall forthwith publish a notification in the prescribed manner specifying the particulars referred to in clause (a) and contained in such resolution."

(2) Any notification of the Local Government sanctioning the levy of any tax in a village under sub-section (2) of section 75 shall specify the particulars referred to in clause (a) of sub-section (1) and be published in the prescribed manner.

Substitution of new section for section 78 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

67. For section 78 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Land-cess.

"78. The land-cess shall be levied on the annual rent value of all occupied lands on whatever tenure held and shall consist of a tax of one anna and a half in the rupee of the annual rent value of all such lands in the district."

Amendment of section 79 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

68. In section 79 of the said Act—

(i) in the opening paragraph for the words and figures "If the president of the district board notifies under section 77," the words "If the district board by a resolution determines" shall be substituted ;

(ii) in clause (i)—

(*a*) for the word "land" in both the places where it occurs, the word "lands" and for the words "for its irrigation," the words "for their irrigation" shall be substituted ; and

(*b*) the words "of such lands" occurring at the end shall be omitted ;

(iii) for clauses (iii) and (iv), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—

"(iii) In the case of lands held on any other tenure, the annual rent payable to the landholder, sub-landholder or any other intermediate landholder holding on an under-tenure created, continued or recognized by a landholder or sub-landholder, as the case may be, by his tenants, together with any water-rate which may be payable for their irrigation, shall be taken to be the annual rent value ; and where such lands are occupied by the owner himself or by any person holding the same from him free of rent or at a favourable rent, the annual rent value shall be calculated according to the rates of rent usually paid by occupancy ryots for ryoti lands in the neighbourhood with similar advantages, together with any water-rate which may be payable for the irrigation of the lands so occupied.

(iv) In the case of lands, the assessment or rent of which is paid in kind, the annual rent value shall be calculated according to the rates of rent established or paid for neighbouring lands of a similar description and quality, together with any water-rate which may be payable for the irrigation of the lands first mentioned, or if such method of calculation is, in the opinion of the Board of Revenue, impracticable in any particular case, according to any method which the Board of Revenue may approve for that case" ; and

(v) in the proviso after the words 'any landholder' the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 30 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

69. (1) Section 30 of the said Act shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of section 30, and in the section as so numbered after the words 'require every landholder' the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted ; and for the words 'his tenant' the words 'his tenants' shall be substituted.

(2) To the same section, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(2) When two or more persons hold a revenue village or villages jointly, the landholder or sub-landholder shall, for the purpose of sub-section (1), be the person who is recognized by the other joint holders as the senior joint holder or who, in case of dispute, is recognized by the district collector as such."

Amendment of section 82 of Madras Act XIV of 1930

70. In section 81 of the said Act—

(i) after the words 'furnished by a landholder' the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted;

(ii) for the words 'the last preceding section' the words and figures 'section 80' shall be substituted;

(iii) after the words 'such landholder' the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted; and

(iv) the words 'for the fax due in respect of lands held by him as aforesaid' shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 82 of Madras Act XIV of 1930.

71. For section 82 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Penalty for failure to furnish such list.

"82. If a landholder or a sub-landholder shall neglect to comply with a requisition made under section 80 within six months from the date of receipt by him of such requisition, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty rupees for every day's delay after the expiry of the six months, until the list be furnished or until the annual rent value of his lands shall have been fixed by the district collector as provided in section 83. The amount of such penalty shall be fixed by the district collector and shall be recoverable as an arrear of land-cess."

Amendment of section 83 of Madras Act XIV of 1930.

72. In section 83 of the said Act, for the words "any landholder" the words "a landholder or sub-landholder", for the words "six months aforesaid" the words and figures "period of six months referred to in section 82" and for the words "lands held by such landholder as aforesaid" the words "lands of such landholder or sub-landholder" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 84 of Madras Act XIV of 1930.

73. In section 84 of the said Act, for the words "such lists" the words "such list" and for the words "the last preceding section" the word and figure "section 83" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 85 of Madras Act XIV of 1930

74. (1) Section 85 shall be numbered as sub-section (1) of section 85 and in the section as so re-numbered, for the words "furnished to him as aforesaid", the words "furnished to him by a landholder or sub-landholder", for the words "such landholder" the words "such landholder or sub-landholder", for the words "such amended list" the words

"the list as so amended", and for the words "lands held by him as aforesaid" the words "lands of such landholder or sub-landholder", shall be substituted.

(2) To the same section, the following sub-section (2) shall be added, namely:—

"(2) Where the amendment made by the district collector results in an increase of the amount of land-cess payable by any holder of a tenure created, continued, or recognized by a landholder or sub-landholder as the case may be, such enhancement shall be published in the manner prescribed."

Amendment of section 86 of Madras Act XIV of 1929.

75. In section 86 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "under the last preceding section" the words and figure "under section 85" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub section (2), for the word "when" the words "on which" shall be substituted; and after the words "to the landholder" the words "or sub-landholder, and in the case of an appeal by any other tenure holder from the date of publication under sub-section 2 of section 85" shall be inserted;

(iii) in sub-section (3), after the words "order made", the words "by the Board of Revenue" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 87 of Madras Act XIV of 1929.

76. In section 87 of the said Act, for the words "land held" the words "lands held" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 88 of Madras Act XIV of 1929.

77. In section 88 of the said Act—

(i) after the words "every landholder" the words "or sub-landholder" shall be inserted;

(ii) the words "as aforesaid" occurring after the words "lands held by him" shall be omitted;

(iii) for the words "tax, if any, payable by the tenant as hereinafter provided", the words "cess, if any, payable by the tenant" shall be substituted; and

(iv) in the first proviso, after the words "where a person holds lands" the words "as sub-landholder or holds them" shall be inserted; after the words "recognized by a landholder" the words "or sub-landholder" shall be inserted;

for the words "for the landholder to recover from the intermediate landholder" the words "for the landholder or sub-landholder to recover from any other intermediate landholder" shall be substituted; after the words "paid by the landholder" the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted; and for the words "held by the intermediate landholder" the words "held by such intermediate landholder" shall be substituted.

(iv) in the second proviso—

(a) for the words 'or the intermediate landholder' the words 'sub-landholder or any other intermediate landholder' shall be substituted.

(b) the words "collect and" shall be omitted;

(c) after the words 'by the landholder' the words 'or sub-landholder' shall be inserted.

(d) for the words "land so occupied" the words "lands so occupied" shall be substituted; and

(e) the illustration shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 89 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

78. In section 89 of the said Act—

(i) for the words 'or intermediate landholder' after the words 'every landholder' the words 'sub-landholder or any other intermediate landholder' shall be substituted.

(ii) for the words "collecting or recovering the portion which may be due to him under the provisos to the last preceding section," the words and figure "recovering any amount which may be due to him under the provisos to section 83" shall be substituted;

(iii) for the word "regulation," the word "Regulation" shall be substituted; and

(iv) the words "collection and" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 90 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

79. In section 90 of the said Act—

(i) for the words and figures "coming within the meaning of clause (m) of section 79," the words and figures "to whom clause (m) of section 79 applies" and for the word "tax" the word "cess" shall be substituted; and

(ii) the word "whole" occurring before the words "annual rent value" shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 91 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

80. For section 91 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Recovery of arrears of cess

"91. If a landholder or sub-landholder shall, on any date fixed by the district collector under section 88, have failed to pay either in whole or in part the cess due by

him in respect of his lands or if a tenant shall have failed to pay either in whole or in part the cess due by him on the water-rate payable direct by him to Government in respect of lands occupied by him, the said cess or such part of it as remains unpaid shall be recoverable as if it were an arrear of revenue under the Madras Revenue Recovery Act, 1864, and the provisions contained in section 42 of the said Act shall be applicable to all lands brought to sale for arrears of cess."

81. Section 92 of the said Act and the heading thereof shall be omitted. Repeal of section 92 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

82—85. For sections 93, 94, 95 and 96 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:— Substitution of new sections for sections 93 to 96 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

93. (1) If the district board by a resolution determines that a profession tax shall be levied in any local area—

every company which, after the date specified in the notification published under sub-section (1) of section 77 transacts business in such local area for not less than sixty days in the aggregate in any half-year; and

every person who, after the said date, in any half-year—

(a) exercises a profession, art or calling or transacts business or holds any appointment, public or private—

(i) within such local area for not less than sixty days in the aggregate, or

(ii) without such local area, but who resides in it for not less than sixty days in the aggregate; or

(b) resides in such local area for not less than sixty days in the aggregate and is in receipt of any pension or income from investments.

shall pay a half-yearly tax assessed in accordance with the rules in Schedule IV.

(2) A person shall be chargeable under the class appropriate to his aggregate income from all the sources specified in sub-section (1) as being liable to the tax.

(3) If a company or person proves that it or he has paid the sum due on account of the profession tax levied under this Act, or the companies or profession tax levied under the Madras City Municipal Act, 1919, or the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920, or any tax

of the nature of a profession tax imposed under the Cantonments Act, 1924, for the same half-year to any local board or municipal council or cantonment authority in the Presidency of Madras, such company or person shall not be liable by reason merely of change of place of business, appointment or residence to pay to any other local board, municipal council or cantonment authority more than the difference between such sum and the amount to which it or he is otherwise liable for the profession or companies tax for the half-year under this Act or any of the aforesaid Acts.

(4) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to render a person who resides within the local limits of one local authority and exercises his profession, art or calling or transacts business or holds any appointment within the limits of another local authority liable to profession tax for more than the higher of the amounts of the tax leviable by either of the local authorities. In such a case the Local Government shall apportion the tax between the local authorities in such manner as they may deem fit and the decision of the Local Government shall be final.

Liability of members of firms, associations and joint Hindu families to profession tax.

94. (1) The profession tax leviable from a firm, association or joint Hindu family may be levied from any adult member of the firm, association or family concerned.

Liability of servants or agents to profession tax.

94-A. (1) If a company or person employs a servant or agent to represent it or him for the purpose of transacting business in any local area, such company or person shall be deemed to transact business within the local area and such servant or agent shall be liable for the profession tax in respect of the business of such company or person whether or not such servant or agent has power to make binding contracts on behalf of such company or person.

(2) Where one company or person is the agent of another company or person, the former company or person shall not be liable separately to the profession tax on the same income as that of the principal.

Companies tax and profession tax to be credited to village fund.

95. The profession tax levied in any village shall be credited to the village fund. The panchayat and its president shall exercise the powers regarding the assessment and recovery of the tax conferred by Schedule IV.

Service of notice on failure of payment of tax.

96. If the profession tax due from any company or person is not paid, the president of the panchayat shall cause a notice to be served on such company or person to pay it within fifteen days of the date of such service.

Statements, returns, etc., to be confidential.

96-A. All statements made, returns furnished or accounts or documents produced in connexion with the assessment of profession tax by any company or person shall be treated as confidential and copies thereof shall not be granted to the public.

Amendment of section 97 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

86. In section 97 of the said Act—

(i) for the words 'president of the taluk or union board as the case may be', the words 'president of the panchayat' shall be substituted;

(ii) for the words 'persons occupying such building or land', the words 'persons occupying such building, land, hotel, boarding or lodging house, club or residential chambers' shall be substituted; and

(iii) the word 'trade' occurring after the words 'profession, art', shall be omitted.

Substitution of new heading for the heading to sections 98 to 103 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

87. For the heading 'Tax on houses' to sections 98 to 103 of the said Act, the heading 'House tax' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 98 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

88. For section 98 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Houses tax.

"98. If a district board resolves or if the Local Government notifies that a house tax shall be levied in any village, such tax shall, at the rate and from the date specified in the notification published under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) of section 77 as the case may be, be levied on all houses situated within the village, subject to the conditions laid down in the rules in Schedule IV."

Amendment of section 99 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

89. In section 99 of the said Act—

(1) in clause (a) after the words 'educational purposes', the words 'including hostels' shall be inserted, and after the words 'open to the public' the words 'buildings owned and occupied by societies registered or deemed to be registered under the Co-operative Societies Act, 1912, public buildings used for the charitable purpose of sheltering animals or the destitute,

and such ancient monuments protected under the Ancient Monuments Preservation Act, 1904, or parts thereof as are not used for residential purposes or as a public office' shall be added; and

(b) the following Explanation shall be added at the end, namely:—

"Explanation.—The exemption granted under this section shall not extend to residential quarters attached to schools, colleges, hospitals, dispensaries and libraries."

Substitution of new section for section 100 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

90. For section 100 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

House tax, when payable.

"100. The tax imposed under section 98 shall be levied every half-year and shall, save as otherwise expressly provided in Schedule IV, be paid by the owner of the house within thirty days after the commencement of the half-year."

Substitution of new section for section 101 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

91. For section 101 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Remission of tax on account of vacant buildings.

"101. (1) When any house has been vacant for sixty or more consecutive days in any half-year, the president of the panchayat shall remit so much, not exceeding one-half of the amount of the tax, as is proportionate to the number of days during which the house was vacant in the half-year.

(2) Every demand for remission under sub-section (1) shall be made during the half-year in respect of which the remission is sought or in the following half-year and not afterwards.

(3) (*a*) No demand for such remission shall be entertained unless the owner of the house or his agent has previously thereto given notice to the president, of the house being vacant and the period in respect of which the remission is made shall be calculated from the date of delivery of such notice.

(*b*) Every such notice shall expire with the half-year during which it is so delivered and shall have no effect thereafter."

Section 87 (3), Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

Section 88, Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920

92. After section 101 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 101-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

"101-A. (1) Whenever the title of any person, primarily liable to the payment of house-tax on any house, to or over such house is transferred, the person whose title is transferred and the person to whom the same shall be transferred, shall within three months after the execution of the instrument of transfer, or after its registration, if it be registered, or, after the transfer is effected, if no instrument be executed, give notice of such transfer to the president of the panchayat Obligation of transferor and transferee to give notice of transfer.

(2) In the event of the death of any person primarily liable as aforesaid, the person to whom the title of the deceased shall be transferred, as heir or otherwise, shall give written notice of such transfer to the president within one year from the death of the deceased.

(3) The notice to be given under this section shall be in such form as the president may direct and the transferee or the person to whom the title passes, as the case may be, shall, if so required, be bound to produce before the president any documents evidencing the transfer or succession.

(4) Every person who makes a transfer as aforesaid without giving such notice to the president shall, in addition to any other liability which he incurs through such neglect, continue liable for the payment of house-tax assessed on the house transferred until he gives notice or until the transfer shall have been recorded in the village registers, but nothing in this section shall be held to affect the liability of the transferee for the payment of the said tax."

93. For section 102 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 102 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

"102. (1) (*a*) If any house in a village is constructed or reconstructed, the owner shall give notice thereof to the president of the panchayat within fifteen days from the date of completion or occupation of the house, whichever is earlier. Owner's obligation to give notice of construction, reconstruction or demolition of building.

(b) If such date falls within the last two months of a half-year, the owner shall, subject to notice being given under clause (a), be entitled to a remission of the whole of the tax or enhanced tax, as the case may be, payable in respect of the house for that half-year.

(c) If such date falls within the first four months of a half-year, the owner shall, subject to notice being given under clause (a), be entitled to a remission of so much not exceeding a half of the tax or enhanced tax, as the case may be, payable in respect of the house for that half-year as is proportionate to the number of days in that half-year preceding such date.

(2) (a) If any house in a village is demolished or destroyed, the owner shall, until notice thereof is given to the president, be liable at his discretion for the payment of the tax which would have been payable had the house not been demolished or destroyed.

(b) If such notice is given within the first two months of a half-year, the owner shall be entitled to a remission of the whole of the tax payable in respect of the house for that half-year.

(c) If such notice is given within the last four months of a half-year, the owner shall be entitled to a remission of so much not exceeding a half of the tax payable in respect of the house for that half-year as is proportionate to the number of days in that half-year preceding the demolition or destruction as the case may be."

Insertion of new section 102A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

94. After section 102 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Remission of tax in areas included or excluded in the middle of a half-year.

"102A. (1) If any area is included within a village the owner of every house in such area shall—

(a) if the date of such inclusion falls within the last two months of a half-year, not be liable to pay any house-tax in respect thereof for that half-year; and

(b) if such date falls within the first four months of a half-year, be entitled to a remission of so much not exceeding a half of the house-tax payable in respect thereof for that half-year, as is proportionate to the number of days in that half-year preceding such date.

(2) If any area is excluded from a village the owner of every house in such area shall be entitled—

(*a*) if the date of such exclusion falls within the first two months of a half-year, to a remission of the whole of the house-tax payable in respect thereof for that half-year ; and

(*b*) if such date falls within the last four months of a half-year, to a remission of so much not exceeding a half of the house-tax payable in respect thereof for that half-year, as is proportionate to the number of days in that half-year preceding such date.

(3) No remission shall be granted under sub-section (2) in respect of any house unless an application for such remission is made to the president within three months from the date of the exclusion of the area in which the house is situated."

Amendment of section 102 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

95. In section 102 of the said Act—

(i) in the first sentence—

(*a*) for the words 'union board' the word 'panchayat' and for the words 'in the union' the words 'in the village' shall be substituted ; and

(*b*) the words 'or occupier' shall be omitted , and

(ii) in the second sentence, for the words 'taluk board' the words 'district board' and for the words 'any classes of houses' the words 'the owners of any class of houses' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 104 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

96. In section 104 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) for the words 'president of the district board notifies under section 77', the words 'district board by a resolution determines' shall be substituted; and

(*b*) after the word 'notification' at the end, the words and figure 'published under sub-section (1) of section 77' shall be added ;

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

(*a*) for the word 'rules' the word 'regulations' shall be substituted ;

(*b*) after the words 'framed by the board' the words 'in this behalf' shall be inserted ;

(*c*) for the words 'toll-gates' and 'toll-gate' the words 'toll-stations' and 'toll-station' shall respectively be substituted ; and

(*d*) for the words 'and animals' the words 'palanquins or animals or in respect of himself as the case may be' shall be substituted;

(iii) in sub-section (3)—

(*a*) after the word 'carts' the word 'palanquins' shall be inserted;

(*b*) in clause (*c*), for the words 'by the district board' the words and figure 'under sub-section (2)' shall be substituted;

(*c*) in clause (*d*), the word 'or' at the end shall be omitted;

(*d*) in clause (*e*), the word 'or' shall be added at the end;

(*e*) after clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

"(*f*) conveying a member of the Auxiliary Force, India, or of the Indian Territorial Force, in uniform and on duty or proceeding to or returning from duty;" and

(*f*) in the last paragraph, for the words 'or local board servants on duty' the words 'local board servants on duty or members of the Auxiliary Force, India, or of the Indian Territorial Force, in uniform and on duty or proceeding to or returning from duty' shall be substituted; and

(iv) in sub-section (4) for the words 'gate or bridge' in both the places where they occur, the word 'toll-station' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 106 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

97. In section 106 of the said Act—

(i) (*a*) in sub-section (1) for the words 'toll-bars, gates and gate-keepers' stations' the word 'toll-stations' and for the word 'by-laws' the word 'regulations' shall be substituted; and

(*b*) to the same sub-section, the following provisos shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that the Local Government may, either generally or in any particular case, issue such orders as they may deem fit for regulating the number and location of toll-stations and determining in the case of neighbouring local authorities which of the local authorities shall be in charge of particular toll-stations and how much of the revenue realized by any such local authority from a toll-station or toll-stations in its charge shall be paid to another neighbouring local authority;

"Provided further that after the coming into force of the Madras Local Boards (Amendment) Act, 1930, no new toll station shall be opened by any district board within twenty miles of another toll-station, without the previous sanction of the Local Government;" and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'toll-bar, gate or station' in both the places where they occur, the word 'toll-station' shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 106A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

98. After section 106 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Prohibition of toll-bars, etc.

"106 A. No person shall construct a toll-bar or erect or place any other obstruction to traffic at or near a toll-station."

Amendment of section 107 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

99. In section 107 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'toll-bar, gate or station' the word 'toll-station' shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'as the district board may prescribe' the words 'as the district board may specify' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 109 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

100. For section 109 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Section 113, Madras Local Municipalities Act, 1920.

Evasion or refusal of payment of tolls.

"109. (1) No person shall with intent to evade payment of toll cause a carriage, cart, palanquin or animal—

(*a*) to pass a toll-station in a rapid or surreptitious manner;

(*b*) to pass a toll-station without stopping if he is required by the toll-keeper to stop; or

(*c*) to leave a road on which a toll station has been placed and pass over any land within a quarter of a mile therefrom, such land not being either a public road or land of which such person is the owner or occupier.

(2) No person shall refuse on demand to pay the toll legally demandable from him or refuse to permit the seizure and detention of any article which may be seized and detained under section 107."

Substitution of new section for section 110 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

101. For section 110 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Levy of pilgrim tax.

"110. (1) Where a local area is resorted to by pilgrims and the occasions for pilgrimage occur at intervals of years or only once or twice in a single year, a tax on persons leaving such area or its neighbourhood by railway shall be levied only for a specified period in respect of each such occasion. Where occasions for pilgrimage are more frequent or a place of pilgrimage is one of perennial resort, the tax may be levied throughout the year.

(2) The occasion and the period of levy of the tax shall, in consultation with the railway administrations concerned and with the previous approval of the Local Government, be determined by the district board.

(3) If the district board resolves that the tax shall be levied, such tax shall be collected from the date and during the period specified in the notification published under section 77 in pursuance of such resolution as a surcharge on the tickets of all passengers travelling by railway from any one of the railway stations in or near the local area and named in such notification to any other railway station more than a specified distance therefrom.

(4) The rates at which the tax shall be levied on each class of tickets shall be determined by the district board but shall not exceed the rates in the following table :—

(1)	Tax					
	For limited periods.			Throughout the year.		
	(2)			(3)		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
For first-class tickets	0	8	0	0	4	0
For second-class tickets ..	0	4	0	0	2	0
For intermediate-class tickets ...	0	3	0	0	1	6
For third-class tickets	0	2	0	0	1	0

Provided that the rates leviable on season tickets, if any, shall be determined by the district board in consultation with the railway administrations concerned but shall

not for a period of one month or any less period exceed six times the rates given in column (2) of the above table.

(5) The Local Government may make rules not inconsistent with this Act for regulating—

(i) the collection of the tax,

(ii) the payment thereof to the local board concerned,

(iii) the deduction of any expenses incurred by railway administrations in the collection thereof; and

(iv) the decision of disputes—

(*a*) between local boards and between local boards and other local authorities; and

(*b*) with the previous sanction of the Government of India between local boards and railway administrations in matters connected with the levy, collection or apportionment of the tax."

Amendment of section 111 and insertion of new section 111-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

102. (1) Before section 111 of the said Act, the heading 'Exemption and Waiver' shall be inserted and to the same section, the following sentence shall be added, namely :—

"But nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorize the exemption of any person solely on the ground that he is a member of a local board."

(2) After the same section, the following section shall be added, namely :—

Power to write off irrecoverable taxes, tolls, etc.

"111-A. Subject to such restrictions and control as may be prescribed, a local board may write off any tax, toll, fee or other amount whatsoever due to it, whether under a contract or otherwise or any sum payable in connexion therewith, if, in its opinion, such tax, toll, fee, amount or sum is irrecoverable."

Amendment of section 112 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

103. In sub-section (1) of section 112 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) in clause (ii), for the words 'the local boards' the words 'the local board' shall be substituted;

(*b*) in clause (iii), after the word 'markets' the words 'shops, stalls, and plinths' shall be inserted;

(*c*) in clause (vii), for the words 'a local board' the words 'the local board' shall be substituted; and

(*d*) in clause (ix), after the words 'public utility' the words and brackets '(including agricultural, industrial or trading concerns)' shall be inserted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), before the words 'be applicable to such purposes outside the local board area' the words 'subject as aforesaid' shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 113 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

104. In section 113 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) in clause (*a*), for the words 'the local area for which it is established' the words 'the district' shall be substituted; and

(*b*) in clause (*b*), for the words and figures 'company registered under the Indian Companies Act, 1913,' the words and figures 'company as defined in the Indian Companies Act, 1913,' shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'the local area for which it is established' the words 'the district' shall be substituted; and

(iii) in sub-section (5), for the words and figures 'in regard to the matters specified in sub-sections (1) and (2),' the words and figures 'in regard to any of the matters specified in sub-section (1) or (2)' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 114 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

105. In section 114 of the said Act, for the words 'for each union a union fund' the words 'for each village a village fund' shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 114-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

105-A. After section 114 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Village Development Fund.

"114-A (1) Every district board shall maintain a fund called a Village Development Fund which shall be constituted, controlled and administered as provided in this section.

(2) The fund shall comprise—

(*a*) one-sixth of the land-cess collected in the district every year,

(b) all sums granted by the Local Government as contribution towards the fund, and

(c) all other sums of money which may be received for the purposes of the fund.

(3) All moneys derived from the sources specified in sub-section (2) shall be paid into the account of the district board but credited to the Village Development Fund of the district.

(4) The fund shall be utilized for the following purposes only:—

(a) the development of village communications,

(b) the provision of water-supply, and

(c) the promotion of sanitation and public health.

(5) The fund shall be administered for these purposes by a committee consisting of the persons for the time being exercising the functions of the president of the district board and the presidents of the taluk boards in the district. The president of the district board shall be the president of the committee.

(6) All orders or cheques on the fund shall be signed by the president of the committee or such person as the committee may authorize to sign on his behalf.

(7) At the time of the submission by the district board of the annual consolidated budget to the Local Government, a statement of the estimated income and expenditure of the Village Development Fund for the following year shall also be submitted to the Local Government.

(8) The accounts connected with the Village Development Fund shall be audited along with the accounts of the district board and the report of the auditor shall be dealt with by the committee referred to in sub-section (5) in the same manner as the district board deals with the report of the auditor of its accounts.

(9) Subject to such rules as the Local Government may make in this behalf, the committee may make by-laws for the transaction of its business and for carrying out any of the purposes for which it is constituted.

Amendment of section 110 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

106. In section 110 of the said Act for the words 'the receipts to be placed to the credit of, and the charges to be debited to, district, taluk and union funds' the words 'the charges to be debited to, and the receipts to be placed to the credit of district, taluk and village funds' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 115 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

107. In section 115 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'his board' the words 'the local board' shall be substituted;

(ii) for sub-sections (2) and (3), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) Every local board shall sanction the budget with such modifications, if any, as it thinks fit.

(3) The budget of a taluk board and the budget of a panchayat shall, after being so sanctioned, be submitted to the district board and the taluk board respectively. If such budget fails to provide for the due discharge of all liabilities in respect of loans or for the maintenance of a working balance, the district board or the taluk board, as the case may be, may direct that any part of such budget shall be so modified as to ensure that such provision is made."

Amendment of section 117 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

108. In section 117 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words and figures 'not later than 15th February in each year' the words 'in each year, not later than such date as may be fixed in this behalf by the Local Government' and for the words 'of all local boards in the district' the words 'of itself and of all taluk boards and panchayats in the district' shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'any part of it shall be so altered' the words 'any part of the budget shall be so modified' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 118 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

109. In section 118 of the said Act, for the words 'may fix' the words 'shall fix' and for the words 'local boards' the words 'taluk boards and panchayats' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 119 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

110. In section 119 of the said Act, for the word and figures 'section 116' the words and figures 'sections 116 and 117' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 120 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

111. In section 120 of the said Act, for the words 'receipts and expenditure of the local fund' the words 'the receipts and expenditure of every local fund' shall be substituted.

112. [Omitted]

Amendment of section 122 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

113. In section 122 of the said Act—

(i) for the words 'The president of the taluk board in non-union areas and the president of the union board in union areas' the words 'The president of a panchayat' shall be substituted; and

(ii) in the proviso, for the words 'paid by the taluk or union board from the taluk or union fund' the words 'paid by the panchayat from the village fund' shall be substituted.

114. In section 123 of the said Act— Amendment of section 123 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

(i) in sub-section (1),

(*a*) for the words "president of a taluk or union board" the words "president of a panchayat" shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words "prove injurious to the health of the neighbourhood" the words "prove injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood" shall be substituted;

(*c*) the words "with the approval of the local board concerned" shall be omitted; and

(*d*) after the words "require the owner" the words "or other person having control" shall be inserted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

(*a*) for the words "an owner", the words "any person" shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words "local board" in both the places where they occur, and for the words "board concerned", the word "panchayat" shall be substituted, and

(*c*) for the words "local board's decision", the words "decision of the panchayat" shall be substituted.

115. In section 124 of the said Act— Amendment of section 124 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

(i) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely:—

Section 248, Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

"(1) (*a*) The panchayat may, in the interests of public health, regulate or prohibit the washing of animals or of clothes or other articles or, fishing, in any public spring, tank, or well or in any public water-course or part thereof and may set apart any such place for drinking or for bathing or for washing clothes or animals or for any other specified purpose.

(*b*) The powers conferred by clause (*a*) may, in the case of any private spring, tank, well or water-course, be exercised by the panchayat, with the consent of the owner of such place.

(c) The panchayat may, in the interests of public health, regulate or prohibit the washing of animals or of clothes or of other articles in any private spring, tank, well or water-course from which the public have a right to take water for drinking purposes " and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words " taluk or union board " the word " panchayat " and for the words " within the limits of such board's jurisdiction " the words " in the village " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 125 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

116. In clause (a) of section 125 of the said Act—

(i) after the word " drinking " the words " or cooking " shall be inserted ; and

(ii) for the words " by a taluk or by a union board " the words " by a panchayat " shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 126 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

117. For section 126 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Maintenance of wells, tanks, etc., by panchayats

" 126. Every panchayat—

(i) shall maintain in a cleanly condition all wells, tanks and reservoirs in the village which are not private property and may fill them up or drain them when it appears necessary so to do ; and

(ii) shall have control of all waterways in the village other than waterways which are, or are connected with works of irrigation, not being private property and not being specially excepted by any order of the Local Government or of the district board and may do all things necessary for the maintenance, repair and improvement thereof."

Section 25 (1) (e), Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1950.

Amendment of section 127 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

118. In section 127 of the said Act, for the words " taluk or union board " in both the places where they occur, the word " panchayat " shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 128 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

119. For section 128 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Contributions from persons having control over places of pilgrimage, etc.

" 128. Where a mosque, temple, mutt or any place of religious worship or instruction or any place which is used for holding fairs, festivals or for other like purposes is situated within the limits of a taluk board or panchayat

or in the neighbourhood thereof and attracts either throughout the year or on particular occasions a large number of persons, any special arrangements necessary for public health, safety or convenience, whether permanent or temporary, shall be made by the taluk board or the panchayat as the case may be and such board may require the trustee or other person having control over such place to make such recurring or non-recurring contribution to its funds as the Local Government may determine.

Insertion of new section after section 129 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

120. After section 129 of the said Act, the following heading and section shall be inserted, namely :—

"Private drainage.

Power to require construction or removal of private drains.

Section 33 (1) (i), Hindu Pills & Panchayat Act, 1926

"129-A. A panchayat may, by notice, require the owner or occupier of any building to construct private drains therefor or alter or remove the private drains thereof."

Amendment of section 131 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

121. In section 131 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "The president of the taluk board in non-union areas and the president of the union board in union areas" the words "The president of a panchayat" shall be substituted ;

(ii) in sub-section (3), for the words "such building or article," the words "such premises or article" shall be substituted ; and

(iii) after sub-section (3), the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(4) The powers conferred on the president by sub-sections (1) to (3) may be exercised by the district health officer or any other officer authorized by him."

Amendment of section 132 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

122. In sub-section (1) of section 132 of the said Act, for the words "The president of the taluk board in non-union areas, and the president of the union board in union areas" the words "The president of a panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 135 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

123. In section 135 of the said Act, for the words "any local area" the words "a village" and for the words "the president of the taluk board in non-union areas and the president of the union board in union areas" the words "the president of the panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 132 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

124. In section 136 of the said Act, for the words "president of a taluk or union board" the words "president of a panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 137 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

125. In section 137 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "to the extent" the words "in respect of such persons and to such extent as may be" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "taluk board and its president in non-union areas, and the union board and its president in union areas" the words "taluk board and its president" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 138 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

126. In section 138 of the said Act, for the words "president of the local board" the words "president of the taluk board" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 139 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

127. In sub-section (2) of section 139 of the said Act, for the words "local board" the words "taluk board" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 140 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

128. In sub-section (1) of section 140 of the said Act—

(i) for the words "to the taluk board in non-union areas and to the union board in union areas" the words "to the panchayat" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "local board" in both the places where they occur, the word "panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 141 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

129. In section 141 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "taluk or union board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-sections (2), (3) and (4), for the words "local board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 142 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

130. In section 142 of the said Act, for the words "taluk board in non-union areas and the union board in union areas" the word "panchayat" and for the words "local fund" the words "village fund" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 143 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

131. In sub-section (1) of section 143 of the said Act, for the words "taluk and union board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 144 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

132. In the proviso to section 144 of the said Act, for the words "president of the local board concerned" the words "president of the panchayat concernad" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 145 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

133. In section 145 of the said Act, for the words "by the local board concerned in that behalf" the words "by the panchayat concarned" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 148 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

134. In sub-section (1) of section 148 of the said Act—

(i) for the words "taluk or union board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (4), for the words "local board", the word "panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 150 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

135. In sub-section (1) of section 150 of the said Act, for the words "the president of the taluk board in non-union areas and the president of the union board in union areas may with the approval of the local board concerned" the words "the president of a panchayat may with the approval of the panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 151 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

136. Clause (*c*) of sub-section (1) of section 151 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Repeal of section 152 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

137. Section 152 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 153 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

138. In section 153 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) for the words "union board", the word "panchayat" shall be substituted;

(*b*) after the words "injurious to health or" the words "dangerous to the public or" shall be inserted;

(*c*) after the words "or offensive to the neighbourhood", the words "or otherwise a source of nuisance" shall be inserted; and

(*d*) before the words "within such period" the words "or to take such other action as may be deemed by the president necessary to remove such nuisance" shall be inserted, and

(ii) in sub-section (2)—

(*a*) for the words "union board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted; and

(5) for the words "require the owner or occupier of any building to lime-wash or otherwise cleanse the building inside and outside," the words "require the owner or occupier of any land or building to cleanse or lime-wash the same" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 154 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

139. In sub-section (1) of section 154 of the said Act, for the words "The taluk board in non-union areas, and the union board in union areas" the words "A panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 159 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

140. In sub-section (1) of section 159 of the said Act, the words "with the approval of the board" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 160 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

141. In sub-section (4) of section 160 of the said Act, after the words "is likely to" the words "be injurious to health or" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 161 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

142. In sub-section (1) of section 161 of the said Act, for the words "president of the taluk board in non-union areas, or of the president of the union board in union areas" the words "president of the panchayat" shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 163-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

143. After section 163 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Prohibition against planting or felling trees on public roads, etc., without permission.

"163-A. (1) No person shall plant any tree on any public road or other property vesting in or belonging to a local board, except with the previous permission of the president of the local board and on such conditions as the president may impose.

(2) No person shall fell, remove, destroy, lop, or strip bark or leaves from or otherwise damage any tree growing on any public road or other property vesting in or belonging to a local board except with the previous permission of the president of the local board and on such conditions as the president may impose."

Amendment of section 164 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

144. In sub-section (1) of section 164 of the said Act, for the words "which is not set apart for a public road, but is set apart for any other public purpose" the words "which is set apart for any public purpose" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 166 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

145. For section 166 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Licensing of motor vehicles plying for hire.

"166. (1) No person shall use—

(a) any motor vehicle for hire or;

(b) any motor lorry,

on any public road in a district, except on a licence obtained from the president of the district board.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act Act V or in the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1930, the president of a district board may grant a licence for a motor vehicle to be used for hire partly within the limits of the district and partly within the limits of any municipality attached thereto for this purpose by the Local Government by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. When such licence is granted, the district board shall pay to the municipal council concerned such proportion of the fee received for the grant of such licence as the Local Government may, by general or special order, determine.

(3) The district board may, with the previous approval of the Local Government, make regulations determining the rates of fares for passengers and of freight for goods carried in such vehicles and specifying the other conditions on which licences under sub-sections (1) and (2) will be granted.

(4) Every licence granted under sub-section (1) or (2) shall expire at the end of the year in which it is granted.

(5) (a) Any person aggrieved by an order passed under sub-section (1) or (2) may appeal against such order to the district board.

(b) The period of limitation for such appeal shall be —

(i) where the appeal is against an order refusing a licence,	fifteen days from the date of communication of the order to the applicant; and
(ii) where the appeal is against an order granting a licence,	thirty days from the date of publication of the order on the notice board of the district board.

(3) The Local Government may, either generally or in any particular case, make such order or give such directions as they may deem fit in respect of licences governed by sub-section (2)."

146. [Omitted.]

Amendment of sections 168 and 169 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

147. In sections 168 and 169 of the said Act, for the words 'taluk board' wherever they occur, the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Repeal of section 170 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

148. Section 170 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 171 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

149. For section 171 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Licence for private market.

"171. (1) No person shall open a new private market or continue to keep open a private market unless he obtains from the panchayat a licence to do so.

(2) Application for such licence shall be made by the owner of the place in respect of which the licence is sought not less than six weeks before such place is opened as a market or before the commencement of the year for which the licence is sought, as the case may be.

(3) The panchayat shall, as regards private markets already lawfully established, and may at its discretion as regards new private markets, grant the licence applied for, subject to such regulations as to supervision and inspection and to such conditions as to sanitation, drainage, water-supply, width of paths and ways, weights and measures to be used and rents and fees to be charged in such market as the panchayat may think proper, or the panchayat may refuse to grant such licence for any new private market. The panchayat may, however, at any time, for breach of the conditions thereof, suspend or cancel any licence which has been granted under this section. The panchayat may also modify the conditions of the licence to take effect from a specified date.

(4) When a licence is granted, refused, suspended, cancelled or modified under this section, the panchayat

shall cause a notice of such grant, refusal, suspension, cancellation or modification in the chief vernacular language of the locality to be posted in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the place in respect of which the licence was sought.

(5) Every licence granted under this section shall expire at the end of the year."

Amendment of section 172 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

150. In section 172 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1)—

(*a*) before the word and figures 'section 168,' the words and figure 'sub-section (2) of' shall be inserted; and

(*b*) for the words 'to the president of the district board' the words 'to the district board through its president' shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-sections (2) and (3), for the words 'taluk board' wherever they occur, the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 174 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

151. In section 174 of the said Act, for the word 'may' the word 'shall' and for the words 'taluk board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of sections 176, 177, 178, 179, 180 and 181 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

152. In sections 176, 177, 178, 179, 180 and 181 of the said Act, for the words 'taluk board' wherever they occur, the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 183 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

153. In section 183 of the said Act—

(i) for the words 'local board' and the word 'board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted; and

(ii) before the word 'articles' the words 'animals or' shall be inserted.

Insertion of new sections 183-A and 183-B in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

154. After section 183 of the said Act, the following sections shall be inserted, namely:—

Decision of disputes as to whether places are markets

183-A. If any question arises whether any place where persons assemble for the sale or purchase of articles of food or clothing, of live-stock or poultry, of cotton, groundnut or other industrial crops or of any other raw or manufactured products,

sion of the Local Government on the question shall be final."

is a market or not, the panchayat or taluk board concerned shall make a reference to the Local Government and the deci-

Exercise of powers in respect of taluk markets.

"183-B. The powers which a panchayat and its president may exercise under sections 168 to 185 shall, in respect of markets classified as taluk markets under rule 3 of Schedule V, be exercised by the taluk board and its president respectively." Section 18 Local Boards Ac

Amendment of section 184 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

155. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 184 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'taluk board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted and the words 'rents and' shall be omitted; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'in English and a vernacular language of the district' the words 'in the chief vernacular language of the locality' and for the words 'taluk board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

(2) To the same section, the following explanation shall be added, namely :—

"*Explanation.*—A cart-stand shall, for the purposes of this Act, include a stand for carriages and animals."

Amendment of section 185 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

156. In section 185 of the said Act, for the words 'taluk board' in both the places where they occur, the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 186 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

157. For section 186 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Recovery of cart-stand-fee, etc.

"186. If the fee leviable under sub-section (1) of section 184 is not paid on demand, it shall be recoverable in the manner provided in section 107 as if it were an unpaid toll."

Substitution of new section for section 187 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

158. For section 187 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Licence for private cart-stand.

"187. (1) No person shall open a new private cart-stand or continue to keep open a private cart-stand unless he obtains from the panchayat a licence to do so.

(2) Application for such licence shall be made by the owner of the place in respect of which the licence is

sought, not less than six weeks before such place is opened as a cart-stand or before the commencement of the year for which the licence is sought, as the case may be.

(3) The panchayat shall, as regards private cart-stands already lawfully established and may, at its discretion, as regards new private cart-stands, grant the licence applied for, subject to such regulations as to supervision and inspection and to such conditions as to conservancy as the panchayat may think proper; or the panchayat may refuse to grant such licence for any new private cart-stand. The panchayat may, however, at any time for breach of the conditions thereof, suspend, or cancel any licence which has been granted under this section. The panchayat may also modify the conditions of the licence to take effect from a specified date.

(4) When a licence is granted, refused, suspended, cancelled or modified under this section, the panchayat shall cause a notice of such grant, refusal, suspension, cancellation or modification in the chief vernacular language of the locality to be posted in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to the place in respect of which the licence was sought.

(5) The panchayat may levy on every licence granted under this section a fee not exceeding two hundred rupees per annum.

(6) Every licence granted under this section shall expire at the end of the year."

Repeal of section 183 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

159. Section 188 of the said Act and the heading thereto shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 189 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

160. In section 189 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'union board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted;

(ii) sub-section (2) shall be omitted and sub-section (3) re-numbered as sub-section (2);

(iii) in sub-section (2), as re-numbered for the words 'local board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 190 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

161. In section 190 of the said Act—

(i) for the opening paragraph, the following paragraph shall be substituted, namely:—

'The panchayat may, with the sanction of the taluk board notify';

(ii) in clause (*x*)—

(*a*) for the words 'except with the written permission' the words 'without or otherwise than in conformity with the written permission' shall be substituted;

(*b*) after the word 'cattle' the word 'horse' shall be inserted;

(*c*) for the words 'in any place in any town or village notified by it by name' the words 'in the village or in any specified area therein' and for the words 'local board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted; and

(*d*) after the proviso the following proviso shall be inserted, namely:—

'Provided further that no such notification shall have effect until sixty days from the date of publication'; and

(iii) in clause (*b*), after the word 'cattle' the word 'horse' and for the words 'except on a licence' the words 'without or otherwise than in conformity with a licence' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 191 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

162. In section 191 of the said Act, for the words 'taluk or union board' the word 'panchayat' and for the words 'within the limits of the board' the words 'within the village' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 193 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

163. In section 193 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (*1*),

(*a*) for the words 'taluk board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted;

(*b*) for the words 'within its limits' the words 'within the limits of the village' shall be substituted; and

(*c*) for the words 'without the licence of the president of the union board if the place is within union limits, or of the president of the taluk board if it is outside such limits', the words 'without a licence issued by the president of the panchayat' and for the words 'specified therein' the words 'specified in such licence' shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'local board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted; and

(iii) sub-section (6) shall be omitted.

164. In section 194 of the said Act— Amendment of section 194 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'to the taluk board in non-union areas' and to the union board in union areas' the words 'to the panchayat' shall be substituted;

(ii) for sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(2) The application shall be accompanied by—

(i) a plan of the factory, workshop, workplace or premises prepared in such manner as may be prescribed by rules made in this behalf by the Local Government, and

(ii) such particulars as to the power, machinery, plant or premises as the panchayat may require under by-laws framed in this behalf by the district board";

(iii) in sub-section (3), for the words 'local board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted, and

(iv) for sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(4) Before granting permission under sub-section (3), the panchayat shall consult and have due regard to the opinions of—

(a) the inspector of factories appointed under the Indian Factories Act, 1911, having jurisdiction in the village or, if there is more than one such inspector, of the inspector designated by the Local Government in this behalf by general or special order as regards the plan of the factory, workshop, workplace or premises with reference to

(i) the adequacy of the provision for ventilation and light,

(ii) the sufficiency of the height and dimensions of the rooms and doors,

(iii) the suitability of the exits to be used in case of fire, and

(iv) such other matters as may be prescribed by rules made by the Local Government ; and

(*b*) the district health officer where the district board employs such an officer and of the district medical officer in other cases, as regards the suitability of the site of the factory, workshop, workplace or premises for the purpose specified in the application."

Amendment of section 195 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

165. In section 195 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words 'the taluk board in non-union areas and the union board in union areas' the words 'the panchayat' shall be substituted ; and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words 'local board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 196 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

166. In section 196 of the said Act—

(i) after the words 'action taken' the words 'or omitted to be taken' shall be inserted ; and

(ii) the words 'by a local board' shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 197 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

167. In sub-section (1) of section 197 of the said Act, for the words 'taluk or union board' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 198 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

168. In section 198 of the said Act—

(i) in clause (*a*), for the words 'the president of the union board in union areas and the president of the taluk board in non-union areas' the words 'the president of the panchayat' shall be substituted ; and

(ii) in clauses (*b*) and (*c*), for the words 'local board concerned' the word 'panchayat' shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 199 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

169. In sub-section (2) of section 199 of the said Act—

(i) for clause (*b*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*b*) with reference to all matters not expressly provided for in this Act, which relate to elections of

presidents, vice-presidents or members of local boards including deposits to be made by candidates standing for election as members and the conditions under which such deposits may be forfeited;

Provided that the deposit required shall not exceed one hundred rupees in the case of candidates standing for election to a district or a taluk board; and

Provided further that no deposit shall be required from an Adi-Dravida candidate standing for election to any local board or from any candidate standing for election to a panchayat.'"

(ii) in clause (c) for the words "relating to elections" the words "relating to electoral qualifications in a panchayat or to elections" shall be substituted.

(iii) in clause (*h*), the words 'or the Sanitary Board' shall be omitted;

(iv) in clause (*t*), for the words 'the manner in which such accounts shall be audited and published and as to' the words 'the audit and publication of such accounts and' shall be substituted;

(v) for clause (*n*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely:—

"(*n*) as to the conditions on which and the mode in which contracts may be made by or on behalf of local boards;"

(vi) clause (*o*) shall be omitted and clauses (*p*), (*q*) and (*r*) shall be re-lettered as clauses (*o*), (*p*) and (*q*) respectively;

(vii) in clause (*p*) as re-lettered, the word 'and' at the end shall be omitted;

(viii) in clause (*q*) as re-lettered, the words 'to conduct inquiries relating to elections' shall be omitted; and

(ix) after the same clause (*q*), the following clauses shall be added, namely:—

"(*r*) for regulating the sharing between local authorities in the Presidency of Madras of the proceeds of the companies tax, profession tax and tolls; and

(*s*) as to the class of magistrates by whom offences under this Act shall be tried."

Substitution of New section for section 200 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

170. For section 200 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted:—

Procedure for the making of rules.

"200. A draft of the rules proposed to be made under sub-section (2) of section 74-A or under section 199 shall be laid on the table of the Legislative Council and the rules shall not be made unless the Legislative Council approves the draft either without modification or addition or with modifications or additions; but upon such approval being given, the rules may be made in the form in which they have been approved and such rules on being so made shall be notified in the Fort St. George Gazette and shall thereafter be of full force and effect."

Amendment of section 202 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

171. In section 202 of the said Act—

(i) clause (1) shall be renumbered as (1A) and the following shall be inserted as clause (1), namely:—

"(1) for all matters expressly required or allowed by this Act to be provided for by by-law";

(ii) sub-clause (*e*) of clause (10) shall be re-lettered as sub-clause (*f*) and the following shall be inserted as sub-clause (*e*), namely:—

"(*e*) for licensing and controlling brokers, commission agents, weighmen and measurers practising their calling in markets"; and

(iii) sub-clause (*d*) of clause (11) shall be omitted and sub-clause (*e*) renumbered as clause (11).

Insertion of new section 203-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

172. After section 203 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely:—

Power of taluk board or panchayat to make by-laws.

"203-A. (1) Subject to such rules as the Local Government may make in this behalf, a taluk board or panchayat may make by-laws for carrying out any of the purposes for which it is constituted.

(2) Such by-laws shall not be inconsistent with this Act or any other law or with any by-law made by the district board under section 202.

(3) In making a by-law, a taluk board or panchayat may provide that any person who commits a breach thereof shall be liable to pay by way of penalty such sum as may be fixed by the taluk board or panchayat not exceeding fifteen rupees or in case of a continuing breach, not

exceeding five rupees for every day during which the breach continues after a penalty has been levied for the first breach."

Amendment of section 204 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

173. In section 204 of the said Act, after the words 'The district board' the words 'taluk board or panchayat' shall be inserted.

Substitution of new sections for section 205 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

174. For section 205 of the said Act, the following sections shall be substituted, namely:—

Confirmation of by-law by Local Government.

"205. No by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law made by a district board, taluk board or panchayat shall have effect until the same has been approved and confirmed by the Local Government.

Publication of by-law.

"205-A. (1) Any by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law made by a district or taluk board when it has been duly confirmed shall be published in the district gazette in English.

(2) Any by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law made by a district board in so far as it relates to a panchayat or made by a panchayat, when it has been duly confirmed, shall, unless a different method be prescribed under this Act, be written in, or translated into, the chief vernacular language of the locality and deposited at the office of the panchayat, and a copy shall be posted up in a conspicuous position at such office and such other places as the panchayat may direct. And a public proclamation shall be made throughout the village by beat of drum or otherwise that such copy has been so posted up and that the original is open to inspection at the office of the panchayat.

(3) Any by-law or cancellation or alteration of a by-law made by a district board, taluk board, or panchayat shall come into operation three months after it has been so published under sub-sections (1) or (2) as the case may be."

Amendment of section 206 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

175. In section 206 of the said Act—

(i) for the words 'local board concerned' the word 'panchayat' shall be inserted; and

(ii) for the words 'to any union or to any specified area under the jurisdiction of a local board,' the words 'to the village or to any specified area therein' shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 208 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

176. For section 208 of the said Act the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Penalty for acting as member, president, etc., of a local board when disqualified

"208. (1) Whoever acts as a member of a local board knowing that, under this Act or the rules made thereunder, he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled to hold such office, shall, on conviction, be punished with fine not exceeding two hundred rupees.

(2) Whoever acts as or exercises the functions of the president, temporary president or vice-president of a local board, knowing that, under this Act or the rules made thereunder, he is not entitled or has ceased to be entitled to hold such office or to exercise such functions, shall, on conviction, be punished with fine not exceeding one thousand rupees

(3) If the president, temporary president or vice-president of a local board fails to hand over any documents of, or any moneys or other properties vested in or belonging to, the local board which are in or have come into his possession or control to his successor in office or other prescribed authority, in every case as soon as his term of office as such president, temporary president or vice-president expires and in the case of the vice-president also on demand by the president, such president, temporary president or vice-president shall, on conviction, be punished with fine not exceeding one thousand rupees for every such offence."

Amendment of section 209 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

177. After the proviso to section 209 of the said Act, the following further proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided further that nothing in this section shall apply to a teacher employed by a local board who with the sanction of the Local Government enters into a contract with the local board with regard to the utilization for the purpose of a school of any land or building owned by him or in which he has a share or interest."

Amendment of section 212 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

178. In section 212 of the said Act—

(i) in sub-section (2), after the words "may be charged" the words "on such units and" shall be inserted;

(ii) in sub-section (4), for the words "Every order of the authority under this Act competent to pass an order" the words "Every order of the authority competent under this Act or any rule or by-law made thereunder to pass an order" shall be substituted;

(iii) in sub-section (5), the words "and subject to such appeal as may be provided in case of refusal of a licence or permission" shall be omitted;

(iv) in sub-section (9), for the words "pay over to the local board the amount of the fee chargeable for the licence or permission," the words "pay over to the local board the amount of the fee chargeable for the licence or permission, and may, in his discretion, also recover summarily and pay over to the local board such amount, if any, as he may fix as the costs of the prosecution" shall be substituted; and

(v) in sub-section (11), after the words "The acceptance by" the words "or on behalf of" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 213 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

179. In section 213 of the said Act, for the words "be presented within thirty days after the date of receipt of the order or proceeding against which the appeal is made" the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"be presented—

(*a*) where the appeal is against an order granting a licence or permission, within thirty days after the date of the publication of the order on the notice board of the local board, and

(*b*) in other cases, within thirty days after the date of the receipt of the order or proceeding against which the appeal is made."

Amendment of section 215 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

180. In section 215 of the said Act—

(i) for the words "Every notification issued under this Act" the words "Save as otherwise provided, every notification other than one issued by the Local Government" shall be substituted; and

(ii) the proviso shall be omitted.

Insertion of new section 215-A after section 215 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

181. After section 215 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Notice of prohibition or setting apart of places.

"215-A. Whenever a local board sets apart any place for any purpose or prohibits the doing of anything in any place, the president shall forthwith cause to be put up a notice in the chief vernacular language of the locality specifying the purpose for which such place has been set apart, or the act prohibited in such place." Section 41, Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920

Amendment of section 216 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

182. In sub-section (5) of section 216 of the said Act for the words "or form" the words "form or other document" shall be substituted

Substitution of new section for section 221 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

183. For section 221 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Recovery of sums due as taxes.

"221. All costs, damages, compensation, penalties, charges, fees (other than school fees), expenses, rents (not being rents for lands and buildings demised by the local board), contributions and other sums which under this Act or any other law or rules or by-laws made thereunder are due by any person to the local board, may, if there is no special provision in this Act for their recovery be demanded by bill as provided in the rules in Schedule IV and recovered in the manner provided therein."

Amendment of section 223 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

184. In section 223 of the said Act, after the words "Code of Criminal Procedure" the figures "1898" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new section for section 224 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

185. For section 224 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Recovery of fines, costs, etc.

"224. Any fine, costs, tax or other sum imposed or assessed by a magistrate under this Act or under any rule or by-law made under it shall be recoverable by such magistrate under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as if it were a fine and the same shall, on recovery, be paid to the local board concerned to be applied to the purposes of this Act." Section 31 Madras District Municipal Act, 1920

186. For section 225 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Substitution of new section for section 225 of Madras Act XIV of 1920

Notice of action against local board.

" 225. (1) No suit or other legal proceeding shall be brought against any local board, or the president or any member, officer or servant thereof or against any person acting under the direction of such board, president, member, officer or servant in respect of any act done or purporting to be done in execution or intended execution of this Act, or any rule, by-law, regulation or order made under it or in respect of any alleged neglect or default in the execution of this Act or any such rule, by-law, regulation or order until the expiration of two months next after notice in writing, stating the cause of action, the nature of the relief sought, the amount of compensation claimed and the name and place of residence of the intended plaintiff has been left at the office of the local board and if the proceeding is intended to be brought against any such president, member, officer, servant or person also delivered to him or left at his place of residence. And unless such notice be proved, the court shall find for the defendant.

Section 330 (3), Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

(2) Every such proceeding shall, unless it is a proceeding for the recovery of immovable property or for a declaration of title thereto, be commenced within six months after the date on which the cause of action arose or in case of a continuing injury or damage, during such continuance or within six months after the ceasing thereof.

(3) If any local board or person to whom notice is given under sub-section (1) shall, before the proceeding is commenced, tender amends to the plaintiff, and if the plaintiff does not in any such proceeding recover more than the amount so tendered, he shall not recover any costs incurred by him after such tender. The plaintiff shall also pay all costs incurred by the defendant after such tender.

(4) No suit or other legal proceeding shall be brought against the president or any member, officer or servant of a local board or any person acting under the direction of a local board, or such president, member, officer or servant in respect of any act done in execution or

intended execution of this Act, or any rule, by-law, regulation or order made under it or in respect of any alleged neglect or default on his part in the execution of this Act, or any such rule, by-law, regulation or order if such act was done or if such neglect or default was made in good faith; but any such proceeding shall so far as it is maintainable in a court be brought against the local board, except in the case of suits brought under section 227."

Insertion of new section 227-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.

187. After section 227 of the said Act, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Sanction for prosecution of president or member of a local board.

"227-A. When the president or any member of a local board is accused of any offence alleged to have been committed by him while acting or purporting to act in the discharge of his official duty, no court shall take cognizance of such offence except with the previous sanction of the Local Government." Section 197, Criminal Procedure Code.

Amendment of section 228 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

188. In sub-section (1) of section 228 of the said Act, before the words "for defect in form", the word "merely" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 230 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

189. In section 230 of the said Act, after the word "exhibited" the words "or any sign or mark erected" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 231 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

190. In section 231 of the said Act, for the word "village" in both the places where it occurs, the words "revenue village" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 233 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

191. In section 233 of the said Act, after the words "authorize any person to exercise" the words "in any local area, in regard to any local board or any class of local boards or all local boards in that area" and after the words "except the power to make rules or alter or cancel Schedules", the words "the power to determine the contribution payable under section 128 and the power to sanction prosecution under section 227-A" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 234 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

192. For section 234 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Adjudication of disputes between local authorities.

"234. (1) When a dispute exists between a local board and one, or more than one, other local authority in regard to any matters arising under the provisions of this or any

other Act and the Local Government are of opinion that the local authorities concerned are unable to settle it amicably among themselves, the Local Government may take cognizance of the dispute, and

(*a*) decide it themselves, or

(*b*) refer it for inquiry and report to an arbitrator or a board of arbitrators or to a joint committee constituted under section 30 for the purpose.

(2) The report referred to in clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) shall be submitted to the Local Government who shall decide the dispute in such manner as they deem fit.

(3) The decision of the Local Government under clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) or under sub-section (2) as the case may be, shall be final and binding on each of the disputing local authorities."

Repeal of heading to section 236 to 240 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

193. For the heading "Transitional and transitory provisions" to section 235 to 240 of the said Act the heading "Miscellaneous" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 236 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

194. For section 236 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Utilization of railway cess accumulations.

"236. Any sums which, at the commencement of this Act, have been accumulated out of the proceeds of any tax levied under clause (ii) of section 57 of the Madras Local Boards Act, 1884, or out of any investments of such proceeds may, subject to the conditions laid down in sub-section (3) of section 113, be utilized—

(*a*) with the previous sanction of the Government of India, for all or any of the purposes specified in sub-section (1) of section 113 or

(*b*) with the previous sanction of the Local Government—

(i) for all or any of the purposes specified in sub-section (2) of section 113 or

(ii) for capital expenditure on other permanent works of utility provided that the construction of new roads, bridges, causeways and culverts shall have preference over other kinds of works."

Repeal of sections 238 and 239 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

195. Sections 238 and 239 of the said Act shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 240 of Madras Act XIV of 1920.

196. For section 240 of the said Act, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Special provision in the case of newly constituted and reconstituted local boards.

"240. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, when a local board is constituted for the first time, the Local Government may appoint a special officer to exercise the powers and perform the functions of the local board and its president.

(2) The special officer shall cause arrangements for election to be made so that the newly elected members may come into office within a period of six months from the date of the constitution of the revenue district or revenue taluk or of the publication of the notification under section 4 or 5 as the case may be.

(3) The special officer shall exercise the powers and perform the functions of the local board until the board has been constituted and of the president of the board until a president has been elected by the board.

(4) As soon as may be after the constitution of the board, a meeting of the board shall be held on a day and at a time fixed by the special officer for the election of its president. If, at such meeting, no president is elected, a fresh election shall be held on such day and at such time as may be fixed by the special officer.

(5) The term of office of the elected members or of the members elected in their places at casual vacancies shall expire at the end of three years if the period referred to in sub-section (2) expires on the first day of November and in other cases at the end of three years from the first day of November immediately preceding the expiry of such period.

(6) The provisions of sub-sections (1) to (5) shall apply save as otherwise provided in this Act and so far as may be, to all cases of reconstitution of local boards.

(7) When the number of seats on a local board is increased by, or in consequence of a notification under section 10, the members elected for the additional seats or the members elected in their places at casual vacancies, shall hold office until the date on which the members elected to the original seats at the ordinary elections immediately preceding, will vacate office.

(8) (a) The Local Government may pass such orders as they may deem fit as to the disposal of the property vested in

a local board which has ceased to exist and as to the disposal of the property vested in a local board and situated in a local area in which such board has ceased to exercise jurisdiction..

(5) If any notification declaring any local area to be a village under sub-section (1) of section 5 is cancelled under sub section (2) of the said section, the Local Government may pass such orders as they may deem fit as to the disposal of the property vested in the panchayat."

Substitution of new rules for rules 1 to 3 of Schedule II of Madras Act XLV of 1920.

197. For rules 1 to 3 of Schedule II (hereinafter referred to as the said Schedule II) the following rules shall be substituted, namely :—

"1. Every local board shall provide an office in such place as may be fixed by the Local Government

2. Every district or taluk board shall meet at least once in two months, and every panchayat at least once in every month for the transaction of business upon such days and at such times as it may arrange and also at other times as often as a meeting shall be called by the president:

3. (1) No meeting shall be held unless notice of the day and time when the meeting is to be held and of the business to be transacted thereat has been given at least three clear days before the day of the meeting in the case of panchayats and at least ten clear days before the day of the meeting in the case of district and taluk boards.

(2) In cases of urgency, the president may convene a meeting on giving shorter notice than that specified in sub-rule (1).

4. (1) The president of a local board, shall on the requisition in writing of not less than one-third of the members then on the board, convene a meeting of the board, provided that the requisition specifies the day (not being a public holiday as defined in the Explanation to rule 2) when and the purpose for which the meeting is to be held. The requisition shall be delivered at the office of the local board to the president, secretary, manager or any other person during office hours who may then be in charge of the office,

at least ten clear days before the day of the meeting in the case of panchayats, and

at least fifteen clear days before the day of the meeting in the case of district and taluk boards.

(2) If the president fails, within forty-eight hours from the delivery of such requisition, to call a meeting on the day specified therein, or within three days thereafter, the meeting may be called by the members who signed the requisition on giving the notice provided for in sub-rule (1) of rule 3 to the other members of the board."

(3) No meeting under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be convened at any place other than the place where the office of the board is situated."

Amendment of rules 4 to 13 and repeal of rule 13 of Schedule II to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

198. Rule 13 of the said Schedule II shall be omitted and rules 4 to 12 renumbered as 5 to 13 respectively; and

(i) in rule 6 as renumbered, after the words 'shall have' the words 'and exercise' shall be inserted;

(ii) in rule 9 as renumbered, the words 'the votes of' shall be omitted;

(iii) in rule 10 as renumbered—

(a) for the words 'each meeting' the words 'every meeting' shall be substituted; and

(b) for the words 'president or the member who presided at such meeting' the words 'presiding member' shall be substituted;

(iv) in rule 11 as renumbered,

(a) in sub-rule (1), for the words 'a district or taluk board meeting' the words 'every meeting of a district or taluk board' and for the words 'local fund' the words 'district or taluk fund as the case may be' shall be substituted; and

(b) for sub-rules (2) and (3), the following sub-rules shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) A copy of the minutes of the proceedings at every meeting of a panchayat shall, within three days of the date of the meeting, be forwarded to the president of the taluk board.

"(3) Any minute of dissent in respect of the proceedings referred to in sub-rule (2) that may have been received within forty-eight hours of the meeting from any member present thereat shall also be forwarded along with the copies of the minutes of the proceedings referred to therein.

"(4) A copy of the minutes referred to in sub-rules (2) and (3) shall also be forwarded to the district collector to such extent, within such time and in such manner as may be prescribed"; and

(v) for rule 12 as renumbered, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"12 The president of a local board shall have the custody of the proceedings and records of the board and of the committees thereof and may grant copies of any such proceedings or records on payment of such fees as the district board may, by general or special order, determine. Copies shall be certified by the president, as provided in section 76 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, and copies so certified may be used to prove the proceedings and records of the board or committee in the same manner as the proceedings of a municipal body may, under sub-section (5) of section 78 of the said Act, be used to prove the proceedings of that body."

I of 1872.

199. In Schedule III to the said Act— Amendment of the headings to Schedule III to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

(i) in the headings, for the word and figures 'section 52' the words, figures and letters 'sections 52 (c) and (d)' and for the word 'Taluk' the word 'Local' shall be substituted;

(ii) for rule 1 the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"1. A person shall be qualified as an elector of a district board, taluk board or panchayat who—

(a) was in the previous year assessed to any tax payable to the Government of India or to the Local Government or to any local authority in the Presidency of Madras; or

(b) is registered as a ryotwari pattadar, or as an inamdar, of land in the district, taluk or village as the case may be; or

(c) holds land in the district, taluk or village on a registered lease, under a ryotwari pattadar or an inamdar; or

(d) is registered jointly with the proprietor under section 14 of the Malabar Land Registration Act, 1895, as the occupant of land in the district, taluk or village; or

I of 1872.

(*e*) holds an estate in the district, taluk or village as a landholder as defined in the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 ; or

(*f*) holds land in the district, taluk or village as ryot or as tenant under a landholder, as defined in the Madras Estates Land Act, 1908 ; or

(*g*) is a retired, pensioned, or discharged officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of His Majesty's regular forces."

(iii) rule 2 and the heading thereof shall be omitted ;

(iv) for rule 3, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"3. If property is held, payments of tax made, or income earned by a company or association, or jointly by the members of a joint family or by joint pattadars, the company or association or the family or joint pattadars shall be treated as possessing the qualification, and the person entitled to be registered in the electoral roll shall be the secretary of the company or association or some other person duly authorized in that behalf or the member authorized by a majority of the family or of the joint pattadars, or, in the case of a joint Hindu family, either a member so authorized or, in default of such authorization, the manager thereof" ;

(v) in rule 4, after the word "representative" the words "of a company or association or" shall be inserted ; and

(vi) in rule 5, for the words "in his own personal right and not in a fiduciary capacity" the words "in his personal capacity" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 2 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

200. In rule 2 of Schedule IV to the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said Schedule IV), for the words "determining to levy the additional cess referred to in clause (*b*) of section 78" the words "altering the rate of levy of the land-cess" and for the words "the collection of the additional cess has to be made or commenced" the words "such alteration is to take effect" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 3 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

201. In rule 3 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "the district or taluk fund" the words "local fund concerned" shall be substituted.

202. In rule 4 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "as may be prescribed" the words "as the Local Government may, by general or special order, direct" shall be substituted. Amendment of rule 4 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

203. For the heading to rules 5 to 7, the following heading shall be substituted, namely:— Substitution of new heading for the heading to rules 5 to 7 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920

"Provisions common to other taxes in general."

204. In rule 5 of the said Schedule IV— Amendment of rule 5 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

(i) in sub-rule (1), for the words "A local board", the words "The president of a panchayat" shall be substituted;

(ii) in sub-rule (2)—

(*a*) after the words "assessment books" the words "and where detailed particulars relating to any assessment are kept in separate records the portion thereof containing such particulars" shall be inserted; and

(*b*) for the words "any taxpayer" the words "any person who pays any tax to the panchayat" shall be substituted;

(iii) in sub-rule (3), for the words "any taxpayer" the words "any person who pays any tax to the local board or his authorized agent" shall be substituted; and

(iv) for sub-rule (4), the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"(4) (*a*) If at any time it appears to the panchayat that any company or person or any property has been inadequately assessed or inadvertently or improperly omitted from the assessment books relating to any tax, or that there is any clerical or arithmetical error in the said books, it may direct the president to amend the said books in such manner as it deems just or necessary:

Provided that no such direction shall be given, where it involves an increase in the assessment, unless the company or person concerned shall have been afforded a reasonable opportunity to show cause why the assessment books should not be amended as proposed.

(*b*) Such amendment shall be deemed to have taken effect on the earliest date either in the current half-year or in the two half-years immediately preceding it on which the circumstances justifying the amendment existed."

Substitution of new rule for rule 6 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

205. For rule 6 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"6. The president shall, save as otherwise provided in this Act, determine the tax to which each company, person or property is liable:

Provided that in the case of taxes payable by the president, the assessment shall be made by the panchayat."

Repeal of rule 8 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

206. Rule 8 of the said Schedule IV and the heading thereof shall be omitted.

Substitution of new rules for rules 9, 10 and 11 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

207. For rules 9, 10 and 11 of the said Schedule IV and the heading thereof, the following heading and rules shall be substituted, namely:—

"Assessment of the profession tax.

"9. (1) The classes into which companies and persons shall, for the purposes of assessment to the profession tax, be divided and the maximum half-yearly tax leviable on each class shall be as follows:—

Class.	Half-yearly income.			Maximum half-yearly tax.
	Rs.		Rs.	Rs. A.
I	More than 21,000	...	...	400 0
II	" 18,000	but not more than	21,000	280 0
III	" 12,000	"	18,000	150 0
IV	" 9,000	"	12,000	85 0
V	" 6,000	"	9,000	55 0
VI	" 4,200	"	6,000	28 0
VII	" 3,000	"	4,200	20 0
VIII	" 1,800	"	3,000	10 0
IX	" 1,200	"	1,800	6 0
X	" 600	"	1,200	3 0
XI	" 300	"	600	1 8
XII	" 150	"	300	0 8

(2) The district board shall determine the tax leviable on each class subject to the maximum specified in sub-rule (1):

Provided that the proportion which the tax on any class bears to the minimum income of that class shall in no case be smaller than the proportion which the tax on any lower class bears to the minimum income of such lower class.

(3) The district board may exempt any one or more of the classes in sub-rule (1) from liability to profession tax, but no class shall be exempted from liability when any lower class in the scale is liable to tax.

10. A company or person shall be deemed to have transacted business or exercised a profession, art, or calling or held an appointment within a local area if such company or person has an office or place of employment within such local area.

11. (1) Where a company or person transacts business in any half-year exclusively in the area of a single local board, the income of such company or person from the transaction of such business shall, for the purpose of levying profession tax under this Act during the half-year, be deemed to be—

(a) where income-tax is assessed on such company or person under the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for the year comprising the half-year, one-half of the amount at which the profits and gains of such business are computed under section 10 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for the purpose of assessing the income-tax;

(b) where the amount of the said profits and gains is not ascertainable, or where such company or person is not assessed to income-tax, such percentage as the Local Government may, subject to the approval of the Legislative Council, prescribe, of the turnover of the business transacted in the area of the local board during the half-year or where this is also unascertainable, during the corresponding half-year of the previous year.

(2) Where a company or person transacts business partly in the area of a local board and partly outside such area, the income of such company or person from the transaction of business in the area of the local board shall, for the purpose of levying profession tax under this Act, be deemed to be the percentage referred to in clause (b) of sub-rule (1) of the turnover of the business transacted in such area during the half-year or the corresponding half-year of the previous year as the case may be.

(3) For the purposes of clause (b) of sub-rule (1) and sub-rule (2), the turnover of business in any local area means the aggregate money value of the goods produced, manufactured, purchased or sold or of any other business transacted in such local area.

Explanation.—In determining the turnover of business under this sub-rule—

(a) where the delivery of any goods on account of any purchase made by any company or person and the delivery on account of the sale thereof by the same company or person are both effected in the Presidency of Madras, only the latter transaction shall be taken into account;

(b) where the delivery of any goods on account of any purchase made by any company or person is effected in any place outside the said Presidency and the delivery on account of the sale thereof by the same company or person is effected in any place in the said Presidency, the latter transaction shall be taken into account;

(c) where the delivery of any goods on account of any purchase made by any company or person is effected in any place in the said Presidency and the delivery on account of the sale thereof by the same company or person is effected in any place outside the said Presidency, the former transaction shall be taken into account.

11-A. (1) If, in the opinion of the president of the panchayat, profession tax is due from any company or person for any half-year, he shall serve a notice on such company or person either in that half-year or in the succeeding half-year requiring the company or person to furnish within such period, not being less than thirty days as may be specified in the notice, a return in the prescribed form showing the income on the basis of which, according to such company or person, it or he is liable to be assessed to profession tax for the half-year in question. Thereupon it shall be open to such company or person to submit returns showing the income derived by it or him during the half-year for which profession tax is claimed or for the corresponding half-year of the previous year and produce any evidence on which the company or person may rely in support of the return made.

(2) If a return is made as required under sub-rule (1) and the president is satisfied that it is correct and complete, he shall levy the profession tax from such company or person on the basis of such return.

Explanation.—In cases not falling under clause (b) of sub-rule (1) or under sub-rule (2) of rule 11, if the company or person produces the notice of demand of income-tax served on it or him under section 29 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922, for the year comprising the half-year in question, the president shall be bound to take one-half of the income mentioned in such notice of demand as the income derived from the sources on which profession tax is leviable under this Act, as the income on the said sources for the purposes of levying profession tax.

(3) If no return is made as required under sub-rule (1) or if the president is satisfied that any return so made is incorrect or incomplete, the president shall assign to the company or person the class in the scale appropriate to the half-yearly income of such company or person as estimated by him.

(4) The president may, when classifying any company or person under this sub-rule, do so on general considerations with reference to the nature and reputed value of the business transacted, the size and rental of residential and business premises, the quantity and number of articles dealt with, the number of persons employed and the income-tax paid to Government.

(5) The president shall not be entitled to call for the accounts of any company or person.

208. [Omitted.]

Amendment of the heading to rules 12 to 26 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

209. In the heading to rules 13 to 25 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "tax on houses" the word "house-tax" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 12 of schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

210. In rule 12 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "union board" the word "panchayat" and for the words "on any principle other than that of valuation" the words "on any other principle" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 13 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

211. In rule 13 of the said Schedule IV, after the words "district board" the words "or the Local Government" shall be inserted; and for the words "rates of assessment under section 77", the words "rates of tax under sections 75 and 77", for the word "unions" the word "villages" and for the words "union board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 14 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

212. In rule 14 of the said Schedule IV, after the words "district board" the words "or the Local Government" shall be inserted; and for the words "systematically decrease", the word "decrease" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new rules for rules 15 and 16 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

213. For rules 15 and 16 of the said Schedule IV, the following rules shall be substituted, namely :—

"15. When a proportionate rate has been adopted by the district board or the Local Government the panchayat may group the houses in the village in classes to simplify the calculation and collection of the tax.

When a progressive rate has been adopted by the district board or the Local Government, it or they shall prescribe principles of classification (as that a certain sum, which shall be tax-free, shall be deducted from the assessment of each house, or that the progression shall be from a certain percentage in the lowest to a certain percentage in the highest class), but shall leave it to the panchayat to settle the precise number and limits of each class. The panchayat shall not in either case so arrange the classes as to affect substantially the principle of taxation, whether proportionate or progressive, adopted by the district board or the Local Government and the number of classes shall in no case be less than six.

"16. The panchayat may by resolution exempt any house in a village from the house-tax—

(i) if the value of the house does not exceed a sum specified in the resolution, such sum not being greater than two hundred and forty rupees if the tax is assessed on capital value or twelve rupees if the tax is assessed on annual value ; and

(ii) (*a*) if the owner of the house does not own any other house in the village or

(*b*) if the aggregate capital or annual value of all the houses in the village owned by him does not exceed two hundred and forty rupees or twelve rupees, as the case may be."

Substitution of new rule for rule 18 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

214. For rule 18 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"18. (1) In the case of

(i) any Government or railway building or

(ii) any building of a class not ordinarily let the gross annual rent of which cannot, in the opinion of the president of the panchayat, be estimated,

the capital value of the building shall be deemed to be the total of the estimated value of the land and the estimated present cost of erecting the building after deducting for depreciation a reasonable amount which shall in no case be less than ten per centum of such cost and its annual value shall be deemed to be six per centum of such total.

(2) Machinery and furniture shall be excluded from valuations under sub-rule (1)."

Amendment of rule 19 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

215. In rule 19 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) after the words "may be levied" the words "in accordance with these rules" shall be inserted;

(ii) for the words "for public improvements" the words "for any public improvement" and for the word "union" the word "village" shall be substituted; and

(iii) before the words "such fund" the word "each" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new rule for rule 20 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

216. For rule 20 of the said Schedule IV the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"20. The karnam having jurisdiction over any area comprised in the village shall, on the requisition of the president of the panchayat, prepare and furnish to the president a list of all houses within such area and shall enter in the list the names of owners and occupiers of such houses."

Amendment of rule 21 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

217. In rule 21 of the said Schedule IV, for the word "lists" the word "list" and for the words "as the union board may fix" the words "as the panchayat may, subject to the rules made by the Local Government, fix" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 22 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

218. In rule 22 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) for the words "union board" the word "panchayat," for the word "section" the word "rule" and for the words "shall be taxed" the words "is taxed" shall be substituted; and

(ii) after the words "the class" the words "if any" shall be inserted.

Amendment of rule 23 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

219. In rule 23 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "union board" the word "panchayat" and for the words "in the union" the words "in the village" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new rule for rule 24 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

220. For rule 24 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"24. (1) The president may amend the tax-books at any time by inserting therein or removing therefrom any property or by altering the classification of, or the amount of tax payable in respect of, any property; and notice of every such amendment shall be given to the person or persons interested therein.

(2) Such amendment shall be deemed to have taken effect on the first day of the half-year in which it is made.

Provided that when the amendment is made in any half-year after the demand notice for that half-year has been issued, it shall have effect only from the succeeding half-year."

Insertion of new rule 24-A in Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

221. After rule 24 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be inserted, namely :—

"24A. Any person may, at any time, not being less than thirty days before the end of a half-year, move the president by revision petition to reduce the tax to which he is liable for the forthcoming half-year on the ground that the capital or annual value, as the case may be, of the house in respect of which the tax is imposed has decreased since the assessment of the house was last made or revised."

Amendment of rule 25 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

222. In rule 25 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) for the words "union board" the word "panchayat", for the word "year" in both the places where it occurs, the word "half-year," for the words "alterations and amendments" in the first place where they occur, the word "amendments," for the words "alterations and amendments thereof" the word "amendments" and for the words and figures "rules 23 and 24" the word and figures "rule 23" shall be substituted, and

(ii) the following sentence shall be inserted at the end namely:—

"The president shall also give to the owner or occupier of every property affected by any such amendment, a notice of such amendment."

223. In rule 26 of the said Schedule IV, the word "Tolls" at the head of the table shall be omitted.

Substitution of new rule for rule 27 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

224. For rule 27 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"27. An appeal shall lie to the panchayat in respect of the assessment and imposition of the following taxes and of no others :—

(a) the proceedings of the president under rules 11-A, 22, 24 and 25 ; and

(b) the order of the president under rule 24-A upon a revision petition."

225. In rule 28 of the said Schedule IV— Amendment of rule 28 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

(i) for the words "local board" in the opening paragraph and in clause (i) the word "panchayat" shall be substituted; and

(ii) for clause (ii) the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(ii) unless (except when the president otherwise directs on the ground of poverty) the tax in respect of which the appeal is presented has been paid or deposited at the office of the panchayat within the period specified in clause (i)." Rule 28 (ii), Schedule IV, Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

226. In rule 29 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "local board" the word "panchayat" shall be substituted. Amendment of rule 29 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

227. In rule 30 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "local board" the word "panchayat" and for the word "decreased" the word "reduced" shall be substituted. Amendment of rule 30 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

228. (1) In rule 31 of the said Schedule IV, for the words "the adjudication of an appeal by the local board" the words "when such an appeal is made, the adjudication of the panchayat thereon" shall be substituted. Amendment of rule 31 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920

(2) To the same rule, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that where any assessment or demand is not in accordance with the assessment books nothing in this rule shall be deemed to prohibit a fresh assessment or demand of the tax being made in accordance therewith."

229. For rule 32 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new rule for rule 32 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920

"32 (1) Where any tax not being a tax in respect of which a notice has to be served under section 96 is due from any person, the president of the local board shall serve upon such person a bill for the sum due before he proceeds to enforce the provisions of rule 33.

(2) A notice under section 96 and a bill under sub-rule (1) of rule 32 shall be signed by the president or some person authorized by him in that behalf and shall contain—

(a) a statement of the period and a description of the occupation, property or thing for which the tax is charged; and

(*b*) a notice of the liability incurred in default of payment.

(3) No tax for any half-year shall be payable by any person unless the notice or bill is served upon such person either within that half-year or in the succeeding half-year:

Provided that where the assessment books have been amended under sub-rule (4) of rule 5, the notice or bill as the case may be, may be served either in the half-year in which the amendment was made or in the succeeding half-year."

Amendment of rule 33 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

230. In rule 33 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) in sub-rule (1), the words "or sending" shall be omitted;

(ii) in sub-rule (3), for the word "amount" the word "tax" shall be substituted; and

(iii) in sub-rule (4), for the words "shall be leviable" the words "shall be levied" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 34 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

231. In rule 34 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) in sub-rule (1)—

(*a*) for the words "but, if not," the words "but if the tax or fee is not paid" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) to clause (*c*), the following proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided that a period of seven days shall be allowed for paying the amounts due and redeeming the property seized;" and

(ii) in sub-rule (2), for the words "proportionate in value to the sum," the words "equal in value to the tax" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 36 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

232. In rule 36 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) in sub-rule (1), for the words and figures "again proceed under rule 32," the words and figures "again proceed under rule 33" shall be substituted, and

(ii) in sub-rule (3), for the words "which to his knowledge was not liable," the words "when to his knowledge, it was not liable" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 37 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

233. In rule 37 of the said Schedule IV, for the word and figures "rule 33," the words and figures "sub-rule (1) of rule 33" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 38 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

234. In rule 38 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) for the words and figures "remains unpaid at the end of the period mentioned in rule 38" the words and figures "remains unpaid in whole or in part at the end of the period specified in sub-rule (1) of rule 38" shall be substituted;

(ii) for the words "such building or land" the words "such building" shall be substituted;

(iii) after the words "within a specified period" the words "not being less than fifteen days" shall be inserted;

(iv) for the words "this requisition" the words "such requisition" shall be substituted; and

(v) for the words "found on the premises" the words "found on the building" shall be substituted.

Amendment of rule 39 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

235. In rule 39 of the said Schedule IV—

(i) in sub-rule (1)—

(*a*) for the words and figures "under rule 38" the words and figures "under sub-rule (2) of rule 38" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) in clause (*b*), the words "and he shall also pay the said amount and the costs of the prosecution" shall be omitted;

(ii) for sub-rule (2), the following sub-rule shall be substituted, namely:—

"(2) Whenever any person is convicted of an offence under sub-rule (1), the magistrate shall, in addition to any fine which may be imposed, recover summarily and pay over to the local board the amounts, if any, due under the heads specified in clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of sub-rule (1) and may in his discretion also recover summarily and pay to the local board such amount, if any, as he may fix as the costs of the prosecution."

Insertion of new rule 39-A in Schedule IV to the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920.

236. After rule 39 of the said Schedule IV, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

"39-A. Neither the president nor any officer or servant of the local board shall directly or indirectly purchase any property at any sale of distrained property held under the foregoing rules"

Amendment of rule 40 of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

237. In rule 40 of the said Schedule IV, for the word "thereupon" the words "upon such re-entry" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new Appendices for Appendices A, B and C of Schedule IV to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

238. For Appendices A, B and C to the said Schedule IV, the following Appendices shall be substituted, namely :—

APPENDIX A.

DISTRAINT WARRANT.

[See rule 39 (1).]

Warrant No.

To

(Name of officer charged with execution of warrant.)

(State tax or taxes due and premises, if any, in respect of which the tax or taxes are due.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rs. A. P. due for the tax or taxes noted above for the ending 19 , although the said sum has been duly demanded from the said and fifteen days have elapsed since such demand was made : This is to command you to demand the said sum of Rs. A. P. together with annas two for warrant fee, failing payment of which you are to distrain the goods and chattels of the said (or as the case may be, any goods and chattels found on the premises referred to), to the amount of the said sum of Rs. A. P. together with Re. A. P. for warrant fee and distraint fee, making together a sum of Rs. A. P. and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of keeping and selling such distraint ; and if within seven days next after such distraint, the amount due on account of the said tax or taxes and fees shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of keeping such distraint, to sell the said goods and chattels under orders to be hereafter issued by me, and to remit to the office of the board the sale-proceeds of the distrained property, out of which the amount due on account of the said tax or taxes and fees, viz., Rs. A. P. and the charges of keeping and selling such distraint will be deducted and credited to the fund, and the surplus, if any, returned to the owner of the goods and chattels distrained. If distraint or sufficient distraint cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said , you are to certify the same to me together with this warrant.

Station
Date 19 . } (Signature of the president or other officer.)

APPENDIX B.

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

[See rule 34 (1) (c).]

(State particulars of goods and chattels seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rs. A. P. due for the tax or taxes mentioned in the margin for the ending 19 ; and that unless you pay into the office of the board of the amount due together with the warrant fee, the distraint fee and the cost of keeping the goods and chattels, within seven days from the date of this notice the goods and chattels will be sold on the day of 19 at the board office or at such other place as the president may direct ; and that the goods and chattels may be sold at any previous date, if they are liable to speedy and natural decay.

STATION
Date 19 . } (Signature of the officer executing the warrant of distress.)

APPENDIX C.

TABLE OF MAXIMUM FEES PAYABLE ON DISTRAINTS.

[See rule 36 (1).]

Sum distrained for				Fee		
				RS.	A.	P.
Under 1 rupee				0	4	0
1 rupee and over but under 5 rupees ...				0	8	0
5 rupees and over but under 10 ,, ...				1	0	0
10 ,, ,, 15 ,, ...				1	8	0
15 ,, ,, 20 ,, ...				2	0	0
20 ,, ,, 25 ,, ...				2	8	0
25 ,, ,, 30 ,, ...				3	0	0
30 ,, ,, 35 ,, ...				3	8	0
35 ,, ,, 40 ,, ...				4	0	0
40 ,, ,, 45 ,, ...				4	8	0
45 ,, ,, 50 ,, ...				5	0	0
50 ,, ,, 60 ,, ...				6	0	0
60 ,, ,, 80 ,, ...				7	8	0
80 ,, ,, 100 ,, ...				9	0	0
100 rupees and over ...				10	0	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when peons are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case three annas must be paid daily for each peon."

Substitution of new rules for rule 1 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

239. For rule 1 of Schedule V to the said Act (hereinafter referred to as the said Schedule V) the following rules shall be substituted, namely :—

"1. (*a*) It shall be the duty of every local board to provide for the payment of—

(i) any amounts falling due on any loans contracted by it; and

(ii) the salaries and allowances of its officers and servants.

(*b*) It shall also be the duty of every district board to provide for the payment of the pensions, pensionary contributions and provident fund contributions of its officers and servants as well as of the officers and servants of every taluk board and panchayat within its jurisdiction.

1A. (1) A panchayat shall have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the village in respect of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the construction and maintenance of all public roads within the limits of the village other than portions of district and taluk roads within such limits; and all bridges, culverts, road dams and causeways on such roads;

(*b*) the establishment and maintenance of choultries within the limits of the village other than those classified as district or taluk choultries;

(*c*) the lighting of all public roads and public places within the limits of the village;

(*d*) the opening and maintenance of libraries other than libraries serving the needs of an area wider than the village, which are classified as taluk libraries;

(*e*) the construction of drains and disposal of drainage water and sullage;

(*f*) the cleansing of streets, the removal of rubbish heaps, jungle growth and prickly-pear, the filling in of disused wells, insanitary ponds, pools, ditches, pits or hollows; and other improvements of the sanitary condition of the village;

(*g*) the provision of public latrines and arrangements to cleanse latrines whether public or private;

(*h*) the opening and maintenance of burial and burning grounds;

(*i*) the sinking and repairing of wells, the excavation, repair and maintenance of ponds or tanks for supply of water for drinking, washing and bathing purposes and the construction of bathing ghats;

(*j*) the opening and maintenance of public slaughter-houses;

(*k*) the opening and maintenance of public markets other than markets which are classified as taluk markets;

(*l*) the control of fairs and festivals other than fairs and festivals serving the needs of an area wider than the village, which are classified as taluk fairs and festivals;

(*m*) the opening and maintenance of centres of physical culture; and

(*n*) the opening and maintenance of parks.

(2) Subject to such rules as the Local Government may make, the panchayat shall also have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the village in respect of the following matters, namely:—

(*a*) the planting and preservation of avenues on all public roads in the village not being district or taluk roads;

(*b*) the opening and maintenance of public landing places, halting places and cart-stands;

(*c*) the control of threshing floors, topes, and other poramboke used by the villagers in common;

(*d*) the control of village buildings and other property belonging to the villagers in common;

(*e*) the extension of village-sites and regulation of building;

(*f*) the registration of births and deaths;

(*g*) the control of pounds;

(*h*) village protection;

(*i*) improvements of agriculture and agricultural stock;

(*j*) the promotion and encouragement of cottage industries;

(*k*) the opening and maintenance of elementary schools;

(*l*) the establishment and maintenance of rural dispensaries;

(*m*) gratuities to its officers and servants; and

(*n*) all other measures of public utility calculated to promote the safety, health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of the village, which are not specifically included in any of the clauses in rules 1B and 1C.

1B. (1) A taluk board shall have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the taluk in respect of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the construction and maintenance of taluk roads and all bridges, culverts, road dams and causeways, on such roads ;

(*b*) the establishment and maintenance of choultries in the circle classified as taluk choultries ;

(*c*) the opening and maintenance of elementary schools except in villages where the contribution referred to in clause (11) of rule 5A is paid by the taluk board ;

(*d*) the opening and maintenance of libraries which are classified as taluk libraries ;

(*e*) the establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries other than those classified as district hospitals and dispensaries or as rural dispensaries ;

(*f*) vaccination except to the extent specified in clauses (*f*) and (*g*) of sub-rule (1) of rule 1C ;

(*g*) the opening and maintenance of public markets which are classified as taluk markets ;

(*h*) the control of fairs and festivals which are classified as taluk fairs and festivals ; and

(*i*) the supervision of panchayats in the taluk.

(2) Subject to such rules as the Local Government may make, the taluk board shall also have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the taluk in respect of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the planting and preservation of avenues on taluk roads ;

(*b*) gratuities to its officers and servants ;

(*c*) all other measures of public utility calculated to promote the safety, health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of the taluk, which are not specifically included in any of the clauses in rules 1A and 1C ; and

(*d*) contributions in aid of purposes similar to those mentioned in sub-rule (1) and clauses (*a*) to (*c*) of this sub-rule to other local boards, municipal councils and private persons, or associations

10. (1) A district board shall have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the district in respect of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the construction and maintenance of all district roads and of all bridges, culverts, road dams and causeways on such roads;

(*b*) the construction and maintenance of all travellers' bungalows and rest-houses on all public roads in the district;

(*c*) the establishment and maintenance of choultries in the district classified as district choultries;

(*d*) the opening and maintenance of secondary and sessional schools, vocational or industrial schools and hostels for students;

(*e*) the district health officer and his office establishment;

(*f*) all central public health establishments which serve the needs of the district as a whole, including reserve staffs of medical officers, nurses, midwives and vaccinators;

(*g*) the training of nurses, midwives, dhais, and vaccinators;

(*h*) the establishment and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries in the district classified as district hospitals and dispensaries; and every kind of medical relief not given by the taluk board;

(*i*) preventive and remedial measures connected with epidemics;

(*j*) the establishment and maintenance of veterinary hospitals and dispensaries in the district; and

(*k*) protected water-supply.

(2) Subject to such rules as the Local Government may make, the district board shall also have power to make such provision as it thinks fit for carrying out the requirements of the district in respect of the following matters, namely :—

(*a*) the planting and preservation of avenues on all district roads;

(*b*) the construction and working of railways, tramways, ropeways, motor omnibus and other transport services ;

(*c*) gratuities to its officers and servants ;

(*d*) all other measures of public utility calculated to promote the safety, health, comfort or convenience of the inhabitants of the district, which are not specifically included in any of the clauses in rules 1A and 1B ; and

(*e*) contributions in aid of purposes similar to those mentioned in sub-rule (1) and clauses (*a*) to (*d*) of this sub-rule to other local boards, municipal councils and private persons.

1-D (1) The Local Government shall have power to make rules regarding the maximum amount of expenditure that may be incurred by a local board—

(a) on ministerial and other establishment ; and

(b) on account of the journeys of the president and the vice-president in discharge of the duties of their offices.

(2) Subject to the rules made under sub-rule (1) a local board may incur any charge necessary for or incidental to its administration.

Amendment of rule 2 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

240. In rule 2 of the said Schedule V, for the words "district, taluk or union funds" the words "village, taluk or district funds" and for the words "district, taluk or union bonds" the words "panchayats, taluk boards or district boards" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new rule for rule 3 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

241. (1) For rule 3 of the said Schedule V, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"3. (1) The proposals for the classification of roads as district and taluk roads, of choultries as district and taluk choultries, of hospitals and dispensaries as district hospitals and dispensaries and as rural dispensaries shall be framed by a committee on which both the district and taluk boards shall be represented in such proportions and manner as may be prescribed ; and they shall be sanctioned by the district board after each taluk board has had a reasonable opportunity of expressing its opinion thereon.

(2) The proposals for the classification of libraries as taluk libraries, of markets as taluk markets and of fairs and festivals as taluk fairs and festivals shall be framed

by the taluk board and shall be sanctioned by the district board after each of the panchayats concerned has had a reasonable opportunity of expressing its opinion thereon.

(3) The Local Government shall have power to revise any classification sanctioned by the district board under sub-rule (1) or (2)."

Substitution of new rules for rule 5 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

242. For rule 5 of the said Schedule V, the following rule shall be substituted, namely :—

"5. The receipts under this Act which shall be credited to village, taluk and district funds respectively are as follows :—

A.—Village Funds.

(1) One-sixth of the land-cess levied in the village under section 78.

(2) The profession tax levied in the village under section 93.

(3) The house-tax levied in the village under section 98.

(4) The tax or taxes levied in the village under sub-section (2) of section 75.

(5) The pilgrim-tax levied in the village under section 110 except where the occasion for pilgrimage is a festival classified as a taluk festival.

(6) Fees on licences issued and permissions given by the panchayat under this Act.

(7) Fees levied in public markets in the village not classified as taluk markets.

(8) The contribution paid by the taluk board on the scale fixed by the Local Government in respect of markets in the village classified as taluk markets.

(9) Fees for the use of public landing places, halting places, cart-stands and slaughter-houses constructed or maintained from village funds; fees for the use of choultries other than those classified as district or taluk choultries, and fees for the temporary occupation of village-sites, roads, burial and burning grounds and other similar public places or parts thereof in the village.

(10) Receipts of schools maintained by the panchayat including grants-in-aid to such schools.

(11) The contribution, if any, paid by the taluk board on the scale fixed by the Local Government for the opening and maintenance of elementary schools in the village.

(12) Income from endowments and trusts under the management of the panchayat.

(13) Contributions from Government, other local boards, municipalities, other local authorities and private persons in aid of any institutions or services maintained or financed from village funds.

(14) Fines levied for nuisances and for offences against the Places of Public Resort Act, 1888, when committed in the village.

(15) Fines and penalties levied under this Act by the panchayat, or at its instance or on its behalf.

(16) Sale-proceeds of sweepings, tools and plant, old stores and materials, and of trees and avenue produce in the village appertaining to roads other than district or taluk roads.

(17) Income from village ferries and fisheries.

(18) Interest on loans and securities.

(19) Interest on arrears of revenue.

(20) Income from, and sale-proceeds of, buildings, lands and other property belonging to the panchayat.

(21) Unclaimed deposits and other forfeitures.

B.—Taluk *funds.*

(1) One-third of the land-cess levied in the taluk under section 78,

(2) An additional one-sixth of the land-cess levied in the taluk excluding the area under panchayats.

(3) The pilgrim tax levied in respect of any village in the taluk where the occasion for pilgrimage is a festival classified as a taluk festival.

(4) Fees on licences issued and permissions given by the taluk board under this Act.

(5) Fees levied in public markets in the taluk classified as taluk markets after deducting the contribution referred to in clause (7) of rule 5-A.

(6) Fees for the use of choultries in the taluk classified as taluk choultries.

(7) Receipts of schools maintained by the taluk board including grants-in-aid to such schools.

(8) Receipts of hospitals and dispensaries, in the taluk other than those classified as district hospitals and dispensaries.

(9) Income from endowments and trusts under the management of the taluk board.

(10) Contributions from Government, other local boards, municipalities, other local authorities and private persons in aid of any institutions or services maintained or financed from taluk funds.

(11) Fines and penalties levied under this Act by the taluk board or at its instance or on its behalf.

(12) Sale-proceeds of sweepings, tools and plant, old stores and materials, and of trees and avenue produce appertaining to all taluk roads.

(13) Receipts from taluk board ferries.

(14) Interest on loans and securities.

(15) Interest on arrears of revenue.

(16) Income from, and sale-proceeds of, buildings, lands and other property belonging to the taluk board.

(17) Unclaimed deposits and other forfeitures.

C.—District Funds.

(1) One-third of the land-cess levied in the district under section 78.

(2) Tolls levied in the district under section 104.

(3) Fees on licences issued and permissions given by the district board under this Act.

(4) Fees for the use of travellers' bungalows and rest-houses in the district.

(5) Fees for the use of choultries in the district classified as district choultries.

(6) Receipts of schools maintained by the district board, including grants-in-aid to such schools.

(7) Receipts of hospitals and dispensaries classified as district hospitals and dispensaries.

(8) Receipts of veterinary hospitals and dispensaries maintained by the district board.

(9) Income from endowments and trusts under the management of the district board.

(10) Contributions from Government, other local boards, municipalities, other local authorities and private persons in aid of any institutions or services maintained or financed from district funds.

(11) Fines and penalties levied under this Act by the district board or at its instance or on its behalf.

(12) Sale-proceeds of sweepings, tools and plant, old stores and materials, and of trees and avenue produce appertaining to all district roads.

(13) Income from district board ferries.

(14) Income from railways, tramways, ropeways, motor omnibus and other transport services maintained by the district board.

(15) Interest on loans and securities.

(16) Interest on arrears of revenue.

(17) Income from, and sale-proceeds of, buildings, lands and other property belonging to the district board

(18) Contributions towards local fund pensions.

(19) Unclaimed deposits and other forfeitures."

Amendment of rule 6 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

243. In rule 6 of the said Schedule V, for the words "district, taluk and union funds" the words "village, taluk or district funds" and for the words "district, taluk or union boards" the words "panchayats, taluk boards or district boards" shall be substituted.

Substitution of new rules for rules 8 and 9 of Schedule V to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

244. For rules 8 and 9 of the said schedule V, the following rules shall be substituted, namely :—

"8. (1) All moneys received by a district or taluk board shall be lodged in the nearest Government treasury and all moneys received by a panchayat shall be lodged either in the nearest Government treasury or in the nearest Post Office Savings Bank.

(2) (*a*) A district or taluk board may, with the sanction of the Local Government and a panchayat may, with the sanction of the district board,

(i) lodge its moneys in a bank or co-operative society, and

(ii) invest any sums not required for immediate use in any manner which the Local Government may, by general or special order, approve.

(*b*) A panchayat may, with the sanction of the district board and subject to such conditions as to security or

otherwise as the district board may lay down, leave its moneys in the custody of the president or any other respectable person.

"9. (1) All orders or cheques against a local fund shall be signed—

(*a*) by the president or

(*b*) (i) by some person duly authorized in that behalf by the president in the case of district and taluk boards; or

(ii) by a panchayatdar authorized as aforesaid in the case of panchayats.

(2) The treasury, bank, co-operative society or person in which or with whom the local fund is lodged shall, so far as the funds to the credit of the local board admit, pay all orders or cheques against the fund which are signed as required by sub-rule (1)

(3) If the local board shall have given previous authority in writing, such treasury, bank, co-operative society or person may at once pay out of the fund of the local board without such order or cheque any expense which the Local Government have incurred on behalf of the board."

Amendment of Schedule VII to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

245. In Schedule VII to the said Act—

(i) in clause (*g*), the words "or burning lime" shall be omitted;

(ii) for clause (*j*), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*j*) burning bricks, tiles, pottery or lime";

(iii) for clause (*n*), the following clauses shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*n*) storing any explosive or combustible material;

(*o*) manufacturing anything from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise;

(*p*) using for any industrial purpose any fuel or machinery; and

(g) in general doing in the course of any industrial process anything which is likely to be offensive or dangerous to human life or health or property"; and

(iv) the following proviso shall be added at the end, namely :—

"Provided that no licence shall be required for the storage of timber, firewood, thatching materials, hay, grass, straw, fibre or coal or for boiling paddy when such storage or boiling is for private use"

Amendment of Schedule VIII to Madras Act XIV of 1920.

246. In Schedule VIII to the said Act—

(i) after the item relating to section 102, sub-section (1), the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"106 A	Construction of toll-bar, etc. ...	Two hundred rupees."

(ii) in the item relating to section 109, for the expression "Do." in the fourth column, the words "Fifty rupees" shall be substituted.

(iii) after the item relating to section 129, the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"129 A	Failure to construct, alter or remove drains.	Fifty rupees."

(iv) after the item relating to section 163, sub-section (2), the following items shall be inserted, namely :—

"163 A (1)	Planting of trees without permission on any public road or other property vested in a local board.	Two hundred rupees."
"163 A (2)	Felling, etc., without permission, of trees growing on public road or other property vested in a local board.	Do."

(v) in the item relating to section 166, sub-section (1), for the words in the third column, the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"Using a motor vehicle for hire or a motor lorry, without licence or contrary to licence;

(vi) the item relating to section 170 shall be omitted;

(vii) in the item relating to section 171, for the entries in columns (3) and (4), the following entries shall respectively be substituted, namely :—

"Opening a new private market or continuing to keep open a private market without licence or contrary to licence.	Five hundred rupees."

(viii) the item relating to section 186 shall be omitted ; and

(ix) in the item relating to section 187, sub-section (1), for the entries in columns (3) and (4) the following entries shall respectively be substituted, namely :—

"Opening a new private cart-stand or continuing to keep open a private cart-stand without licence or contrary to licence.	Two hundred rupees."

Amendment of Schedule IX to Madras Act XIV of 1919.

247. In Schedule IX to the said Act—

(i) after the item relating to section 129, the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"129 A. Failure to construct, alter or remove drains.	Ten rupees."

(ii) in the item relating to section 166, sub-section (1), for the words in the third column, the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

'Using a motor vehicle for hire or a motor lorry, without a licence or contrary to licence";

and

(iii) in the item relating to section 187, sub-section (1), in the third column for the words "without a licence" the words "without licence or contrary to licence" shall be substituted

Repeal of Schedule X to Madras Act XIV of 1919.

248. Schedule X to the said Act shall be omitted.

249. In first giving effect to the provisions of the said Act as amended by this Act, the said provisions shall be read subject to the rules in the Schedule.

THE SCHEDULE.

Transitional Provisions.

1. Every district board constituted under the said Act shall be deemed to be a district board constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act.

2. (1) Every revenue taluk or group of revenue taluks for which a taluk board has been constituted under the said Act shall be deemed to be a taluk under the said Act as amended by this Act and every such taluk board shall be deemed to be a taluk board constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act.

(2) In cases to which sub-rule (1) is not applicable, the Local Government shall direct the constitution of a taluk board for every revenue taluk either separately or in conjunction with one or more revenue taluks. Such direction shall take effect on and from the date fixed under clause (a) or (b) of sub-rule (1) of rule 6 and until such date, the taluk board constituted under the said Act shall be deemed to be a taluk board constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act.

3. (1) Every local area which at the commencement of this Act is a union under the said Act or a village under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, shall be deemed to be a village under the said Act as amended by this Act. Madras Act XV of 1920.

(2) Every union board constituted under the said Act and every panchayat constituted under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, shall be deemed to be a panchayat constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act. Madras Act XV of 1920.

4. The number of members constituting the strength of every local board or panchayat existing on the date of the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to be the number of members declared by notification under section 10 of the said Act as amended by this Act.

Provided that where the strength of a union board or panchayat has been fixed at seven, the Local Government shall appoint an eighth member thereto as soon as this Act comes into force.

5. (1) All property, all rights of whatever kind used, enjoyed or possessed by, and all interests of whatever kind owned by or vested in or held in trust by, or for, any district, taluk or union board constituted under the said Act or any panchayat constituted under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, as well as all liabilities legally subsisting against such board or panchayat shall, on and from the date of the commencement of this Act and subject to such directions as the Local Government Madras Act XV of 1920.

may, by general or special order, give in this behalf, pass to the district board, taluk board or panchayat concerned.

Madras Act XV of 1920.

(2) All proceedings taken by any such district, taluk or union board under the said Act or by a panchayat under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, as the case may be, may in so far as they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the said Act as amended by this Act, be continued under the said Act as so amended, by the district board, taluk board or panchayat concerned.

Madras Act XV of 1920.

(3) Any remedy by way of application, suit or appeal which is provided by the said Act, as amended by this Act shall be available in respect of proceedings under the said Act or under the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, pending on the date of the commencement of this Act, as if the proceedings in respect of which the remedy is sought had been instituted after the commencement of this Act.

(4) If any dispute arises as to the local board to which any property, right, interest or liability is to pass under sub-rule (1), or by which any proceeding is to be continued under sub-rule (2), or to or against which any remedy is to be available under sub-rule (3), the question shall be referred to the Local Government whose decision shall be final.

(5) When the reconstitution of taluk boards referred to in sub-rule (2) of rule 2 takes effect, the provisions of sub-rules (1) to (4) shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to taluk boards deemed to be taluk boards under the said sub-rule and the taluk boards which take the place of the said boards.

6 (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the said Act or in this Act

(*a*) (i) the members of every district board and of every taluk board referred to in sub-rule (1) of rule 2 holding office on the date of the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been elected members of the district or taluk board constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act and their term of office shall, subject to the provisions of sections 56, 57 and 59 of the said Act as amended by this Act, extend to or expire on such date as the Local Government may fix and the Local Government shall cause elections to be held so that the newly

elected members of the district or taluk board may come into office on the date fixed for the retirement of the old members;

(ii) the members of the taluk boards referred to in sub-rule (2) of rule 2 holding office on the date of the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been elected members of those boards under the said Act as amended by this Act and their term of office shall, subject to the provisions of sections 56, 57 and 59 of the said Act, as amended by this Act, extend to or expire on, such date as the Local Government may fix and the Local Government shall cause elections to be held so that the newly elected members of the taluk boards taking the place of the said boards may come into office on the date fixed for the retirement of the old members; and

(iii) the members of every union board or panchayat holding office on the date of the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been elected members of the panchayat constituted under the said Act, as amended by this Act, and their term of office shall, subject to the provisions of sections 56, 57 and 59 of the said Act as amended by this Act, extend to, or expire on, such date as the Local Government may fix and the Local Government shall cause elections to be held so that the newly elected members of the panchayat may come into office on the date fixed for the retirement of the old members,

(*b*) the Local Government may, from time to time, postpone any date fixed by them under clause (*a*) and fix another date in lieu thereof;

(*c*) the president and vice-president of the district board or taluk board and the president of the union board or panchayat holding office on the date of the commencement of this Act shall, subject to the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 15, section 43 and section 44 of the said Act as amended by this Act hold office as president or vice-president of the district board, the taluk board referred to in rule 2, or the panchayat, as the case may be, up to, or vacate office on, the date fixed under clause (*a*) or (*b*);

(*d*) a meeting of the newly elected members of the district board, taluk board or panchayat shall be held on or as soon as may be after the said date, on a day and at

a time fixed by the Local Government or such other authority as may be empowered by them in this behalf, for the election of the president and vice-president in the case of district and taluk boards and for the election of the president in the case of panchayats;

(c) the term of office of the newly elected members of the district board, taluk board or panchayat or of the members elected in their places at casual vacancies shall expire at the end of three years if the date fixed under clause (a) or (b) is the first day of November and in other cases at the end of three years from the first day of November immediately preceding such date ; and

(f) any date fixed under sub-clause (a) or (b) shall not be later than one year from the date of the commencement of this Act.

(2) (a) Any vacancy in the office of president or vice-president of a local board which is in existence on the date of the commencement of this Act or which occurs before the date fixed under clause (a) or (b) of sub-rule (1) shall be filled by election by the local board.

(b) Any such vacancy in the office of an appointed member of a local board shall be filled by appointment by the Local Government and in that of an elected member of a local board by election under the provisions of the said Act or of the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, as the case may be, as amended by sections 47, 48, 50 and 51 of this Act.

(c) Any person elected or appointed as president, vice-president or member of a local board under clause (a) or (b) of this sub-rule shall hold office only up to the date fixed under clause (a) or (b) of sub-rule (1).

Explanation.—The office of president, vice-president or member of a local board to which no person had at any time prior to the commencement of this Act been elected or appointed including the office of vice-president of a panchayat created by this Act shall be deemed to be vacant on the date of the commencement of this Act within the meaning of this sub-rule.

7. Any action taken by any authorities before the commencement of this Act for taking which action new authorities are substituted by, or under, the said Act as amended by this Act, shall, unless inconsistent therewith,

be deemed to have been taken by such new authorities, unless and until superseded by action taken by them.

8. Subject to the provisions of section 7 of the said Act as amended by this Act, the Local Government may, by notification published in the prescribed manner, fix the strength of any district board, taluk board or panchayat constituted under the said Act as amended by this Act at such number as they may think fit, with effect from the date fixed in clause (*a*) or (*b*) of sub-rule (1) of rule 5.

9. (1) The land-cess levied under section 78 of the said Act as amended by this Act for the fasli year in which this Act is brought into force shall be distributed among district boards, taluk boards and panchayats in such manner as the Local Government may, by general or special order, direct.

10. Any tax which was being levied by any panchayat on the date of the commencement of this Act under clause (*a*) or (*b*) of sub-section (1) of section 26 of the Madras Village Panchayat Act, 1920, shall continue to be levied for the year in which this Act is brought into force and for such further period, if any, as the Local Government may, by general or special order, declare to be necessary and may be recovered in the manner provided for the recovery of taxes in the rules in Schedule IV to the said Act as amended by this Act.

11. All toll-bars constructed and all other obstructions to traffic erected or placed at or near toll-stations before the commencement of this Act shall be removed before such date as the Local Government may fix in that behalf.

12. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 3 of Schedule V to the said Act as amended by this Act, the Local Government may, as soon as may be after the passing of this Act, classify roads, choultries, hospitals and dispensaries, libraries, markets and fairs and festivals in the manner mentioned in the said rule 3 and such classification shall come into effect on the date of the commencement of this Act.

(2) Any classification made under this rule may, after the commencement of this Act, be altered under the said rule 3.

13. If any difficulty arises as to the first constitution or reconstitution of any local board after the commencement of this Act or otherwise in first giving effect to the provisions of this Act or of the said Act as amended by this Act, the Local Government, as occasion may require, may by order do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty. Section 139 Madras Local Boards Act, 1920.

R. V. KRISHNA AYYAR,
Secretary to the Legislative Council.

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